



# LOGIQ Fortis™

## Data sheet



The LOGIQ Fortis is GE's premium ultrasound imaging system designed for general imaging applications including abdominal, vascular, obstetric, gynecologic, neonatal, pediatric, urological, transcranial, cardiac, and small parts applications.

# General specifications

## Dimensions and weight

(Dimensions given with floating keyboard stowed and display tilted for transport)

|        |   |
|--------|---|
| Height | 1250 – 1800 mm, 49 – 71"                          |
| Width  | 530 mm, 20.9" (Caster)<br>565 mm, 22.2" (Monitor) |
| Depth  | 885 mm, 34.8"                                     |
| Weight | 85 kg (187.4 lb)                                  |

## Electrical power

Voltage 100 – 240 VAC

Frequency 50/60 Hz

Power consumption maximum of 0.9 KVA with peripherals

## Console design

4 active probe ports

1 inactive probe storage port

Integrated SSD (1 TB)

Integrated DVD-R Multi Drive

On-board storage of thermal printer

Integrated speaker

Integrated locking mechanism that provides rolling lock and caster swivel lock

Integrated cable management

Front and rear handles

Easily removable air filters

## Touch screen

12.1" High-resolution, color, touch display screen

Interactive dynamic software menu

Brightness adjustment

User-configurable layout

## Display monitor

23.8" Widescreen high-resolution HDU Display

Display translation (independent of console)

350 mm (13.7") horizontal (both directions)

120 mm (4.7") vertical

90° swivel (both directions)

Fold-down and lock mechanism for transportation

Resolution: 1920 x 1080

Anti-glare

Viewing angle 89/89/89/89°

# System overview

## Applications

Abdominal

Obstetrical

Gynecological

Breast

Small Parts

Peripheral Vascular

Transcranial (adult and neonatal)

Pediatric and Neonatal

Musculoskeletal (general and superficial)

Urological

Cardiac (adult and pediatric)

Interventional

Pleural

# User interface

## Operator keyboard

Operating keyboard, adjustable in height and rotation

Ergonomic hard key layout

Interactive back-lighting

Integrated recording keys for remote control of up to 4 peripheral or DICOM® devices

Integrated gel warmer

# System overview (cont.)

| Operating modes                     | System standard features   |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| B-Mode                              | Advanced user interface with high-resolution 12.1" display touch panel |
| M-Mode                              | Automatic optimization   |
| Color Flow Mode (CFM)               | CrossXBeam™  |
| B-Flow™ (Option)                    | Speckle Reduction Imaging (SRI-HD, Advanced SRI Type 1)                |
| Extended Field of View (LOGIQ View) | Fine angle steer   |
| Power Doppler Imaging (PDI)         | Coded harmonic imaging   |
| PW Doppler                          | Virtual convex   |
| CW Doppler (Option)                 | Patient information database   |
| Volume Modes (3D/4D)<br>(Option)    | Image archive on integrated CD/DVD and hard drive                      |
| Anatomical M-Mode                   | Advanced 3D  |
| Coded Contrast Imaging (Option)     | Real-time automatic Doppler calculations                               |
| Strain Elastography (Option)        | OB calculations  |
| B-Steer+ (Option)                   | Fetal trending   |
| Shearwave Elastography (Option)     | Multigestational calculations  |
| UGAP (Option)                       | Hip dysplasia calculations   |
| Scanning methods                    | Gynecological calculations   |
| Electronic sector                   | Vascular calculations  |
| Electronic convex                   | Urological calculations  |
| Electronic linear                   | Renal calculations   |
| Mechanical volume sweep             | Cardiac calculations   |
| Probe types                         | InSite™ capability   |
| Sector phased array                 | On-board electronic documentation                                      |
| Convex array                        | Auto CF/PW positioning feature   |
| Micro convex array                  | Privacy and security, including user and rights management             |
| Linear array                        | LOGIQView  |
| Matrix array                        | Breast productivity package (Option)                                   |
| Volume probes (4D)                  | Thyroid productivity package (Option)                                  |
| Split crystal                       | External USB printer connection  |
|                                     | Network printer support  |
|                                     | HDMI output (available for compatible devices)                         |

# System overview (cont.)

| Options  | Peripheral options   |
|--|--|
| Tricefy®   | Integrated options for   |
| DICOM  | • Digital B&W thermal printer<br>• DVD video recorder  |
| B-Flow   | Digital color thermal printer  |
| Auto IMT   | Digital A6 color thermal printer   |
| Compare assistant                                  | Foot switch with programmable functionality  |
| Scan assistant                                     | Console protective cover   |
| OB measure assistant                               | LOGIQ smart device apps  |
| Color quantification                               | • Photo Assistant<br>• Remote Control  |
| Strain Elastography                                | CRF-200U card reader (for Japan)   |
| Display modes                                      |  |
| Elastography quantification                        | Live and stored display format   |
| Advanced privacy and security (vulnerability scan) | • Full size and split screen – both w/ thumbnails. For still and CINE.   |
| Power assistant and scan on battery                | Review image format  |
| Storage bins                                       | • 4x4, and thumbnails. For still and CINE.   |
| Shear wave elastography                            | Timeline display   |
| Volume navigation                                  | • Independent Dual B or CrossXBeam/PW Display<br>• CW<br>• Top/bottom selectable display format<br>• Side/side selectable format |
| UGAP   | Virtual convex   |
| Hepatic assistant                                  |  |
| Coded Contrast Imaging                             |  |
| Stress echo  |  |
| Cardiac Strain (Automatic Function Imaging)        |  |
| On-board reporting                                 |  |
| TVI  |  |
| Wireless LAN                                       |  |
| CW   |  |
| DVR  |  |
| Tablet tools                                       |  |
| Advanced probes                                    |  |
| KOIOS  |  |
| SonoNT SonoIT                                      |  |
| Advanced SRI Type 2                                |  |
| Simultaneous capability                            |  |
|  | B or CrossXBeam/PW   |
|  | B or CrossXBeam/CW (Option)  |
|  | B or CrossXBeam/CFM or PDI   |
|  | B/M  |
|  | B/CrossXBeam   |
|  | B-Flow/PW  |
|  | Real-time Triplex Mode   |
|  | B or CrossXBeam + CFM or PDI/PW  |
| Selectable alternating modes                       |  |
|  | B or CrossXBeam/PW   |
|  | B or CrossXBeam + CFM (PDI)/PW   |
|  | B/CW (Option)  |

