

Technical Data

Mueller Hinton Agar

M173

Intended Use:

Recommended for determination of susceptibility of microorganisms to antimicrobial agents isolated from clinical samples. **Composition****

Ingredients	Gms / Litre
HM infusion B from #	300.000
Acicase ##	17.500
Starch	1.500
Agar	17.000
Final pH (at 25°C)	7.4±0.1
**Formula adjusted, standardized to suit performance parameters	5

- Equivalent to Beef infusion from

- Equivalent to Casein acid hydrolysate

Directions

Suspend 38.0 grams in 1000 ml distilled water. Heat to boiling to dissolve the medium completely. Sterilize by autoclaving at 15 lbs pressure (121°C) for 15 minutes. Cool to 45-50°C. Mix well and pour into sterile Petri plates. Note: The performance of this batch has been tested and standardised as per the current CLSI (formerly, NCCLS) document M6-protocols for Evaluating Dehydrated Mueller Hinton Agar.

Principle And Interpretation

The Mueller Hinton formulation was originally developed as a simple, transparent agar medium for the cultivation of pathogenic *Neisseria* species (1). Other media were subsequently developed that replaced the use of Mueller Hinton Agar for the cultivation of pathogenic *Neisseria* species, but it became widely used in the determination of sulfonamide resistance of gonococci and other organisms. Mueller Hinton Agar is now used as a test medium for antimicrobial susceptibility testing (2). Mueller Hinton Agar is recommended for the diffusion of antimicrobial agents impregnated on paper disc through an agar gel as described in CLSI Approved Standard (3). Mueller Hinton Agar has been selected by the CLSI for several reasons:

i. It demonstrates good batch-to-batch reproducibility for susceptible testing.

ii. It is low in sulfonamide, trimethoprim and tetracycline inhibitors.

iii. It supports the growth of most non-fastidious bacterial pathogens and

iv. Many data and much experience regarding its performance have been recorded (9).

Kirby-Bauer et al recommended this medium for performing antibiotic susceptibility tests using a single disc of high concentration (4). WHO Committee on Standardization of Susceptibility Testing has accepted Mueller Hinton Agar for determining the susceptibility of microorganisms because of its reproducibility (5). Mueller Hinton Agar with 5% sheep blood and Mueller Hinton Agar with Hemoglobin have been recommended for antimicrobial susceptibility testing of *Streptococcus pneumoniae* and *Haemophilus influenzae*.

HM infusion B from and acicase provide nitrogenous compounds, carbon, sulphur and other essential nutrients. Starch acts as a protective colloid against toxic substances present in the medium. Starch hydrolysis yields dextrose, which serves as a source of energy. These ingredients are selected for low thymine and thymidine content as determined by MIC values for *Enterococcus faecalis* with sulfamethoxazoletrimethoprim (SXT).

The Kirby-Bauer procedure is based on agar diffusion of antimicrobial substances impregnated on paper discs. This method employs disc with a single concentration of antimicrobial agent and the zone diameters observed are correlated with minimum inhibitory concentration (MIC) values (1, 2, 6). A standardized suspension of the organism is swabbed over the entire surface

of the medium. Paper discs impregnated with specific amounts of antimicrobial agents are then placed on the surface of the medium, incubated and zones of inhibition around each disc are measured. The susceptibility is determined by comparing with CLSI standards (7). The various factors, which influence disc diffusion susceptibility tests, are agar depth, disc potency, inoculum concentration, pH of the medium and beta-lactamase production by test organisms (7, 9).

Mueller Hinton Agar is not appropriate for assay by disc diffusion method with slow growing organisms, anaerobes and capnophiles. With slow growing organisms, increased incubation may cause deterioration of diffusing antibiotic and produce unprecise readings (8).

Type of specimen

Clinical samples : Pure cultures isolated from urine , stool, blood etc.

Specimen Collection and Handling

For clinical samples follow appropriate techniques for handling specimens as per established guidelines (10,11).

Warning and Precautions

In Vitro diagnostic use only. Read the label before opening the container. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/ eye protection/face protection. Follow good microbiological lab practices while handling specimens and culture. Standard precautions as per established guidelines should be followed while handling clinical specimens. Safety guidelines may be referred in individual safety data sheets.

Limitations

This medium is recommended for susceptibility testing of pure cultures only.

Inoculum density may effect the zone size. Heavy inoculum may result in smaller zones or too less inoculum may result in bigger zones.

Fastidious organisms may not grow on this medium and may require supplementation of blood.

Fastidious anarobes may not grow on this medium.

As antimicrobial susceptibility is carried with antibiotic disc, proper storage of the disc is desired which may effect the potency of the disc.

Under certain circumstances, the in vitro results of antibiotic susceptibility may not show the same in vivo

Performance and Evaluation

Performace of the medium is expected when used as per the direction on the label within the expiry period when stored at recommended temperature.

Quality Control

Appearance

Cream to yellow homogeneous free flowing powder

Gelling

Firm, comparable with 1.7% agar gel.

Colour and Clarity of prepared medium

Light amber coloured clear to slight opalscent gel froms in Petri plates.

