Company Registration No: 02755398

Rapiscan Systems Limited

Annual Report and Financial Statements

29 June 2021

Annual Report and Financial Statements 2021

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Annual Report and Financial Statements 2021

Officers and professional advisors

Directors

P D Lattin

A Mehra

A L Mixer

D J Venter

K B Kent

Secretary

Gravitas Company Secretarial Services Limited One New Change London EC4M 9AF

Company Registration No. 02755398

Registered office

Gravitas Company Secretarial Services Limited One New Change London EC4M 9AF

Bankers

HSBC plc Global House High Street Crawley West Sussex RH10 1DL

Solicitors

K & L Gates LLP 110 Cannon Street London EC4N 6AR

Independent auditors

Mercer & Hole 72 London Road St Albans Hertfordshire AL1 1NS

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Strategic report

The Directors present their Strategic Report for the year ended 29 June 2021.

Business environment

The company operates in the growing market of security screening, with the increased alertness towards terrorist threats and border protection. The aviation market is highly regulated, whereas other areas such as border protection and ports have developing requirements and standards. The company's aim is to provide complete security screening solutions for its clients.

Strategy

The Company follows the group strategy as published by the ultimate holding company, OSI Systems Inc. OSI Systems Inc. files form 10-k with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission and from this, Item 1. Business, contains the group strategy.

The company's objective is to achieve sustainable growth through a combination of product development, market expansion into developing regions and complete security screening solutions.

The key elements to the company's growth strategy are:

Product development

The company will continue to develop products that meet the changing requirements for security screening, with innovative design and use of new technology and advances in imagery technology.

Market expansion

The company will continue to develop new distribution channels around the EMEA region whilst working with existing distributors to increase their product portfolio.

Complete security screening solutions

The company has looked to develop a complete range of solutions for the market covering people screening, checkpoint and hold baggage through to multiple levels of cargo and vehicle inspection, which it believes positions them well to meet all customer requirements.

Future outlook

The company believes that the growth in the security screening market will help the company achieve its strategy.

Principal business risks and uncertainties

The key business risks affecting the company are set out below:

Competitive Risk

The security business is a highly competitive market particularly around price and product performance. This applies pressure to our margins. Our sales team monitor product performance and competitor performance to ensure we can meet the customers' performance expectations.

Distribution Risk

The company goes to market through a network of distributors; these distributors also provide valuable market knowledge. The overall performance of distributors is monitored; this includes reviewing performance and financial stability. The company mitigates its risk by selecting distributors with the required knowledge and financial strength. These risks are reviewed and monitored by the board and appropriate actions to mitigate them are put in place.

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Strategic report (continued)

Financial risk management

From the perspective of the company, the financial risks and uncertainties are integrated with those of the OSI Systems Inc. group to which it belongs and are not managed separately. Accordingly, the principal financial risks and uncertainties of OSI Systems Inc., are discussed on pages 16-29 Part I, Item 1A "Risk Factors" of the 2021 Form 10k published on 23 August 2021 which does not form part of this report.

Whilst some of the risks do not affect the company directly, the company is dependent on the group given the shared nature of business operations and products, and therefore these risks could have an effect on the company.

The company's operations expose it to a variety of financial risks that include the effects of changes in credit risk and liquidity risk. Credit risk

Financial instruments that are potentially subject to concentrations of credit risk consist primarily of cash, cash equivalents and accounts receivable. The company restricts investments in cash equivalents to financial institutions with high credit standing. Credit risk on accounts receivable is minimised as a result of the large and diverse nature of the company's worldwide customer base. The company performs ongoing credit evaluations of its customers' financial condition and maintains provisions for potential credit losses.

Working Capital

The company's liquidity is dependent upon the group's ability to provide the necessary funds. The company maintains sufficient funds for its operations, and has support available from other group companies should this become necessary.

Foreign currency risk

The company has a large proportion of its contracts in US dollars and Euros. The exchange risk is managed by matching receivables with payables as the bulk of the purchases are also US dollar based. The company's exposure to exchange rate fluctuations is managed as part of OSI Systems Inc. group's overall policy on foreign currency. The company has not entered into any forward exchange contracts.

Interest risk

The company has loans from other group undertakings. The company's borrowings are at agreed rates of interest which are fixed for the duration of the loans

Key performance indicators (KPIs)

The company's KPIs relate to maintaining margins whilst achieving sustainable growth.

	2021	2020	Definition, method of calculation and analysis
Total sales decline %	(9%)	(1%)	Year on year total sales declined. Total sales divided by previous year's total sales. The decrease in sales has been compensated for by an increase in margin.
External export sales decline %	(25%)	(/	Year on year external export sales decreased. External export sales decrease divided by the previous year's external export sales. Sales decreased in most parts of the world except for the Middle East.
Gross margin %	34%	28%	The margins have increased this year due a change in the mix of products sold.

Brexit impact

The United Kingdom left the European Union (EU) on 31 January 2020. On 30 December 2020 the EU-UK Trade and Cooperation Agreement (TCA) was signed and this provides for free trade in goods and limited mutual market access in services. The UK Parliament ratified the TCA on 30 December 2020 and the European Parliament ratified it on 28 April 2021. The company has amended its VAT status and this has enabled it to continue to trade with the EU. The directors continue to monitor the situation but do not expect any significant impediments to it's operations with the EU.

COVID-19 risk

Since the early part of 2020 COVID-19 has been dominating the world social and economic climate. The company has adapted to the pandemic with it's prime concern being for the health and safety of it's employees, customers and other stakeholders. To achieve this the company has adopted social distancing, enhanced cleanliness, facemasks and temperature checks. Employees that can work from home have been encouraged to do so. Many of the company's sales require travel to complete the scope of work from our customers. COVID-19 has continued to restrict our ability to travel to our customers and added additional timing risk to our orders, for example, delaying site acceptance tests. Revenues continue to be impacted by the pandemic by delaying projects due to added logistical complexity and by the closure or reduction of many of the company's aviation customers. As the effects of the pandemic end, the director's believe that growth will resume. The company made use of the furlough scheme in the early stages of the pandemic, in order to preserve as many jobs as possible, while the company adjusted to the new circumstances. The directors are continuously monitoring the situation and are confident that they have the resources to deal with the changing circumstances for the foreseeable future.

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Strategic report

The following statement describes how the directors have had regard to the matters set out in section 172(1) (a) to (f) when performing their duty under section 172 of the Companies Act 2006.

The Directors have a duty under section 172 of the companies Act 2006 to act in a way that they consider, in good faith and would be most likely to promote the success of the company for the benefit of its shareholder. The below table shows how the Directors have fulfilled this responsibility through their leadership, instruction and example given to the various departments and employees of the company.

a. The likely consequences of any decision in the long term,

The Company recognises the importance of clear communication and proactive engagement with our stakeholders. Comprehensive engagement enables informed decision making and is integral to the long-term success of the Company.

In the tables below, and in accordance with the Large and Medium-sized Companies and Groups (Accounts and Reports) Regulation 2008 (as amended by the Companies (Miscellaneous Reporting) Regulations 2018) (the 'Regulations'), we set out the Company's stakeholder groups and how it engages with them and the impact of the engagement.

b. The interests of the company's employees,

Stakeholder group	How we engage	Impact of engagement
IEmployees	Systems to support performance management and encouraging regular conversations with teams	Employees are treated fairly and discrimination is not tolerated.
	Policies to support equality and diversity. Employee assistance helpline to support employees.	Employee feedback is considered and appropriate actions taken.
	Employee engagement survey	Activities should aim to increase employee engagement measures.

c. The need to foster the company's business relationships with suppliers, customers and others,

Stakeholder group	How we engage	Impact of engagement
Customers, Suppliers and others	Regular communications via email phone and visiting	This communication facilitates the delivery of our products and services and also the supply of components to the factories.

d. The impact of the company's operations on the community and the environment,

Stakeholder group	How we engage	Impact of engagement
Community and environment	Employees	The company aims at caring for the environment and increasing energy efficiency when it is able to.
	_ <u>*</u>	The company's x-ray scanning equipment significantly improves the safety of those flying. The equipment is also a deterrent against smugglers. Therefore the community is benefited.
	Buildings	The company's offices and factories form an integral part of the local communities in which they are based.
	Website	www.rapiscansystem.com, gives details of the company's products and other information.

e. The desirability of the company maintaining a reputation for high standards of business conduct, and

The company aims at the highest levels of ethical behaviour and requires those it works with to sign non bribery agreements.

f. The need to act fairly as between members of the company.

The company aims to treat all fairly and equally expects to be treated fairly by all stakeholders.

Approved by the Board of Directors on 17/3/2022 and signed on behalf of the Board

DocuSigned by:

kieran kent K B Kent Director -6F87BEA95D1C445..

Annual Report and Financial Statements 2021

Directors' report

Principal activities

The company is principally engaged in the manufacture and distribution of equipment for the purposes of baggage and personnel security screening and cargo inspection.

Results and dividends

The profit for the year after taxation was USD 15,131k (2020: USD 10,275k). No dividends were paid during the year.

The Directors are confident about the future prospects of the company. The company's statement of financial position is set out on page 16.

Post balance sheet events

There are no post balance sheet events to report.

Going concern

The company's business activities, together with the factors likely to affect its future development and performance are set out in the strategic report. The company has considerable financial resources together with backlog orders from customers across different geographical areas and customer demand remains strong. The directors have also gained assurance by creating a forecast for the twelve months following the date these financial statements are approved. As a consequence, the directors believe that the company is well placed to manage its business risks successfully. Thus, the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing these financial statements.

Research and development

The company will continue its development of products in line with regulatory and customer requirements with the continued advances of technology in X-ray imagery.

