

# SPECIFICATIONS for Diagnostic Ultrasound System LISENDO 880LE



#### **MODEL: ALOKA LISENDO 880**

## **LISENDO 880LE**

Recently, Ultrasound Diagnostic Systems is needed for aging society in cardiac application.

LISENDO 880LE is used in critical care medical center. Because it is available to adaptive for various request.

#### 1. Pure Image

It is performed new optical system "Pure Symphonic Architecture". It is available to display high quality image. It is available to receive high quality signal by using optical sector probe for cardiology. And it is used new Tx/Rx focusing method "eFocusing" and then it is available to display clear image from near field to far field. In display, it is implemented OLED Monitor (high contrast ratio), it is supplied cleared image for each medical case.

#### 2. Seamless Workflow

It is needed to measure for each scene on cardiology. It is implemented many kinds of automated system (Measure, Search) through the examination.

It is expected to examine for short time by using automated system.

#### 3. Your Application

It is available to solve for any kinds of scene for cardiology. Vector Flow Mapping is available to grasp hemodynamics, Dual Gate Doppler & R-R navigation is available to detect corrected time phase. And if it is not available to detect regurgitation point, it is useful to use 3D imaging with matrix probe.

Scanning Method	(Triplex mode)
Electronic Convex	• B( <i>e</i> FLOW) and D simultaneous real-time display
Electronic Linear	(Triplex mode)
Electronic Phased Array Sector	• B and B(Color Flow) simultaneous real-time display
	(Dual Flow)
Operating Modes	• B and B(Power Doppler) simultaneous real-time display
• B-mode	(Dual CF)
• BiPlane-mode	• B and B(eFLOW) simultaneous real-time display (Dual
• M-mode	Flow)
• D: Spectral Doppler mode (PW, CW, HPRF-PW)	Dynamic Slow-motion Display
Dual Gate Doppler mode	(Real-time image/Slow-motion image, side by side
Color Flow mode	display)
Power Doppler mode (Directional Power Doppler)	Panoramic View
• eFLOW mode (Directional eFLOW)	• TDI (Tissue Doppler Imaging)
Cardiac 3D mode	DFI(Detective Flow Imaging) *1
(3D Zoom , Active 3D , Wide Angle 3D) *	BiPlane mode(Color) *2
* Option: SOP-LISENDO880-129	3D Zoom mode(Color) *2
Image Display Medee	Active 3D mode(Color) * <sup>2</sup>
Image Display Modes	<ul> <li>Wide Angle 3D mode(Color) *<sup>2</sup></li> </ul>
• B: gray-scale imaging	* <sup>1</sup> Option: SOP-LISENDO880-105
• Dual B	* <sup>2</sup> Option: SOP-LISENDO880-129
• Quad B	
• M	Beam former
• B and M	Transmission
• D: Spectral Doppler (PW, HPRF PW, and CW)	CPWG (Compound Pulse Wave Generator)
• B and D	Programmable waveform transmission
• B(Color Flow)	Reception
• B(Power Doppler)	12-bit A/D converter (4096 gray levels)
· B(eFLOW)	A/D Sampling Frequency: 40[MHz]
Dual B(Color Flow)	Parallel processing: Up to 20 directions
Quad B(Color Flow)	Transmission/Reception method of Harmonics
• Dual B(Power Doppler)	Reception frequency: 3.2-22.0 MHz*1
Quad B(Power Doppler)	*1 22MHz can be achieved under below conditions.
• Dual B( <i>e</i> FLOW)	Probe: SML44
• Quad B( <i>e</i> FLOW)	•Frequency "High"
• M(Color Flow)	•Frequency Information "Receive"
• M(Power Doppler)	Transmission/Reception method of pulse modulation
• M(eFLOW)	<ul> <li>Chirp Pulse modulation</li> </ul>
B(Color Flow) and M (Color Flow)	Compound Broadband Pulse transmission
• B(Power Doppler) and M(Power Doppler)	
• B(eFLOW) and M (eFLOW)	Tissue Adaptive Technology
• B(Color Flow) and D	Sound speed adjustment: 26 steps
B(Color Flow) and Dual	Automated sound speed adjustment
• B(Power Doppler) and D	
• B(Power Doppler) and Dual	Focusing
• B(eFLOW) and D	Focusing
• B(eFLOW) and Dual	Transmission: Multi-stage transmission focus of up
. P(Color Elow) and D cimultaneous real time display	to 4 stages out of 16 stages (probe dependent)

- B(Color Flow) and D simultaneous real-time display (Triplex mode)
- B(Power Doppler) and D simultaneous real-time display