## System overview (cont.)

| Multi-image (split/quad screen)              | Display annotation (cont.)   |
|--|--|
| Live and/or frozen                           | Color Flow Doppler Mode  |
| B or CrossXBeam + B or CrossXBeam/CFM or PDI | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Line density</li> <li>• Frame averaging</li> <li>• Color Scale, 3 types: power, directional PDI, and symmetrical velocity imaging</li> <li>• Color velocity range and baseline</li> <li>• Color threshold marker</li> <li>• Color gain</li> <li>• PDI</li> <li>• Spectrum inversion</li> <li>• Doppler frequency</li> </ul> |
| PW/M   | TGC curve  |
| Independent CINE playback                    | Acoustic frame rate  |
| Display annotation                           | CINE gage, image number/frame number   |
| Patient name: first, last, and middle        | Body pattern: multiple human and animal types  |
| Patient ID                                   | Application name   |
| Alternate patient ID                         | Measurement results  |
| Age, sex, and date of birth                  | Operator message   |
| Hospital name                                | Displayed acoustic output  |
| Date format: three types selectable          | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• TIS: Thermal Index Soft Tissue</li> <li>• TIC: Thermal Index Cranial (Bone)</li> <li>• TIB: Thermal Index Bone</li> <li>• MI: Mechanical Index</li> </ul>   |
| Time format: two types selectable            | % of maximum power output  |
| Gestational age from                         | Biopsy guideline and zone  |
| Probe name                                   | Heart rate   |
| Map names                                    |  |
| Probe orientation                            |  |
| Depth scale marker                           |  |
| Lateral scale marker                         |  |
| Image depth                                  |  |
| Zoom depth                                   |  |
| B-Mode                                       | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Gain</li> <li>• Imaging frequency</li> <li>• Gray map</li> <li>• Dynamic range</li> <li>• Frame averaging</li> <li>• SRI-HD</li> </ul>  |
| M-Mode                                       | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Gain</li> <li>• Time scale</li> <li>• Dynamic range</li> </ul>  |
| Doppler Mode                                 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Gain</li> <li>• Sample volume depth and width</li> <li>• Spectrum inversion</li> <li>• Time scale</li> <li>• Doppler frequency</li> <li>• Angle</li> <li>• Wall filter</li> <li>• Velocity and/or frequency scale</li> <li>• PRF</li> </ul>   |

## General system parameters

| System setup   |
|--|
| Pre-programmed categories  |
| User programmable preset capability  |
| Factory default preset data  |
| Languages: English, French, German, Spanish, Italian, Brazilian Portuguese, Russian, Greek, Swedish, Danish, Dutch, Finnish, Norwegian |
| OB report formats including Tokyo Univ., Osaka Univ., USA, Europe, ASUM, and WHO   |
| User defined annotations   |
| Body patterns  |
| Customized comment home position   |
| EZ Imaging: Simplified user interface for high volume workflow   |

# General system parameters (cont.)

## Complete user manual available on-board through Help (F1)

User manual and service manual are included on USB with each system. A printed manual is available upon request.

## CINE memory/image memory

1 GB of CINE memory

Selectable CINE sequence for CINE review

Prospective CINE mark

Measurements/calculations and annotations on CINE playback

Scrolling timeline memory

Dual Image CINE display

Quad Image CINE display

CINE gauge and CINE image number display

CINE review loop

CINE review speed

## Image storage

On-board database of patient information from past exams

|                  |   |
|------------------|---|
| Storage formats: | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Compressed/uncompressed</li><li>Single/multi-frame</li><li>Enhanced (3D/4D)</li><li>With/without raw data</li></ul> |
| DICOM            |   |

Export JPEG, JPEG 2000, WMV (MPEG 4) formats

|                 |   |
|-----------------|---|
| Storage devices | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>USB memory stick: 64 MB to 64 GB (for exporting individual images/clips)</li><li>CD-R storage: 700 MB</li><li>DVD storage: -R (4.7 GB)</li><li>Hard drive image storage: ~730GB</li></ul> |
|-----------------|---|

Compare previous exam images with current exam

Reload of archived data sets

## Connectivity

Ethernet network connection

Wireless LAN 802.11ac/a/b/g/n (Option)

DICOM 3.0

- Verify
- Print
- Store
- Modality worklist
- Storage commitment
- Modality performed procedure step (MPPS)
- Media exchange
- Off network/mobile storage queue
- Query/retrieve

Public SR template

Structured Reporting – compatible with vascular, OB, cardiac, and breast standard

InSite capability

Advanced privacy and security (Option)

## Physiological input panel (Option)

Physiological input

- ECG, 1 channel
- PCG, 1 channel
- AUX, 1 channel
- Dual R-Trigger
- Pre-settable ECG R delay time
- Pre-settable ECG position
- Adjustable ECG gain control
- Pre-settable PCG position
- Adjustable PCG gain control
- Pre-settable AUX position
- Adjustable AUX gain control

Automatic heart rate display

Auto Ejection Fraction

## Report writer (Option)

On-board reporting package automates report writing

Formats various exam results into a report suitable for printing or reviewing on a standard PC

Exam results include patient info, exam info, measurements, calculations, images, and comments with standard templates provided

Customizable templates

# General system parameters (cont.)

## Scanning parameters

Displayed imaging depth: 0 – 100 cm

Minimum depth of field: 0 – 2 cm (zoom) (probe dependent)