Branches outside the UK

The company has branches in Norway, Taiwan and Qatar.

Equal opportunity of employment

The company is committed to eliminating discrimination amongst our workforce. The company objective is to create a working environment in which there is no unlawful discrimination and all decisions are based on merit.

Recruitment and selection of employees

The company aims to ensure that job requirements and job selection criteria are clear and based only on what is required to get the job done effectively. The company will avoid making stereotypical assumptions based on protected characteristics about who is able to do a particular job.

The company aims to ensure that no job applicant is placed at a disadvantage by practices or requirements which disproportionately disadvantage protected groups and which are not justified by the demands of the job.

Promotion, training and appraisals of employees

Promotion and training decisions are made on the basis of merit. The company will not unlawfully discriminate against any employee in making promotion or training decisions. The company believes all employees should have an equal opportunity to progress and develop.

Communication with employees

The company makes use of a company intranet site, email notices and noticeboards. There is a regular all-management meeting, and managers are encouraged to feed back information from these meetings to their teams.

Disabled Employees

The company's policy in respect of disabled persons is that their applications for employment are always fully and fairly considered, bearing in mind the aptitudes and abilities of the applicant concerned. In the event of a member of staff becoming disabled, every effort is made to ensure that employment with the company continues and where necessary, appropriate training is arranged. Career development and promotion of disabled persons should, as far as possible, be identical with that of all other employees in similar position.

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Directors' report (continued)

Disclosure of information to auditor

The Directors, at the time when this Directors' report is approved, have confirmed that:

- a) The Directors individually have taken all the necessary steps to make themselves aware, as Directors, of all relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.
- b) As far as the Directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware.

Directors' indemnity

The company's Articles of Association provide, subject to the provisions of UK legislation, an indemnity for directors and officers of the company in respect of liabilities they may incur in the discharge of their duties or in the exercise of their powers, including any liabilities relating to the defence of any proceedings brought against them which relate to anything done or omitted, or alleged to have been done or omitted, by them as officers or employees of the company. Appropriate Directors' and officers' liability insurance cover is in place in respect of all of the company's Directors.

Directors and their interests

The Directors who served during the year or were directors at the time of the signing of the accounts were as follows

P D Lattin

A Mehra

A L Mixer

D J Venter

K B Kent - appointed 1 July 2021

No Director had any interest in the shares of the company or fellow UK group undertakings at either the beginning or end of the year. As a wholly owned subsidiary of an overseas parent, which is a body corporate incorporated outside Great Britain, the Directors are not required to notify the company of interests in shares of that or any other body corporate incorporated outside Great Britain.

Matters covered in the strategic report

As permitted by paragraph 1A of schedule 7 to the Large and Medium sized Companies and Groups (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008, certain matters which are required to be disclosed in the Report of the Directors have been omitted as they are included in the Strategic Report on page 4. These matters relate to the review and analysis of the business and the principal risks and uncertainties.

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Directors' report (continued)

Streamlined Energy Carbon Reporting

During the year the company was responsible for the emission of the following tonnes of CO₂ during the course of its business activities.

Year ended 29 June 2021	kWh	Tonnes CO ₂ e for the Year ended 29 June 2021	Definition, method of calculation and analysis
Scope 1 - All Direct Emissions			
Gas	662,535	121	Cost of gas converted to average kWh multiplied by the natural gas conversion factor
Fuel used in vehicles	516,032	129	Cost of fuel converted to estimated vehicle mileage (469,497 miles) multiplied by the 'average car' 'unknown' conversion factor
Total for Scope 1 - All Direct Emissions	1,178,567	250	
Scope 2 - Indirect Emissions			
Electricity	3,130,329		Cost of electricity converted to average kWh and multiplied by the electricity generated UK conversion factor
Scope 1 & 2 total tonnes CO ₂ e emissions	4,308,896	915	

Year ended 29 June 2020	kWh	Tonnes CO ₂ e for the Year ended 29 June 2020	Definition, method of calculation and analysis
Scope 1 - All Direct Emissions			
Gas	565,760	104	Cost of gas converted to average kWh multiplied by the natural gas conversion factor
Fuel used in vehicles	813,553	204	Cost of fuel converted to estimated vehicle mileage (740,187 miles) multiplied by the 'average car' 'unknown' conversion factor
Total for Scope 1 - All Direct Emissions	1,379,313	308	
Scope 2 - Indirect Emissions			
Electricity	2,755,104		Cost of electricity converted to average kWh and multiplied by the electricity generated UK conversion factor
Scope 1 & 2 total tonnes CO2e emissions	4.134.417	950	

Quantification and reporting methodology

The 2021 (2020) UK Government's Conversion Factors for Company Reporting have been used in the calculations.

Intensity measurement

The chosen intensity measurement ratio is total tonnes CO₂e from Scope 1 & 2 per \$1M of revenue.

	2021	2020
Total emissions in tonnes of CO ₂ e, from Scope 1 & 2,	3.5	3.3
compared to each \$1M of revenue	3.3	5.5

Measures taken to improve energy efficiency

The company aims to improve the energy efficiencies of its products through continued research and development.

Auditor

The auditor, Mercer & Hole, is deemed to be reappointed under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006.

Approved by the Board of Directors on 17/3/2022 and signed on behalf of the Board



Annual Report and Financial Statements 2021

Statement of Directors' responsibilities in respect of the financial statements

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the Directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) including FRS 102 "The financial reporting standard applicable in the UK & Ireland". Under company law the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Annual Report and Financial Statements 2021

Independent auditor's report

To the member of Rapiscan Systems Limited

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Rapiscan Systems Limited (the 'company') for the year ended 29 June 2021 which comprise the Income statement, the Statement of comprehensive income, the Statement of financial position, the Statement of changes in equity and the notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 29 June 2021 and of its profit for the year then ended:
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Annual Report and Financial Statements 2021

Independent auditor's report

To the member of Rapiscan Systems Limited (continued)

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of our audit:

- the information given in the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specific by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Annual Report and Financial Statements 2021

Independent auditor's report

To the member of Rapiscan Systems Limited (continued)

Responsibilities of Directors

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement set out on page 10, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Explanation as to what extent the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

Based on our understanding of the company and industry, we identified that the principal risks of non-compliance with laws and regulations related to breaches under global aviation security requirements and we considered the extent to which non-compliance may have a material effect on the financial statements. We also considered those laws and regulations that have a direct impact on the preparation of the financial statements such as the Companies Act and tax legislation.

We evaluated management's incentives and opportunities for fraudulent manipulation of the financial statements and the financial report (including the risk of override of controls), and determined that the principle risks were related to posting inappropriate entries including journals to overstate revenue or understate expenditure, and management bias in accounting estimates.

Audit procedures performed by the engagement team included:

- discussions with management, including considerations of known or suspected instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations and fraud;
- evaluation of the operating effectiveness of management's controls designed to prevent and detect irregularities;
- $\bullet \ challenging \ assumptions \ and \ judgements \ made \ by \ management \ in \ its \ significant \ accounting \ estimates;$
- identifying and testing journal entries.

Owing to the inherent limitations of an audit, there is an unavoidable risk that we may not have detected some material misstatements in the financial statements, even though we have properly planned and performed our audit in accordance with auditing standards. For example, the further removed noncompliance with laws and regulations (irregularities) is from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely the inherently limited procedures required by auditing standards would identify it. In addition, as with any audit, there remained a higher risk of non-detection of irregularities, as these may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls. We are not responsible for preventing non-compliance and cannot be expected to detect non-compliance with all laws and regulations.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's member, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's member those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's member, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

DocuSigned by:

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Date:

18/3/2022

Ross Lane (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Mercer & Hole Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor 72 London Road St Albans Hertfordshire AL1 1NS

Annual Report and Financial Statements 2021

Income statement Year ended 29 June 2021

	Note	2021	2020
		USD 000	USD 000
Revenue	3	260,543	286,916
Cost of sales		(172,781)	(207,994)
Gross profit	_	87,762	78,922
Administrative expenses		(68,772)	(66,253)
Other income	4	841	1,054
Profit on ordinary activities before finance costs and taxation	5	19,831	13,723
Interest receivable and similar income	6	358	254
Interest payable and similar charges	6	(1,566)	(1,352)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	_	18,623	12,625
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	9	(3,492)	(2,350)
Profit for the financial year	- =	15,131	10,275

All activities are considered to be continuing.

The notes on pages 18 - 31 form part of these financial statements.

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Statement of comprehensive income Year ended 29 June 2021

	Note	2021 USD 000	2021 USD 000	2020 USD 000	2020 USD 000
Profit attributable to the shareholders of the company			15,131		10,275
Pension asset gains / (losses) arising during the year		1,031		(278)	
Pension liability gains / (losses) arising during the year		262		(523)	
Deferred tax (charge) / credit on pension funded surplus		(333)		133	
Currency translation differences on pension schemes		29		(29)	
Re-measurement of net defined benefit obligation			989		(697)
Total comprehensive income for the financial year		_	16,120	=	9,578

The notes on pages 18 - 31 form part of these financial statements.