Reception: PixelFocus

eFocusing

#### oblique function not only Color Flow/ Power Doppler System Dynamic Range mode but B mode. 320dB Wide Scanning (possible by selected sector probes) . Adaptive Imaging System Processing Channels : HI REZ function 8 steps / HI REZ Plus 7,072,000 Channels Adaptive imaging is the technique to generate optimum image with changing filter characteristic depending on Frame rate input signal. Max. More than 882 frames/s\* This technique which installed this ultrasound diagnostic \* Depends on probes and various settings scanner reduces speckle noise on B-mode images and provides uniformly and high contrast images. **B-mode** \* Gain and Dynamic range can be changed after freezing Display Gray Scale: 256 levels Border Clear Filter Scanning area: This technique is expanded gray scale so it is reduced 100% to 25%, 1 degree step noise and emphasized border. Line Density : 8 steps Acoustic Noise Reduction : 8 steps for 2 types. HI Frame Rate(Multi Parallel Processing) This technique is reduced acoustic noise 700m (Based on signal level) HI zoom (real-time image): • Near field Noise Reduction Max. Up to 0.5 cm display image This technique reduces artifacts and noises in the heart The maximum magnification is 8. chamber or blood vessel. PAN zoom (real time and frozen image): Low Echo Reduction Max. Up to 0.5 cm display image This technique is compressed low gradient echo level. The maximum magnification is 8. Grayscale Enhance Depth range selections: This technique is enhanced image which is displayed as 0.75/1.0/1.5/2.0/2.5/3.0/3.5/4.0/4.5/5.0, 1 cm grayscale. intervals from 5.0 to 24 cm , and 2cm intervals from Auto-optimizer (Optimization of gain, sound velocity 24cm to 40cm (probe dependent) adjustment) Longitudinal and lateral inversion . Panoramic View Rotation by 90 degrees (probe dependent) It is possible to display an image of an extensive range Gain\*: 80 dB range • of the body by moving the probe. An area wider than Echo enhancement: 8steps the scanning width of the probe can be displayed. . Texture: 2 steps(Smooth/Sharp), not available in M-mode Enhance / Smoothing : 8 steps for each other M-mode Persistence: 8steps, including Off Sweep method: Moving bar (Available to change type for adaptive frame rate) Sweep speed: TGC (time gain control) : 300.0, 200.0, 133.3, 100.0, 66.7, 50, 40.0 mm/s Gain versus depth curve control: 8 slide controls Gain: B-gain ±30 dB TGC curve memory function Dynamic Range: 40 dB-90 dB LGC (lateral gain control): AGC: 8 steps • Gain versus angle curve control: 8 sectors (Sector Acoustic Noise Reduction probes only) . Low Echo Reduction Dynamic range: 40-90 dB . Grayscale Enhance Gray map: 10 types, changeable after frozen FAM (Free Angular M-mode) AGC: 8 steps . View gamma: 4types Spatial Compound Imaging **Spectral Doppler** (by selected linear and convex sector probes) Display: Power spectrum Trapezoidal scan (possible by selected linear probes) Real-time Doppler Auto Trace B steer function : This function enables you to use

- Doppler methods: - PW (Pulsed Wave) Doppler - HPRF (High Pulse Repetition Frequency) **PW Doppler** - Dual Gate Doppler - CW (Continuous Wave) Doppler \* Reference frequencies (probe dependent): Maximum 3 frequencies PW: 1.5, 1.9, 2.0, 2.1, 2.5, 3.0, 3.3, 3.5, 3.8, 4.0, 4.4, 5.2, 6.0, 6.3 MHz CW: 1.7, 1.8, 2.0, 2.1, 2.5, 3.0, 3.3, 3.8, 5.0 MHz Analysis rate: PW: 0.05 to 40 kHz CW: 1.1 to 40 kHz Max. velocity range: PW/HPRF: ±1.26 cm/s to ±802.08 cm/s CW:±25.07 cm/s to ±1600 cm/s Base line shift: Adjustable in real-time and frozen Steerable CW Doppler: probe dependent Steered linear scanning: Max. ±30 degrees changeable at 5 degrees interval Auto angle Correction Spectrum inversion Angle correction: Available up to 80 degrees (Pre-settable, changeable after freezing) Auto angle correction, Warning function available Sample volume size for PW Doppler: 0.5 – 20 mm, changeable in 0.5mm, 1.0 mm step Wall motion filter: 12steps, 1/16 of PRF is Max. Doppler gain: 60dB variable, adjustable in real-time and frozen. Low Echo Reduction(PW) Grayscale enhance Echo Enhancement(CW) : 3 steps Dynamic Range: 40-90dB 1dB steps (Changeable after freezing) Auto-Optimizer (Optimization of gain, velocity range, baseline shift and sample gate position / size / angle correction) Audio output: 2 channels **Color Doppler Mode** Color area size: Variable from 100% to 25% continuously Steered linear scanning: Max. ±30 degrees \*, changeable at 5 degrees interval \* Probe dependent
- Line density: Up to 8 steps
   (Changeable setting independently with B mode)

- Gain: 128 range, changeable after frozen
- Texture: 2 steps(Smooth/Sharp)
- Glossy Level: Off + 4 steps
- HI Frame Rate(Color)(Multi Parallel Processing)
- $\cdot$  Auto-Optimizer (Optimization of gain and ROI position)
- Color Flow Mode
  - Display patterns:

Velocity (derived from mean Doppler frequency shift), Velocity + variance, Variance, Velocity + intensity, Velocity + variance + intensity)

- Max. velocity range: ±0.63cm/s to ±458.33cm/s
- Reference frequency: (Probe dependent)
  1.9, 2.0, 2.1, 2.5, 3.2, 3.3, 3.5, 4.0, 4.4, 5.2,
  6.0, 6.3 MHz
- Pulse repetition frequency:
  - 0.03 to 19.8 kHz
- Gradation:
  - $\pm$ 127 levels for velocity (red and blue) 64 levels for variance (green)
- Color Inversion: Normal, Invert
- Smoothing: 5 steps, adjustable in real-time and frozen
- Wall filter: 6 steps
- Persistence (Color) : 8 steps
- Wall Motion Reduction: Off + 3 steps, 2 methods
- Packet Size : 3 levels
- Base line shift(Color):
  - Up to double velocity (±127 steps)
- Color coding: 15 kinds
- TGC Enhancement : 2 kinds
- Power Doppler Mode
  - Display patterns: Power Doppler, Directional
     Power Doppler
  - Gradation: 256 levels
  - Color coding 15 kinds
  - Non-display of B/W image: Possible in ROI
  - Smoothing: 5 levels
  - <u>High Resolution Power Doppler(*e*FLOW) Mode</u> One of the Color Flow imaging functions that can
    - display blood flow information in a high spatial and temporal resolution.
    - Display patterns: eFLOW, Directional eFLOW
    - Pulse repetition frequency:
      - 0.03 to 19.8 kHz
    - Gradation: 256 levels (±127 levels for directional)
    - Color coding: 15 kinds

- Non-display of B/W image: Possible in ROI
- Advanced wall motion reduction
- Smoothing: 5 levels

#### TDI(Tissue Doppler Imaging)

- Function Available

#### DFI (Detective Flow Imaging) \*

- DFI is a function to detect bloodstream information at high sensitivity and high frame rate with eigen space method.
- \* Option: SOP-LISENDO880-105 (Probe dependent)

#### Manual

It is applicable to browse instruction manual on this system.

On-board operation manual

#### **Protocol Assistant**

This function provides the capability to guide study by displaying protocol list (view name, mode, measure). It is useful to improve everyday study.

- · Available to registered protocol: 128 kinds
- · Suspend protocol function
- $\cdot$  Available to edit protocol on the system
- · Available to register and edit reference image
- · Available to import or export like preset

#### **Cine Memory**

- Cine search and loop display (in B mode): ECG time phase display is possible
- Capacity

B mode: Max. 63,500 frames.

M and D modes: Max. approx. 900 seconds.

#### **Data Management**

- 1. Image data
- 1-1. Format
- Multiple-frame (moving) image DICOM (Raw, MJPEG) PC Format(WMV, MJPEG, MP4) Single-frame (still) image DICOM (Non-compressed, RLE, RGB(Plane/Pixel), JPEG) PC Format (Tiff, Bmp, JPEG)
- 1-2. Image acquisition mode

 Real-time multi-frame image acquisition (Raw, Image) Aquiring both RAW and Image at the same time Post ECG: Max. 10cardiac cycles (R-R) Pre ECG: Max. 10 cardiac cycles (R-R) Post Time: Max. 90 seconds Pre Time: Max. 16 seconds

#### Manual:

Raw data: Max. 150 seconds Image data: Max. 180 seconds

- Cine loop high-speed data transfer (Raw, Image)
   It is possible to selectively store data of arbitrary section in the Cine Memory.
- · Simultaneous output to multiple media

It is possible to output still image data to multiple of storage media include network and printers at the touch of a button.

- 1-3 Image data management tool
  - Image viewer
    - Compatible with DICOM and PC-format images
    - Simultaneous display of stored and real-time images is possible (Compare mode)
    - Thumbnail display of stored images (1-36 images)
    - Check mark is put on a transferred image
    - $\cdot$  Image zoom, rotation, inversion
    - 1:1 replay (main unit HDD or DICOM storage data)
    - DVD-RAM
    - CD-R
    - USB memory
    - USB HDD
    - Re-storing to media, transfer
    - Adjustment is possible on the reconstructed Raw-data image (gain, dynamic range, gamma curve type, and color coding in Color flow mapping mode)
- 2. Measurement data

It is possible to store measurement data in the main unit hard disk

- 3. Patient data
  - Displayed information\*
    - Patient information

ID (up to 64 characters), Name (up to 64 characters, including middle name), Birthday, Sex, Age, Height, Weight, Occupation

Study information

Procedure ID, Accession, Study ID, Study Description Referring physician, Reporting Phys, Sonographer

- \* Conforms to DICOM 3.0 standard
- 4. Data storage
  - Main unit hard disk
    - Capacity: Approx. 1TB
    - \* About 72,000 still images are storable.
  - USB memory
  - USB HDD
  - CD-R
  - DVD-RAM
  - Network interface(DICOM format): 1Gbps
- ,BASE/TX, (automatically switched)
- 5. DICOM network communication

- Conformity to DICOM service class: Ultrasound image storage SCU Ultrasound multi-image storage SCU Storage media FSC/FSR Print management SCU Modality worklist management SCU (For details, please refer to the DICOM Conformance Statement issued by Hitachi, Ltd.) Modality performed procedure step (MPPS) SCU
- Storage: Possible to store patient information directly to DICOM file server
- Print: Possible to printout images with DICOM compatible printer directly
- Work list management: Retrieval of patient and reservation information from hospital information system (HIS)
   NOTE: The HIS needs to be compatible with DICOM standard

supplement 10. The HIS network and the DICOM network need to be linked.

- Router setting: possible
- Compatible with SR (Structured Report) for OB, cardiology, vascular and abdominal measurements<sup>\*1</sup>
- · Query/Retrieve\*2
- Compatible with ED(Evidence Documents)
- Profile
- IHE (Integrated Healthcare Enterprise)
   SWF (Scheduled Work Flow)
   PIR (Patient Information Reconciliation)
  - \*1 Option: SOP-LISENDO880-21
  - \*2 Option: SOP-LISENDO880-59
- 6. Security measures

User authentication function is available.

3 Types of user authority can be set.

It is possible to set whether password is required or not at the start of operation.

Audit logs

Accesses related to user management and patient data are recorded as audit log data.

Handling of these logs is limited to users with Level 1 access.

7. Teaching file can be made.

#### **Measurements and Analysis:**

**Basic measurements** On B-mode image Distance, Dist-trace, Area/Circum, Volume, Hip J Angle, Histogram, Angle, B.Index On M-mode image Length, Time, Heart Rate, M.VEL, M.Index On spectral Doppler D.VEL, ACCEL, RI, Time, P1/2T, Heart Rate, D.Caliper, D.Index (Caliper), D.Index (Trace), Mean.VEL., PI, D.Trace, Steno Flow, Regurg Flow, Real-time Doppler auto trace On B/D mode Blood Flow On B(Flow) mode Flow Profile\* \* Option: SOP-LISENDO880-7 Application measurements Cardiac analysis B mode LV Volume measurements Area-length, BP-ellipse, Simpson (Disc), Modified Simpson\*, Bullet, Pombo\*\*, Teichholz\*\*, Gibson\*\* \*: Automatic heart cavity trace is possible. (3-point or full automated method) \*\*: Automatic measurement is possible. GLS(Global Longitudinal Strain)\*\*\* \*\*\*: 3-point or full automated method. Valve area measurements (AVA, MVA) LA/AO Ratio **Right ventricle measurements** LV myocardial mass LA / RA Volume measurements Area-length, Simpson\* \*: Automatic heart cavity trace is possible. (3-point or full automated method) FAC measurements\* \*: Automatic heart cavity trace is possible. (3-point) IVC (inferior vena cava) measurements M mode Pombo (wall), Teichholz (wall), Gibson (wall) Mitral valve measurements LA/AO measurements\* \*: Automatic measurement is possible. Tricuspid valve measurements

