



EPORE®

EPORE® is an additively manufactured, highly porous structure made of titanium alloy (TiAl6V4). This material is particularly suitable because it is biologically inert, ductile and has a high corrosion resistance and durability.

EPORE® was developed to generate a high porosity with a low modulus of elasticity. It is very similar to bone structure and thus favors the ingrowth of the implant into the bone.





Mechanical properties

- \rightarrow porosity: 61 ± 8%
- \rightarrow rod thickness: 360 ± 50 μ m
- \rightarrow spec. E modulus: 3.1 ± 0.6 GPa



Optimal treatment

of bony defects through variour designs



Extensive compatability

with the knee systems ACS® and MUTARS® GenuX® MK



Cementless fixation

through press fit, highly porous **EPORE®** structure, and bone-compressive preparation

The **EPORE**® defect fillers are implants used for the reconstruction of the weight-bearing surface in large bone defects, especially in metaphyseal defects corresponding to the AORI classification -II- (a and b) and -III-.¹ By implementing the concept of zonal fixation, they provide a solid support surface for knee endoprostheses and enable the restoration of the natural joint line.²

EPORE® defect fillers show excellent osseointegration and demonstrate impressive short-term clinical outcomes.³

¹ Kohlhof, H., Randau, T., Kehrer, M. et al. Rekonstruktion tibialer metaphysärer Defekte im Revisions fall mit metallischen Metaphysen komponenten (GenuX ** MK-System). Oper Orthop Traumatol 32, 284–297 (2020)

² Morgan-Jones R, Oussedik SIS, Graichen H, Haddad FS. Zonal fixation in revision total knee arthroplasty. Bone Joint J. 2015;97-B(2):147-149.

³ Thomas England, Joseph Pagkalos, Lee Jeys, Rajesh Botchu, Richard Carey Smith. Additive manufacturing of porous titanium metaphyseal components: Early osseointegration and implant stability in revision knee arthroplasty, Journal of Clinical Orthopaedics and Trauma, Volume 15: 60-64 (2021)

EPORE® metaphyseal components

EPORE® metaphyseal components are indicated for the treatment of central bone defects in the metaphysis. The stepped design results in a vertically directed force transmission and consequently leads to compressive loading of the bone.

EPORE® metaphyseal components provide a reliable foundation for both the rotational and axial stability of the knee endoprosthesis.



Cementless treatment

through mechanical connection of the components



Comprehensive modularity

through freely adjustable offset adapters and stems



Compressive loading

of the bone through a stepped design



EPORE® cones

Depending on the defect classification, different **EPORE®** Cones are available. The **EPORE®** Cones cortical enable the treatment of large decentralized bone defects and allow for the restoration of the joint line. For smaller central defects in the metaphyseal region without cortical damage, the **EPORE®** Cones metaphyseal are used. **EPORE®** Cones KRI and arthrodesis are designed to match the design of **MUTARS®** KRI and **MUTARS®** RS arthrodesis, respectively.



Optimal treatment

through freedom of positioning and defect-dependent



Comprehensive modularity

through freely adjustable offset adapters and stems



Even stress distribution

through rotationally symmetric stress distribution ("hoop stress") across the entire surface of the cone



walk with us

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Dokumentennummer: