

SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. <u>Product identifier:</u> SULPHURIC ACID

Chemical name: Sulphuric acid CAS number: 7664-93-9 EC number: 231-639-5 Index number: 016-020-00-8 Registration number: 01-2119458838-20-0045

1.2. <u>Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against:</u>

Sulphuric acid for industrial use. Production of sulphuric acid: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9 Use of sulphuric acid as an intermediate in manufacture of inorganic and organic chemicals incl. fertilizers: PROC1, PROC2, PROC₃, PROC₄, PROC₈a, PROC₈b, PROC₉ Use of sulphuric acid as a processing aid, catalyst, dehydrating agent, pH regulator: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC13 Use of sulphuric acid for extractions and processing of minerals, ores: PROC2, PROC3, PROC4 Use of sulphuric acid in the process of surface treatments, purification and etching: PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC13 Use of sulphuric acid in electrolytic processes: PROC1, PROC2, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC13 Use of sulphuric acid in gas purification, scrubbing, flue gas scrubbing: PROC1, PROC2, PROC8b Use of sulphuric acid in production of sulphuric acid contained batteries: PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, and PROC9. Use of sulphuric acid in maintenance of sulphuric acid contained batteries: PROC19 Use of sulphuric acid in recycling of sulphuric acid contained batteries: PROC2, PROC4, PROC5, PROC8a. Use of sulphuric acid contained batteries: PROC19 Use of sulphuric acid as laboratory chemicals: PROC22 Use of sulphuric acid in industrial cleaning: PROC3 Mixing, preparation and repackaging of sulphuric acid: PROC₃, PROC₁₀.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet:

Information about the manufacturer: UKM IM VE TIKARET LTD STI Altinsehir P6F2+77 02040 Adiyaman Merkez Turkey

- 1.3.1.Responsible person:-E-mail:ukmimve@gmail.com
- 1.4. <u>Emergency telephone number:</u> Please fill in

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. <u>Classification of the substance or mixture:</u>

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP): Skin corrosion/irritation, Hazard Category 1A – H314

Hazard statements:

H314 – Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

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2.2. Label elements:

Chemical name: Sulphuric acid CAS number: 7664-93-9 EC number: 231-639-5



Hazard statements:

H314 – Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Precautionary statements:

P280 – Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P303 + **P361** + **P353** – IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. **P305** + **P351** + **P338** – IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 – Immediately call a POISON CENTER or a doctor.

Note:

Some substances (acids, bases, etc.) are placed on the market in aqueous solutions at various concentrations and, therefore, these solutions require different labelling since the hazards vary at different concentrations. In this case the manufacturer or any other person who markets such a substance in aqueous solution must state the percentage concentration of the solution on the label.

2.3. <u>Other hazards:</u>

If inhaled: the vapours of sulphuric acid strongly irritate the mucous membranes and the respiratory tract. Corrosion is possible. In case of ingestion: corrosion in the mouth and throat. Pain, vomiting, fainting may occur.

In case of skin contact: irritation, corrosion, wounds due to burning.

Eye contact: the vapours strongly irritate the eyes. If the liquid gets into the eyes, strong corrosion occurs, in more serious cases it causes blindness. Burning sensation, lachrymation may occur.

In chronic cases lung oedema, conjunctivitis may occur.

During the chemical processes, higher toxicity gases, vapours, liquids may be formed.

No other known specific hazards for human or environment.

The product is not a PBT or vPvB substance.

Endocrine disrupting property: Not an endocrine disruptor.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substance:

Chemical name: Sulphuric acid Synonym: Hydrated sulphuric acid, vitriol, battery acid, hydrogen tetraoxo sulphate CAS number: 7664-93-9 EC number: 231-639-5 Molecular formula: H_2SO_4 Molecular weight: 98 g/mol Purity: min. 15 %

Specific concentration limits:

Skin Corr. 1A; H314: $C \ge 15\%$ Skin Irrit. 2; H315: $5\% \le C < 15\%$ Eye Irrit. 2; H319: $5\% \le C < 15\%$

The safety data sheet contains data that is valid for every sulphuric acid solution with a concentration of \geq 15%.



SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. <u>Description of first aid measures</u>:

INGESTION:

Measures:

- Obtain immediate medical attention and show him the label.
- Place the victim into comfortable position.
- Do not give the victim anything to eat or drink, and do not induce vomiting if the victim is unconscious.

INHALATION:

Measures:

- Remove to fresh air, keep warm and at rest.
- If the breath has stopped, breathing support or artificial respiration have to be applied.
- In certain cases, administering oxygen may be necessary.
- Obtain immediate medical attention and show him the label.

SKIN CONTACT:

Measures:

- Remove the contaminated clothes and shoes.
- Wash the contaminated area with plenty of warm water and soap (for 15 minutes) and cover with sterile lint.
- Obtain immediate medical attention and show him the label.

EYE CONTACT:

Measures:

- In case of contact with eyes flush immediately with plenty of flowing water for 15 minutes holding eyelids apart (for at least 15 minutes).
- Obtain immediate medical attention and show him the label.

4.2. <u>Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:</u>

If inhaled: the vapours of sulphuric acid strongly irritate the mucous membranes and the respiratory tract. Corrosion is possible. In case of ingestion: corrosion in the mouth and throat. Pain, vomiting, fainting may occur.

In case of skin contact: irritation, corrosion, wounds due to burning.

Eye contact: the vapours strongly irritate the eyes. If the liquid gets into the eyes, strong corrosion occurs, in more serious cases it causes blindness. Burning sensation, lachrymation may occur.

In chronic cases lung oedema, conjunctivitis may occur.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

No special treatment needed; treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

- 5.1. <u>Extinguishing media:</u>
- 5.1.1. Suitable extinguishing media:

Choose extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.

- 5.1.2. Unsuitable extinguishing media:
 - No unsuitable extinguishing media known.

5.2. <u>Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:</u>

Sulphuric acid is non-combustible.

In case of fire, smoke and other combustion products may be formed, the inhalation of such combustion products can have serious adverse effects on health.

The formation of dangerous decomposition products greatly depends on the circumstances of the combustion. A complex mixture of airborne solid, liquid and gas substances may occur, such as carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and unidentified compounds.

5.3. <u>Advice for firefighters:</u>

Wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. <u>Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:</u>

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel:

Allow only well-trained experts wearing suitable protective clothing to abide in the field of the accident.

- 6.1.2. For emergency responders:
 - Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Do not breathe the vapours of the product. Stop the leaking if it can be done without any risks. Wear appropriate protective equipment.



6.2. <u>Environmental precautions:</u>

Dispose of the spillage and the resulting waste according to the applicable environmental regulations. Do not allow the product and the resulting waste to enter sewers/soil/surface or ground water. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of environmental pollution immediately.

6.3. <u>Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:</u>

Dike the spilled material and pump it up.

The residues of the spilled material have to be absorbed with non-combustible absorbent (e.g. dry earth, sand or other inert absorbent) then place the collected waste into appropriate, labelled, closable hazardous waste container till proper removal/disposal.

During the collection, placement, disposal of the waste, wear appropriate individual protective equipment.

6.4. <u>Reference to other sections:</u>

For further and detailed information see Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. <u>Precautions for safe handling:</u>

Observe conventional hygiene precautions. Keep container closed when not in use. **Technical measures:** Ensure adequate ventilation. Use as less product as possible. Wear appropriate protective equipment. Precautions against fire and explosion: Do not use near to open flame or hot surfaces. The emptied containers may contain hazardous product residues. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities: 7.2. Technical measures and storage condition: Keep in original, closed and appropriately labelled container. The place of storage has to be properly ventilated and cleanable. Store in cool and dry place. Keep away from moisture. Follow all instructions on the label. Keep away from combustible material. Keep unauthorized persons away, place appropriate transparent, subscriptions. Can be stored for indefinite time. Incompatible materials: See Section 10.5 Packaging material: No special prescriptions. Specific end use(s): 7.3.

No specific instructions available.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. <u>Control parameters:</u>

Occupational exposure limit values (Commission Directive (EC) No 2000/39 of 8 June 2000): Sulphuric acid (mist) (CAS: 7664-93-9): 8 hours: 0.05 mg/m³

| DNEL values | | Oral exposure | | Dermal exposure | | Inhalative exposure | |
|-------------|----------|-----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|
| | | Short term (acute) | Long term (chronic) | Short term (acute) | Long term (chronic) | Short term (acute) | Long term (chronic) |
| Consumer | Local | no data | no data | no data | no data | no data | no data |
| Consumer | Systemic | no data | no data | no data | no data | no data | no data |
| Worker | Local | no data | no data | no data | no data | no data | no data |
| WORKEI | Systemic | no data | no data | no data | no data | no data | no data |



| PNEC values | | |
|------------------------------|---------|----------|
| Compartment | Value | Note(s) |
| Freshwater | no data | no notes |
| Marine water | no data | no notes |
| Freshwater sediment | no data | no notes |
| Marine water sediment | no data | no notes |
| Sewage Treatment Plant (STP) | no data | no notes |
| Intermittent release | no data | no notes |
| Secondary poisoning | no data | no notes |
| Soil | no data | no notes |

8.2. Exposure controls:

In case of a hazardous material with no controlled concentration limit it is the employer's duty to keep concentration levels down to a minimum achievable by existing scientific and technological means, where the hazardous substance poses no harm to workers.

8.2.1. Appropriate engineering controls:

In pursuance of work is proper foresight needed to avoid spilling onto clothes and floors and to avoid contact with eyes and skin. Use corrosion proof ventilation, which must be separated from other ventilation systems.

The structural materials have to be corrosion-proof.

Avoid inhalation of vapours.

In the vicinity of the workplace, eye wash bottle and emergency shower must be available.

Do not eat, smoke, store food in the workplace.

Ensure cold-warm water washing facility.

8.2.2. Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment:

- 1. Eye/face protection: Use appropriate face protection and protective glasses (EN ISO 16321-1:2022; EN 166).
- 2. Skin protection:
 - a. Hand protection: Use appropriate, acid resistant protective gloves (EN 374).
 - b. **Other:** Use appropriate, acid resistant protective clothing clothes (protective clothes tight at the neck and joint, protective boots, protective gloves, face mask).
 - **Respiratory protection:** In case of emergency, use self-contained respiratory equipment.
- 4. Thermal hazards: No thermal hazards known.
- Environmental exposure controls:

No specific prescription.

3.

8.2.3.

The requirements detailed in Section 8 assume skilled work under normal conditions and usage of the product for appropriate aims. If conditions differ from normal or work is carried out under extreme conditions, an expert's advice is necessary before deciding upon further protective measures.



SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties:

| | Parameter | Value / Test method / Remarks |
|-----|--|--|
| 1. | Physical state | viscous liquid |
| 2. | Colour | colourless - brown |
| 3. | Odour, odour threshold | pungent |
| 4. | Melting point/freezing point | 10.4-10.9 °C (100 % concentration) |
| | | -1.11-3.0 °C (98 % concentration) |
| | | -13.8910 °C (96 % concentration) |
| | | 7.56 °C (83 % concentration) |
| 5. | Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range | 290 °C (100 % concentration) |
| | | 310-335 °C (98 % concentration) |
| | | 330 °C (96 % concentration) |
| | | 360 °C (77 % concentration) |
| 6. | Flammability | not flammable |
| 7. | Lower and upper explosion limit | no data* |
| 8. | Flash point | not relevant |
| 9. | Auto-ignition temperature | not relevant |
| 10. | Decomposition temperature | 151 °C |
| 11. | рН | < 1 (strong acid) |
| 12. | Kinematic viscosity | no data* |
| 13. | Solubility in water | miscible in water (with explosion-like decomposition); |
| | in other solvents | insoluble in other solvents |
| 14. | Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value) | no data* |
| 15. | Vapour pressure | 130 Pa (97 % concentration, 148.5 °C) |
| | | 214 Pa (65 % concentration, 20 °C) |
| | | 6 Pa (90 % concentration, 20 °C) |
| 16. | Density and/or relative density | 1.8144-1.8305 kg/l (90-100 % concentration) |
| 17. | Relative vapour density | no data* |
| 18. | Particle characteristics | no data* |

9.2. <u>Other information:</u>

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes: Explosive properties: Not explosive.

Oxidizing properties: Not oxidizing.

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics:

Dynamic viscosity: 22.5 Cp (20 °C, 95% concentration) (0.0025 PaS, 22.5 mPaS)

(0.0025 PaS, 22.5 Dissociation constant: pKa = 1.92

Particle size dispersion: not necessary in case of liquids.

*: The manufacturer did not carry out any tests on this parameter for the product or the results of the tests are not available at the time of publication of the data sheet, or the property is not applicable for the product.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

| 10.1. | Reactivity: |
|-------|--|
| | No reactivity known. |
| 10.2. | <u>Chemical stability:</u> |
| | Stable within normal temperature and under general work conditions. |
| 10.3. | Possibility of hazardous reactions: |
| | Reacts violently with water, alkalies. The reactions are followed by strong heat build-up. Destructs the most organic materials. |
| | During the violent reactions the combustible materials may catch fire. Strong oxidizing effect. |
| 10.4. | Conditions to avoid: |
| | Decomposes at the effect of heat. |
| 10.5. | Incompatible materials: |
| | Water, alkalies, acids with water content, combustible materials. |
| 10.6. | Hazardous decomposition products: |
| | Sulphur trioxide. |
| | |



SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

| 11.1. | Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008: |
|---------|---|
| | Acute toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. |
| | Skin corrosion/irritation: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. |
| | Serious eye damage/irritation: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. |
| | Respiratory or skin sensitisation: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. |
| | Germ cell mutagenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. |
| | Carcinogenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. |
| | Reproductive toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. |
| | STOT-single exposure: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. |
| | STOT-repeated exposure: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. |
| | Aspiration hazard: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. |
| 11.1.1. | Summaries of the information derived from the test conducted: |
| | For detailed test results contact the supplier of the substance. |
| 11.1.2. | Relevant toxicological properties: |
| | LD ₅₀ (oral): 2140 mg/kg bw |
| | LC_{50} (inhalation): 375 mg/m ³ air |
| 11.1.3. | Information on likely routes of exposure: |
| 5 | Ingestion, inhalation, skin contact, eye contact. |
| 11.1.4. | Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics: |
| • | If inhaled: corrosion is possible. |
| | In case of ingestion: corrosion in the mouth and throat. Pain, vomiting, fainting may occur. |
| | In case of skin contact: irritation, corrosion, wounds due to burning. |
| | Eye contact: if the liquid gets into the eyes, strong corrosion occurs, in more serious cases it causes blindness. Burning sensation, |
| | lachrymation may occur. |
| | In chronic cases lung oedema, conjunctivitis may occur. |
| | During the chemical processes, higher toxicity gases, vapours, liquids may be formed. |
| | The vapours of sulphuric acid strongly irritate the mucous membranes and the respiratory tract. |
| | Causes skin irritation. |
| | The vapours strongly irritate the eyes. |
| 11.1.5. | Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure: |
| | Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. |
| 11.1.6. | Interactive effects: |
| | No data available. |
| 11.1.7. | Absence of specific data: |
| | No information. |
| 11.2. | Information on other hazards: |
| | Endocrine disrupting properties: |
| | Endocrine disrupting property: Not an endocrine disruptor. |
| | Other information: |
| | No data available. |
| | |
| | |

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity: 12.1. The substance is not classified as hazardous for the environment. Aquatic toxicity: LC₅₀ (freshwater fish): 16 mg/l EC₁₀/LC₁₀ (freshwater fish): 0.025 mg/l EC₅₀/LC₅₀ (freshwater invertebrates): 100 mg/l EC10/LC10 (freshwater invertebrates): 0.15 mg/l EC10/LC10 (freshwater algae): 100 mg/l EC10/LC10 (aquatic microorganisms): 26000 mg/l Persistence and degradability: 12.2. The product is a simple inorganic substance, which is not biodegradable. **Bioaccumulation potential:** 12.3. Not expected. The total dissociation of sulphuric acid at environmental pH implies that it will not adsorb onto particulates or accumulate in living tissues.

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12.4. <u>Mobility in soil:</u>

Sulphuric acid is a strong mineral acid that dissociates readily in water to hydrogen ions and sulphate ions and is totally miscible with water. The hydrogen ions, although not degraded as such due to their elemental nature, contribute to the pH of the local environment.

The sulphate ions are incorporated into the various mineral species present in the environment.

12.5. <u>Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:</u> The product not a PBT or vPvB substance.

- 12.6. <u>Endocrine disrupting properties:</u> Endocrine disrupting property: Not an endocrine disruptor.
 12.7. <u>Other adverse effects:</u>
 - No data available.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. <u>Waste treatment methods:</u>

Disposal according to the local regulations.

13.1.1. Information regarding the disposal of the product:

Do not dispose together with household waste. Recommended substance for neutralisation: lime hydrate.

List of Waste Code:

No waste disposal key according to the List of Waste Code (LoW code) can be determined for this product, as only the purpose of application defined by the user enables an allocation. The LoW code number has to be determined after a discussion with a waste disposal specialist.

13.1.2. Information regarding the disposal of the packaging: Dispose according to the relevant regulations. The contaminated packaging must be fully emptied. The emptied packaging can only be sent to recycling after proper cleaning. The uncleaned packaging has to be disposed in the same manner as the substance. 13.1.3. Physical/chemical properties that may affect waste treatment options shall be specified:

13.1.3. Physical/chemical properties that may affect waste treatment options shall be specified: No data available.

13.1.4. Sewage disposal: No data available.

13.1.5. Special precautions for any recommended waste treatment: No data available.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

- UN number or ID number: 14.1. UN 1830 (concentration > 51%) UN 2796 (concentration \leq 51%) UN proper shipping name: 14.2. UN 1830 ADR/RID, IMDG; IATA: SULPHURIC ACID with more than 51 % acid UN 2796 ADR/RID, IMDG; IATA: SULPHURIC ACID with more than 51 % acid or BATTERY FLUID, ACID Transport hazard class(es): 14.3. Class: Packing group: 14.4. **Environmental hazards:** 14.5. Environmentally hazardous: No ADR/RID/ADN
 - IMDG: Marine pollutant: No

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14.6. Special precautions for user: ADR/RID/ADN Limited quantity: 1L Excepted quantity: E2 Transport category: 2 Tunnel restriction code: (E) Hazard identification No.: 80 Special provisions: -IMDG EmS: F-A, S-B Stowage and handling: UN 1830: Category C; SW15 UN 2796: Category B Segregation: -Properties and observations: UN 1830: Colourless, oily liquid, mixture over 1.41 up to 1.84 relative density. In the presence of moisture, highly corrosive to most metals. Causes burns to skin, eyes and mucous membranes. UN 2796: Colourless liquid, mixture not exceeding 1.405 relative density. Highly corrosive to most metals. Causes burns to skin, eyes and mucous membranes. Segregation group: 1 Acids Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments: 14.7.

Not applicable.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. <u>Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture:</u>

REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive (EC) No 1999/45 and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No 1488/94 as well as Council Directive (EEC) No 76/769 and Commission Directives (EEC) No 91/155, (EEC) No 93/67, (EC) No 93/105 and (EC) No 2000/21

REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives (EEC) No 67/548 and (EC) No 1999/45, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878 of 18 June 2020 amending Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH)

Sulphuric acid (CAS No 7664-93-9) falls under the scope of **Regulation (EU) 2019/1148** on the marketing and use of explosives precursors:

ANNEX I - RESTRICTED EXPLOSIVES PRECURSORS

List of substances which are not to be made available to, or introduced, possessed or used by, members of the general public, whether on their own or in mixtures or substances that include those substances, unless the concentration is equal to or lower than the limit values set out in column 2, and for which suspicious transactions and significant disappearances and thefts are to be reported within 24 hours.