- Pulmonary valve measurements IVC (inferior vena cava) measurements
- TAPSE measurements

Doppler mode

LVOT (left ventricle outflow tract) flow RVOT (right ventricle outflow tract) flow Trans-mitral flow(Full Automated or Automated setting period method) Regurgitant flow (AR, PR, MR, TR) Volumetric flow(MR) Stenotic flow (AS, PS, MS, TS) Pulmonary vein flow Coronary flow TDI PW(Full Automated or Automated setting period method) B(Flow)/D mode **PISA** measurements B TDI mode Asynchrony analysis for CRT Vascular analysis Carotid artery: CCA (common carotid artery) ICA (internal carotid artery) ECA (external carotid artery) BIFUR (Bifurcation of carotid artery) VERT (Vertebral artery) % Stenosis area % Stenosis diameter IMT (Intima-media thickness) Measurements Automated IMT measurements Measurements of arteries in extremities: Lower extremity artery flow Upper extremity artery flow Stenotic rate: % Stenosis area % Stenosis diameter Transit time of Vessel Flow measurements(TVF) \* \* Option: SOP-LISENDO880-47 Measurements of veins in extremities: Lower extremity venous flow Upper extremity venous flow Trans-cranial blood flow measurements Report Functions Cardiac function report XIt is possible to add below function for report. · It is possible to edit measurement values by using Worksheet. • It is possible to input comment automatically. • It is possible to convert PDF. SOP-LISENDO880-70 is required. Vascular report IMT (Intima-Media Thickness) report

It is possible to recall past measurement reports. Examination data history can be plotted on the report. Direct printout of each report is possible with an optional PC printer.

Output of measurement values in CSV file is possible.

- Hot Key function: It is possible to assign measuring functions to the alphabet keys on the keyboard
- Measurements on VCR playback image: Possible (manual calibration)
- User's calculation

30 equations can be set for each application User-assignable terms: 60 words possible

Font size of measurement result: Possible to change in 3 kinds

#### **Physiological Signal Display**

- Displayed information: ECG, PCG\*1, Pulse \*2, breathing waveform
- · ECG synchronized display: Available for one phase
- Detect regular pulse from arrhythmia(RRp/RRpp)
- · Automated jumping to most optimized R-R Phase
- Reducing Filter for Tachy or Bradycardia
- · Display value for each R-R interval time
- Display position: Continuously variable (both in B and M modes)
- · Bar graph display for breathing waveform
- 3 type electrocardiogram(I, I, I)
- Automated detection end diastole and end systole
   > phase.
- Automated split as end diastole(left) and end systole(right)
- \*1 Option: MA-300 (Not available in EU)
- \*2 Option: TY-307A (Not available in EU)

#### Dual Gate Doppler (Probe dependent)

This is a function which displays Doppler Spectrums of two different sample points simultaneously. Supported combinations are PW/PW, TDI/TDI, and PW/TDI.\*

This function is beneficial for functional evaluations of heart failures and phase analysis. For example, E/e' measurements can be performed in a single scan.

\* : Automated sample gate setting for each gate.

- iDGD : It is performed below function automatically when it is frozen.
  - -Select optimized time phase
  - -Measure E/e'

#### **Automated IMT Measurement**

It is possible to automatically extract max IMT, min IMT and mean IMT by simply setting ROI (region of interest) on a long-axis view of the vessel. In addition, the thicknesses at 3 points, i.e., the point at max IMT, and the points at 1cm on the right and left of the max IMT, can be automatically detected and averaged.

### 2D Tissue Tracking (2DTT)

2DTT enables the evaluations of regional wall motion abnormalities within your region of interest, such as the myocardium and valves automatically by speckle tracking method on a B-mode image. With only minimal angle dependency, analysis form various cross sections have become possible. Multiple analyses, including wall thickness, various strains and rotation angle can be performed.

- Analysis
  - Free use

Distance and angular change between 2 points of your choice can be analyzed.

- SAX: Parasternal short-axis view
  - •Circumferential Strain and Strain Rate
  - ·Global Circumferential Strain 、Strain Rate
  - •Radial Strain and Strain Rate
  - Angle and Angle Rate
  - •Twist (With Overlay function)
  - -APEX: Apical long-axis view
    - ·Apex-S (Strain)
      - i2DTT
      - (Automated Processing for Bull's eye)
      - $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$  Longitudinal Strain and Strain Rate
      - $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$  Transverse Strain and Strain Rate
      - $\cdot$  Global Longitudinal Strain and Strain Rate
      - Volume
      - %EF(Modified Simpson Method)
    - Apex-V (Volume)
      - i2DTT

(Automated Processing for Volume Curve)

- Volume for cavity
- Single and Biplane EF
  - (With Overlay Function)
- dV/dt curve (volume rate change)
- Center of gravity and display tracking

View

-SAX • Basal SAX • Mid SAX • Apical SAX -APEX-S, -V • 2ch, 3ch, 4ch (Inversion view included) • Graph Type

