

FE POWER JENERATÖR

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INDUSTRIAL TYPE DIESEL GENERATOR USER MANUAL



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1. Overview

1.1 Safety and warning

In order to avoid some unnecessary accident and provide security to customers, please don't operate the unit before reading and understanding the instruction and warning in the manual.

1.1.1 In order to avoid accident and make sure your personal safety, please take some time to study and understand the meanings of these warning labels.

Series Number	Operation Warning Label	Label Note
1	Fig.1-1	Fig.1-1 shows the Warning High Voltage that may result in electric shock
2	Fig.1-2	Fig.1-2 shows the Safety Caution
3	WARNING!Open water drain valve and release coolant to avoid frost crack after stop and cooled when ambient temperature below 5°CFig.1-3Fig.1-4	Fig.1-3 and Fig.1-4 show the labels that remind you of opening the drain valve and releasing the coolant to prevent the unit from being frozen due to low ambient temperature $(<5^{\circ}C)$ during the shutdown.

4	WARNING! Check the lube oil level in the governor of the injection pump, inject the oil to the specified level before running.	Fig.1-5 show the labels that remind you of Checking lube oil level in the governor of the injection pump,inject the oil to the specified level before running
5	HOT Fig.1-6	Fig.1-6 shows the label that reminds you of the high temperature. This label sticks nearby the air outlet of the surface muffler. As high temperature will occur at the air outlet when the unit is running, it warns you of the high temperature that may result in injury
6	NOTE: NEED WATERING BEFORE STARTING Fig.1-7	Fig.1-7 shows the label that reminds you of filling water before starting the unit. It is forbidden to run the unit if there is no sufficient water in the radiator. Note that the water added should be water or antirust water.
7	Fig.1-8	Fig.1-8 shows the Radiator inlet

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8	Fig.1-9	Fig.1-9 shows the Emergency Stop Switch
9	WARNING! Turn right to release the button within 15 seconds by hand Fig.1-10	Fig.1-10 shows the Emergency Stop Switch Function
10	WARNING! CRUSH HAZARD Hand off while operation Fig.1-11	Fig.1-11 shows the Caution Crushing hazard
11	CAUTION! HOT SURFACE Don't touch with bare hand directly.	Fig.1-12 shows the Caution Heat Hazard
12	CAUTION!ENTANGLEMENTHAZARDFig.1-13	Fig.1-13 shows the Caution Entanglement Hazard



17	OIL DRAIN FUEL DRAIN WATER DRAIN WIRE HOLE Fig.1-18	Fig.1-18 shows a set of labels which respectively indicate the corresponding position of the oil drain,fuel drain,water drain and Cable Termination hole for your easy operation.
18	G G G G G G G G G G	Fig.1-19 shows the Lifting Point

1.1.2 Warnings labels and contents



- 1. Read and understand the unit's manual, the generator's manual and the diesel motor's operating instructions before using and maintaining the unit and following all safety warnings so that to reduce the risk, personal injury and equipment damage;
- 2. All electrical engineering including the grounding must be performed by trained technician
- 3. **DANGER** The fuel and gases of the generator unit are inflammable and explosive.Proper fuel storage device and reasonable handover procedures shall be employed.ABC grade fire extinguisher should be put around the unit. Do not place other inflammable materials around the unit;
- 4. DANGER It is not allowed to smoke around the unit.Flame or other inflammable objects. Meanwhile, it is forbidden to add fuel to the unit when it is running, because the gases from the fuel and the hydrogen released when the battery is charged are explosive;
- 5. Keep all doors be locked when unit is running;
- 6. Read and follow all electrical prewarning and prevention measures described in the manual before starting the unit;
- **7.ATTENTION** Before starting the unit, please Check whether the fuel, coolant and lubricant are added and the battery is fully charged;
- 8. All repairs must be performed by the qualified technician or licensed electrician.

Please do not remove this warning label !

- **1.1.3**: Besides these warning labels or words, you should also pay attention to these following precautions:
 - > All safety labels and some precautions on the site should be visible during the installation;
 - "Out of service" or similar warning plate should be attached on the start switch or control lever before maintaining or repairing the unit;
 - > During the maintenance or repair, unauthorized personnel should not get access to the unit; the control system

position; and the emergency stop button should be pressed down;

- Do not start the unit when the fan's protective cover or other safety cover is removed. Never try to repair by putting your hands below or nearby these protective devices when the unit is running;
- Keep your hand, arm, long hair, jewelry and loose clothes away from the belt wheel, belt and other rotating parts. Wear the protection clothing when working in the generator room;
- Do not try to open the radiator's cover before the cooling liquid cools down fully to prevent being injured by the steam (hot water);
- Do not swallow or contact the fuel, cooling liquid, lubricant and electrolyte etc. Once being sprayed by the electrolyte when handling the electrolyte, wash the skin with large quantities of fresh water immediately;
- Wear the ear protection when staying in a high noise environment or running the motor in a confined place for a long time to prevent damage to your ear;
- The electrical output cable must be connected according to the relevant standards, specifications. Use the conforming electrical cable for distribution output;
- When welding is required during the installation of the unit, it is forbidden to make ground connection via the unit (body) to prevent damage by the high current to the internal electrical devices, bearing and bearing bush etc.;
- > Make sure that the unit is grounded safely and reliably.

1.2 Overview for diesel generator

- As the primary or standby (emergency) power supply, the unit can be widely used in many crucial sites including telecommunication, hospital, troop, high-rise building, moving train, road construction, industrial and mining enterprise, oil exploration and emergency rescue etc.
- Different configurations are available depending on your specific requirements, such as common unit, stationary unit, movable unit, self-start unit, "three remote" intelligent control unit, combined unit and relevant ATS control screen, combined control system etc.

1.3 Generator set breakdown drawing



9 Radiator cap/fill 8 Muffler 6 Fuel Filter ъ 4 Exhaust bellows ω N 10 Radiator 7 Fuel Injection pump Air Filter Turbo Charger Alternator

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Battery

- 11 Oil Dipstick
- 12 Oil Filter
- 13 Fuel cap/fill





1 Control Panel Door

Control Pane

Emergency Stop Button 1

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- 3 Lifting Ring
- 4 Coolant Inlet
- 5 Water-proof Exhaust Cover
- 6 Air Exhaust Grid

12

- 7 Hinge
- Drag/tie down point

- 9 Door Lock ω
- 10 Bunded tank
- 11 Sewage Sump 1

- 14 Forklift Pocket

15 Air Inlet Grid

17 DC Key Switch

16 Generator set Controller

18 Emergency Stop Button 2

- 12 Sewage Sump 113 Bunded Tank Drain

1.4 Naming for generator set model (as shown in Fig.1-23)





1.5 Nameplate

FE POWER diesel generator set is designed with one nameplate, on which the information like unit model, unit number, unit parameters and production date is provided. Fig.1-24 shows the nameplate of the unit. The unit number is unique. You must record the unit number and model correctly. Once you want to buy parts or need repair service, you should provide us with the above unit model and number accurately, so we can offer high quality after-sale service





1.6 Product quality certificate

One certificate of compliance is provided in the documentation package for diesel generator unit, indicating that this unit has passed the factory testing and inspection and therefore can be delivered to users for operation. Fig.1-25shows the certificate of compliance of FEPOWER generator unit:





1.7 Diesel Engine

- According to different power levels, and considering the performance and advantage of different brands in the specific power scope, the unit selects different diesel motors. The typical brands include Cummins, Deutz, Volvo, Perkins ,etc.
- The unit not only requires that the selected motor has excellent performance and high reliability but also pays special attention to its technological advance in the aspects of waste gas emission reduction, fuel consumption reduction and noise control. The diesel motor has complete auxiliary facilities, including fan, water tank radiator, air cleaner, engine oil cleaner, diesel cleaner, oil-water separator (available some models) and charge generator etc. The automatic speed regulation system (mechanical or electronic type, intelligent electronic injection control system) can control the rotation speed of the diesel motor precisely and make sure the unit keeps stable output frequency. Additionally, except for tiny minority of units with low power, other models and types are equipped with the turbocharging system to reduce the weight of the unit and improve the horse power output.
- For the brand, model and specifications of the specific diesel motor, refer to the documentation package: Motor's Operating Instructions.

1.8 Generator

The unit uses the world-class alternator. Or other world famous brand alternators.
 The alternator has the following features:

- Four-pole brushless self-excited, IP22 protection grade (Marine IP23 protection grade). H grade insulated steel housing structure makes sure the generator can run in the tough environment.
- The stator winding is of 2/3 short pitch, which can effectively inhibit the waveform distortion of the output voltage and reduce the magnetic field heating-up.
- The dynamic balancing test should be conducted prior to the rotor assembly, and the integral damping winding is set on the rotor to restrain the voltage oscillation under non-constant load, to ensure the superior steady state of generator.
- The output power of exciter rotor is output to the host rotor through the three-phase full-wave bridge rectifier, which is protected by a surge suppressor against the damage from the impact by short circuit or phase step in parallel arrangement.
- Automatic voltage regulator (AVR) can automatically reduce load to protect the generator. It allows one-time full-load exertion on the generator, and the steady voltage regulation can achieve ± 1% (can meet ± 0.5% at special request). If permanent magnet generator excitation (PMG) system is chosen, the generator will have higher capacity to start and have interference resistance for the output voltage waveform distortion of host stator generated by the nonlinear load (such as SCR DC motor, UPS, etc.).
- Telephone Influence Factor (TIF)< 50, Telephone Harmonic Factor (THF)<2%, brushless device and high quality AVR make sure small interference to the radio transmission.