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Statement of financial position At 29 June 2021

Note with the provision of the provision for liabilities and charges Note with the provision for liabilities and charges (Note with the provision for liabil	-		2021	2021	2020	2020
Price dassets		Note	USD 000	USD 000	USD 000	USD 000
Intaggible assets 10 10,213 10,906 Property, plant and equipment 11 13,001 15,063 Financial assets 12 90 90 Current assets Inventory 13 76,500 63,616 Trade and other receivables: falling due within one year 14 217,527 171,160 Cash and cash equivalents 149,56 4,745 4,745 Trade and other receivables: falling due in more than one year 15 19,510 33,849 Trade and other receivables: falling due in more than one year 15 19,510 33,849 Current liabilities 16 (153,241) (115,760) Protein assets 175,251 (115,760) Provisions for liabilities 17 (7,811) (6,646) Provisions for liabilities and charges 18 (11,322) (12,843) Provisions for liabilities and charges 18 (11,322) (12,843) Provisions for liabilities and charges 22 1,503 226 Neat assets excluding pension 1	Non current assets					
Property, plant and equipment 11 13.001 15.063 Financial assets 12 90 90 Current assets Inventory 13 76.500 63.616 Trade and other receivables: falling due within one year 14 217.527 171,160 Cash and cash equivalents 14,956 4,745 239.521 Trade and other receivables: falling due in more than one year 15 19,510 33.849 Production of the receivables: falling due in more than one year 15 19,510 33.849 Production of the receivables: falling due in more than one year 15 19,510 33.849 Production of the receivables: falling due in more than one year 16 (153.241) (115.760) Current liabilities 17 (7.811) (115.760) Production assets less current liabilities 17 (7.811) (6.646) Provisions for liabilities and charges 18 (11,322) (12,843) Provisions for liabilities and charges 2 1,903 20 Net assets excluding pension 179,423	Fixed assets					
Financial assets 12 90 90 Current assets 23,304 26,103 Inventory 13 76,500 63,616 Trade and other receivables: falling due within one year 14 217,527 171,160 Cash and cash equivalents 149,516 4,745 4,745 Trade and other receivables: falling due in more than one year 15 19,510 33,849 239,521 Trade and other receivables: falling due in more than one year 15 19,510 33,849 273,370 Current liabilities 16 (153,241) (115,760) 157,610 Protecurrent sesets 175,252 157,610 158,713 Total assets less current liabilities 17 (7,811) (6,646) 158,713 Provisions for liabilities and charges 18 (11,322) (12,843) 164,224 Pension asset 22 1,503 226 Net assets excluding pension 179,423 164,224 Pension asset 22 1,503 164,224 Pension asset 23	Intangible assets	10		10,213		10,950
Current assets Provisions for liabilities and charges Provisions for liabilities and charges Provision seet seet with the provision	Property, plant and equipment	11		13,001		15,063
Non-current liabilities and charges 17 18 18 18 19 19 19 19 19	Financial assets	12		90		90
Inventory				23,304		26,103
Trade and other receivables: falling due within one year 14 217,527 171,160 Cash and cash equivalents 14,956 4,745 308,983 239,521 Trade and other receivables: falling due in more than one year 15 19,510 33,849 200,000 328,493 273,370 273,370 Current liabilities 16 (153,241) (115,760) Net current assets 17 (7,811) (6,646) Provisions for liabilities and charges 18 (11,322) (12,843) Net assets excluding pension 179,423 (19,489) Net assets excluding pension 179,423 164,224 Pension asset 22 1,503 226 Net assets 180,926 164,450 Capital & reserves 180,926 164,450 Capital Contribution 15,636 15,280 Currency translation reserve (5,813) (5,813) Retained earnings 153,687 137,667	Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents 14,956 4,745 308,983 239,521 Trade and other receivables: falling due in more than one year 15 19,510 33,849 Current liabilities 16 (153,241) (115,760) Net current assets 175,252 157,610 Total assets less current liabilities 198,556 183,713 Non-current liabilities and charges 18 (11,322) (12,843) Provisions for liabilities and charges 18 (11,322) (19,133) (19,489) Net assets excluding pension 179,423 164,224 Pension asset 22 1,503 226 Net assets 180,926 164,450 Capital & reserves 180,926 164,450 Currency translation reserve (5,813) (5,813) Currency translation reserve 153,687 137,567	Inventory	13	76,500		63,616	
Trade and other receivables: falling due in more than one year 15	Trade and other receivables: falling due within one year	14	217,527		171,160	
Trade and other receivables: falling due in more than one year 15 19,510 33,849 273,370 Current liabilities 16 (153,241) (115,760) 273,370 Net current assets 175,252 157,610 Total assets less current liabilities 17 (7,811) (6,646) Provisions for liabilities and charges 18 (11,322) (19,133) (19,489) Net assets excluding pension 179,423 164,224 164,224 Pension asset 22 1,503 226 Net assets 180,926 164,450 Capital & reserves Called up share capital 19 17,416 17,416 Capital Contribution 15,636 15,280 Currency translation reserve (5,813) (5,813) Retained earnings 153,687 137,567	Cash and cash equivalents		14,956		4,745	
Current liabilities 16 (153,241) (115,760) (115,760) (115,760) Net current assets 175,252 (153,241) (115,760) (115,760) Net current liabilities 175,252 (153,241) 157,610 Total assets less current liabilities 17 (7,811) (6,646) Provisions for liabilities and charges 18 (11,322) (19,133) (19,483) Net assets excluding pension 179,423 164,224 Pension asset 22 1,503 226 Net assets 180,926 164,450 Capital & reserves 180,926 164,450 Capital Contribution 15,636 15,280 Currency translation reserve (5,813) (5,813) Retained earnings 153,687 137,567			308,983		239,521	
Current liabilities 16 (153,241) (115,760) (115,760) Net current assets 175,252 157,610 Total assets less current liabilities 17 (7,811) (6,646) Provisions for liabilities and charges 18 (11,322) (19,133) (19,489) Net assets excluding pension 179,423 164,224 Pension asset 22 1,503 226 Net assets 180,926 164,450 Capital & reserves 17,416 17,416 Capital Contribution 15,636 15,280 Currency translation reserve (5,813) (5,813) Retained earnings 153,687 137,567	Trade and other receivables: falling due in more than one year	15	19,510		33,849	
Net current assets (153,241) (115,760) Total assets less current liabilities 17 (7,811) (6,646) Provisions for liabilities and charges 18 (11,322) (12,843) Provisions seet less excluding pension 179,423 164,224 Pension asset 22 1,503 226 Net assets 180,926 164,450 Capital & reserves 17,416 17,416 Capital Contribution 15,636 15,280 Currency translation reserve (5,813) (5,813) Retained earnings 153,687 137,567			328,493		273,370	
Net current assets (153,241) (115,760) Total assets less current liabilities 17 (7,811) (6,646) Provisions for liabilities and charges 18 (11,322) (12,843) Provisions seet less excluding pension 179,423 164,224 Pension asset 22 1,503 226 Net assets 180,926 164,450 Capital & reserves 17,416 17,416 Capital Contribution 15,636 15,280 Currency translation reserve (5,813) (5,813) Retained earnings 153,687 137,567			_		_	
Net current assets 175,252 157,610 Total assets less current liabilities 17 (7,811) (6,646) Provisions for liabilities and charges 18 (11,322) (12,843) Provisions for liabilities and charges 18 (11,322) (19,133) (19,489) Net assets excluding pension 179,423 164,224 Pension asset 22 1,503 226 Net assets 180,926 164,450 Capital & reserves 180,926 17,416 17,416 Capital Contribution 15,636 15,280 Currency translation reserve (5,813) (5,813) Retained earnings 153,687 137,567	Current liabilities	16	(153,241)		(115,760)	
Total assets less current liabilities 198,556 183,713 Non-current liabilities 17 (7,811) (6,646) Provisions for liabilities and charges 18 (11,322) (12,843) (19,133) (19,489) Net assets excluding pension 179,423 164,224 Pension asset 22 1,503 226 Net assets 180,926 164,450 Capital & reserves 17,416 17,416 Capital Contribution 15,636 15,280 Currency translation reserve (5,813) (5,813) Retained earnings 153,687 137,567			(153,241)		(115,760)	
Non-current liabilities 17 (7,811) (6,646) Provisions for liabilities and charges 18 (11,322) (12,843) Net assets excluding pension 179,423 164,224 Pension asset 22 1,503 226 Net assets 180,926 164,450 Capital & reserves Called up share capital 19 17,416 17,416 Capital Contribution 15,636 15,280 Currency translation reserve (5,813) (5,813) Retained earnings 153,687 137,567	Net current assets			175,252		157,610
Provisions for liabilities and charges 18 (11,322) (12,843) Net assets excluding pension 179,423 164,224 Pension asset 22 1,503 226 Net assets 180,926 164,450 Capital & reserves 20 17,416 17,416 Capital Contribution 15,636 15,280 Currency translation reserve (5,813) (5,813) Retained earnings 153,687 137,567	Total assets less current liabilities			198,556		183,713
Net assets excluding pension (19,133) (19,489) Pension asset 179,423 164,224 Pension asset 22 1,503 226 Net assets 180,926 164,450 Capital & reserves 22 17,416 17,416 Capital Contribution 15,636 15,280 Currency translation reserve (5,813) (5,813) Retained earnings 153,687 137,567	Non-current liabilities	17	(7,811)		(6,646)	
Net assets excluding pension 179,423 164,224 Pension asset 22 1,503 226 Net assets 180,926 164,450 Capital & reserves 2 17,416 17,416 Capital Contribution 15,636 15,280 Currency translation reserve (5,813) (5,813) Retained earnings 153,687 137,567	Provisions for liabilities and charges	18	(11,322)		(12,843)	
Pension asset 22 1,503 226 Net assets 180,926 164,450 Capital & reserves V V Called up share capital 19 17,416 17,416 Capital Contribution 15,636 15,280 Currency translation reserve (5,813) (5,813) Retained earnings 153,687 137,567			_	(19,133)	_	(19,489)
Net assets 180,926 164,450 Capital & reserves Called up share capital 19 17,416 17,416 Capital Contribution 15,636 15,280 Currency translation reserve (5,813) (5,813) Retained earnings 153,687 137,567	Net assets excluding pension			179,423		164,224
Capital & reserves Called up share capital 19 17,416 17,416 Capital Contribution 15,636 15,280 Currency translation reserve (5,813) (5,813) Retained earnings 153,687 137,567	Pension asset	22		1,503		226
Called up share capital 19 17,416 17,416 Capital Contribution 15,636 15,280 Currency translation reserve (5,813) (5,813) Retained earnings 153,687 137,567	Net assets			180,926		164,450
Called up share capital 19 17,416 17,416 Capital Contribution 15,636 15,280 Currency translation reserve (5,813) (5,813) Retained earnings 153,687 137,567						
Capital Contribution 15,636 15,280 Currency translation reserve (5,813) (5,813) Retained earnings 153,687 137,567	Capital & reserves					
Currency translation reserve (5,813) (5,813) Retained earnings 153,687 137,567	Called up share capital	19		17,416		17,416
Retained earnings 153,687 137,567	Capital Contribution			15,636		15,280
	Currency translation reserve			(5,813)		(5,813)
Total equity 180,926 164,450	Retained earnings			153,687		137,567
	Total equity			180,926	_	164,450

The notes on pages 18 - 31 form part of these financial statements.

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors

—Docusigned by: Kicran kent

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K B Kent

Director

17/3/2022

Annual Report and Financial Statements 2021

Statement of changes in equity Year ended 29 June 2021

	Called up share capital	Capital Contribution	Currency translation reserve	Retained earnings	Shareholders Equity
	USD 000	USD 000	USD 000	USD 000	USD 000
At 30 June 2020	17,416	15,280	(5,813)	137,567	164,450
Share Options		356	-	-	356
	17,416	15,636	(5,813)	137,567	164,806
Profit for the year				15,131	15,131
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	989	989
•				16,120	
Total comprehensive income for the year		-	-	10,120	16,120
At 29 June 2021	17,416	15,636	(5,813)	153,687	180,926
	Called up share capital	Capital Contribution	Currency translation reserve	Retained earnings	Shareholders Equity
	USD 000	USD 000	USD 000	USD 000	USD 000
At 30 June 2019	17,416	14,162	(5,813)	128,777	154,542
Capital contribution	-	1,118	-	(788)	330
	17,416	15,280	(5,813)	127,989	154,872
Profit for the year	-	-	_	10,275	10,275
Other comprehensive income	-	-	_	(697)	(697)
Total comprehensive income for the year		-	-	9,578	9,578
At 29 June 2020	17,416	15,280	(5,813)	137,567	164,450

Capital contribution

A capital contribution of \$13,865,000 (2020 \$13,865,000) was previously provided by OSI (Holdings) Company Ltd, the company's immediate parent company. Share Options and Restricted Share Units, in the company's ultimate parent company's share capital, awarded to employees, are accounted for as a capital contribution. As at 30 June 2021 the share options provision was \$1,771,378 (2020 \$1,415,414).

Called up share capital

This account represents the nominal value of the shares that have been issued.

Currency translation reserve

This includes foreign exchange differences as a result of change in functional currency from GBP to USD in 2014.

Retained earnings

This reserve represents cumulative profits or losses.

The notes on pages 18 - 31 form part of these financial statements.

Annual Report and Financial Statements 2021

Notes to the financial statements Year ended 29 June 2021

Rapiscan Systems Limited is a company limited by shares and incorporated and domiciled in England and Wales. The registered office is disclosed on page 3 and its principal place of business is located at X Ray House, 8 Bonehurst Road, Salfords, Surrey, RH1 5GG, UK.

1 Basis of preparation and statement of compliance

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis under the historical cost convention, and in compliance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Ireland," and in accordance with the Companies Act 2006.

2 Accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below.

Going concern

The company's business activities, together with the factors likely to affect its future development and performance are set out in the strategic report. The company has considerable financial resources together with backlog orders from customers across different geographical areas and customer demand remains strong. The directors have also gained assurance by creating a forecast for the twelve months following the date these financial statements are approved. As a consequence, the directors believe that the company is well placed to manage its business risks successfully. Thus, the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing these financial statements.

Consolidated financial statements

The company is exempt from the requirement to prepare consolidated financial statements under Sections 399 to 402 of the Companies Act 2006. Consolidated financial statements are prepared by OSI Systems Inc., the ultimate parent undertaking, incorporated in the USA and are available from the address set out in note 23.

Reduced disclosure for subsidiaries

The company is a qualifying entity for the purposes of disclosure exemptions under FRS 102. Rapiscan Systems Limited's financial statements are consolidated into the financial statements of OSI Systems Inc., the ultimate parent undertaking, incorporated in the USA and copies are publicly available from the address set out in note 23.

The company has applied the following disclosure exemptions under FRS 102 on the basis that equivalent disclosures are included in the consolidated financial statements of OSI Systems Inc.:

paragraph 1.12 (a) (iv) reconciliation of the number of outstanding shares at the beginning and end of the year

paragraph 1.12 (b) requirement to prepare a statement of cash flows

paragraph 1.12 (c) exemption relating to the basis of measurement and disclosure for financial assets and liabilities

paragraph 1.12 (d) (i) exemption relating to certain disclosure requirements of section 26, share based payments

paragraph 1.12 (e) exemption from disclosure of key management personnel compensation in total.

Revenue

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, and represents the amount received or receivable for goods supplied or services rendered, net of any actual returns, discounts and rebates allowed by the company and value added taxes.

The company recognises revenue when (a) the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer; (b) the company retains no continuing involvement or control over the goods; (c) the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; and (d) it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company.

Functional Currency

The functional and presentational currency of Rapiscan Systems Limited is considered to be United States Dollars (USD) because that is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the company operates.

Annual Report and Financial Statements 2021

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 29 June 2021

2 Accounting policies (continued)

Foreign currencies

Trading transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated into USD at the exchange rate ruling when the transaction was entered into. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into USD at the exchange rate ruling at the statement of financial position date. All exchange gains or losses are accounted for in the income statement. These financial statements have been prepared in USD in accordance with applicable accounting standards on the basis that USD is the functional currency.

Research and development

Research and development expenditure is charged to the income statement when it is incurred. Development intangible fixed assets acquired are capitalised and amortised over their expected useful life.

Government grants

Government grants are recognised on an accrual model basis. The company receives government grants in the form of the Research and Development Expenditure Credit (RDEC). The company also made claims through the Coronavirus Job Retention Scheme because some employees were furloughed. The company does not benefit from any other forms of government assistance.

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of new businesses representing the difference between fair value of consideration given and fair value of assets and liabilities acquired, is capitalised and written off on a straight line basis over its useful economic life which is 10 years.

Patents

Patents are measured at cost. Amortisation is calculated to write off the cost in equal instalments over their estimated useful lives which is deemed to be twenty years.

Computer software

Computer software is measured at cost. Amortisation is calculated to write off the cost in equal instalments over their estimated useful lives which is deemed to be between one and four years.

Financial assets

Investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost, less accumulated impairment losses.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Cost includes the original purchase price, costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to working condition for its intended use, dismantling and restoration costs. Borrowing costs are not capitalised.

a) Leasehold improvements, land and buildings

Leasehold improvements, land and buildings are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, as the properties are held for the purposes of use in production, supplying goods and services, and for administration.

b) Motor vehicles, plant machinery, fittings & equipment, computer hardware

Motor vehicles, plant machinery, fittings & equipment, computer hardware are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

c) Depreciation

Land is not depreciated. Depreciation is provided on tangible fixed assets on a straight line basis from the time they are available for use, so as to write off their historical costs over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Leasehold improvements5 - 10 yearsFreehold & long leasehold buildings20 yearsMotor vehicles1 - 4 yearsPlant and machinery1 - 5 yearsFittings and equipment3 - 10 yearsComputer hardware1 - 4 years

d) Construction in progress

Assets in the course of construction are stated at cost. These assets are not depreciated until they are available for use.

Leased assets

Rentals applicable to operating leases, under which substantially all the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor, are charged to the income statement on a straight line basis as incurred.

Annual Report and Financial Statements 2021

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 29 June 2021

2 Accounting policies (continued)

Inventory and work in progress

Inventory comprises finished goods, raw materials and consumable items. They are stated at the lower of cost and estimated net realisable value, after provision for obsolescence. Work in progress is stated at cost or net realisable value, whichever is the lower. Cost includes materials at purchase price, labour and appropriate production related overheads.

Hire and demonstration equipment is amortised, on a straight line basis, so as to write off the cost of the equipment over their estimated useful lives. The amortisation rate used is 3 years.

Impairment of assets

At each reporting date assets, including goodwill, are reviewed to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If there is an indication of possible impairment, the recoverable amount of any affected asset is estimated and compared with its carrying amount. If the estimated recoverable amount is lower, the carrying amount is reduced to its estimated recoverable amount, and an impairment loss is recognised immediately in the income statement. Any impairment loss recognised for all assets, including goodwill, shall be reversed in a subsequent period if, and only if, the reasons for the impairment have ceased to exist.

Taxation and deferred taxation

The charge for taxation is based on the results for the period and is calculated with reference to the tax rates enacted or substantially enacted by the end of the period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the statement of financial position date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions:

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the Directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying temporary differences can be deducted. Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the statement of financial position date.

Employee benefits

(i) Short term benefits

All short term benefits, including holiday pay and similar non-monetary benefits are recognised as an expense in the service is received.

(ii) Pension costs

a) Defined contribution scheme:

The company operates a defined contribution scheme for its employees. The company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid, the company has no further payment obligations. The contributions are recognised as an expense when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals in the statement of financial position. The assets are held separately from the company in independently administered funds.

b) Defined benefit scheme:

The company operates a defined benefit scheme for certain employees. The scheme is closed to future accrual. The company has an obligation to provide each qualifying employee with an amount every month throughout their period of retirement. That amount is dependent upon several qualifying factors, including age, length of service and remuneration.

The pension asset recognised in the statement of financial position is the fair value of the scheme assets less the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the reporting date. The company intends to recover the surplus through reduced contributions in the future.

The defined benefit obligation is measured using the projected unit credit method. The company engages independent actuaries to calculate the obligation approximately every three years. In the intervening years, the actuaries approximate the liabilities based on their estimates of changes in market conditions and employee membership of the scheme. The present value is determined by discounting the estimated future payments using market yields on AA-rated corporate bonds that have terms approximating the estimated period of the future payments.

Annual Report and Financial Statements 2021

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 29 June 2021

2 Accounting policies (continued)

b) Defined benefit scheme (continued):

The fair value of the scheme assets are measured at market rate bid values.

Actuarial gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions, alongside the return on scheme assets, less amounts included in net interest, together with currency translation changes, are charged or credited to other comprehensive income, and disclosed as "Re-measurement of net defined benefit obligation."

Interest income on scheme assets is included in finance income, and interest expense on scheme obligations is included in interest payable in the income statement.

(iii) Share-based employee compensation plans

The company's ultimate parent company, OSI Systems Inc., operates share-based employee compensation plans in which certain of the company's employees and directors are eligible to participate. The company measures and recognises the share based payment expense as an allocation of cost to the group.

(iv) Bonus plans

The company operates various bonus plans for its employees. An expense is recognised in the income statement when the company has a legal or constructive obligation to make payments under these bonus plans and a reliable estimate of the obligation can be made.

Provisions for liabilities and charges

A provision is recognised when the company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. These provisions are not discounted.

Restructuring provisions are recognised when the company has a detailed, formal plan for the restructuring and has raised a valid expectation in those affected by either starting to implement the plan or announcing its main features to those affected, and has therefore a legal or constructive obligation to carry out the restructuring.

Financial instruments

a) Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, including trade and other receivables, cash and bank balances, are initially recognised at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Such assets are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

At the end of each reporting period financial assets measured at amortised cost are assessed for objective evidence of impairment. If the asset is impaired, the impairment loss is the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in the income statement.

If there is a decrease in the impairment loss arising from an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the impairment is reversed. The reversal is such that the current carrying value does not exceed what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised. The impairment reversal is recognised in the income statement.

Financial assets are derecognised when a) the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or b) substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the asset are transferred to another party or c) control of the asset has been transferred to another party who has the practical ability to unilaterally sell the asset to an unrelated third party without imposing additional restrictions.

Annual Report and Financial Statements 2021

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 29 June 2021

2 Accounting policies (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

b) Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other payables, bank loans, and loans from fellow group undertakings are initially recognised at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw-down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down, the fee is capitalised as a prepayment for liquidity services and amortised over the period of the facility to which it relates.

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as accounts payable due within one year if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as accounts payable due in more than one year. Trade payables are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the liability is extinguished, that is when the contractual obligation is discharged, cancelled or expires.

c) Offsetting

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and net amounts presented in the financial statements when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Critical accounting judgements and key sources of uncertainty

The company makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are addressed below.

i) Deferred tax asset / liability

Deferred tax is recognised on all timing differences at the reporting date except for certain exceptions. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are only recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the period end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference. See note 9 for the carrying amount of deferred tax asset / liability.

ii) Inventory provisioning

The company's products are subject to changes in customer demands, legislation, technology and market conditions. As a result it is necessary to consider the recoverability of the cost of inventory and the associated provisioning required. When calculating the inventory provision, management considers the nature and condition of the inventory, as well as applying assumptions around anticipated saleability of finished goods and future usage of raw materials. See note 13 for the net carrying amount of the inventory after taking into account the associated provision of USD 18,811k (2020: USD 19,449k)

(iii) Impairment of accounts receivable

The company makes an estimate of the recoverable value of trade and other accounts receivable. When assessing impairment of trade and other accounts receivable, management considers factors including the current credit rating, ageing profile of accounts receivable and historical experience. See notes 14 and 15 for the net carrying amounts of accounts receivable after taking into account the associated impairment provision of USD 3,375k (2020: USD 2,446k)

Annual Report and Financial Statements 2021

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 29 June 2021

Critical accounting judgements and key sources of uncertainty (continued)

iv) Provision for warranty

The company offers its customers warranties on many of the products that it sells. These warranties typically provide for repairs and maintenance of the products if problems arise during a specified time period after original shipment. The company records provisions for estimated warranty expenses concurrently with revenue recognition. Management periodically adjust this provision based on historical experience and anticipated expenses. The company charges actual expenses of repairs under warranty, including parts and labour, to this provision when incurred. See note 18 for the provision for warranty at the year end.

(v) Defined benefit pension scheme

The company has an obligation to pay pension benefits to certain employees. The cost of these benefits and the present value of the obligation depend on a number of factors, including; life expectancy, asset valuations and the discount rate on corporate bonds. Management estimates these factors in determining the net pension obligation in the balance sheet. The assumptions reflect historical experience and current trends. See note 22 for the disclosures relating to the defined benefit pension scheme.

(vi) Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess purchase price over the fair value of the net assets acquired in business combinations. The carrying value of goodwill is annually tested for impairment. Goodwill is considered to have a finite useful life and is amortised on a systematic basis over its expected life, which is ten years.

3 Analysis of revenue by geographical destination comprises:

	2021	2020
	USD 000	USD 000
External sales:		
United Kingdom	26,014	17,379
Americas	1,304	4,031
Europe (excluding UK)	76,950	105,729
Middle East	64,249	49,011
Africa	22,333	32,651
Asia Pacific	1,787	29,582
Total external sales	192,637	238,383
Sales to group companies:-		
(Australia, Malaysia, Middle East, Japan, Singapore, Guatemala and United States)	67,906	48,533
	260,543	286,916

There is only one class of business, namely the manufacture, distribution and rental of equipment for the purposes of cargo baggage and personnel security screening. The equipment rental revenue for 2021 was USD 174k (2020: USD 247k)

4 Other Income

	2021	2020
	USD 000	USD 000
Government grants	841	1,054

There are no unfulfilled conditions or other contingencies attached to grants recognised as income.

Annual Report and Financial Statements 2021

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 29 June 2021

5	Profit on o	ordinary	activities	before	finance	costs and	taxation
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٠	Tront on ordinary activities before influence costs and taxation		2021	2020
		Note	USD 000	USD 000
	Rentals under operating leases:		4.000	4.205
	Buildings		1,229	1,307
	Plant and machinery		831	807
	Depreciation on property, plant and equipment	11	2,728	2,409
	Loss on disposal of fixed assets		27	142
	Amortisation of intangible assets	10	1,488	1,519
	Auditors' remuneration:			
	Audit fees		95	84
	Taxation services		23	17
	Amortisation of hire and demonstration stock		1,395	1,639
	Research and development		3,560	3,651
	Net exchange loss / (gain)	;	708	5
6	Interest receivable and payable			
6	Therest receivable and payable		2021	2020
			USD 000	USD 000
	Intercompany interest receivable		256	124
	Other interest receivable		102	130
	Interest receivable and similar income	•	358	254
		:		
	Intercompany interest payable		(489)	(454)
	Other interest payable and similar charges		(1,077)	(898)
	Interest payable and similar charges	•	(1,566)	(1,352)
7	Information regarding directors and employees			
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		2021	2020
	a) Employees (including directors)		USD 000	USD 000
	Staff costs during the year comprise:			
	Wages and salaries		32,069	31,209
	Share based payments		356	331
	Social security costs		3,335	3,163
	Pension service cost		1,009	929
	Redundancy and other costs		(16)	435
		:	36,753	36,067
	The average monthly number of employees of the company during the year was:		2021	2020
			No.	No.
	Selling and distribution		34	35
	Production and service		351	360
	Administration and other		63	73
		:	448	468
	b) Directors		2021	2020
			USD 000	USD 000
	Aggregate remuneration in respect of qualifying services		567	504
	Aggregate amounts received under long term incentive plans	:	24	19
	Three directors received remuneration from the company during the year. The ot	her two	directors v	vere paid

Three directors received remuneration from the company during the year. The other two directors were paid by OSI Systems Inc. in their capacity as directors of that company and disclosed within the financial statements of OSI Systems Inc.

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Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 29 June 2021

7	Information regarding directors and employees (continued)	2021	2020
	b) Directors (continued)		
		No.	No.
	Number of directors who received restricted shares and share options in the ultimate		
	parent company in respect of qualifying services	2	2
	Number of directors who exercised share options in the ultimate parent company	2	2
	Number of directors accruing benefits under defined contribution schemes	2	2
	In respect of the highest paid director:	USD 000	USD 000
	Aggregate remuneration	269	199
	Accrued defined contribution pension at the end of the year	2	2

The highest paid director did not receive shares in the ultimate parent company under the group's long term incentive plan during the year but did exercise stock options.

8 Share options plans and restricted share units

OSI Systems Inc., the ultimate parent company, ("OSI"), has granted share options and restricted stock units to certain employees and directors of Rapiscan Systems Limited. As of 29 June 2021, OSI maintained two share-based employee compensation plans (the "OSI Plans"): the 2012 Incentive Award Plan ("2012 Plan") and the Amended and Restated 2006 Equity Participation Plan ("2006 Plan"). Upon shareholder approval of the 2012 Plan, OSI ceased to make grants under the 2006 plan.

Under the 2012 Plan, OSI is authorised to grant awards in the form of incentive options, nonqualified options, restricted stock awards, stock appreciation rights, RSUs, performance shares and stock bonuses, amongst other forms of equity, to qualified employees, directors and consultants. The method of settlement for qualifying employees, directors and consultants is the award of shares in OSI Systems Inc.

Under the OSI Plans, the exercise price of nonqualified options and incentive stock options may not be less than the fair market value of OSI's Common Stock on the date of grant. The exercise price of nonqualified options and incentive stock options granted to individuals who own more than 10% of OSI's voting stock may not be less than 110% of the fair market value of OSI's Common Stock on the date of the grant.

Stock options granted under the OSI Plans typically vest over three years based on continued service. Restricted stock and RSUs typically vest over three to four years based on continued service. Certain restricted stock awards granted to senior management vest based on the achievement of pre-established performance goals. The award made during the year was immaterial.

9 Tax on profit on ordinary activities

(a) Analysis of charge in period	2021 USD 000	2020 USD 000
Current tax:		
UK corporation tax on profit for the year	3,458	2,438
Adjustments in respect of previous periods	69	(221)
Current tax charge for period	3,527	2,217
Deferred tax: Origination and reversal of timing differences Adjustments in respect of previous periods Change in tax rates	(247) 186 26	138 (14) 9
Total deferred tax	(35)	133
Tax charge on profit on ordinary activities (see (b) on the next page)	3,492	2,350

Annual Report and Financial Statements 2021

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 29 June 2021

9 Tax on profit on ordinary activities (continued)

(b) Factors affecting tax charge for period

The tax assessment for the year is lower than (2020: lower) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK for 2021 of 19% (2020: 19%)

The differences are explained below:

Profit on ordinary activities before tax USD 000 USD 000 Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2020: 19%) 3,538 2,399 Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2020: 19%) 3,538 2,399 Effects of: Standard Face of 19% (2020: 19%) 3,538 2,399 Expenses not deductible for tax purposes (35) 393 Patent box restriction on losses (538) (147) Adjustments to tax charge in respect of previous periods 255 (235) Pension (1) (4) Origination and reversal of timing differences 273 (56) Tax charge for period (see (a) previous page) 3,492 2,350 The deferred tax in the statement of financial position is as follows: Included in accounts receivable amounts due in more than one year (note 15) 328 439 Decelerated depreciation 489 382 Defined benefit pension scheme surplus (376) (43) Other timing differences 215 100 Total recognised deferred tax asset 328		2021	2020
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2020: 19%) 3,538 2,399 Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes (35) 393 Patent box restriction on losses (538) (147) Adjustments to tax charge in respect of previous periods 255 (235) Pension (1) (4) Origination and reversal of timing differences 273 (56) Tax charge for period (see (a) previous page) 3,492 2,350 (c) Deferred tax The deferred tax in the statement of financial position is as follows: Included in accounts receivable amounts due in more than one year (note 15) 328 439 Decelerated depreciation 489 382 Defined benefit pension scheme surplus (376) (43) Other timing differences 215 100 Total recognised deferred tax asset 328 439 Deferred tax asset at 30 June 439 439 Deferred tax expense included in the income statement for the year 222 (133) Deferred tax expense relating		USD 000	USD 000
19%) 3,338 2,398 Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes (35) 393 Patent box restriction on losses (538) (147) Adjustments to tax charge in respect of previous periods 255 (235) Pension (1) (4) Origination and reversal of timing differences 273 (56) Tax charge for period (see (a) previous page) 3,492 2,350 (c) Deferred tax The deferred tax in the statement of financial position is as follows: 328 439 Included in accounts receivable amounts due in more than one year (note 15) 328 439 Decelerated depreciation 489 382 Defined benefit pension scheme surplus (376) (43) Other timing differences 215 100 Total recognised deferred tax asset 328 439 Deferred tax asset at 30 June 439 439 Deferred tax expense included in the income statement for the year 222 (133) Deferred tax expense relating to the statement of comprehensive income (Profit on ordinary activities before tax	18,623	12,625
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes (35) 393 Patent box restriction on losses (538) (147) Adjustments to tax charge in respect of previous periods 255 (235) Pension (1) (4) Origination and reversal of timing differences 273 (56) Tax charge for period (see (a) previous page) 3,492 2,350 (c) Deferred tax The deferred tax in the statement of financial position is as follows: Included in accounts receivable amounts due in more than one year (note 15) 328 439 Decelerated depreciation 489 382 Defined benefit pension scheme surplus (376) (43) Other timing differences 215 100 Total recognised deferred tax asset 328 439 Deferred tax asset at 30 June 439 439 Deferred tax expense included in the income statement for the year 222 (133) Deferred tax expense relating to the statement of comprehensive income (333) 133	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	3,538	2,399
Patent box restriction on losses (538) (147) Adjustments to tax charge in respect of previous periods 255 (235) Pension (1) (4) Origination and reversal of timing differences 273 (56) Tax charge for period (see (a) previous page) 3,492 2,350 (c) Deferred tax The deferred tax in the statement of financial position is as follows: 328 439 Included in accounts receivable amounts due in more than one year (note 15) 328 439 Decelerated depreciation 489 382 Defined benefit pension scheme surplus (376) (43) Other timing differences 215 100 Total recognised deferred tax asset 328 439 Deferred tax asset at 30 June 439 439 Deferred tax expense included in the income statement for the year 222 (133) Deferred tax expense relating to the statement of comprehensive income (333) 133	Effects of:		
Adjustments to tax charge in respect of previous periods 255 (235) Pension (1) (4) Origination and reversal of timing differences 273 (56) Tax charge for period (see (a) previous page) 3,492 2,350 (c) Deferred tax The deferred tax in the statement of financial position is as follows: Included in accounts receivable amounts due in more than one year (note 15) 328 439 Decelerated depreciation 489 382 Defined benefit pension scheme surplus (376) (43) Other timing differences 215 100 Total recognised deferred tax asset 328 439 Deferred tax asset at 30 June 439 439 Deferred tax expense included in the income statement for the year 222 (133) Deferred tax expense relating to the statement of comprehensive income (333) 133	Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	(35)	393
Pension (1) (4) Origination and reversal of timing differences 273 (56) Tax charge for period (see (a) previous page) 3,492 2,350 (c) Deferred tax The deferred tax in the statement of financial position is as follows: Included in accounts receivable amounts due in more than one year (note 15) 328 439 Decelerated depreciation 489 382 Defined benefit pension scheme surplus (376) (43) Other timing differences 215 100 Total recognised deferred tax asset 328 439 Deferred tax asset at 30 June 439 439 Deferred tax expense included in the income statement for the year 222 (133) Deferred tax expense relating to the statement of comprehensive income (333) 133	Patent box restriction on losses	(538)	(147)
Origination and reversal of timing differences 273 (56) Tax charge for period (see (a) previous page) 3,492 2,350 (c) Deferred tax The deferred tax in the statement of financial position is as follows: Included in accounts receivable amounts due in more than one year (note 15) 328 439 Decelerated depreciation 489 382 Defined benefit pension scheme surplus (376) (43) Other timing differences 215 100 Total recognised deferred tax asset 328 439 Deferred tax asset at 30 June 439 439 Deferred tax expense included in the income statement for the year 222 (133) Deferred tax expense relating to the statement of comprehensive income (333) 133	Adjustments to tax charge in respect of previous periods	255	(235)
Tax charge for period (see (a) previous page) (c) Deferred tax The deferred tax in the statement of financial position is as follows: Included in accounts receivable amounts due in more than one year (note 15) Decelerated depreciation Defined benefit pension scheme surplus Other timing differences Total recognised deferred tax asset Deferred tax asset at 30 June Deferred tax asset at 30 June Deferred tax expense included in the income statement for the year Deferred tax expense relating to the statement of comprehensive income 3,492 2,350 2,350 489 328 439 249 250 250 261 261 263 263 263 263 263 263	Pension	(1)	(4)
(c) Deferred taxThe deferred tax in the statement of financial position is as follows: Included in accounts receivable amounts due in more than one year (note 15)328439Decelerated depreciation489382Defined benefit pension scheme surplus(376)(43)Other timing differences215100Total recognised deferred tax asset328439Deferred tax asset at 30 June439439Deferred tax expense included in the income statement for the year222(133)Deferred tax expense relating to the statement of comprehensive income(333)133	Origination and reversal of timing differences	273	(56)
The deferred tax in the statement of financial position is as follows: Included in accounts receivable amounts due in more than one year (note 15) Decelerated depreciation Defined benefit pension scheme surplus Other timing differences Total recognised deferred tax asset Deferred tax asset at 30 June Deferred tax asset at 30 June Deferred tax expense included in the income statement for the year Deferred tax expense relating to the statement of comprehensive income Total recognised deferred tax asset at 30 June Adaptive Total recognised deferred tax asset at 30 June Adaptive Total recognised deferred tax asset at 30 June Adaptive Total recognised deferred tax asset at 30 June Adaptive Total recognised deferred tax asset at 30 June Adaptive Total recognised deferred tax asset at 30 June Adaptive Total recognised deferred tax asset at 30 June Adaptive Total recognised deferred tax asset at 30 June Adaptive Total recognised deferred tax asset at 30 June Adaptive Total recognised deferred tax asset at 30 June Adaptive Total recognised deferred tax asset at 30 June Adaptive Total recognised deferred tax asset at 30 June Adaptive Total recognised deferred tax asset at 30 June Adaptive Total recognised deferred tax asset at 30 June Adaptive Total recognised deferred tax asset at 30 June Adaptive Total recognised deferred tax asset at 30 June Adaptive Total recognised deferred tax asset at 30 June Adaptive Total recognised deferred tax asset at 30 June Adaptive Total recognised deferred tax asset at 30 June Adaptive Total recognised deferred tax asset at 30 June Adaptive Total recognised deferred tax asset at 30 June Adaptive Total recognised deferred tax asset at 30 June Adaptive Total recognised deferred tax asset at 30 June Adaptive Total recognised deferred tax asset at 30 June Adaptive Total recognised deferred tax asset at 30 June Adaptive Total recognised deferred tax asset at 30 June Adaptive Total recognised deferred tax asset at 30 June Adaptive Total recognised deferred ta	Tax charge for period (see (a) previous page)	3,492	2,350
Included in accounts receivable amounts due in more than one year (note 15)328439Decelerated depreciation489382Defined benefit pension scheme surplus(376)(43)Other timing differences215100Total recognised deferred tax asset328439Deferred tax asset at 30 June439439Deferred tax expense included in the income statement for the year222(133)Deferred tax expense relating to the statement of comprehensive income(333)133	(c) Deferred tax		
Decelerated depreciation 489 382 Defined benefit pension scheme surplus (376) (43) Other timing differences 215 100 Total recognised deferred tax asset 328 439 Deferred tax asset at 30 June 439 439 Deferred tax expense included in the income statement for the year 222 (133) Deferred tax expense relating to the statement of comprehensive income (333) 133	The deferred tax in the statement of financial position is as follows:		
Defined benefit pension scheme surplus (376) (43) Other timing differences 215 100 Total recognised deferred tax asset 328 439 Deferred tax asset at 30 June 439 439 Deferred tax expense included in the income statement for the year 222 (133) Deferred tax expense relating to the statement of comprehensive income (333) 133	Included in accounts receivable amounts due in more than one year (note 15)	328	439
Other timing differences215100Total recognised deferred tax asset328439Deferred tax asset at 30 June439439Deferred tax expense included in the income statement for the year222(133)Deferred tax expense relating to the statement of comprehensive income(333)133	Decelerated depreciation	489	382
Other timing differences215100Total recognised deferred tax asset328439Deferred tax asset at 30 June439439Deferred tax expense included in the income statement for the year222(133)Deferred tax expense relating to the statement of comprehensive income(333)133	Defined benefit pension scheme surplus	(376)	(43)
Deferred tax asset at 30 June 439 Deferred tax expense included in the income statement for the year 222 (133) Deferred tax expense relating to the statement of comprehensive income (333) 133		215	100
Deferred tax expense included in the income statement for the year Deferred tax expense relating to the statement of comprehensive income (333) 133	Total recognised deferred tax asset	328	439
Deferred tax expense included in the income statement for the year Deferred tax expense relating to the statement of comprehensive income (333) 133	Deferred tax asset at 30 June	439	439
Deferred tax expense relating to the statement of comprehensive income (333) 133			
	1		` ′
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(d) Factors affecting future tax charges