Reaction

Reaction of 3.8% w/v aqueous solution at 25°C. pH : 7.4±0.1

pН

7.20-7.50

Cultural Response

Cultural characteristics observed after incubation at 30-35°C for 18 -24 hours for bacterial cultures. For testing S.pneumoniae : The medium was supplemented with 5% Sheep blood and incubated at 35°C for 16-18 hours at 5% CO2 For testing H.influenaze : The medium was supplemented with 5g/l of Yeast extract & 2 vials /l of Haemophilus Growth Supplement (FD117 containing 15 mg/l of Haematin + 15 mg/l of NAD) and incubated at 35°C for 20-24 hours at 5% CO2

Antibiotic Sensitivity test

Various discs were tested for standard ATCC strains and zone of inhibition were measured after an incubation 30-35°C for 18 hours. (As per the latest CLSI Protocol M6 & Standards as per the current CLSI M100)

Thymine/Thymidine Content

The zones for these discs are indicative of the Thymine/Thymidine content of the medium.

Divalent Cation Content

\$ The zones for these discs are indicative of the Divalent Cation content of the medium

Cultural Response

Cultural Response			
Organism	Growth	Standard Zone Zone of	
-			inhibition
			Observed
<i>Escherichia coli</i> ATCC 25922 (00013*)	luxuriant		
Cephalothin CEP 30mcg		29-37 mm	29 -37 mm
Chloramphenicol C 30 mcg		21-27 mm	21 -27 mm
Co-Trimoxazole COT 25		23-29 mm	23 -29 mm
mcg #			
Cefotaxime CTX 30 mcg		29-35 mm	29 -35 mm
Gentamicin GEN 10 mcg		19-26 mm	19 -26 mm
Sulphafurazole SF 300 mcg		15-23 mm	15 -23 mm
Staphylococcus aureus	luxuriant		
subsp. <i>aureus</i> ATCC 25923 (00034*)	iu.ruituit		
Co-Trimoxazole COT 25		# 20 mm (Clear	r>=20 mm
mcg #		zone)	
Cefoxitin CX 30 mcg		23-29 mm	23 -29 mm
Erythromycin E 15 mcg		22-30 mm	22 -30 mm
Linezolid LZ 30 mcg		25-32 mm	25 -32 mm
Oxacillin OX 1mcg		18-24 mm	18 -24 mm
Pristinomycin RP 15 mcg		21-28 mm	21 -28 mm
Tetracycline TE 30 mcg \$		18-25 mm	18 -25 mm
Ciprofloxacin CIP 5mcg		22-30 mm	22 -30 mm
Pseudomonas aeruginosa	luxuriant		
ATCC 27853 (00025*)	пихипант		
Ceftazidime CAZ 30 mcg		22-29 mm	22 -29 mm
Ciprofloxacin CIP 5mcg		30-40 mm	30 -40 mm
Tobramycin TOB 10 mcg \$		19-25 mm	19 -25 mm
Amikacin AK 30 mcg \$		18-26 mm	18 -26 mm
Aztreonam AT 3mcg		23-29 mm	23 -29 mm
Cephotaxime CTX 30 mcg		18-22 mm	18 -22 mm
Gentamicin GEN 10 mcg \$		16-21 mm	16 -21 mm
Imipenem IPM 10 mcg		20-28 mm	20 -28 mm
Piperacillin PI 100 mcg		12-18 mm	25 -33 mm
Escherichia coli ATCC	luxuriant		
35218			
Amoxyclav AMC 30 mcg		18-24 mm	18 -24 mm
Piperacillin/Tazobactam PI 100/10 mcg	Γ	24-30 mm	24 -30 mm
Ticarcillin TI 75 mcg		6 mm	6 -6 mm
Ticarcillin/Clavulanic acid		20-28 mm	20 -28 mm
TCC 75/10mcg			
Ampicillin AMP 10 mcg		16-22 mm	16 -22 mm
Ampicillin/Sulbactam A/S		29-37 mm	29 -37 mm
10/10 mcg			
<i>Enterococcus faecalis</i> ATCC 29212 (00087*)	luxuriant		
Trimethoprim TR 5 mcg #		# 20 mm	>=20 mm
Vancomycin VA 30 mcg		17-21 mm	17 -21 mm
Staphylococcus aureus	luxuriant		
subsp. aureusATCC 43300			
(MRSA) (00211*)			
Oxacillin OX 1 mcg		Very Hazy to No Zone	No zone

Key : *Corresponding WDCM numbers.

Storage and Shelf Life

Store between 10-30°C in a tightly closed container and the prepared medium at 20-30°C. Use before expiry date on the label. On opening, product should be properly stored dry, after tightly capping the bottle inorder to prevent lump formation due to the hygroscopic nature of the product. Improper storage of the product may lead to lump formation. Store in dry ventilated area protected from extremes of temperature and sources of ignition Seal the container tightly after use. Use before expiry date on the label.

Product performance is best if used within stated expiry period.

Disposal

User must ensure safe disposal by autoclaving and/or incineration of used or unusable preparations of this product. Follow established laboratory procedures in disposing of infectious materials and material that comes into contact with clinical sample must be decontaminated and disposed of in accordance with current laboratory techniques (10,11).

Reference

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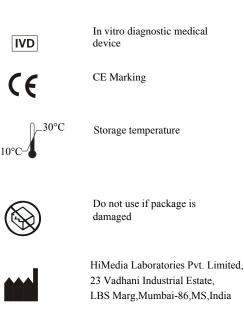
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Revision : 04 / 2018





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