1.9 Control screen

1.9.1 Control screens placed ways:

- 1) Soundproof generator set is usually placed on the broadside of the generator set
- The open type the generator set has two kind of distribution box, one is on the broadside of the generator set, the other one is at the end of the alternator.
- 3) Distribution box of rain-proof type generator set is above the alternator open type with large power, the generator set's control screen and circuit breaker are separate. The control screen installed on the broadside of the generator set, the circuit breaker installed in the separate box.
- 4) Parallel box usually adopt the separate box.

1.9.2 Our company selects the well-known trademark controller such as DEEP SEA, Smartgen, Comap, ect. It can be collocated in many ways according to customers ' requirement.

The functions of the generator set: system

• Start, stop

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- automatic ,shutdown
- Main parameters detection of alternator: phase voltage and line voltage, current, frequency, power, etc;
- Detection of engine operating parameters: Oil pressure, water temperature, rotation speed, etc.
- All types of control screens have the fault protection function (automatic shutdown), including low oil pressure, high cooling liquid temperature, over-speed and emergency stop (button or key switch) etc.
- According to customer's requirement, it can realize "Three remote" function, and carry out positioning and monitoring by the Internet or short massage.
- These are directly displayed on the screen, as shown in Fig.1-26, Fig. 1-27 and Fig.1-28.



Fig.1-26(DSE6020)



Fig.1-27(DSE7320)



Fig.1-28 (DSE8610)

1.10 Circuit breaker (Standard configuration)

As shown in Fig.1-29, in order to protect the main alternating-current generator from being damaged by the overload current and other abnormal impact, one electrical circuit breaker matching with this unit is installed on the electrical output terminal. Generally, it is installed inside the generating control box nearby the generator. For the high power unit or combined unit, this breaker is installed in the outgoing screen or combined screen.

When making the distribution output, draw out the cable from the bottom of the Circuit breaker directly. The cable is drawn out from the outgoing sleeve of the housing, as shown in Fig.1-30 (put the cable through the housing's wiring hole and connect it to 1,2,3 phases and N phase at the Circuit breakers load terminal).



1.11 Others

Besides the above components, the unit is also equipped with other key accessories, such as start battery, battery cable, muffler (open-frame unit), motor accessory box etc. For the specific accessories of different models, refer to the packing list.

2. Installation

2.1 General

After you select the model, the volume, weight, power and use type of this unit are known. According to your actual use requirements and the specific conditions of control system and distribution system, you can establish the installation and implementation plan for the diesel generator unit.

2.2 Storage

- For calculating the warranty term scientifically and meeting your desire of putting the unit into operation as soon as possible, it is suggested to install and test the unit once it arrives at the working site and assign a special personnel to be responsible for the operation and daily maintenance.
- If the unit needs to be stored for some time due to some special reasons, reasonable and feasible storage plan should be made according to the storage time. Long-time storage will impose decisive adverse effect on the diesel motor and main alternating-current generator. It is essential to select correct storage method.
- The unit should be stored by steps, including cleaning the unit fully, keeping the unit dry and ventilated, replacing the new lubricating oil with proper quality, thoroughly draining the cooling liquid in the water tank and conducting antirust treatment on the unit etc.

- During the storage, make sure that the unit is not bumped by the tree and other goods to avoid any damage. Besides, it is suggested to build a special independent warehouse. It is forbidden to place the inflammable and explosive goods around the unit. Some firefighting measures must be taken, e.g. setting ABC fire extinguisher etc.
- In order to prevent the damp going into the main alternating-current generator coil and minimize the damp condensation that may reduce the generator's insulation performance, even affect the unit's serviceability, note to maintain the area around the generator dry or take some special measures (such as proper heating and dehumidifying device) to keep the coil always in the dry conditions.
- The unit storage should avoid overheating, undercooling or exposure to the rain or sun etc. The start battery used in this unit is a plumbic acid high energy battery. Before testing and using the unit, it is suggested not to add electrolyte. If it has been added, note to charge it every 5-8 weeks to avoid damaging the battery or reducing its service life. During the storage, avoid direct exposure to the sun or rain.
- After the unit is stored for some time, before the installation and use, note to check whether the unit is damage; whether the electrical devices are oxidized; whether all connecting parts become loose; whether the main generator's coil still keeps dry; and whether the body surface is clean and dry. Take proper measures when necessary.
- Similarly, the above contents are applicable to the installation of the unit in the generator room, namely the basic requirements on the generator room.

2.3 Transportation

- During the transport, the unit should be provided with necessary safety protection. Additionally, the unit should be fixed in the compartment firmly to avoid vibration that may cause its parts to loose or even be damaged. In the transport process, there should be no person or goods on the unit to avoid damage to the unit.
- When unloading the unit from the vehicle, use the forklift or hoisting equipment to avoid the unit tipping or falling on the ground, leading to damage.
- The unit is sold along with hoisting channel steel, by which you can hoist the unit. Never hoist the unit by the sling rings of the diesel motor or alternating-current generator.
- For the non-standard units that have special purpose and are used in the special case (such as movable power station or mute or noise type unit), movement, transport and hoisting will become much easier. As such units have specially designed housing for easy transport and installation. What's more, some types are specially installed with rubber wheels. Such housing also provides many parts on the unit with good safety protection, further avoiding the damage from rain, sun and collision during the transport. It can also prevent mis-operation

by unrelated personnel.

2.4 Generator room installation

- In the installation plan, the first step is to select the site for installing the unit (the storage requirements in 2.2 are also the basic requirements for selecting the generator room). Generally, the site is selected mainly on the basis of use convenience and economy of distribution connection as well as helpfulness to the use and maintenance. However, it is also important to consider the following aspects when selecting the installation position.
 - Measure the levelness of the foundation with a level gauge during the installation to make sure the unit is fixed on a horizontal foundation;
 - Make sure that the generator room is ventilated so that the hot air exhausted from the radiator can be guided to flow out of the generator room and will not return;
 - Make sure to minimize pollution to the ambient environment by the noise and smoke generated in the running process;
 - There should be sufficient space around the unit for cooling, operation and maintenance. Generally, it is not allowed to place any other goods within the scope around (1~1.5m) and on (1.5~2 m) the unit;
 - Make sure that good lighting equipments are available when working at night. Protective cover should be provided for outdoor application to avoid damage to the unit by rain, sun, wind, overheating and freezing;
 - The exhaust pipe of the diesel motor should be unblocked. The pipeline should not be too long or turn a corner suddenly. When the exhaust pipe is connected to outdoor, incline the outside part downwards slightly so that the condensated water in the pipe can flow out;
 - It is forbidden to place inflammable or explosive goods around the unit. The environment should be kept clean without any goods that may generate corrosive gases (acidic or alkaline).

2.4.1 Foundation

- > The foundation base for holding and fixing the unit is very important. It must meet the following requirements:
 - Support the weight of the entire unit and the dynamic impact load generated by the unbalanced force in the running process;
 - Have sufficient rigidity and stability to avoid any deformation that may affect the axiality of the diesel motor and main alternating-current generator and their accessories;
 - Absorb the vibration generated in the running process to minimize the vibration transmission to the foundation and wall;
 - Keep the foundation smooth as possible as it can;
 - Reserve a dump tank (when possible) for the waste water and oil to flow away duly. Reserve a cable trench for

the generator distribution output.

- Generally, the concrete foundation is a reliable and simple installation method, therefore high priority should be given to this method. When casting the concrete base, make sure that concrete surface is smooth without any damage. It is suggested to install the unit and its exhaust system with the level gauge or similar meters. Generally, the scale of the concrete platform only needs to keep within the range of 100~200mm. The subsoil for building the concrete platform must also have sufficient carrying strength to carry the entire unit and the concrete foundation.
- ➢ For the layout of the unit, refer to Fig.2-1.



Fig.2-1

2.4.2 Ventilation

- When a unit with integrated radiator is installed in the generator room, the basic principle is to exhaust the hot air out of the generator room and suck the low temperature air into the generator room, as well as try to reduce hot air inflow.
- Fig.2-2 Shows the ideal position relationship between the unit and the wall in generator room. Its purpose is to suck the cold air from the lowest place, force it to go through the radiator element, and then exhaust it out of the

generator room.





- You can fabricate a wind scoop with the metal or plastic plate. The wind scoop must be connected with the radiator in a flexible manner so as to isolate the vibration transmission and make sure the hot air is exhausted thoroughly.
- The effective circulating section area in the wind scoop should be more than 1.25 times of the front area of the radiator element. The wind scoop should be smooth without sharp angle to reduce the air resistance. The effective circulating area of the air inlet should also be more than 1.25 times of the front area of the radiator element.
- When you install the protective screen or shutter at the air inlet and air outlet or there are many large cambers, its effective circulating section area will decrease and the resistance will increase. Therefore, it is necessary to further increase the circulation area.
- Generally, the air blown by the fan is sufficient to meet the ventilation requirements of the generator room. The temperature of the incoming air should be lower than 40 °C. If it keeps higher than this value, the output power will decrease. Therefore, you must suck the fresh air from outside of the generator room duly to supply air to the motor.
- If the motor is equipped with one remote radiator, you must consider conducting forcible ventilation to the generator room.
- For the motor equipped with the thrust fan, it is preferred to use one independent pipe to exhaust the waste gases from the crankcase out of the generator room, otherwise they will deposit on the radiator and get the radiator clogged, leading to reduction of the radiation capability.

2.4.3 Smoke evacuation

The standard unit is equipped with industrial muffler (having the same specifications with the unit), flexible corrugated pipe and elbow. You can design and install the smoke evacuation system by using these three main

accessories. When doing this, you should also consider the following aspects:

- Make sure that the entire exhaust back pressure should not exceed the specified maximum allowable value; (generally, the maximum exhaust back pressure does not exceed 5 Kpa)
- Fix the smoke evacuation system so that the smoke evacuation manifold and turbine booster are not affected by the longitudinal pressure and lateral stress;
- Reserve space for the (pipeline) thermal expansion and contraction;
- Reserve space for the unit vibration;
- Reduce smoke evacuation noise.
- ▶ Fig.2-3 shows the typical smoke evacuation installation.
- > Too high exhaust back pressure will directly result in:
- Output power loss;
- Poor fuel economy;
- Rising smoke evacuation temperature.





- The industrial muffler equipped on the unit is an absorption muffler. Its working principle is to absorb the noise by installing an absorption lining inside the muffler, so it has wide noise reduction frequency range.
- The exhaust back pressure value of the entire system is obtained by adding those of the muffler and smoke evacuation pipeline together.
- If more than one unit is installed, try not to exhaust the waste gases from the same flue. If the conditions don't allow installing independent smoke evacuation pipe, when the total exhaust back pressure is not exceeded, the

smoke evacuation branch pipe should be equipped with a movable separator that can prevent return.

- In the smoke evacuation system, the smoke evacuation pipe should be connected to the diesel motor booster with the flexible corrugated pipe. It has three functions:
- Separate the vibration and the weight of the smoke evacuation pipeline with the diesel motor;
- Compensate the thermal expansion of the smoke evacuation pipeline;
- If the unit is installed on the shockproof under-frame, compensate the swing movement when the unit starts and shuts down.
- In case that the rainwater or condensed water goes into the smoke evacuation system, serious damage may occur. Therefore, the long smoke evacuation pipeline should be designed with one water outlet, whose position should be close to the unit as possible as it can.

2.4.4 Noise reduction

- Generally, the unit will generate 80~100 dB noise in the running process. The noise will go up slightly as the load increases.
- In order to meet the noise reduction standard set by the local environmental protection agency, prevent the noise and waste pollution to the ambient environment, as well as avoid affecting the normal living of the ambient residents, it is extremely important to take measures to reduce the running noise of the unit.
- The noise reduction is a comprehensive professional engineering. When designing and building the noise reduction plan, you should fully consider many factors, such as the lowest air intake/output standard required by the unit's normal running, exhaust back pressure not exceeding the reference value etc. Otherwise, it will seriously affect the power output, leading to high temperature rise on the unit body and frequent unit failure, even shortening the service life of the unit.
- > An integrated mute unit is available for your selection.

2.5 Cooling system

- The unit uses the closed circulating fluid cooling method (with fan). Its cooling system's circulating loop basically consists of:
- Pump;
- Channel in the motor cylinder body;
- Thermostat ;
- By-pass pipe between the thermostat and the pump;
- Water tank radiator;

- Pipeline and hose;
- Engine oil cooler;
- Cooling liquid filter (available on some models).
- For the non-standard unit (such as split type water tank unit), the water tank radiator should be replaced by the heat exchanger. Meanwhile, supplementary water tank and remote cooling fan should also be provided. If the remote cooling fan is installed in a high position, transitional water tank should be provided to prevent the heat exchanger damage due to too high internal pressure.
- Various dirts attached on the radiator element will greatly reduce the cooling performance of the radiator. Therefore, in the dusty environment, it is very necessary to wash the radiator regularly.

2.5.1 Cooling liquid

- > The cooling liquid has the following three functions:
- Provide sufficient heat transfer capability;
- Prevent all metal materials in the cooling system corroding;
- Provide sufficient anti-freezing capability.
- The cooling liquid should be mixture of water and anti-freezing fluid or water and antirust fluid, where the water's PH value should be kept in the range of 6~8. Generally, it is suggested to use the distilled water.
- In the area where freezing occurs, the cooling liquid should contain 40%~ 60% anti-freezing fluids. It is suggested to use the mixture of 50% anti-freezing fluid and 50% purified water. It should be prepared in an independent container, and then added to the water tank. Its anti-freezing capability is about -30°C. (for details, refer to the operating instructions of the anti-freezing fluid that you select)
- ▶ Using conforming cooling liquid is the key that makes sure the motor runs normally.
- It is not suggested to add anti-freezing fluid into cooling liquid over 60%, otherwise it will reduce the cooling performance of the unit.
- In the area where freeze does not occur, the antirust fluid can be used to replace the anti-freezing fluid. When the mixing ratio between the antirust fluid and the purified water keeps at 1:30 or so, good antirust effect can be achieved. It will not reduce the cooling performance of the unit. After adding the antirust fluid, run the unit to the thermal engine status to obtain the optimum corrosion protection

Never mix different types of additives like anti-freezing fluid and antirust fluid, because it will generate large number of bubbles that may reduce its cooling performance.

2.5.2 Change the cooling liquid

- The cooling liquid should be changed every two years to avoid reducing the cooling performance due to deposition in the cooling system. Another reason is to avoid the rust danger, because rust will resist the effective performance of the cooling liquid and the water temperature sensor will fail after a long time.
- When replacing the cooling liquid, wash the system with fresh water till the flushed water is very clean.
 When draining the cooling liquid, make sure the unit is shut down and the body cools down fully before opening
- the filling cover of the water tank, and then opening the drain cover or drain plug. If the unit is equipped with a cooling liquid filter (available on some models), remove and replace this filter.

2.5.3 Add the cooling liquid

- Before adding cooling liquid to the cooling liquid system, make sure its drain cover is tightly closed and the drain plug is in the correct position;
- > Add the cooling liquid to the system at a proper speed to avoid forming bubble layer in the system;
- The air must be exhausted via the filling port or exhaust valve. If the cooling system is connected with the heater, its control valve must be opened. In the filling process, note to keep ventilated in the unit;
- When adding the cooling liquid, the level should reach at 5 cm below the welding surface of the filling plug (or cooling liquid level indicating line). Make sure to add the cooling liquid after the unit shuts down and cools down fully. Before the system is ventilated and the cooling liquid is added fully, do not start the unit. After adding the cooling liquid, note to start and preheat the unit. Meanwhile, check the level of cooling liquid. If necessary, refill the cooling liquid. The water tank should be added with the cooling liquid whose specifications are the same with those of the original cooling system;
- For some units equipped with the cooling liquid filter, open the filter valve by placing the handle in the vertical position before being put into operation formally.

2.6 Lubricating system

- The main function of the lubricating oil is to reduce the friction, wear-out and prevent corrosion on all part surfaces by providing enduring protective oil film among the running parts of the motor. High temperature cylinder and bearing have high dependence on the lubricating oil film.
- > The lubricating oil also has important cooling effect on many parts of the motor.

The lubricating oil and filter in the lubricating system must be replaced regularly according to the operating environment and time, which can refer to the engine manual.

2.6.1 Lubricating oil

Every time when you starting the unit, you must check whether there is any need to add the lubricating oil according to the oil pointer position. In the long-time running process, check (6~8h/time) its level regularly to

make sure the lubricating system works normally.

Lubricant recommendation:

- When the ambient temperature is >-5° c, type of oil: 15W-40 CF4、15W-40 CG4、15W-40 CF4/SG 或 15W-40 CG4/SH.
- When the ambient temperature is<-5° c, type of oil :10W-30 CF4、10W-30 CG4、10W-30 CF4/SG 或 10W-30 CG4/SH.</p>

Good quality and proper viscosity lubricating oil is the key for normally running. Replace the lubricating oil at regular intervals is equally important. The fault caused by using the poor quality lubricating oil mixed with different models or not replacing the lubricating oil for a long time is beyond the warranty scope.

2.7 Fuel System

- The unit requires that the fuel added (namely diesel) should be clean and free of air or water, as well as have proper pressure. Its sulphury content must meet the national standard and its use temperature grade should meet the temperature requirements on the site.
- > For the specific requirements on the fuel, refer to the Motor's Operating Instructions.
- > The fault caused by using poor quality fuel is beyond the warranty scope.

2.7.1 Oil Tank

- Standard oil tank is available as optional part.
- When making the oil tank by yourself, you should note that the standby fuel tank is made of stainless steel or steel sheet. Do not paint or galvanize the inside of the fuel tank to prevent any chemical reaction with the diesel, which may generate impurities that damage the unit and reduce the quality, cleanliness and burning efficiency of the diesel.
- > Additionally, the oil tank should also be equipped with:
- Vent pipe on the top;
- Oil level observation window;
- Waste drain valve at the bottom;
- For some units, the oil level should be higher than injector's position to avoid oil return and difficult start.

2.7.2 Oil Pipe

- > The oil pipe should be laid in such manner that fuel will not be affected seriously by the unit radiation;
- > The maximum allowable temperature of the fuel before the injection pump is 60° C;
- > It is important to make sure no oil leakage exists on the oil inlet pipe and oil return pipe.
- > The unit is connected with the oil pipeline with a hose. If the unit is installed in a flexible manner (by a shock

absorber), a hose must be provided.

- The internal diameter of the oil pipe should be above 8 mm. If the fuel pipe's length is more than 6 m, the pipe diameter should increase by above 20%. The oil return pipe should be connected back to the top of the oil tank. Do not directly connect it to the oil inlet pipe.
- > For the units with base fuel tank, ready-made oil tank, oil pipe and oil level gauge are available.

2.8 Control System

- The control system is an integral part of the unit and also the heart of the unit. The application of the intelligent control system in the unit is helpful to improving the quality of the electric energy and the automation level of the diesel unit.
- > The unit is equipped with intelligent control screen. Different types are available to meet your different needs:
- Self-start control screen: The unit can realize both local manual control and remote control (by the external signal line). You need to connect the signal control line to this screen correctly (for details, refer to the control screen's documentation package);
- "Three-remote" communication fully automatic control screen: On the basis of the "self-start control screen" function, it also has the communication mode. For the specific communication and communication protocols, refer to documentation package;
- "ATS" converter (optional): Fig.2-4 shows one of ATS converters. It is the automatic conversion switch of the generated power/utility power automatic conversion or the primary/secondary double-circuit power supply (for details, refer to the control screen's documentation package);



Fig.2-4

• Combined screen (optional): Two or above fully automatic (manual) combined control screen (for details, refer to the control screen's documentation package).

> The common controller panels and their function keys are described as below.

DSE6020 (as shown in Fig.2-5): DSE6020 is a control module, which can automatically start when the mains supply is invalid. It can realize the functions of AMF and ATS, furthermore, it is applicable to injection or not injection engine. Rotating speed, oil pressure, water temperature, oil level and battery voltage can be showed in the screen. Frequency, three-phase voltage, current and the parameter of the generator set are also can be showed. It can preset two operating modes and operating parameter. The operation time of the generator set, historical record and functions of the generator set protection and alarm control are all can be found.





• DSE7320 (as shown in Fig.2-6): The DSE7310 is an Auto Start Control Module and the DSE7320 is an Auto Mains (Utility) Failure Control Module suitable for a wide variety of single, diesel or gas,gen-set applications. Monitoring an extensive number of engine parameters, the modules will display warnings, shutdown and engine status information on the back-lit LCD screen, illuminated LEDs, remote PC and via SMS text alerts (with external modem).



Fig.2-6

DSE8610 (as shown in Fig . 2-7): The DSE8610 is an easy to use multi-generator load share system, designed to synchronies up to 32 generators including electronic and non-electronic engines. The DSE8610 monitors the generator and indicates operational status and fault conditions, automatically starting or stopping the engine on load demand or fault condition. System alarms are annunciated on the LCD screen (multiple language options available), illuminated LED and audible sounder.





DSE890(as shown in Fig.2-8): The Gateway connects to the DSE data server by integral Ethernet connection or GPRS (DSM or 3G mobile internet) and includes GPS (satellite location) functionality. This is most suited

To remote and/or mobile locations.





Alternator operation

Our C series generator sets adopt the ComAp IL-NT AMF20 control module, the main generator set operation is done on control screen, of which operation panel is shown as following button:

1 Mode \rightarrow : forward selecting generator set open	7 MCB ON/OFF:manually open/close the utility
operation mode (OFF-MAN-AUT-TEST)	breaker switch(left side)
2 Mode←: backward selecting generator set operation	8 GDB ON/OFF: manually open/close generator
mode (OFF-MAN-AUT-TEST)	set breaker switch(right side)
3 HORN RESET:cancel the alarm voice,when pressing	9 PAGE: cyclically select the display
this button the trumpet stops	mode(measurement mode/adjustment mode)

4 FAULT RESET: fault and alarm reset

5 START:start the generator set

6 STOP:stop the generator set

11 ↓:flip down screen or decrease set points12 Enter: confirmation (confirm the setting)

10 *î*:flip up screen or increase set points

parameter values)

Indicator light(beside utility and generator each has 3 indicator lights)

13 Four utility power supply mode, green indicator light

14 Four utility failure, red light flashing constantly

15 For power generation mode, green indicator light

16 For power generation failure, red light flashing constantly

17 When green light up, it shows power generation side breaker switch on

18 When red light up, it shows the utility side breaker switch on

Generating Set Operation

> After the inspection procedures are completed, the generator set can be put into operation:

A.Man	ual Operation
	Turn the key switch of the control screen to the "on" position to connect the control module with DC power
(1)	switch(If the key is lost in an emergency, the circuit behind the key switch can be connected
	temporarily). The control module LCD screen works now.
	Press "Module" button until the LCD screen shows "Manual" so that the module is in the mode of "Manual
	Operation";Press "Start" button, the generator set will start the barring gear after the set delay time(0~600
(2)	s,adjustable); If it fails to start for the first time, the generator set will restart 15 minutes later. The generator
	set will start like this for 3 times all together. If all fail, it will stop the starting procedure and gives out an
	alarm. The generator set can be restarted only after the fail reasons are found.
	When 15 lights on indicator are the green color, the generator set is running normally
	Confirm that the mains switch is disconnected (indicator 18 distinguishes) or the ATS switch is beside the
(3)	alternator.Press the switching knob in the right side of the control screen.When indicator 17 lights is green
	color, the side switch of the generator set is turned on and the generator set supplied electricity to load
	normally.
B.Auto	omatic Operation
(1)	Turn the key switch of the control screen to the "on" position to connect the control module with DC power
(1)	switch(If the key is lost in an emergency, the circuit behind the key switch can be connected

	temporarily). The control module LCD screen works now.
(2)	Press "Mode" button until the LCD screen shows "Automatic" so that the module is in the mode of
(2)	"Automatic Operation".
(3)	If the mains are normal at the moment, the generator set will be in the ready mode (Indictor 13 and 18
(3)	lights).
	If the mains are abnormal ,indicator 14 (red color) will blinks constantly. The generator set will start after the
	set delay time (0~600s,adjustable) when it receives mains failure signals. If the voltage and frequency reach
(4)	their normal value after start, the switch will be turned on automatically and the generator set supplies
	electricity to the load. If it fails to start for 3 times, the generator set will initiate the procedures stated in the
	manual start procedures.
C Run	ning Parameters of the Generator Set in Operation
(1)	When the generator set is in operation, parameters like "KW", "RPM", "HZ", "PF" can be read from the main
(1)	screen.
	Press" \downarrow " button to turn the page to mains voltage V ,mains current A,alternator voltage V,alternator
(2)	current A,engine lube oil pressure Bar,engine coolant temperature °C,fuel oil level 1 % (if the fuel tank is
	equipped with liquid level analogue sensor), and battery voltage V.
	If the fault does serious harm to the generator set, such as low lube oil pressure and high water temperature, it
	will shown on the LCD screen. Press "HORN RESET" button to stop the alarm and turn the key switch to
(3)	the "off" position to disconnect the DC power switch to solve the fault displayed on the screen, such as
	checking the lube oil level and changing the lube oil filter. After the fault is solved, the generator set can be
	restarted (If the DC power switch is still connected, press reset button "FAULT RESET").
D Shu	tdown
	Manual shutdown: If the generator set is in the mode of "Manual Operation", when the mains recovers press
	the right alternator output switch separating button disconnect the return circuit. The output power of the
(1)	generator set will be "0". Press the shutdown button "Stop", the generator set will automatically stop after the
(1)	set cooling period (0~999s adjustable) in no load operation(If the generator set conduct the load near
	100%, remove the load gradually before disconnect the generator set output switch, so as to avoid the rise
	of engine speed caused by sudden reduction of heavy load)
	Automatic shutdown: If the generator set is in the mode of "Automatic Operation", when the mains
(2)	recovers; the control model will receive the normal mains signal and disconnect the output switch

	automatically. The generator set will automatically enter the state of ready mode again.
	Emergency shutdown: When the generator set is in operation, if any equipment related with the generator set
	may do harm to the equipment itself or people, press the red emergency stop button on the control panel or
(3)	press the "Stop" button on the control module twice, then the generator set will stop running
	immediately.When the generator set stop generating electricity,the control module will give out an alarm and
	display "Emergency Shutdown".
E Gen	erator Set Breakdown
	When breakdown or fault occurs, the integrated fault indicator on the control panel will light and the fault
(1)	buzzer will give out a harsh alarm.
	If the fault does no harm to the generator set, such as low fuel oil level, low battery voltage and three times
	start failure, press "HORN RESET" button to
(2)	reset the alarm.After the fault is solved, such as adding enough fuel to the fuel tank, press "FAULT RESET"
	button to reset the generator set. In an emergency ,press the two buttons mentioned above can reset the
	generator set to generate electricity immediately.
	Emergency shutdown reset:Rotate the emergency stop button clockwise with small angle, the button will
	bounce out. Then the generator set can be restarted.

2.9 Storage Battery

- Before using the start battery, you should buy a standard battery electrolyte. Open the top cover of the battery and add the electrolyte slowly till it reaches the scale mark on the internal plate (not higher). After adding the electrolyte, do not use it immediately. Keep the battery still for about 30~60 min. When the ambient temperature is low, extend the time (for details, refer to the Battery's Operating Instructions).
- Before using the no-maintenance battery, please measure its terminal voltage, when over 12.6V, can use it directly; or observe the charge state indicator on battery, for charge state display please refer to the related remarks on the battery. For low voltage or charge state indicates unsufficient, please use it after charging.
- > That is no need to add the water in the process of using no-maintenance battery.
- With the standard battery connecting line, you can connect the anode and cathode of the battery with the terminals on the start motor correctly (as shown in Fig.2-9). Most units don't allow the cathode to connect to the housing directly. For the unit equipped with two batteries, connect them together before connecting them with the unit (as shown in Fig.2-10).





Fig.2-10

- > The storage for start-up battery will decide whether the diesel engine can start smoothly or not in setting time.
- If starting the generator set stops, the utility will charge for the battery by floating device, which makes sure the generator set can start itself successfully after utility fails.
- The energy capacity of the start battery determines whether the diesel motor can start smoothly in the specified time.
- > In the running process, the charge generator is responsible for charging the battery uninterruptedly.

△ Make sure that the anode and cathode are connected correctly. Connect the anode first, then connect the cathode. If they are not connected in such sequence, fault will occur! (special attention must be paid when connecting the power line)

- If disconnect the battery connection, remove negative pole firstly and then the positive pole!
- ⚠ Do not disconnect the battery connecting line when the unit is running!

2.10 Power distribution system

- The electrical distribution output is realized by the plastic housing breaker that is on the side of the unit and matches with the capacity of the unit. This breaker is located in the air switch cover on the side of the unit. It can switch on/off by operating the handle directly. Its purpose is to protect the alternating-current generator from being damaged by the overload current or other abnormal impact. This breaker has high breaking capability and fault automatic tripping capability. When making the electrical connection, connect the electrical cable from the bottom of the breaker to the load directly.
- For the high power unit or combined unit, there is no plastic housing air switch in the air switch cover of the generating outgoing screen or combined screen. The generating output control protection is realized by the main breaker on the above screens.
- When installing the distribution output, you can connect the cable that meets the safe current carrying capacity to the generating outgoing screen or combined screen and make sure the generating output phase sequence is

correct.

The unit requires that the unit base must be grounded safely. For the ground terminals, see the ground marks on the base (as shown in Fig.2-11).





2.11 Preheater

- As optional parts, air preheater, water preheater and engine oil preheater are available. The purpose of using the preheater is to make sure the unit can start quickly at low temperature or in emergency case.
- These three preheaters respectively heat the air, cooling water and engine oil so as to realize the purpose of starting at the low temperature.
- The preheater has been installed and tested before the unit leaves the factory. You only need to connect the relevant power supply (fuel) according to the requirements.

3. Operation

3.1 Check before operating

After the installation, the unit can be put into operation for power generation. In order to make sure the unit is operated safely and correctly and keep the equipment in good condition, before you start the unit every time, at least check whether:

- there are sundries on or around the unit;
- the coupling is firm, the control mechanism is flexible, and the crankshaft rotates smoothly without clamping stagnation;
- the air inlet and outlet channel of the alternator room are unblocked;

- The cooling system is normal, the water tank is full (if not, add water from the water inlet, as shown in Fig.3-1. The water added must be cooling liquid);
- the air filter indicates normally;
- the level of the lubricating oil is in the normal range (as shown in Fig.3-3) (if not in the normal range, add the lubricating oil from the filling hole, as shown in Fig.3-2)
- Add the clean lubricating oil till it reaches the "MAX" position. The level of the lubricating oil should not be lower than the "MIN" position;
- the fuel remained is sufficient and the oil supply valve is opened (loosen the exhaust bolt of the high pressure oil pump, exhaust the air in the fuel pipeline, tighten the exhaust bolt fuel filling opening cover, add the fuel, as shown in Fig.3-4);
- all electrical circuits (including charge and start circuits) are connected correctly with good contact;
- water or oil leakage exists on the pipe joints of the supply, lubricating and cooling systems;















• Add the fuel into the oil pipe, operate the oil pump till there is sufficient oil in the oil pipe. For different motors, the position and operation method are different. Here, Lovol engine (as shown in Fig.3-5) and Cummins engine (as shown in Fig.3-6) are described. Continuously pump the oil manually with the high pressure oil pump

switch handle, till there is pumping resistance and the injector makes ringing sound.

Negative pole - connection of storage battery power supply

```
Use wire to connect them in
```



Fig.3-5

Fig.3-6

- the generating load equipment is well prepared, when the alternator has load directly, before starting it, the breaker must switch off It is forbidden that the unit starts in a loaded manner!
- the position of all switches on the control screen is normal, the main switch is in the switch-off position, the control screen with automatic pressure regulation is in the manual position;

The operator setting up good operation (maintenance) procedure is the basic premise that the unit can run without fault for a long time.

3.2 Operating

3.2.1Power on

• turn the key switch on the control screen from the "OFF" position to the "ON" position (as shown in Fig.3-7). In this case, if the instrument background light on the panel becomes on, it indicates that the control screen is powered on. Check whether the initial values of all instruments or control screens are normal.



Preheat key

Fig.3-7

3.2.2 Manual Start and Shut down button of the Generator Set

- 1) Press the manual button, the controller will be in manual mode;
- 2) Press the start button, the generator set will be in pre-heat state first (if configured), and then start;

Any damage of the generator set caused by force start without using the control panel is not under the scope of warranty.

- The start of the generator set is limited in three times. If the generator set fails to start for three times, the controller will send out a failure alarm and the generator set will not start again.
- If the generator set is started successfully, it will enter the state of safe operation. During this period, alarms like low oil pressure, high water temperature, under speed and charging failure are invalid; After safe operation, the generator set will be in idle running..
- When idle running is finished, the generator set will be in high speed warming up. After that, the controller will check and display the electrical parameters and the generator set running parameters. At this moment, the output circuit breaker is closed up, and the generator set is in normal running state and supplies power to the load.
- To stop, should be removed load first, then press the stop button can be Normal shutdown, after high speed cooling, idle speed, the generator set is down.

4) If the operation staff finds a serious abnormal breakdown in the generator set, he/she can press the emergency stop button (refer to the under diagram) to stop the generator set immediately. If there's no special circumstance, it is advised that the customer not stop the generator set by pressing the emergency stop button randomly.

3.2.3 Operation for starting and stopping automatically

- In manual operation, press the automatic button 🤎 , controller will be automatic mode.
- When utility power is normal, the controller indicator light, generator set won't start.
- When utility power fails or becomes abnormal, by confirming abnormal start-up delay it will start the generator set automatically, which is the same as manual start.
- When the generator set starts successfully till the end of warm-up, after detecting the generator voltage is normal, there will be power switching signal and make ATS convert to the power generation side, the unit supply power to load.
- When the mains supply return to normal, get into mains voltage normal delay, and after confirming mains supply is normal, the switching signal will be send then control ATS shift to mains supply side, as a result,

electricity will be transported between mains supply and load. Meanwhile, through high speed heat dissipation, idle speed delay and stop delay, the generator set will get into standby condition for the preparation of self-starting.

• In the automatic mode, when the remote start signal is effective, the generator set will start to supply power to load according to above order. When the remote start signal is invalid, the generator set will be stopped according to above order.

3.2.4 Generator set operating Considerations

- After the generator set has started, please check whether the gauge reading, the sound and the vibration is normal.
 If the generator set is break down, you should immediately stop the machine, it should be restart after fixing.
- Always pay attention to water temperature
 oil temperature and the change of oil pressure. If something
 abnormal, please stop the machine and check.
- Have a regular inspection for fuel oil, engine oil, the storage of cooling water and cleanliness. Meanwhile, Check the engine oil spills, water leakage, air leakage, and other Abnormal phenomena;
- Observe the color of diesel engine off-gas, normal color is cinereous, if the color is mazarine or black, please stop the machine and check.
- 5) It is strictly prohibited to water, oil, metal, or other foreign material into generator, three-phase voltage of the generator set should keep balance.
- Always check the operation of the generator set, the gauge reading, the alarm indicator and the tank oil level. Regularly record the operating parameter of the generator set.
- 7) The generator set has a integrated protecting system. When some abnormal phenomena such as low oil pressure, high water temperature, over-speed, overvoltage and over-current, the protecting system can automatic alarm or halt. The user can judge the fault cause according to the information showed in the controller. After the trouble is removed, the generator set can be restarted.

3.3 After operating

- After the unit shuts down, it is necessary to conduct the following operations:
- Check whether there is any three leakages (lubricating oil, fuel, cooling liquid);
- Turn off the air inlet and outlet facilities of the alternator room (if necessary);
- Turn off the output air switch of the alternator;
- Turn off the power key switch on the control screen. Take out the key and keep it properly (if necessary);
- For long-time shutdown or maintenance, remove the cathode cable on the start battery. Drain the fuel and cooling liquid when necessary.

For the self-start unit, some of the above items are not applicable. After the self-start unit shuts down, keep it in the status before starting (standby status) so as to start at any time.

3.4 Examples for generator set configuration picture (Two Type Shown fig 3.8&3.9)

Open Type



Silent Type





3.5 Operating record

Every time the unit runs, you must keep the running record. The running record has different forms. The basic content should include: running time, accumulated running time, readings of oil pressure gauge and thermometer in the running process, generating voltage, frequency and maximum power (current), unit running conditions,

fault alarm /shutdown etc.

A With correct and complete running (maintenance) record, you can obtain fast and complete after-sale service.

Example: Running record:

Time	Record time	Voltage(V)	Current(A)		frequency(Hz)	speed	Water temperature(°C)	
			А	В	C			
Oil pressure (Kpa)	Oil Level	Fuel Level (cm)	Battery voltage(V)		recorder	remark		

3.6 Precautions

When the motor's temperature is too low, extend the idle running time as required. After the unit warms up, it is not allowed to keep the unit running at idle speed for a long time;

⚠ It is not allowed that the unit keeps running with no or small load. Such running will result in serious carbon deposition and oil leakage on the turbine booster and exhaust system;

A It is not allowed that the unit runs overload for a long time, otherwise it will result in fault and short service life;

A It is forbidden to disassemble or replace the parts when the unit is running;

Add the cooling liquid that is the same with that in the original cooling system. When opening the water inlet cover, prevent the personal injury by the steam or high temperature cooling liquid;

A Prevent being burnt when draining the high temperature lubricating oil;

A Use the fuel that meets the national standard, otherwise fault may occur on the oil injection pump or injector;

 \triangle For the motor with turbine booster, it is suggested not to make the unit bear above 50% accidental load, otherwise the unit will lose speed seriously. For the large-size power consumption equipments, it is suggested to control their start by reducing the voltage or changing the frequency to minimize the huge impact on the unit in the starting process;

A For the standby unit or the unit that does not run for a long time, it is suggested to run it to the working temperature every month and run it with full load for 4h or so every year, so as to burn the carbon in the motor and

exhaust system;

The manual combined control unit, you can't turn off before making sure the synchronization (same frequency, phase sequence, phase and voltage). Before the shutdown, you must turn off first and then shut down. When the unit is running, keep it attended to prevent single fault shutdown.

4. Maintenance

4.1 General

- In order to obtain optimal running safety and longest service life, regular maintenance is crucial. If the relevant maintenance instructions are followed strictly, you can make sure the unit's performance and avoid damage to the environment;
- ∴ It is helpful to the maintenance correctness and operation safety to correctly identify and strictly follow the labels on the unit body (illustration, text, warning etc.);
- The maintenance must be conducted when the unit shuts down. Remove the cathode cable of the start battery to make sure the unit will not start by improper operation.

4.2 Engine

Before starting the unit every time

- Check the level of the lubricating oil;
- Check the level of the cooling liquid;
- Check the clogged indicator of the air cleaner;
- Check the ventilation of the radiator;
- Check the driving belt set of the motor;
- Check the fuel supply;

The unit that keeps running for a long time should be checked every 6~8h. The standby unit should be checked again after it shuts down. For specific units, please subscriber carry out correctly referring to related maintenance information for engine.

4.3 Generator

The inside and outside of the alternator should be cleaned regularly. Its frequency depends on the local environment. When cleaning is required, operate in the following steps: disconnect all power supplies; wipe out the dust, dirt, oil stain, water or any fluid; clean the air screen. Once they go into the coil, the coil will overheat or the insulation will be damaged. Absorb the dust and dirt with the vacuum cleaner. Do not clean them by blowing or high pressure water injection.

In case of alternator dampening that results in lower insulation resistance, it must be dried. For the drying method and detailed maintenance, refer to the Alternator's Operating and Maintenance Instructions.

4.4 Control screen

- In the daily maintenance, make sure its surface is clean, the instrument displays definitely, and the operation buttons (keys) are flexible and reliable.
- In the running process, vibration will cause the zero position on the control screen instrument to deviate and the fastening parts to become loose. Therefore, it is necessary to calibrate the control screen and fasten the connecting parts and connecting lines regularly.
- Repair must be conducted after the principle is well understood (for details, refer to the Control Screen's Operating Instructions).

4.5 Start battery

- The battery that is stored for a long time must be charged properly before the use to make sure the normal capacity (detect its actual capacity with the gravimeter).
- Dry charge battery, normal operation and charge will cause some water in the battery to be evaporated. Therefore, add the electrolyte frequently. Before adding the electrolyte, first clear off the dirt around the filling port to prevent it falling into the battery; then open the filling port and add appropriate amount of distilled water or purified water. Do not add too much (to the polar plate scale). Otherwise, when the battery discharges/charges, the electrolyte will flow out from the overflow hole of the filling port, leading to corrosion to the ambient goods and environment
- No-maintenance battery should be charged after having been stored for above 3 months. The consumption battery in the process of using due to various reasons should be charged in time, in order to avoid reducing its performance because of the battery sulphation.
- Avoid starting the unit when the battery is at low temperature. The battery can't make normal output at the low temperature. Long-time discharge may result in battery fault (cracking or explosion).
- > The standby unit battery should be maintained and charged regularly. It is suggested to buy the floating charger.

4.6 Maintenance record

Every time the maintenance is conducted, you must make detailed record.

△ Complete maintenance record is the basis that you maintain the unit, and also the indispensable conditions that the unit is provided with valid after-sale (warranty) service.

Example: Maintenance record:

by the material, design or manufacturing defect, we will select (determine) to provide repair or replacement. The fault parts should be returned to our dealer or factory duly.

All parts repaired or replaced within the warranty term will be returned by our company free of charge (for the region outside China, shipping will be made).

We will not bear any cost for transporting, replacing any parts sent to us for detection or installing the replacement parts furnished by us. For the fault and loss caused by failure to install, operate, maintain and store the unit as per the manual or repair by the technician not authorized by us, we will not undertake any responsibilities. For third party products not produced by us or patented products, though they are furnished by us, their quality should warranted by their manufacturers (if any).

Any claim under the warranty conditions must contain the fault's detailed description, product description, purchase date, supplier name and address and product serial number (marked on the manufacturer's nameplate). If spare parts are involved, their order number should be furnished.

Considering that we repair or replace the above parts, we have fulfilled all responsibilities. In any case, our responsibilities should not exceed the prevailing price of the fault product.

These terms and conditions act as the supplement of the special quality warranties and conditions specified on this product by the laws. Other than this, we will take no responsibility for any fault, damage or loss (including the direct loss or the loss caused by other relevant work) of the delivered product, regardless of such responsibilities based on the contract, infringement or other reason.

Warranty Commitment

- For all replace parts in the warranty period, Our company will send them free of charge.(We will choose sea transportation site is outside country
- 2) For the third party products or patented products which are provided by us,

The warranty will be born by the manufacturers respectively(if any); we are liable to help customers to give a feedback and solve quality problems with relevant manufacturers.

Warranty Requirement:

- Generally, we do not accept verbal notification. Every distributor and customer shall contact our After-sales Department or after-sales person through written form like email or fax, if any fault of generating set occurs
- 2) Once receiving the fault notice, we will contact the distributor or customer directly to check the relevant fault details, if needed, we well send our staff to the site f or inspection and submit the relevant information to distributor. Then we will make necessary arrangement and deliver the needed parts

6. Troubleshooting

6.1 General

Many factors may result in fault to the unit. The fault symptoms have obvious correlation. This section mainly summarizes and lists faults that may occur on the unit. It is only used for your reference during the troubleshooting (particularly important to the new user).

Note that most faults involve improper installation, operation or maintenance. You are entitled to doubt that the fault is caused by the unit itself. However, it must be based on the correct installation, operation, use and regular maintenance of the unit. Otherwise, the unit's normal use and running as well as the due after-sale service will not be guaranteed.