An increase in the UK corporation tax rate from 19% to 25% (effective from 1 April 2023) was substantively enacted on 10 June 2021. The increase in the rate will apply to companies with profits over £250k. Also announced in the Budget on 3 March 2021 was the introduction of small profits rate of 19% to apply to profits under £50k with a tapered rate to apply on profits above this threshold but under £250k. Deferred tax has been provided at 25% as that is the rate that was substantially enacted at the balance sheet date.

10 Intangible assets

	Goodwill	Development cost	Patents	Computer software	Total
	USD 000	USD 000	USD 000	USD 000	USD 000
Cost					
At 30 June 2020	14,856	-	133	461	15,450
Additions	218	533	-	-	751
Disposals	-	-	-	(21)	(21)
At 29 June 2021	15,074	533	133	440	16,180
Amortisation	•				
At 30 June 2020	(4,009)	-	(75)	(416)	(4,500)
Provided during the year	(1,453)	-	(6)	(29)	(1,488)
Disposals	-	-	-	21	21
At 29 June 2021	(5,462)	-	(81)	(424)	(5,967)
Net book value					
At 29 June 2021	9,612	533	52	16	10,213
At 30 June 2020	10,847	-	58	45	10,950

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Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 29 June 2021

10 Intangible assets (continued)

The amortisation expense is included in the administrative expenses in the Income statement in both 2021 and 2020.

As at the year end, in line with the accounting policy, the Company assessed the goodwill for any indicators of impairment and concluded that no indicators exists that requires the company to assess the goodwill for impairment, apart from the amortisation over ten years. Therefore the carrying value of the goodwill as at year end is considered to be the recoverable amount.

On 17 April 2020, the company acquired certain trade assets from Eco Tec Labs GbR as noted below.

Acquisition of Eco Tec's assets	Cost	Fair value adjustment	Fair Value
	USD 000	USD 000	USD 000
Development intangible asset	220	313	533
Goodwill	-	218	218
Total Consideration payable	220	531	751

11 Property, plant and equipment

			Plant,		
Leasehold improvements	Land & buildings	Motor vehicles	machinery, fittings & equipment	Computer hardware	Total
USD 000	USD 000	USD 000	USD 000	USD 000	USD 000
935	12,872	10	12,545	1,378	27,740
-	51	-	480	162	693
(110)	-	(10)	(273)	(209)	(602)
825	12,923	-	12,752	1,331	27,831
(601)	(4,282)	(10)	(7,123)	(661)	(12,677)
(175)	(487)	-	(1,760)	(306)	(2,728)
89	-	10	273	203	575
(687)	(4,769)	-	(8,610)	(764)	(14,830)
138	8,154	-	4,142	567	13,001
22.4	0.500		5 422	717	15.062
334	8,590	-	5,422	717	15,063
	improvements USD 000 935 (110) 825 (601) (175) 89 (687)	improvements buildings USD 000 USD 000 935 12,872 - 51 (110) - 825 12,923 (601) (4,282) (175) (487) 89 - (687) (4,769) 138 8,154	improvements buildings vehicles USD 000 USD 000 USD 000 935 12,872 10 - 51 - (110) - (10) 825 12,923 - (601) (4,282) (10) (175) (487) - 89 - 10 (687) (4,769) - 138 8,154 -	improvements buildings vehicles equipment fittings & equipment USD 000 USD 000 USD 000 USD 000 935 12,872 10 12,545 - 51 - 480 (110) - (10) (273) 825 12,923 - 12,752 (601) (4,282) (10) (7,123) (175) (487) - (1,760) 89 - 10 273 (687) (4,769) - (8,610) 138 8,154 - 4,142	Leasehold improvements Land & buildings Motor vehicles machinery, fittings & equipment Computer hardware USD 000 USD 000 USD 000 USD 000 USD 000 USD 000 935 12,872 10 12,545 1,378 - 51 - 480 162 (110) - (10) (273) (209) 825 12,923 - 12,752 1,331 (601) (4,282) (10) (7,123) (661) (175) (487) - (1,760) (306) 89 - 10 273 203 (687) (4,769) - (8,610) (764) 138 8,154 - 4,142 567

The depreciation expense is included in the administrative expenses in the Income statement in both 2021 and 2020.

12 Financial assets

	Shares in subsidiary	Shares in subsidiary	
	2021 USD 000	2020 USD 000	
Cost			
Brought forward at 30 June	90	90	
Additions		<u>-</u>	
Carried forward at 29 June	90	90	
Impairment		-	
Net book value	90	90	

On 4 November 2014, the company set up a subsidiary, ES Rapiscan Systems Turkmen in Turkmenistan, subscribing for USD 90,000 for a 90% share of the company. The remaining 10% was subscribed to by CXR Limited, a fellow group company. The principal activities of ES Rapiscan Systems Turkmen is provision of service, maintenance and support in relation to Rapiscan Systems Limited products.

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Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 29 June 2021

13 Inventory	2021	2020
	USD 000	USD 000
Raw materials and consumables	33,141	31,393
Work-in-progress	23,981	15,363
Hire and demonstration equipment	1,365	2,450
Finished goods and goods for resale	18,013	14,410
	76,500	63,616

Amounts written off as inventory impairment during the year were USD 2,035k (2020: 641k)

14 Trade and other receivables: falling due within one year

	2021	2020
	USD 000	USD 000
Trade receivables	53,699	61,928
Amounts owed by group undertakings	122,000	79,793
Other receivables	12,104	1,717
Corporation tax	231	2,348
Prepayments and accrued income	29,493	25,374
	217,527	171,160

15 Trade and other receivables: falling due in more than one year

	2021	2020
	USD 000	USD 000
Amounts owed by group undertakings	19,182	33,410
Deferred tax asset	328	439
	19,510	33,849

Amounts owed by group undertakings are unsecured, with a date of repayment of September 2025, however, are repayable on demand. The directors currently have no plans of demanding early repayment. The balance is interest bearing as the annual applicable Federal Rate of the US Federal Reserve.

16 Current liabilities

	2021	2020
	USD 000	USD 000
Trade payable	30,184	12,931
Amounts due to group undertakings	74,493	67,636
Loans due to group undertaking	12,503	11,099
Tax and social security	806	721
Accruals	7,984	6,750
Deferred revenue and advances from customers	27,271	16,623
	153,241	115,760

Amounts owed to group undertakings are unsecured, have no fixed date of repayment, are repayable on demand and are interest free. At the statement of financial position date, the company's bankers had a fixed charge over the company's debtor balances and a floating charge over all assets of the company in respect of the bank facilities.

Loans owed to group undertakings are unsecured and are interest bearing at the annual Applicable Federal Rate of the US Federal Reserve.