Maximum depth of field: 0 – 100 cm (probe dependent)

Continuous dynamic receive focus/continuous dynamic receive Aperture

Adjustable dynamic range

Adjustable field of view (FOV)

Image reverse: right/left

Image rotation of 0°, 90°, 180°, 270°

## Digital Color Flow Mode

Adjustable

- Acoustic power
- Gain
- Velocity scale range
- Wall filter
- Packet size
- Spatial filter
- Frame average
- Accumulation mode
- Flash suppression
- Shortcuts
- Color maps, including velocity-variance maps
- Line density
- Steering angle
- Threshold
- Auto ROI placement and steering on linear

## Digital Power Doppler Imaging

Adjustable

- Acoustic power
- Gain
- Velocity scale range
- Wall filter
- Packet size
- Spatial filter
- Frame average
- Accumulation mode
- Shortcuts
- Color maps, including velocity-variance maps
- Line density
- Steering angle
- Threshold
- Flash suppression

## Continuous Wave Doppler (Option)

Available on the following probes: M5Sc-D, P2D , P6D ,6S-D, 6Tc -RS

## Steerable CW mode included

Adjustable

- Acoustic power
- Dynamic range
- Transmit frequency
- CW colorization
- Sweep speed
- Angle correction
- Trace method
- Baseline shift
- Compression
- Trace direction
- Gain
- Gray scale map
- Wall filter
- Velocity scale range
- Spectrum inversion
- Doppler auto trace
- Trace sensitivity

## Automatic optimization

Optimize B-Mode image to help improve contrast resolution

Selectable amount of contrast resolution improvement (low, medium, high)

CTO (Continuous Tissue Optimization) – continuously adjusts B-Mode axial and lateral gain uniformity and overall gain level, suppressing the noise

Auto-spectral optimize – adjusts baseline, invert, PRF (on live image), and angle correction

Auto CF and PW positioning – adjusts ROI position, sample volume position, and steering

## Digital M-Mode

Adjustable

- Acoustic power
- Dynamic range
- Frequency
- M colorization
- Rejection
- Gain
- Gray scale map
- Sweep speed
- M display format

## Anatomical M-Mode

M-Mode cursor adjustable at any plane

Can be activated from a CINE loop from a live or stored image

M & A capability

Available with Color Flow Mode

## Digital Spectral Doppler Mode

Adjustable

- Acoustic power
- Dynamic range
- Transmit frequency
- PW colorization
- Sweep speed
- Sample volume length
- Spectrum inversion
- Baseline shift
- Time resolution
- Trace direction
- Gain
- Gray scale map
- Wall filter
- Velocity scale range
- Angle correction
- Steered linear
- Trace method
- Doppler auto trace
- Compression
- Trace sensitivity

# General system parameters (cont.)

## Coded Harmonic Imaging

Available on all 2D and 4D probes

## B-Flow (Option)

Available on the following probes: C1-6-D, C1-6VN-D, C2-7-D, C2-7VN-D, C2-9-D, C2-9VN-D, C3-10-D, L2-9-D, L2-9VN-D, L3-12-D, ML6-15-D, M5Sc-D, L8-18i-D, L6-24D

Background

Sensitivity/PRI

Acoustic power

Frequency

Line density

Frame average

Gray scale map

Tint map

Dynamic range

Rejection

Gain

Flash suppression

SRI-HD

Accumulation

Visualization

## Radiantflow™

Easy, fast visualization of tiny vessels, displaying as a 3D effect

## B Steer+

Available on the following probes: L2-9-D, L3-12-D, ML6-15-D, L8-18i-D, L2-9VN-D, L6-24

## Coded contrast imaging (Option)

Available on the following probes: C1-6-D, C1-6VN-D, C2-9-D, C2-9VN-D, C2-7-D, C2-7VN-D, C3-10-D, IC5-9-D, L2-9-D, L2-9VN-D, L3-12-D, M5Sc-D, ML6-15-D, RAB6-D, RIC5-9-D

2 contrast timers

Timed updates: 0.05 – 10 seconds

Accumulation mode, seven levels

Maximum enhance mode

Flash

Time intensity curve (TIC) analysis

Parametric imaging

The LOGIQ Fortis is designed for compatibility with most commercially available ultrasound contrast agents. Because the availability of these agents is subject to government regulation and approval, product features intended for use with these agents may not be commercially marketed nor made available before the contrast agent is cleared for use. Contrast related product features are enabled only on systems for delivery to an authorized country or region of use.