B-mode -Line Graph Temporal Velocity Profile -Color Graph Velocity, time, acceleration, ratio -Line & Color Graph Regional Velocity Profile -Bull's eye (with Overlay function) Velocity, distance Measurements TDI-Myocardial Thickness (Wall thickness) -Point to Point Distance, time, velocity -Time to Peak Strain rate -3 point: One-third point of diastole duration Time, strain rate -Distance Strain Time, strain **Stress Echo analysis** M-mode Image display modes in which image acquisition is possible: B, Each Flow modes Velocity trace • Image acquisition methods: Velocity, time, acceleration, ratio, velocity ECG synchronized acquisition difference • Compatible frame rate: Up to 75 Hz TDI-Myocardial Thickness (wall thickness) Recalled screen Distance, time, velocity Playback speed: Selectable Velocity Profile Image allocation: Possible Velocity, distance Scoring: Possible CSV output of analyzed data is possible. CSV is a file Automatic registration: On/Off format that can be converted into Excel file directly. Protocol: Skip view function is available. Exercise stress protocols: Exercise Stress Echo **CHI** (Contrast Harmonic Imaging) Treadmill Exercise Contrast agent generates abundant second harmonics **Bicycle Exercise** when disrupted, which eases detection by Harmonic Echo. Pharmacological stress protocols: Setting for low-pressure type contrast agent is also DSE incorporated. High-Dose DSE Wide-band Contrast Harmonic Imaging (WbC) Low-Dose DSE The wideband pulse inversion method enables retrieval Arbutamine Dipyridamole of echoes from the ultrasound contrast agent across a User's protocol: broad spectrum and display them in CHI mode at a high The user can make a protocol within 8 views X 12 level of sensitivity. stages in 1 exam. •Tissue Reduction Contrast Harmonic Imaging (TrC) Full disclosure (Multi acquisition): 270 seconds The Amplitude Modulation method makes it possible to It is available to assign label automatically. reduce signals from tissue to get clearer CHI mode Scoring screen images. Playback speed: Selectable ·CHI-eFlow Comparison between different stages in the same view Signals from ultrasound contrast agent are imaged in is possible Image playback range is selectable Power Doppler of CHI mode. By destroying the contrast Systolic image acquisition agent with high acoustic pressure, the contrasted area Bull's eye display (16 or 17 segmentation selectable) can be displayed clearer with CHI-eFlow. Report screen Monitor mode Display format In the Monitor mode, images are available with a low Chart/Stage overview/View overview sound pressure during the intermission of high sound pressure transmission. **TDI analysis** Motion-compensated Accumulation Imaging Tissue Doppler Imaging (TDI) analysis is an It is possible to display running of fine blood vessels by echocardiographic technique employing the Doppler accumulating contrast echo information. principle to measure the velocity of myocardial segments Flash and other cardiac structures. This mode sends high acoustic pressure transmissions at Strain information analysis is also available. set intervals to destroy the ultrasound contrast

agent.

Frame Rate Limit

It is possible to limit Frame Rate not to break bubbles.

#### **Contrast Echo analysis**

Image Subtraction

Fixed Reference: Subtraction of reference frame from all frames

Any 2 Frame: Subtraction between 2 selected frames Display modes: All images, arbitrary images

- Time-Intensity Curve display
  - Intensity level graphing of average, median, max and mode in the ROI.
  - Standard deviation (SD) graphing of intensity in the ROI .
  - Accumulation imaging : Possible
  - Inflow Time Mapping

The inflow time of contrast medium can be indicated by color map on the multi images recorded by contrast echo inspection.

- -Measurement
  - Point to point
  - ۰SD
  - Raising time
  - Fitting curve\*
  - Distance
  - Inflow Time Mapping Measurement

\*: Parameters A, B and Beta can be calculated. Series: Graphic display in frame sequence or time sequence

By Group: Graphic display with the time of one sequence of intermittent acquisition as the horizontal scale (Graphs of multiple sequences are overlapped.)

Display mode: Image, Graph

ROI type: Square, Draw, Arc, and Circle

CSV output of analyzed data is possible.

#### **EyeballEF**\*

The EyeballEF function provides the capability to examine the cardiac volume and ejection fraction, GLS(Global Longitudinal Strain) in a short period of time. By using the EyeballEF function, you can check the reference values such as an EF value in real time and check the measurement results immediately after Freeze.

\* Probe dependent

## **Optional Functions**

#### **PC** printer

It is possible to printout OB/GYN, cardiology, PV, small parts and urology report screens including ultrasound images directly with an external PC printer.

#### Cardiac 3D (4D)\*

Cardiac 3D(4D) function provides the capability to display Cardiology 3D image and to display dual image(reference image and biplane image) simultaneously by using matrix probe(TTE, TEE)

- Scanning rate: Up to 999 volumes/s
- Biplane Mode(Color)
- · 3D Zoom Mode(Color)
- Active 3D Mode(Color)
- · Wide Angle 3D Mode(Color)
- · Live 1,2,3,4,5,6 beat 3D volume imaging
- · Live 1,2,3,4,5,6,7 beat 3D color volume imaging
- It is possible to display 3 arbitrary sections simultaneously
- MPR (Multi-planar Reconstruction)
- · Surgeon' s View Display
- 2 click cropping operation
- $\cdot$  Display Layout(Single , Dual , Quad , MSI)
- Function to change 3D Imaging Parameter
- Change MPR View to operate by drag
- $\cdot$   $\;$  Density (Both Lateral and Elevation)  $\;$
- $\cdot$  Performance mode(Function to control of rising

temperature for 3D TTE and TEE surface part)

- Function to rotate(Tilt) plane operation (same as probe operation)

\* Option: SOP-LISENDO880-129(Probe dependent)

#### iEF\*

iEF calculates Biplane EF with full automated ED/ES frame detecting and full automated A2C and A4C contour tracing of biplane images acquired from a transthoracic 2D matrix probe.

\* Option: SOP-LISENDO880-120 (Probe dependent)

#### 4D LV-Analysis\*

#### $\cdot$ Additional features to 4D LV-Function:

- · Polar plot with parametric display for all parameters
- Dynamic (amplitude) and static (time to peak) parametric display for all parameters
- · Global LV twist and LV torsion calculation
- Displacement and strain analysis
  - Longitudinal, circumferential and radial

component analysis

- Principal tangential strain and 3D displacement analysis
- Segmental peak, time to peak and global average values in result table
- Segmental parameter over time chart display
- Rotation and twist analysis
  - Basal and apical rotation as well as twist values in result table
  - Segmental parameter over time chart display
- Configurable export of all measurements (single results as well as parameter-time curves) to spreadsheet format

\* Option: PM-LI880-S003(Probe dependent)

\*This option is manufactured by TomTec Imaging System GmbH

#### 4D RV-Function\*

## • Semi-Automated quantification of the Right Ventricle

- Fast and easy Workflow
- Automatic contour proposal no laborious contour drawing
- RV surface model