15.2. <u>Chemical safety assessment:</u> Chemical safety assessment has been carried out for the product.



SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Information regarding the revision of the safety data sheet:

The safety data sheet has been revised according to Regulation (EU) 2020/878. The hazard classification of the substance did not change compared to the previous version.

This safety data sheet supersedes all previous versions according to Annex II of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006.

Literature references / data sources:

Previous version of the safety data sheet (13. 03. 2020, version 3).

Relevant hazard statements (code and full text) of Sections 2 and 3:

H314 – Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H315 – Causes skin irritation.

H319 – Causes serious eye irritation.

Training advice: No data available.

Full text of the abbreviations in the safety data sheet:

ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways. ADR: Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road. ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate. AOX: Adsorbable organic halides. BCF: Bioconcentration factor. BOD: Biological Oxygen Demand. CAS number: Chemical Abstract Service number. CLP: Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures. CMR effects: Carcinogenic, mutagenic, reprotoxic effects. COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand. CSA: Chemical Safety Assessment. CSR: Chemical Safety Report. DNEL: Derived-No-Effect-Level. ECHA: European Chemical Agency. EC: European Community. EC number: EINECS and ELINCS numbers (see also EINECS and ELINCS). EEC: European Economic Community. EEA: European Economic Area (EU + Iceland, Liechtenstein and Norway). EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances. ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances. EN: European Norm. EU: European Union. EWC: European Waste Catalogue (replaced by LoW - see below). GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals. IATA: International Air Transport Association. ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air. IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods. IMO: International Maritime Organization. IMSBC: International Maritime Solid Bulk Cargoes. IUCLID: International Uniform Chemical Information Database. IUPAC: International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry. Kow: n-Octanol - Water Partition Coefficient. LC50: Lethal concentration resulting in 50 % mortality. LD50: Lethal dose resulting in 50 % mortality (median lethal dose). LoW: List of Waste. LOEC: Lowest Observed Effect Concentration. LOEL: Lowest Observed Effect Level. NOEC: No Observed Effect Concentration. NOEL: No Observed Effect Level. NOAEC: No Observed Adverse Effect Concentration. NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level. OECD: Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development. OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration. PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic. PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration. **UKM IM VE TIKARET LTD STI** 10/11



QSAR: Quantitative Structure Activity Relationship.
REACH: Regulation 1907/2006/EC concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals.
RID: Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail.
SCBA: Self Contained Breathing Apparatus.
SDS: Safety Data Sheet.
STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity.
SVHC: Substances of Very High Concern.
UN: United Nations.
UVCB: Chemical Substances of Unknown or Variable Composition, Complex Reaction Products and Biological Materials.
VOC: Volatile Organic Compound.
vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative.

This safety data sheet had been prepared on the basis of information provided by the manufacturer/supplier and conform to the relevant regulations.

The information, data and recommendations contained herein are provided in good faith, obtained from reliable sources and believed to be true and accurate as of the date issued; however, no representation is made as to the comprehensiveness of the information.

The SDS shall be used only as a guide for handling the product; in the course of handling and using the product other considerations may arise or be required.

Users are cautioned to determine the appropriateness and applicability of the above information to their particular circumstances and purposes and assume all risk associated with the use of this product.

It is the responsibility of the user to fully comply with local, national and international regulations concerning the use of this product.

Safety data sheet was prepared by: MSDS-Europe International branch of ToxInfo Kft.

Professional help regarding the explanation of the safety data sheet: +36 70 335 8480; info@msds-europe.com www.msds-europe.com