## LOGIQView

Extended field of view Imaging

Up to 160 cm (63") scan length

Available on all 2D imaging probes

For use in B-Mode

CrossXBeam is available on linear probes

Auto detection of scan direction

Pre- or post-process zoom

Rotation

Auto best fit on monitor

Measurements in B-Mode

## 3D

Allows unlimited rotation and planar translations

3D reconstruction from CINE sweep

## Advanced 3D

Acquisition of color data

Automatic rendering

3D landscape technology

3D movie

# General system parameters (cont.)

| Real Time 4D (Option)   |  | Scan assistant (Option)   |
|---|--|---|
| Acquisition modes   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Real Time 4D</li><li>• Static 3D</li></ul>   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Spatio-Temporal Image Correlation</li></ul>   |
| Visualization modes   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 3D rendering (diverse surface and intensity projection modes)</li><li>• Sectional planes (3 section planes perpendicular to each other)</li><li>• Omnidview</li><li>• Volume contrast imaging – static</li><li>• Volume contrast imaging – Omnidview</li><li>• Tomographic ultrasound imaging</li><li>• Volume Analyses<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>– VOCAL: semi-auto/manual segmentation tool (segmentation using touch screen)</li><li>– 3D static only</li><li>– Threshold Volume: measure volume above and below a threshold</li></ul></li></ul> | <p>Factory programs</p> <p>User-defined programs</p> <p>Steps include image annotations, mode transitions, basic imaging controls, and measurement initiation</p>   |
| Render mode   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Surface texture, surface smooth, max-min- and X-ray (average intensity projection), mix mode of two render modes</li><li>• HDlive™</li></ul>   | <p>Auto measurement</p> <p>Worksheet summary includes measurements and locations for lesions and lymph nodes</p> <p>Feature assessment</p> <p>BI-RADS® assessment</p> <p>User editable</p>  |
| SonoRenderlive  |  | <h3>Thyroid productivity package</h3> <p>Auto measurement</p> <p>Worksheet summary includes measurements and locations for nodule, parathyroid, and lymph node</p> <p>Feature assessment</p> <p>TI-RADS assessment</p> <p>User editable</p> |
| Curved 3-point render start   |  |   |
| 3D movie  |  |   |
| Scalpel: 3D cut tool  |  |   |
| Display format  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Quad: A-/B-/C-Plane/3D</li><li>• Dual: A-Plane/3D</li><li>• Single: 3D or A- or B- or C-Plane</li></ul>  |   |
| Automated volume calculation – VOCAL II   |  |   |
| Betaview  |  |   |
| Volume navigation (Option)  |  |   |
| Available on the following probes: C1-6VN-D, C2-9VN-D, C2-7VN-D, C3-10-D, L2-9VN-D, ML6-15-D, IC5-9-D, L8-18i-D, M5Sc-D |  |   |
| Sensor-based acquisition  |  |   |
| Position markers  |  |   |
| Needle tip tracking   |  |   |
| Virtual tracking  |  |   |
| Auto image registration   |  |   |
| Tru3D feature includes:   | Display of data in: main-, parallel-, angular-mode   |   |
| Render modes: gray surface, texture, min-, max-, average-intensity  |  |   |
| Measurements: distance, angle, area, volume   |  |   |
| 3D movie  |  |   |
| Start Assistant   |  |   |
| Automatically select category, probe, preset, or scan assistant from worklist exam description                          |  |   |
| Learn the category, probe, preset, and scan assistant based on exam description   |  |   |
| Shear Wave Elastography (Option)  |  |   |
| Available on the following probes: C1-6-D, C1-6VN-D, IC5-9-D, L2-9-D, L2-9VN-D, L3-12D, ML6-15-D, L8-18D                |  |   |
| Tru3D feature includes:   | Display of data in: main-, parallel-, angular-mode   | User programmable measurement display in kPa and meters per second  |
| Measurements: distance, angle, area, volume   |  |   |
| 3D movie  |  |   |

# General system parameters (cont.)

## Strain Elastography (Option)

Available on the following probes: ML6-15-D, L2-9-D, L2-9VN-D, L3-12-D, IC5-9-D, C2-9-D, C2-9VN-D, C1-6-D, C1-6VN-D, L8-18i-D, BE9CS-D

Relative analysis tool

## UGAP (Option)

Available on the following probes: C1-6-D, C1-6VN-D, C2-9D, C2-9VN-D

Measures liver attenuation\* (attenuation coefficient [dB/cm/MHz]) by auto measure algorithm with reference B-mode

Simple and 2D color map (attenuation color map and Measurement Position Indicator Map)

## Quantitative flow analysis (Option)

Available in color and power Doppler

## TVI (Option)

Available on the following probes: M5Sc-D, 6S-D, 6TC-RS, 6Tc-RS

Myocardial Doppler imaging with color overlay on tissue image

Tissue color overlay can be removed to show just the 2D image, still retaining the tissue velocity information

Curved anatomical M-Mode: free (curved) drawing of M-Mode generated from the cursor independent of the axial plane

Q-Analysis: multiple time-motion trace display from selected points in the myocardium

## Stress echo (Option)

Advanced and flexible stress echo examination capabilities

Provides exercise and pharmacological protocol templates

6 default templates

Template editor for user configuration of existing templates or creation of new templates

Reference scan display during acquisition for stress level comparison (dual screen)

Baseline level/previous level selectable

Raw data continuous capture

Over 100 sec. available

Wall motion scoring (bulls-eye and segmental)

Smart stress: Automatically set up various scanning parameters (e.g. geometry, frequency, gain) according to same projection on previous level

## Auto EF (Option)

Allows semi-automatic measurement of the global EF (Ejection Fraction)

User editable

## Cardiac AFI (Option)

Allows assessment of the complete left ventricle with all segments at a glance by combining three longitudinal views into one comprehensive bulls-eye view

2D strain-based data moves into clinical practice

## Virtual convex

Provides a convex field of view

Compatible with CrossXBeam

Available on all linear and sector probes

## SRI-HD and Advanced SRI

Speckle reduction imaging

Provides multiple levels of speckle reduction

Compatible with side-by-side DualView display

Advanced SRI:  
two types  
selectable

- Type 1
  - Compatible with all linear, convex, and sector probes
- Type 2 (Option)
  - Compatible with OB/GYN application

## CrossXBeam

Provides variable angle spatial compounding

Live side-by-side DualView display

Compatible with

- |                  |                          |
|------------------|--------------------------|
| • Color mode     | • PW                     |
| • SRI-HD         | • Coded harmonic imaging |
| • Virtual convex |                          |

Available on all curved and linear probes

## Controls available while “live”

Magnification Zoom: Magnifies the entire image on the screen without zoom ROI

Pan Zoom: Magnifies the display of the data within the ROI

HD Zoom: Magnifies the image within the zoom ROI with higher spatial resolution than original images

B/M/CrossXBeam-  
Mode

- |                     |                   |
|---------------------|-------------------|
| • Gain              | • TGC             |
| • Dynamic range     | • Acoustic output |
| • Framerate control | • Sweep speed for |
| • CrossXBeam angle  | M-Mode            |