#### • 4D Review and Analysis

- Real-time interactive 4D model (Beutel) display of ventricle
- Display of 2D ultrasound slices (SAX and LAX) with
   Beutel contours as overlay
- Graph displays for global volumes over time
- Display of result window with derived parameters

#### Measurements

- · Global volumes over time
- Calculation of EDV, ESV, EF, SV
- Right ventricular longitudinal strain (RVLS) of
  - free wall
  - septum
- Additional 2D measurements:
  - TAPSE
  - FAC
  - RVDd base (RVD1)
  - RVDd mid (RVD2)
  - RVLd (RVD3)
- \* Option: PM-LI880-S004(Probe dependent)

\*This option is manufactured by TomTec Imaging System GmbH

4D	MV-Assessment*	Vector Flow Mapping Analysis( VFM) *1
۰Se	emi-Automated Annulus and Leaflet Detection	VFM detects velocity components perpendicular to the
	Fast and Easy Workflow (20 secs for static model)	beam, which couldn't be done with the conventional color
	Semi automatic annulus detection	Doppler technique. Direction and velocity of local blood flow
	Automatic and dynamic MV model generation via	can be displayed as vectors, independent of the angle
	object segmentation	between the probe and the flow. VFM is expected to be
	Automatic measurements for annulus, leaflets and	effective for analyzing hemodynamics which could not be
	coaptation	evaluated before.
	Morphological and functional analysis views	$\cdot$ The blood flow velocity distribution in the scanning
	Analysis screen for 4D presentation of tissue and	section
	annular structures	$\cdot$ Flow volume cutting across the specified lines on the
	Transparence rendering to display all objects within	scanning section
	tissue	<ul> <li>Flow line display and flow volume profile</li> </ul>
	Definition and display of surgical and ventricular view	VFM Cardiac
	orientations	$\cdot$ The blood flow velocity distribution in the scanning
	Display of b/w tissue and Doppler color information in	section (2D Velocity Distribution)
	all views	<ul> <li>Vorticity display (Vorticity Line, Vorticity)</li> </ul>
	Adjustable cut plane (D'Art)	Stream line display (Stream Line Display)
	Color texture on leaflet models that represents their	• Energy Loss
	topology	Wall Shear Stress
	copology	Relative Pressure <sup>*2</sup>
. ЛІ	D Reconstruction Mode	· Pathline
	Real-time rendering	· Wavefront
	Interactive 4D cube for data presentation and	• Energy Loss Profile
	-	Circulation(Profile of Vortex)
	manipulation	Linear velocity distribution display
	4D rendering of b/w tissue and color Doppler data 3D visualization of automatic measurements	• (Local-line Velocity Distribution)
		Linear velocity profile display(Velocity Profile)
	Hybrid 4D display of measurements and grayscale	<ul> <li>Flow volume (Flow Display)</li> </ul>
	data Interneting display acting a few actions display	<ul> <li>Flow volume curve (Time Flow Curve Display)</li> </ul>
	Interactive display settings for optimum display	Streamline Velocity Profile
	Separate settings for threshold and transparency	Reliability Mark
	Generic manual measurements	VFM Vascular
_		• The blood flow velocity distribution in the scanning
۰Fι	urther general features	section (2D Velocity Distribution)
	On-screen help	• Wall Shear Stress
	Planimetry layout for individual MPR adjustment	*1 Option:SOP-LISENDO880-64 is necessary (Probe dependent)
	Carpentier segmentation labels on leaflet surface	* <sup>2</sup> Option:SOP-LISENDO880-77 is necessary
۰M	easurements	
	Manual measurements such as distance, angle, curve	
	and area	
	Static and dynamic annular measurements	
	Static and dynamic leaflet measurements	
	-	
	Static and dynamic coaptation measurements	

\*This option is manufactured by TomTec Imaging System GmbH

## **Optional Analysis Functions**

#### eTRACKING (Echo Tracking) \*

It is possible to precisely measure displacement of blood vessel to obtain indices of stiffness of the vessels such as pressure-strain elastic modulus (Ep), stiffness parameter ( $\beta$ ), arterial compliance (AC), one-point pulse wave velocity (PWV $\beta$ ), and augmentation index (AI). Blood-pressure gauge is necessary for this examination. \* Option: SOP-LISEND0880-11

#### FMD (Flow Mediated Dilatation) analysis\*

It is possible to continually record and plot the vessel diameter of the whole processes from baseline through occlusion and vasodilatation to recovery.

\* Option: SOP-LISENDO880-16 (includes eTRACKING software.)

#### WI (Wave Intensity)\*

The heart and the arterial system are acting, constantly interfering with each other through forward traveling waves and reflected waves. WI is calculated based on changes in blood pressure and blood flow speed obtained at an arbitrary point in a circulatory system. WI is a new indicator of blood flow dynamics, which is expected to help pave the way for analysis of the interference between the heart and the arterial system. The analysis comprises of contraction and dilatation characteristics, influence of reflected waves from peripherals, and an index related to time.

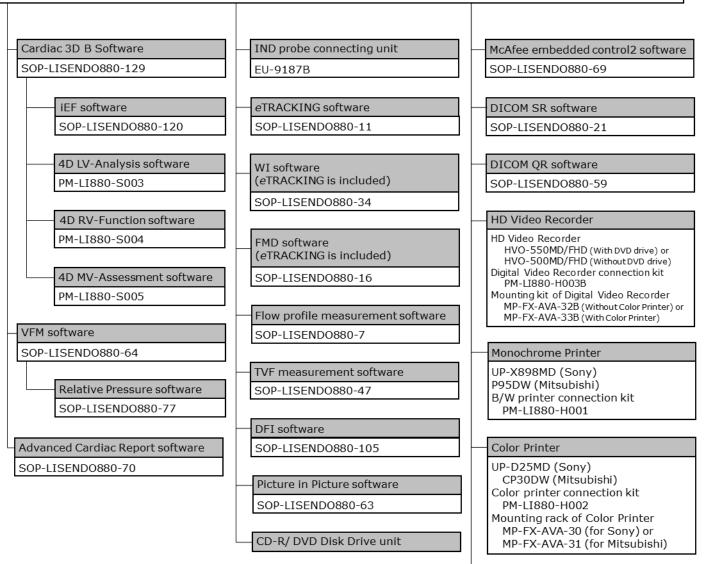
\* Option: SOP-LISENDO880-34 (includes eTRACKING software.) Blood-pressure gauge is necessary for this examination.