17 Non-current liabilities

	2021	2020
	USD 000	USD 000
Deferred revenue	7,811	6,646

2021

2021

2020

2020

Annual Report and Financial Statements 2021

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 29 June 2021

18 Provisions for liabilities and charges	Balance at 29 June 2020	Profit & loss charge	Applied during year	Balance at 29 June 2021
	USD 000	USD 000	USD 000	USD 000
Warranty provision	12,843	1,211	(2,742)	11,312
Contract loss provision		10	-	10
	12,843	1,221	(2,742)	11,322

The warranty provision represents estimated potential cost of repair to be carried out under product warranty and will be utilised between 1-2 years. Warranty periods vary in accordance with the terms of individual contracts. The contract loss is a provision for losses on a contract.

19 Called up share capital

	2021 USD 000	2020 USD 000
Issued and fully paid 11,591,117 (2020 – 11,591,117) ordinary shares of £1 each	17,416	17,416
	17,416	17,416

20 Contingent liabilities

At 29 June 2021 the company had a contingent liability in respect of outstanding performance bonds with a value of USD 47,736K (2020 - USD 27,545K). In the opinion of the Directors it is unlikely that these bonds will be called upon.

21 Operating lease commitments

At 29 June, the company had minimum future commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

	2021		2020	
	Buildings USD 000	Other USD 000	Buildings USD 000	Other USD 000
Accounts payable:				
In less than one year	53	71	485	323
Within two to five years	987	414	1,090	314
After five years	595	-	196	-
	1,635	485	1,771	637

22 Pension scheme

The company operates two separate pension schemes, namely a defined contribution scheme and a defined benefit scheme. The amount recognised in the statement of financial position is as follows:

	2021 USD 000	2020 USD 000
Defined benefit scheme asset	1,503	226
Defined contribution scheme payment accrual	(167)	(158)
The amount recognised in the income statement is as follows:	2021 USD 000	2020 USD 000
Defined benefit scheme:	(02)	(100)
Interest expense on defined benefit obligation	(92)	(100)
Interest income on scheme assets	96	122
Net income	4	22

The total charge for the defined contribution pension scheme was USD 960K (2020: USD 929K)

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Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 29 June 2021

22 Pension scheme (continued)

Defined benefit scheme

The company sponsors a funded defined benefit pension plan with assets held in a separately administered fund. The scheme is closed to future accrual although benefits are provided based on final salary. The scheme is administered by trustees, who are responsible for ensuring that the plan is sufficiently funded to meet current and future obligations.

The last funding valuation of the scheme was carried out by a qualified actuary as at 31 March 2019 and the initial results of that valuation have been adjusted to the statement of financial position date taking account of experience over the period since 31 March 2019, changes in market conditions and differences in the financial and demographic assumptions. The present value of the defined benefit obligation was measured using the projected unit credit method.

The principal assumptions used to calculate the liabilities under FRS 102 are set out below:

	2021	2020
Main financial assumptions		
Inflation (RPI)	3.3%	3.2%
Inflation (CPI)	2.6%	2.3%
Pension increases	3.2%	3.1%
Discount rate for scheme liabilities	1.9%	1.6%

Main demographic assumptions

The mortality assumptions are based on the "S3" Series base mortality tables with improvements in line with the Continuous Mortality Investigation (CMI) 2019 projections and a long-term rate of improvement of 1.25% pa (1.25% pa).

	2021	2020
Life expectancy in years from age of 65		
Male currently aged 65	21	21
Female currently aged 65	23	23
Male currently aged 45	22	22
Female currently aged 45	25	25
Fair value of scheme assets		
	2021	2020
	USD 000	USD 000
Equities	5,818	4,286
Gilts	702	697
Corporate bonds	421	322
Other	69	53
Total	7,010	5,358
Actual return on scheme assets		
	2021	2020
	USD 000	USD 000
Interest income on scheme assets	96	122
Gain / (loss) on scheme assets	1,031	(278)
Actual return on scheme assets	1,127	(156)

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Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 29 June 2021

22 Pension scheme (continued)

Defined benefit scheme (continued)

Reconciliation of the fair value of scheme assets

	2021	2020
	USD 000	USD 000
Fair value of assets at 30 June	5,358	5,780
Interest Income on scheme assets	96	122
Gain / (Loss) on scheme assets	1,031	(278)
Net benefits paid out	(153)	(106)
Translation adjustment	678	(160)
Fair value of scheme assets at 29 June	7,010	5,358

Reconciliation of the defined benefit obligation

	2021	2020
	USD 000	USD 000
Defined benefit obligation at 30 June	5,132	4,747
Interest expense	92	100
Actuarial (gain) / loss on scheme liabilities	(262)	523
Past Service costs	49	-
Net benefits paid out	(153)	(106)
Translation adjustment	649	(132)
Defined benefit obligation at 29 June	5,507	5,132

23 Ultimate parent undertaking and controlling entity

Rapiscan Systems Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary of OSI (Holdings) Company Limited, a company registered in England and Wales. OSI (Holdings) Company Limited is a subsidiary undertaking of OSI Systems Inc., a company registered in the State of California USA. The directors consider OSI Systems Inc. to be the controlling ultimate parent company and a copy of this company's accounts can be obtained from 12525 Chadron Avenue, Hawthorne, CA 90250, USA.

24 Related party disclosures

The company has taken advantage of the exemption under FRS 102 section 33.1A, as a wholly owned subsidiary of OSI Systems Inc. and has not disclosed details of transactions with other group companies. There were no other transactions or balances with related parties.

25 Post balance sheet events

There are no reportable post balance sheet events.

Rapiscan Systems Limited
One New Change
London
England
EC4M 9AF

Mercer & Hole Gloucester House 72 London Road St Albans Hertfordshire

Dear Sirs

The following representations are made on the basis of enquiries of management and staff with relevant knowledge and experience such as we consider necessary in connection with your audit of the company's financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2021. These enquiries have included inspection of supporting documentation where appropriate and are sufficient to satisfy ourselves that we can make each of the following representations. All representations are made to the best of our knowledge and belief.

GENERAL

- 1. We have fulfilled our responsibilities as directors, as set out in the terms of your engagement letter dated 16 April 2019 under the Companies Act 2006, for preparing financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view and for making accurate representations to you.
- 2. All the transactions undertaken by the company have been properly reflected and recorded in the accounting records.
- 3. All the accounting records have been made available to you for the purpose of your audit. We have provided you with unrestricted access to all appropriate persons within the company, and with all other records and related information requested, including minutes of all management and shareholder meetings.
- 4. The financial statements are free of material misstatements, including omissions.
- 5. The effects of uncorrected misstatements are immaterial both individually and in total.

INTERNAL CONTROL AND FRAUD

- 6. We acknowledge our responsibility for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control systems to prevent and detect fraud and error. We have disclosed to you the results of our risk assessment that the financial statements may be misstated as a result of fraud.
- 7. We have disclosed to you all instances of known or suspected fraud affecting the entity involving management, employees who have a significant role in internal control or others that could have a material effect on the financial statements.
- 8. We have also disclosed to you all information in relation to allegations of fraud or suspected fraud affecting the entity's financial statements communicated by current or former employees, analysts, regulators or others.

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

- 9. The company has satisfactory title to all assets and there are no liens or encumbrances on the company's assets, except for those that are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.
- 10. All actual liabilities, contingent liabilities and guarantees given to third parties have been recorded or disclosed as appropriate.
- 11. We have no plans or intentions that may materially alter the carrying value and, where relevant, the fair value measurements or classification of assets and liabilities reflected in the financial statements.
- 12. We confirm that we believe that the provision for bad and doubtful debts is sufficient and those amounts that are not provided against are recoverable in full.
- 13. We confirm that we believe amounts owed by fellow group undertakings are recoverable in full and that no provision is required.

ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

- 14. The methods, data and significant assumptions used by us in making accounting estimates, and their related disclosures are appropriate to achieve recognition, measurement and disclosure that is reasonable in the context of the applicable financial reporting framework.
- 15. We confirm that we believe the warranty provision is a reasonable estimate of any expected future claims for productions sold and still under warranty at the year.

LOANS AND ARRANGEMENTS

16. The company has not granted any advances or credits to, or made guarantees on behalf of, directors other than those disclosed in the financial statements.

LEGAL CLAIMS

17. We have disclosed to you all claims in connection with litigation that have been, or are expected to be, received and such matters, as appropriate, have been properly accounted for and disclosed in the financial statements.

LAWS AND REGULATIONS

18. We have disclosed to you all known instances of non-compliance or suspected non-compliance with laws and regulations whose effects should be considered when preparing the financial statements.

RELATED PARTIES

19. Related party relationships and transactions have been appropriately accounted for and disclosed in the financial statements. We have disclosed to you all relevant information concerning such relationships and transactions and are not aware of any other matters which require disclosure in order to comply with the requirements of company law or accounting standards.

SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

20. All events subsequent to the date of the financial statements which require adjustment or disclosure have been properly accounted for and disclosed.

GOING CONCERN

21. We believe that the company's financial statements should be prepared on a going concern basis on the grounds that current and future sources of funding or support will be more than adequate for the company's needs. We have considered a period of twelve months from the date of approval of the financial statements. We believe that disclosures made in the financial statements are an accurate reflection of the current situation and no further disclosures relating to the company's ability to continue as a going concern need to be made in the financial statements.

We acknowledge our legal responsibilities regarding disclosure of information to you as auditors and confirm that so far as we are aware, there is no relevant audit information needed by you in connection with preparing your audit report of which you are unaware.

Each director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that you are aware of that information.

urs faithfully	
DocuSigned by:	
Docusigned by: EUVAN KUNT 6F87BEA95D1C445.	
6F87BEA95D1C445.	

Signed on behalf of the board of directors

Date 17/3/2022

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