## General system parameters (cont.)

| Controls available while “live” (cont.) |   |
|---|---|
| PW-Mode                                 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Gain</li> <li>• Acoustic output</li> <li>• PRF</li> <li>• Wall filter</li> <li>• Sample volume gate: length, depth</li> <li>• Dynamic range</li> <li>• Transmission frequency</li> <li>• Spectral averaging</li> <li>• Velocity scale</li> </ul>   |
| Color Flow Mode                         | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CFM gain</li> <li>• Acoustic output</li> <li>• Wall echo filter</li> <li>• Frame rate control</li> <li>• CFM frame averaging</li> <li>• Frequency/velocity baseline shift</li> <li>• CFM velocity range</li> <li>• Packet size</li> <li>• CFM spatial filter</li> <li>• CFM line resolution</li> </ul> |

| Controls available on “freeze” or recall  |  |
|---|--|
| Automatic optimization  |  |
| SRI-HD  |  |
| CrossXBeam – display non-compounded and compounded image simultaneously in split screen |  |
| 3D reconstruction from a stored CINE loop   |  |
| B/M/CrossXBeam mode   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Gray map optimization</li> <li>• TGC</li> <li>• Colorized B and M</li> <li>• Frame average (loops only)</li> <li>• Dynamic range</li> </ul>   |
| Anatomical M-Mode   |  |
| Magnification zoom  |  |
| Pan zoom  |  |
| Baseline shift  |  |
| Sweep speed   |  |
| PW mode   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Gray map</li> <li>• Baseline shift</li> <li>• Invert spectral wave form</li> <li>• Colorized spectrum</li> <li>• Quick angle correct</li> <li>• Post gain</li> <li>• Sweep speed</li> <li>• Compression</li> <li>• Display format</li> <li>• Angle correct</li> <li>• Auto angle correct</li> </ul> |
| Color flow  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Overall gain (loops and stills)</li> <li>• Color map</li> <li>• Transparency map</li> <li>• Frame averaging (loops only)</li> <li>• CFM display threshold</li> <li>• Spectral invert for color/Doppler</li> </ul>   |
| Anatomical M-Mode on CINE loop  |  |
| 4D  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Gray map, colorize</li> <li>• Post gain</li> <li>• Change display – single, dual, quad sectional or rendered</li> </ul>   |

## Measurements/calculations

| General B-Mode                |
|-------------------------------|
| Depth and distance            |
| Circumference (ellipse/trace) |
| Area (ellipse/trace)          |
| Volume (ellipsoid)            |
| % Stenosis (area or diameter) |
| Angle between two lines       |
| Dual B-Mode capability        |

  

| General M-Mode |
|----------------|
| M-Depth        |
| Distance       |
| Time           |
| Slope          |
| Heart rate     |

  

| General Doppler measurements/calculations |
|---|
| Velocity                                  |
| Time                                      |
| A/B ratio (velocities/frequency ratio)    |
| PS (Peak Systole)                         |
| ED (End Diastole)                         |
| PS/ED (PS/ED Ratio)                       |
| ED/PS (ED/PS Ratio)                       |
| AT (Acceleration Time)                    |
| ACCEL (Acceleration)                      |
| TAMAX (Time Averaged Maximum Velocity)    |
| Volume flow (TAMEAN and vessel area)      |
| Heart rate                                |
| PI (Pulsatility Index)                    |
| RI (Resistivity Index)                    |

  

| Real-time Doppler auto measurements/calculations |
|--|
| PS (Peak Systole)                                |
| ED (End Diastole)                                |
| MD (Minimum Diastole)                            |
| PI (Pulsatility Index)                           |
| RI (Resistivity Index)                           |

# Measurements/calculations (cont.)

## Real-time Doppler auto measurements/calculations (cont.)

AT (Acceleration Time)  
ACC (Acceleration)  
PS/ED (PS/ED Ratio)  
ED/PS (ED/PS Ratio)  
HR (Heart Rate)  
TAMAX (Time Averaged Maximum Velocity)  
PVAL (Peak Velocity Value)  
Volume Flow (TAMEAN and Vessel Area)

## OB measurements/calculations

Gestational age by  
• GS (Gestational Sac)  
• CRL (Crown Rump Length)  
• FL (Femur Length)  
• BPD (Biparietal Diameter)  
• AC (Abdominal Circumference)  
• HC (Head Circumference)  
• APTD x TTD (Anterior/Posterior Trunk Diameter by Transverse Trunk Diameter)  
• FTA (Fetal Trunk Cross-sectional Area)  
• HL (Humerus Length)  
• BD (Binocular Distance)  
• FT (Foot Length)  
• OFD (Occipital Frontal Diameter)  
• TAD (Transverse Abdominal Diameter)  
• TCD (Transverse Cerebellum Diameter)  
• THD (Thorax Transverse Diameter)  
• TIB (Tibia Length)  
• ULNA (Ulna Length)  
• OOD (Outer Orbital Diameter)  
• IOD (Inner Orbital Diameter)  
• FIB (Fibula length)  
• Radius (Radius length)  
• LV (Lateral Ventricle width) (= SL)

## Abdominal measurements/calculations

Shear Elasto velocity  
Shear Elasto stiffness  
Attenuation rate  
Attenuation coefficient  
Summary reports

Fetal graphical trending

Growth percentiles

Multi-gestational calculations (4)

Fetal qualitative description (anatomical survey)

Fetal environmental description (biophysical profile)

Programmable OB tables

Over 20 selectable OB calculations

Expanded worksheets

## Estimated fetal weight (EFW) by:

AC, BPD  
AC, BPD, FL  
AC, BPD, FL, HC  
AC, FL  
AC, FL, HC  
AC, HC  
BPD, APTD, TTD, FL  
BPD, APTD, TTD, SL

# Measurements/calculations (cont.)

## Calculations and ratios

FL/BPD

FL/AC

FL/HC

HC/AC

CI (Cephalic Index)

AFI (Amniotic Fluid Index)