General Specifications	Output
	Color composite (BNC): 1 channel
Acoustic Power	• Y/C: 1 channels
<ul> <li>0 to 100%, 1% step</li> </ul>	Input
Preset Function	Y/C: 1 channel
<ul> <li>100 kinds (Max. 10 kinds per each probe)</li> </ul>	– Network
Preset contents storable in USB memory	LAN (Wired, Wireless)
• Q.S.S.(Quick Scanning Selector)	- Others
Image modifying parameters (e.g. Gain, frequency,	Audio (L/R): 2 channel (Output 1, Input 1)
depth) of your choice can be registered. (Up to 4 sets	
per preset)	Viewing Monitor
These parameters can immediately be registered and	22 inch OLED display
selected by touch panel during examinations.	Resolution: WXGA++ (1600 x 900)
Set Preset is booted up in conjunction with ID	Tilt and swivel are possible.
information(BodyParts or etc,)	Height adjustment and swivel together with operation
	panel
	Safety Regulation
Characters and graphic displays	• IEC 60601-1 Ed.3.0: 2005, IEC 60601-1 Ed.3.1: 2012
Character input area:	Class I, Type BF
ID*, name, age, sex, retained text	Fundamental Demonstrate
*: Can be corrected after exam	Environmental Requirements
Input is possible with virtual keyboard on LCD panel	In Operation
Automatic Annotation Labeling:	Temperature: +10 to +40 degrees C
800 words (User registration is possible.)	Relative Humidity: 30 to 75%
• Body mark:	(non condensing)
38 kinds are available per each region.	Atmospheric pressure: 700 to 1060 hPa
8 regions+1 user are able to register.	Altitude: Up to 3000m
Body mark editor to create user's body mark: Available	In Storage/transportation
Probe mark: 4 kinds	Temperature: -10 to +50 degrees C     (0 to +50 degrees C for machanical probab)
Display position: changeable	(0 to +50 degrees C for mechanical probes)
Fetal body mark: rotatable	Relative Humidity: 10 to 90%
Assist line display (Probe dependent)	(non condensing)
Menu control	Atmospheric pressure: 700 to 1060 hPa
10.4-inch color TFT LCD touch panel	Power Requirement
Active Probe Ports	<ul> <li>100 to 120/ 200 to 240V ±10%, 50 or 60 Hz,</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>For electronic scanning probes: 6 (4 active, 2 parking)</li> </ul>	Max. 1300 VA (with optional recorders connected)
<ul> <li>For independent probes*: 1</li> </ul>	Max. 900 VA (main unit only)
*Option: EU-9187B	Shutdown tool
	Hibernation*
Input/Output Signals	*It is possible to remain condition when it is taken off
– Data Input/Output	plug.
• USB2.0 : 9 channel	Dimensions
(Main unit 6+ Operation Panel 3)	$\cdot$ 55 cm (W) × 90 cm (D) ×122 – 169.5cm (H)
<ul> <li>USB3.0 : 1 channel</li> </ul>	
- Digital Video Input/Output	Weight
DVI-D digital : 2 channel(Output 1, Input1)	• 150 kg (main unit only)
Resolution: Full HD(1600x900)	
– Analog Video Input/Output	

## System Configuration

LISENDO 880LE Main unit

(includes a viewing monitor IPF-2201 and Alphanumeric keyboard unit EU-9186)



Foot Switch

MP-2345B MP-2819 (3-point)

#### Jelly Warmer

JW-3000U (Mounting kit is required) MP-FX-AVA-2B-R (right side) or MP-FX-AVA-2B-L (left side)

DC IN Cable

L-CABLE-705

## OPTIONAL PROBES

### **Electronic convex sector probes**

Application (description)	Model	Frequency range (MHz)	Scanning angle (degrees)	Optional accessories
Abdominal	C35	8.0-2.0	70	Needle Guide - Ultra-Pro 644-082 (CIVCO) *
Abdominal	C251	5.0-1.0	70	Needle Guide - Ultra-Pro 644-082 (CIVCO) *
Abdominal	C252	6.0-1.0	70	Needle Guide - Ultra-Pro 644-082 (CIVCO) *
Abdominal	C42	8.0-4.0	80	Puncture Adapter EZU-PA532 Needle Guide - Ultra-Pro 644-077 (CIVCO)*
Intraoperative	C42K	10.0-4.0	65	Puncture Adapter MP-2783, MP-2458

\* Needle Guide Replacement Kit 610-608(CIVCO) is necessary.

## **Electronic linear probes**

Application (description)	Model	Frequency range (MHz)	Scanning width (mm)	Optional accessories
Small Organ	L34	7.0-3.0	38	Coupler attachment EZU-PA3C1H Other Attachment EZU-PA3C1 EZU-PA3C2
Peripheral Vessel	L441	12.0-2.0	38	-
Small Organ	L64	18.0-5.0	38	Needle guide bracket EZU-PA7L3
Intraoperative	L53K	15.0-3.0	25	Waterproof case WP-001

## **Electronic phased array sector probes**

Application (description)	Model	Frequency range (MHz)	Scanning angle* (degrees)	Optional accessories
Cardiac Adult	S121	5.0-1.0	120	-
Cardiac Pediatric	S31	9.0-2.0	100	-
Neonatal Cardiology	S42	14.0-3.0	100	-
Cardiac, TEE	S3ESL1	9.0-2.0	100	-
Cardiac Adult, TEE	S3ESEL	8.0-2.0	100	-

\*Wide Scanning ON

## CMUT(linear probes)

Application (description)	Model	Frequency range (MHz)	Scanning width (mm)	Optional accessories
Peripheral Vessel	SML44	22.0-2.0	38	-

### Matrix 3D(4D) Probes\* \*SOP-LISEND0880-129 is necessary

Application (description)	Model	Frequency range (MHz)	Scanning angle (degrees)	Optional accessories
Cardiac Adult, TEE	MXS2ESLL	10.0-1.0	90	-
Cardiac Adult, TEE	MXS2ESLL1	10.0-1.0	90	-
Cardiac Adult, TTE	MXS1	5.0-1.0	90	-

## Independent CW Doppler Probes\*

\* Independent probe connection unit **EU-9187B** is necessary.