Fault	Possible Causes	Solutions		
	The capacity of the start battery is	Maintain the battery (charge it or add electrolyte). Replace		
	insufficient	the battery set when necessary		
	The control screen is not powered	Check the connection inside the control screen		
	on			
	Some units (electric injection	Restart after the control screen resets (wait for 3~4s)		
The unit can't	type) are powered on so fast but the			
start	electric injection controller does not			
	pass the self-check			
	The start relay fails	Replace this relay		
	The start motor fails	Analyze the reason and replace it when necessary		
	The unit is jammed and barring	Check it thoroughly to find the reason		
	can't be made manually			
It is difficult to	The capacity of the start battery is	Maintain the battery (charge it or add electrolyte). Replace		
start the unit, or	insufficient	the battery set if necessary		
the start time is	The preheating is insufficient before	Check the preheating element		
too long	starting			

6.2 List of faults

	The start throttle potentiometer on	Refer to the Electronic Governor's Operating Instructions.
	some electric governor units is too	Make this potentiometer larger properly
	small	
	The unit is in the low temperature	Try to increase the body temperature. It is suggested to use
	status	the heater
	The unit is in the plateau with	Do not start at one-time full speed. Keep the unit running
	rarefied air environment.	at the idle speed for some time before adjusting to the full
		speed
	The fuel is not the suitable type for	Replace it
	the machine.	
	Water exists in the fuel	Replace the fuel. It is suggested to install the oil-water
		separator
	The fuel system has air or has no	Exhaust the air and make the fuel flow out of the oil return
	fuel	pipe normally by using the manual fuel pump
	The fuel cleaner is clogged	Replace the fuel cleaner regularly
	seriously	
	The air intake system is clogged	Replace the air cleaner regularly
	seriously	
	The oil injection pump and nozzle	Check the oil pump and analyze the reason by the
	fails (clogged)	authorized technician. Most are caused by using
		nonconforming fuel for a long time
	The oil transfer pump fails	Check and repair it. Replace it when necessary
	The shutdown solenoid valve fails	Check and repair it. Replace it when necessary
	The exhaust system is clogged	Check and solve the fault
	seriously	
	The electronic governor plate fails	Check whether it is powered on. Replace it when
		necessary
The unit can't	Water exists in the fuel	Replace the fuel. It is suggested to install the oil-water
keep running		separator

after starting	The fuel system has air or has no	Exhaust the air and make the fuel flow out of the oil return	
	fuel	pipe normally by using the manual fuel pump	
	The fuel cleaner or air cleaner is	Replace the three filters regularly	
	clogged		
	The time of running at the idle	Extend the running time at the idle speed properly to make	
	speed in the rarefied air region is	sure the unit is warm up	
	insufficient		
	Fuel of incorrect type or grade is	Replace the fuel and filters	
	used		
	The start throttle and climbing	Refer to the Electronic Governor's Operating Instructions.	
	speed potentiometer of the	Adjust the throttle and climbing speed potentiometer	
	electronic governor unit are adjusted	slightly	
Over speed	improperly		
occurs easily	The over speed protection value is	Adjust the over speed protection value slightly, not higher	
when the unit	too low	than 17%	
starts	For the mechanical governor	Check whether the throttle rod is flexible and make sure it	
	structure	is adjusted correctly	
	The oil injection pump (system)	Check or repair it by the authorized technician	
	fails		
Fault	Possible Causes	Solutions	
	The air intake system is clogged	Replace the air filter regularly	
	Fuel of incorrect type or grade is	Replace the fuel	
	used		
Black smoke	The temperature of the motor is too	Observe it after the motor reaches the normal temperature	
appears when the	low		
unit starts	Rarefied air region on the altiplano	The motor should run at lower power on the altiplano	
	The temperature of incoming gas is	The temperature of incoming gas should not exceed 40 $^{\circ}$ C	
	too high		
	The oil return pipe is clogged	Check and make sure the oil return pipe is unblocked	

	The turbine booster is worn	Check and repair it. Replace it when necessary	
	seriously		
	The clearance of the air valve is	Check and adjust the clearance of the air valve	
	incorrect		
	The timing for oil supply is	Check the data of the oil injection pump and repair and	
	incorrect	adjust it by the authorized technician	
	There is too much lubricating oil on	Check the level of the lubricating oil	
	the motor		
	Lubricating oil of incorrect type or	Replace the lubricating oil and cleaner and make sure to	
	grade is used	use the lubricating oil of correct type	
Blue or white	Fuel of incorrect type or grade is	Replace it and make sure to use the fuel of correct type	
smoke appears	used		
	Water leaks on the cylinder head	Check the cylinder head and pad. Replace it when	
		necessary	
	The overhaul period of the motor	Overhaul the motor	
	comes		
	The unit works in the overload	Reduce the load, not exceeding the rated load	
	status		
	The rotation speed potentiometer of	Refer to the Electronic governor's Operating Instructions.	
	the electronic governor plate is set	Set it correctly or replace it	
	incorrectly		
The unit can't	The electronic governor system fails	Check, repair or replace it	
reach the rated	The throttle control of the	Check and adjust it	
rotation speed	mechanical governor mechanism is		
	adjusted improperly (or loose)		
	The fuel pipe is clogged (or too	Check and repair (replace) it	
	thin)		
	Water exists in the fuel	Replace the fuel. It is suggested to install the oil-water	
		separator	

	The three filters are not replaced	Replace the three filters regularly	
	duly		
	The frequency (rotation speed)	Replace it	
	gauge fails		
	The throttle rod of the mechanical	Check and adjust it to the correct position and fasten	
	governor structure becomes loose		
	The electronic governor system is	Refer to the Electronic Governor's Operating Instructions.	
	adjusted improperly	Set the "grain" and "stability" potentiometer correctly	
The unit is	The governor mechanism is out of	Check and repair it by the authorized technician	
hunting	control		
	Air or water exists in the fuel	Check and solve it (replace the fuel)	
	system		
	The load fluctuates sharply and	Try to control the load	
	frequently		
	Air or water exists in the fuel	Check and solve it (replace the fuel)	
	system		
	The air cleaner is clogged	Replace the three filters regularly	
	The lubricating oil is too much, or	Check the level of the lubricating oil or replace the	
	its grade is incorrect	lubricating oil and cleaner. Make sure to use the	
The unit rung		lubricating oil of correct type	
in on unstable	The temperature of the incoming air	The temperature of the incoming air should not exceed	
and vibratory	is too high	40°C	
	The exhaust pipe is clogged (or the	Reduce the back pressure to make the motor's exhaust	
way	back pressure is too high)	unblocked	
	The oil injection pump (system)	Check or repair it by the authorized technician	
	fails		
	The clearance of the air valve is	Check and adjust the clearance of the air valve	
	incorrect		
	The cooling fan is damaged	Check and repair it. Replace it when necessary	

	The foundation is not smooth and	Check and adjust the position	
	the installation position of the shock		
	absorber is incorrect		
	The overhaul period of the motor	Overhaul the motor	
	comes ahead of schedule due to the		
	rough use conditions		
Fault	Possible Cause	Solution	
	The level of the lubricating oil is	Check the level of the lubricating oil. Add or drain it	
l	incorrect		
	The brand of the lubricating oil is	Replace the lubricating oil of correct brand and filter	
The pressure of	incorrect		
the lubricating	The lubricating oil is not replaced	Replace the lubricating oil regularly	
oil is too low	for a long time		
l	The lubricating oil cleaner is	Replace the three filters regularly	
	clogged		
	The temperature of the lubricating	Check, repair or replace the lubricating oil cooler	
	oil is too high		
	The crankshaft bearing is worn or	Check, repair or replace it and find the reason	
	damaged		
The pressure of	The relief valve is damaged	Replace the relief valve	
the lubricating	The oil suction filter of the oil sump	Check, repair or replace the oil suction pipe and clean the	
011 15 too low	is clogged	oil suction filter	
	The alarm switch (sensor) or	Check the control screen, instrument and body sensor.	
l	instrument of the lubricating oil	Repair or replace it, and solve the fault	
	fails		
	The cooling liquid is insufficient	Add the cooling liquid	
The temperature	The radiating rib of the radiator is	Find the reason. Wash the radiator	
of the cooling	clogged		
liquid is too high	The radiator is not well ventilated	Increase the effective ventilation area according to the	
		installation requirements in order to keep good ventilation	

	The cooling fan does not run	Check the tension of the fan belt. Replace the belt if	
	normally	necessary	
	The fan is damaged	Check, repair or replace it	
	The pump is damaged	Check, repair or replace it	
	The thermostat fails	Replace it	
	The oil injection pump fails	Check, repair or replace it by the authorized technician	
	The timing for oil supply is	Check the data of the oil injection pump and repair and	
	incorrect	adjust it by the authorized technician	
	The ambient (air intake)	Keep the alternator room ventilated and reduce the	
	temperature is too high	temperature of the alternator room reasonably	
	The unit is overloaded seriously	Control the load. It is forbidden that the unit keeps running	
		overloaded for a long time	
	The alarm switch (sensor) or	Check the control screen, instrument and body sensor.	
	instrument of the cooling liquid fails	Repair or replace it, and solve the fault	
	The external or internal fuel leaks	Check and solve the leakage	
	The air cleaner is clogged	Replace it regularly	
	The air on the altiplano is rarefied	Keep the unit running at lower power	
	The temperature of the motor is too	Add with preheater as needed	
	low		
The fuel	The unit is overloaded seriously	Control the load. It is forbidden that the unit keeps running	
consumption		overloaded for a long time	
exceeds the	The exhaust pipe is clogged (the	Check the exhaust pipe and control the back pressure	
standard	back pressure is too high)		
	The timing for oil supply is	Check the data of the oil injection pump and repair and	
	incorrect	adjust it by the authorized technician	
	The clearance of the air valve is	Check and adjust the clearance of the air valve	
	incorrect		
	The overhaul period of the unit	Overhaul the unit	
	comes		

	The unit is overloaded compared	Reduce load running	
	with the rated power		
	The altiplano region causes	Correct the power when the altitude exceeds 1000m	
	insufficient power		
	The fuel pipe is too thin or clogged	Check and increase the diameter of the fuel pipe and	
		reduce the resistance of the fuel pipe	
	The fuel is not the suitable type for	Replace the fuel and cleaner and make sure to use the fuel	
	the machine	of correct type	
	The oil return pipe is clogged or the	Check and solve the fault	
	oil tank exhaust hole is clogged		
	The exhaust pipe is clogged (the	Check the exhaust pipe and control the back pressure,	
The unit's power	back pressure is too high)	increase the pipe diameter	
output is	The air intake is insufficient (the air	Replace the air filter regularly	
insufficient	filter is clogged)		
	The temperature of the air intake	Check the intake location of alternator room and cut off	
	(alternator room) is too high	the heat source, Keep the alternator room ventilated and	
		reduce the temperature of intake air reasonably	
	The temperature of the fuel is too	Try to control the temperature of intake fuel $<70^{\circ}$ C	
	high		
	The oil injection pump or governor	Check, repair or replace it by the authorized technician	
	system fails		
	The impeller of the turbine booster	Check, repair or replace it	
	is damaged or fails		
	The clearance of the air valve is	Check and adjust the clearance of the air valve	
	incorrect		
Fault	Possible Cause	Solution	
	The timing for oil supply is	Check the data of the oil injection pump and repair and	
	incorrect	adjust it by the authorized technician	
	The overhaul period of the unit	Overhaul the unit	
	comes		

The unit can't	For the self-start unit, though ATS	It is normal. The unit shuts down after going into the		
	start signal cuts off, the unit still	cooling running		
	keeps running			
	The shutdown solenoid valve is out	Check whether the circuit is connected correctly. Replace		
snut down	of control	the solenoid valve when necessary		
	The electronic (mechanical)	Check and repair it by the authorized technician		
	governor fails			
	First turn off the key switch, then	It is incorrect operation. First press the shutdown button,		
	press the shutdown button	then turn off the key switch		
	The control instrument of the engine	Check, repair or replace it		
	fails			
	There is no fuel or water or air	Check and solve it. It is suggested to install the oil-water		
The unit can't	exists in the fuel	separator		
shut down	The fuel or air cleaner clogged	Check and replace the three filters regularly		
	The electronic governor fails	Check and repair it by the authorized technician		
	The shutdown solenoid valve	Check the alarm content (code) and solve the shutdown		
	protects the shutdown action	fault		
	The control screen (system) fails	Check and repair the control screen according to its		
		Operating Instructions		
Breaker failure	The circuit breaker turns off	The air switch turns off due to the unit overload (short		
	automatically	circuit)		
		The electronic brake for the combined control turns off		
		The unit brake itself fails. Maintain and replace it		
	The circuit breaker can't turn on	After turning off due to overload (short circuit), it can't		
		turn on before triggering again		
		It can't turns on if not in step for combined control		
		The unit brake itself fails. Maintain and replace it		
The control	The unit alarm shuts down	The control screen detects the unit fault and shuts down.		
screen fails		Solve the fault and restart it after power-off (reset)		

	The unit can't start when the utility	ATS does not provide "start" signal. Check and solve the		
	power fails	fault		
		The self-start engine instrument must be powered on and		
		works in the "automatic" status		
		The control line is connected incorrectly. Check and		
		change the connection.		
		The self-start engine instrument fails. Check, repair or		
		replace it		
	The unit can't shut down when the	The unit is in the cooling running status (3~5min)		
	utility power is normal	ATS provides "start" signal without shutdown. Check the		
		ATS fault		
		The engine instrument sets the oil circuit		
		electromagnetism incorrectly		
	The remote monitoring and control	Check whether the unit is configured to the "three-remote"		
	can't be realized	control		
		Check whether the communication circuit is connected		
		correctly		
		Check whether the communication software is installed		
		correctly on the control network computer		
		Whether the communication is set by the correct		
		monitoring and control password		
		The "three-remote" engine instrument fails. Check, repair		
		or replace it		
	(1)voltmeter loop fuse broken	• Replacement		
voltmeter not	(2)Voltmeter loop wirings drop	• Check and correction		
SNOW	(3)Poor switch or voltmeter	• Replacement		

	(1) too slow engine rotation speed	•	Adjust to the rated speed
Not reach rated	(2) Not proper voltage setting	•	Adjust voltage setting knob
	(3) loading over the rated value	•	Reduce to rated value
	(4) Excitation circuit wiring loose	•	Check the excitation circuit, correction
vonage	(5) Generator internal fault	•	Inform tatung company
	(6) AVR fault	•	Inform tatung company
	(1)Not proper voltage setting	•	Adjust the voltage setting
Voltage over	(2)AVR terminals loose	•	Check each terminal and correct
rated value	(3)loaded with Capacitive Load	•	Remove
Unsteady voltage	(1) poor AVR	•	Inform our company
	(1)Excitation circuit wiring loose	•	Check each terminal from exciter field line to AVR
	(2)Magnetic machine without	•	Check the terminal of initial exciting loop. the break
	residual magnetism		over condition of resistance or rectifier etc
No power	(3)poor generator or excitation	•	Inform tatung company
	(4)rectifier is burned	•	check and replace rectifier
	(5)AVR is burned	•	Replace AVR

7. Controller Handling Procedures

1.INSPECTION PRIOR TO OPERATION

Prior to operating the generator set, be sure to inspect the following items to prevent trouble and accidents;

- 1) Check the specified specification and amount of engine oil and engine cooling liquid have been supplied.
- 2) Check that specified amount of fuel is in the tank.
- 3) Check the tension of the fan belt and charging generator driving belt.
- 4) Check that the CIRCUIT BREAKER is turned "OFF".
- 5) Check that the small CIRCUIT BREAKER in the electrical box is turned "ON".
- 6) The generator set should be grounded

2. MANUAL OPERATION

1) Press the (m) button to enter the manual mode ,then the LED lamp is lighting up.

2) Press the start button **V**, the generator set will be started after preheating(if configured) several minutes . After starting successful,the generator is in the normal running after idle speed(if configured) and high-speed warm-up several minutes.

The start of the generator set is limited in three times. If fails, the starter motor will power off automatically. Next start will be tried after setting time delay. If three times try are fail, the generator set will stop and the controller will send out a failure alarm.

3) Check the voltage and frequency after running normal.If abnormal, please adjust them

4) Turn the CIRCUIT BREAKER to "ON" to supply power to the load.

5) Stopping the generator set : Turn the CIRCUIT BREAKER to "off" before stopping the generator set, then press the **o** button and the generator set will stop immediately.

3. AUTOMATICAL OPERATION

1) Press the **[**^[1] button to enter the manual mode ,then the LED lamp is lighting up.

2) The generator set will start automatically when the remote start signal is effective or the utility power loses efficacy.

3) The generator set will stop after unloading and cooling 30-180 s when the remote start signal eliminates or the utility power is effective.

4 OPERATION CAUTIONS

1) If a heavy current due to overload of short-circuiting flows for extended periods, the CIRCUIT BREAKER may be turned "OFF". In this case, check the cause of trouble and repair the defective parts. The CIRCUIT BREAKER cannot be reset unless it is once turned "OFF".

2) This machine is equipped with EARTH LEAKAGE RELAY. When EARTH LEAKAGE RELAY is operated, "CIRCUIT BREAKER" is shut off to announce earth leakage after red lamp on the "RELAY" is lighted up. In the case, after checking the cause of earth leakage for confirmation, push "RESET BUTTON" on the "RELAY" and turn "ON" the CIRCUIT BREAKER, usually, green lamp is lighting up.

3) If the fuel system has air, please remove the air according to the generator set manual , and then start generator set.

4) The generator set is equipped with "DOOR SWITCH", when it is running, the generator set will

Shut-down emergency if the both sides of door open. If the "DOOR SWITCH" function need to be removed, please turn the remove button to "0".