CTAR (Cardio-Thoracic Area Ratio)

Measurements/calculations by: Alexander, ASUM, ASUM 2001, Bahlmann, Baschat, Berkowitz, Bertagnoli, Brenner, Campbell, CFEF, Chervenak, Chitty, Doubilet, Ebing, Eik-Nes Goldstein, Hadlock, Hansmann, Hellman, Hill, Hohler, Jeanty, JSUM, Kramer, Kurmanavicius, Kurtz, Mari, Mayden, Mercer, Merz, Moore, Nelson, Osaka University, Paris, Pexsters, Rempen, Robinson, Shepard, Shepard/Warsoff, Sonek, Tokyo University, Tokyo/Shinozuka, WHO, Williams, Yarkoni

## Vascular measurements/calculations

SYS DCCA (Systolic Distal Common Carotid Artery)

DIAS DCCA (Diastolic Distal Common Carotid Artery)

SYS MCCA (Systolic Mid Common Carotid Artery)

DIAS MCCA (Diastolic Mid Common Carotid Artery)

SYS PCCA (Systolic Proximal Common Carotid Artery)

DIAS PCCA (Diastolic Proximal Common Carotid Artery)

SYS DICA (Systolic Distal Internal Carotid Artery)

DIAS DICA (Systolic Distal Internal Carotid Artery)

SYS MICA (Systolic Mid Internal Carotid Artery)

DIAS MICA (Diastolic Mid Internal Carotid Artery)

SYS PICA (Systolic Proximal Internal Carotid Artery)

DIAS PICA (Diastolic Proximal Internal Carotid Artery)

SYS DECA (Systolic Distal External Carotid Artery)

DIAS DECA (Diastolic Distal External Carotid Artery)

SYS PECA (Systolic Proximal External Carotid Artery)

DIAS PECA (Diastolic Proximal External Carotid Artery)

VERT (Systolic Vertebral Velocity)

SUBCLAV (Systolic Subclavian Velocity)

Automatic IMT

Summary reports

## Urological calculations

Bladder volume

Prostate volume

Left/right renal volume

Generic volume

Post-void bladder volume

Pelvic floor measurements

## OB measure assistant

Allows automatic measurement of BPD, HC, FL, AC, and HL

User editable

## SonoNT and SonoIT

SonoNT measures the contour detection of the NT border

SonoIT is a system supported measurement for Intracranial Translucency

## GYN measurements/calculations

Right ovary length, width, height

Left ovary length, width, height

Uterus length, width, height

Cervix length, trace

Ovarian volume

ENDO (Endometrial thickness)

Ovarian RI

Uterine RI

Follicular measurements

Fibroid measurements

Summary reports

Mean Uterine Artery (Gomez) Doppler Measurement and graph

Qualitative description (anatomical survey)

# Probes (All Optional)

## BE9CS-D

Applications: urology

Biopsy guide: single angle, disposable (E8387M);  
single angle, reusable (E8387MA)

## 6S-D, sector probe

Applications: cardiac, pediatric cardiac

## 6Tc-RS, trans-esophageal probe

Applications: cardiac

TEE RS-DLP Adapter (H46352LK)

## C1-6-D, XDclear™ convex probe

Applications: abdomen, OB/GYN, pediatric, peripheral vascular, general musculoskeletal

Biopsy guide: multi-angle, disposable with a reusable bracket (H4917VB)

## C1-6VN-D, VNav inside XDclear convex probe

VNav sensor inside probe for Volume Navigation tracking without sensor cables

Applications: abdomen, OB/GYN, pediatric, peripheral vascular, general musculoskeletal

Biopsy guide: multi-angle, disposable with a reusable bracket (H4917VB)

## C2-7-D, micro convex biopsy probe

Applications: abdomen, pediatric

Biopsy guide: multi-angle, disposable with a reusable bracket (H40482LK); multi-angle, with a reusable stainless bracket (H40482LL)

## C2-7VN-D, VNav inside micro convex biopsy probe

VNav sensor inside probe for Volume Navigation tracking without sensor cables

Applications: abdomen, pediatric

Biopsy guide: multi-angle, disposable with a reusable bracket (H40482LK); multi-angle, with a reusable stainless bracket (H40482LL)

## C2-9-D, XDclear convex probe

Applications: abdomen, OB/GYN, pediatric, peripheral vascular, neonatal, neonatal transcranial, general musculoskeletal

Biopsy guide: multi-angle, disposable with a reusable bracket (H4913BA)

## C2-9VN-D, VNav inside XDclear convex probe

VNav sensor inside probe for Volume Navigation tracking without sensor cables

Applications: abdomen, OB/GYN, pediatric, peripheral vascular, neonatal, neonatal transcranial, general musculoskeletal

Biopsy guide: multi-angle, disposable with a reusable bracket (H4913BA)

## C3-10-D, XDclear micro convex probe

Applications: abdomen, neonatal, pediatric, peripheral vascular, neonatal transcranial, small parts

## IC5-9-D, micro convex probe

Applications: OB/GYN, urology

Biopsy guide: single angle, disposable with a disposable bracket (E8385MJ) or a reusable bracket (H40412LN)

## L2-9-D, XDclear linear probe

Applications: peripheral vascular, small parts, pediatric, abdomen, OB/GYN, general musculoskeletal, superficial musculoskeletal, neonatal, neonatal transcranial

Biopsy guide: multi-angle, disposable with a reusable bracket (H44901AM)

## L2-9VN-D, VNav inside XDclear linear probe

VNav sensor inside probe for Volume Navigation tracking without sensor cables

Applications: peripheral vascular, small parts, pediatric, abdomen, OB/GYN, general musculoskeletal, superficial musculoskeletal, neonatal, neonatal transcranial

Biopsy guide: multi-angle, disposable with a reusable bracket (H44901AM)