Application	Model	Frequency range (MHz)	Optional accessories		
Cardiac Adult	UST-2265-2	2.0	-		
Cardiac Adult	UST-2266-5	5.0	-		

## Probes and available functions

Convex sector

Function Probe	eFocusing	HI Framerate(B)	HI Framerate(CF)	FmT	WbT	HdTHI	CHI (Low)	CHI (Mid)	CHI (High)	TDI	Panoramic View	eFLOW	DFI	Compound	Dual Gate Doppler	CW			
C35	<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>	✓	<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>	✓	<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>	✓	✓	✓	-	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	_		
C251	<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>	✓	<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>	✓	✓	<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>	✓	<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>	✓	✓	✓	✓	_		
C252	✓	~	✓	✓	<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>	✓	~	$\checkmark$	~	$\checkmark$	✓	✓	$\checkmark$	✓	√	✓	_		
C42	✓	-	-	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	✓	-	-	-	-	$\checkmark$	✓	-	✓	√	~	_		
C42K	$\checkmark$	-	-	-	-	$\checkmark$	-	-	-	-	-	$\checkmark$	-	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	-			
Function Probe	eFocusing	HI Framerate(B)	HI Framerate(CF)	FmT	WbT	HdTHI	CHI (Low)	CHI (Mid)	CHI (High)	TDI	Panoramic View	eFLOW	DFI	ET/FMD/WI	CW	Compound	Trapezoid	Dual Gate Doppler	VFM Vascular
L34	$\checkmark$	-	-	-	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	-	-	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	-	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	√	-
L441	$\checkmark$	-	$\checkmark$	-	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	-	-	-	-	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
L64	$\checkmark$	-	-	-	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	-	-	-	-	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	-
L53K	$\checkmark$	-	-	-	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	-	-	-	-	-	$\checkmark$	-	-	-	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	-

### Phased array sector

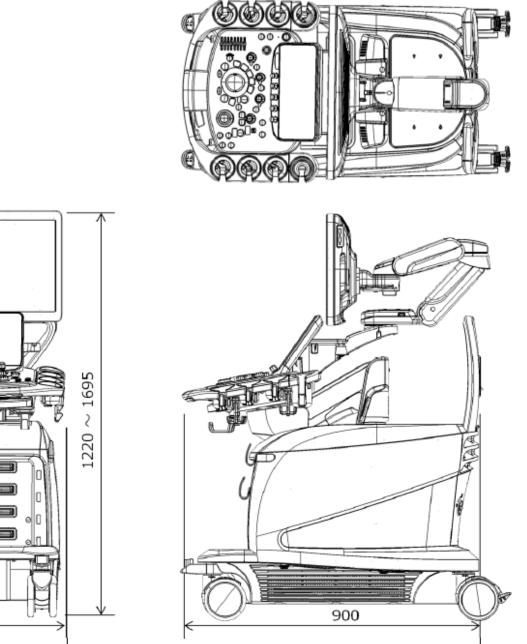
Function Probe	eFocusing	HI Framerate(B)	HI Framerate(CF)	FmT	WbT	HdTHI	Wide Scanning	CHI (Low)	CHI (Mid)	CHI (High)	TDI	eFLOW	CW	Dual Gate Doppler	VFM Cardiac
S121	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	-	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	I	ı	$\checkmark$	~	~	$\checkmark$	~
S31	-	-	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	-	-	$\checkmark$	-	-	-	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	~
S42	-	-	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	-	-	$\checkmark$	-	-	-	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
S3ESL1	-	-	$\checkmark$	-	-	-	$\checkmark$	-	1	1	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	~
S3ESEL	-	-	$\checkmark$	-	-	-	$\checkmark$	-	-	1	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	~	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$

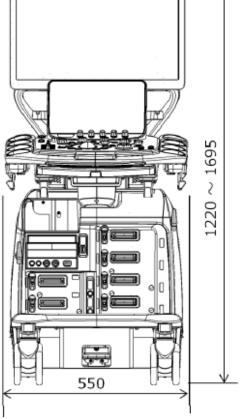
#### CMUT(Linear)

Function Probe	eFocusing	HI Framerate(B)	HI Framerate(CF)	FmT	WbT	HdTHI	CHI (Low)	CHI (Mid)	CHI (High)	TDI	Panoramic View	eFLOW	DFI	ET/FMD/WI	CW	Compound	Trapezoid	Dual Gate Doppler
SML44	$\checkmark$	-	-	-	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	-	-	-	-	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	-	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$

### Matrix 3D (4D)/ Independent

Function Probe	eFocusing	HI Framerate(B)	HI Framerate(CF)	FmT	WbT	HdTHI	CHI (Low)	CHI (Mid)	CHI (High)	TDI	eFLOW	CW	Dual Gate Doppler	BiPlane	Cardiac 3D B	4D LV-Analysis	4D RV-Function	4D MV-Assessment	iEF	VFM Cardiac
MXS2ESLL	-	$\checkmark$	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	$\checkmark$	-	$\checkmark$	-	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	-	$\checkmark$
MXS2ESLL1	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	-	-	-	-	-	-	$\checkmark$	-	$\checkmark$	-	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	-	$\checkmark$
MXS1	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	-	-	-	-	-	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
UST-2265-2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	$\checkmark$	-	-	1	I	-	I	1	-
UST-2266-5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	$\checkmark$	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-





- The specifications may be different depending on configuration, probe, setting parameter and they are subject to change without notice.
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