## L3-12-D, linear probe

Applications: abdomen, OB, general musculoskeletal, superficial musculoskeletal, neonatal, neonatal transcranial, small parts, vascular

Biopsy guide: multi-angle, disposable with a reusable bracket (H78652PA)

## L6-24-D, linear probe

Applications: general musculoskeletal, superficial musculoskeletal, pediatrics, thyroid

## Probes (cont.)

### L8-18i-D, linear probe

Applications: small parts, peripheral vascular, neonatal, neonatal transcranial, general musculoskeletal, superficial musculoskeletal, intraoperative

### M5Sc-D, XDclear sector probe

Applications: adult cardiac, pediatric cardiac, adult cephalic, abdominal

Biopsy guide: multi-angle, disposable with a reusable bracket (H45561FC)

### ML6-15-D, matrix array linear probe

Applications: abdomen, small parts, peripheral vascular, neonatal, pediatric, neonatal transcranial, general musculoskeletal, superficial musculoskeletal

Biopsy guide: multi-angle, disposable with a reusable bracket (H40432LJ)

### P2D, CW split crystal probe

Applications: adult cardiac, pediatric cardiac, peripheral vascular, adult cephalic

### P6D, CW split crystal probe

Applications: adult cardiac, pediatric cardiac, peripheral vascular, adult cephalic

### RAB6-D, convex volume probe

Applications: abdomen, OB/GYN, pediatric, neonatal

Biopsy guide: single angle, reusable bracket (H46701AE)

### RIC5-9-D, convex volume probe

Applications: OB/GYN, urology

Biopsy guide: single angle, reusable (H46721R)

### External Inputs and outputs (not including on-board peripherals)

HDMI

Ethernet

Multiple USB 3.0 ports

## Safety conformance

### The LOGIQ Fortis is:

Classified to ANSI/AAMI ES60601-1 2005 R1 2012 Medical Electrical Equipment, Part 1: General Requirements for Safety by a Nationally Recognized Test Lab

Certified to CSA CAN/CSA-C22.2 NO. 60601-1:14 General requirements for safety

CE Marked to EU Medical Device Regulation MDR 2017-745 and Council Directive 93/42/EEC on Medical Devices and conforms to the following standards for safety:

- IEC/EN 60601-1 Edition 3.1 Medical electrical equipment – Part 1: General requirements for basic safety and essential performance
- IEC/EN 60601-1-2 Medical electrical equipment – Parts 1-2: General requirements for safety – Collateral standard: Electromagnetic compatibility – requirements and tests
- IEC/EN 60601-1-6 Medical electrical equipment Parts 1-6: General requirements for basic safety and essential performance – Collateral standard: usability
- IEC/EN 60601-2-37 Medical electrical equipment – Parts 2-37: Particular requirements for the safety of ultrasonic medical diagnostic and monitoring equipment
- IEC 61157 (Standard means for the reporting of the acoustic output of medical diagnostic ultrasonic equipment)
- IEC/EN 62366 Application of usability engineering to medical devices
- IEC/EN 62304 Software life cycle processes
- IEC/EN 62359 Ultrasonic – Field characterization – Test methods for the determination of thermal and mechanical indices related to medical diagnostic ultrasonic fields
- EN ISO 15223-1: Symbols to be used with medical device labels, labelling, and information to be supplied
- ISO 10993-1 Biological evaluation of medical devices – Part 1: Evaluation and testing
- ISO14971:2012 (Medical devices – Application of risk management to medical devices)
- EMC Emissions Group 1, Class A device requirements as per sub-clause 4.2 of CISPR 11
- WEEE (Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment)
- ROHS according to 2011/65/EU including national deviations
- Wireless equipment shall be certified to FCC, RED, and Japan Radio Law.
- Medical Device Good Manufacturing Practice Manual issued by the FDA (Food and Drug Administration, Department of Health, USA)

# Supplement: cardiac measurements/calculations

| B-Mode measurements |   | B-Mode measurements (cont.)  |
|---------------------|---|--|
| Aorta               | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Aortic Root Diameter (Ao Root Diam)</li> <li>• Aortic Arch Diameter (Ao Arch Diam)</li> <li>• Ascending Aortic Diameter (Ao Asc Diam)</li> <li>• Descending Aortic Diameter (Ao Desc Diam)</li> <li>• Aorta Isthmus (Ao Isthmus)</li> <li>• Aorta (Ao st junct)</li> </ul>   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Left Ventricle Mass (LVPWd, LVPWs)</li> <li>• Left Ventricle Volume, Teichholz/Cubic (LVIDd, LVI Ds)</li> <li>• Left Ventricle Internal Diameter (LVIDd, LVI Ds) Left Ventricle Length (LVLD, LVLs)</li> <li>• Left Ventricle Outflow Tract Diameter (LVOT Diam)</li> <li>• Left Ventricle Posterior Wall Thickness (LVPWd, LVPWs)</li> <li>• Left Ventricle Length (LV Major)</li> <li>• Left Ventricle Width (LV Minor)</li> <li>• Left Ventricle Outflow Tract Area (LVOT)</li> <li>• Left Ventricle Area, Two Chamber/Four Chamber/Short Axis (LVA (d), LVA (s))</li> <li>• Left Ventricle Endocardial Area, Width (LVA (d), LVA(s))</li> <li>• Left Ventricle Epicardial Area, Length (LVAepi (d), LVAepi (s))</li> <li>• Left Ventricle Mass Index (LVPWd, LVPWs)</li> <li>• Ejection Fraction, Teichholz/Cube (LVIDd, LVIDs)</li> <li>• Left Ventricle Posterior Wall Fractional Shortening (LVPWd, LVPWs)</li> <li>• Left Ventricle Stroke Index, Teichholz/Cube (LVIDd, LVIDs and Body Surface Area)</li> <li>• Left Ventricle Fractional Shortening (LVIDd, LVIDs)</li> <li>• Left Ventricle Stroke Volume, Teichholz/Cubic (LVIDd, LVIDs)</li> <li>• Left Ventricle Stroke Index, Single Plane, Two Chamber, Method of Disk (LVI Dd, LVIDs, LVSD, LVSs)</li> <li>• Left Ventricle Stroke Index, Single Plane, Four Chamber, Method of Disk (LVI Dd, LVIDs, LVSD, LVSs)</li> <li>• Left Ventricle Stroke Index, Bi-Plane, Bullet, Method of Disk (LVAd, LVAs)</li> <li>• Interventricular Septum (IVS)</li> <li>• Left Ventricle Internal Diameter (LVI D)</li> <li>• Left Ventricle Posterior Wall Thickness (LVPW)</li> </ul> |
| Aortic valve        | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Aortic Valve Cusp Separation (AV Cusp)</li> <li>• Aortic Valve Area Planimetry (AVA Planimetry)</li> <li>• Trans AVA</li> </ul>  |  |
| Left atrium         | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Left Atrium Diameter (LA Diam)</li> <li>• LA Length (LA Major)</li> <li>• LA Width (LA Minor)</li> <li>• Left Atrium Diameter to AoRoot Diameter Ratio (LA/Ao ratio)</li> <li>• Left Atrium Area (LAA(d), LAA(s))</li> <li>• Left Atrium Volume, Single Plane, Method of Disk (LAEDV A2C, LAESV A2C) (LAEDV A4C, LAESV A4C), (LAEDV A-L, LAEDV Index A-L, LAESV A-L, LAESV Index A-L)</li> </ul> |  |

# Supplement: cardiac measurements/calculations (cont.)

| B-Mode measurements (cont.) |   | M-Mode measurements |  |
|-----------------------------|---|---------------------|--|
| Mitral valve                | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Mitral Valve Annulus Diameter (MV Ann Diam)</li> <li>E-Point-to-Septum Separation (EPSS)</li> <li>Mitral Valve Area Planimetry (MVA Planimetry)</li> </ul>   | Aorta               | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Aortic Root Diameter (Ao Root Diam)</li> <li>Aortic Valve</li> <li>Aortic Valve Diameter (AV Diam)</li> <li>Aortic Valve Cusp separation (AV Cusp)</li> <li>Aortic Valve Ejection Time (LVET)</li> </ul>  |
| Pulmonic valve              | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Pulmonic Valve Area (PV Planimetry)</li> <li>Pulmonic Valve Annulus Diameter (PV Annulus Diam)</li> <li>Pulmonic Diameter (Pulmonic Diam)</li> </ul>   | Left atrium         | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Left Atrium Diameter to AoRoot Diameter Ratio (LA/Ao Ratio)</li> <li>Left Atrium Diameter (LA Diam)</li> </ul>  |
| Right atrium                | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Right Atrium Diameter, Length (RAD Ma)</li> <li>Right Atrium Diameter, Width (RAD Mi)</li> <li>Right Atrium Area (RAA)</li> <li>Right Atrium Volume, Single Plane, Method of Disk (RAAd)</li> <li>Right Atrium Volume, Systolic, Single Plane, Method of Disk (RAAs)</li> </ul>  | Left ventricle      | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Left Ventricle Volume, Teichholz/Cubic (LVIDd, LVI Ds)</li> <li>Left Ventricle Internal Diameter (LVIDd, LVI Ds)</li> <li>Left Ventricle Posterior Wall Thickness (LVPWd, LVPWs)</li> <li>Left Ventricle Ejection Time (LVET)</li> <li>Left Ventricle Pre-Ejection Period (LVPEP)</li> <li>Interventricular Septum (IVS)</li> <li>Left Ventricle Internal Diameter (LVI D)</li> <li>Left Ventricle Posterior Wall Thickness (LVPW)</li> </ul> |
| Right ventricle             | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Right Ventricle Outflow Tract Area (RVOT Planimetry)</li> <li>Left Pulmonary Artery Area (LPA Area)</li> <li>Right Pulmonary Artery Area (RPA Area)</li> <li>Right Ventricle Internal Diameter (RVIDd, RVIDs)</li> <li>Right Ventricle Diameter, Length (RVD Ma)</li> <li>Right Ventricle Diameter, Width (RVD Mi)</li> <li>Right Ventricle Wall Thickness (RVAWd, RVAWs)</li> <li>Right Ventricle Outflow Tract Diameter (RVOT Diam)</li> <li>Left Pulmonary Artery (LPA)</li> <li>Main Pulmonary Artery (MPA)</li> <li>Right Pulmonary Artery (RPA)</li> </ul> | Mitral valve        | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>E-Point-to-Septum Separation (EPSS)</li> <li>Mitral Valve Leaflet Separation (D-E Excursion)</li> <li>Mitral Valve Anterior Leaflet Excursion (D-E Excursion)</li> <li>Mitral Valve D-E Slope (D-E Slope)</li> <li>Mitral Valve E-F Slope (E-F Slope)</li> <li>Mitral Annular Plane Systolic Excursion (MAPSE)</li> </ul>   |
| System inferior vena cava   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Systemic Vein Diameter (Systemic Diam)</li> <li>Patent Ductus Arteriosis Diameter (PDA Diam)</li> <li>Pericard Effusion (PEs)</li> <li>Patent Foramen Ovale Diameter (PFO Diam)</li> <li>Ventricular Septal Defect Diameter (VSD Diam)</li> <li>Interventricular Septum (IVS) Fractional Shortening (IVSd, IVSs)</li> </ul>  | Pulmonic valve      | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>QRS Complex to End of Envelope (Q-PV close)</li> </ul>  |
| Tricuspid valve             | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Tricuspid Valve Area (TV Planimetry)</li> <li>Tricuspid Valve Annulus Diameter (TV Annulus Diam)</li> </ul>  | Right ventricle     | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Right Ventricle Internal Diameter (RVIDd, RVIDs)</li> <li>Right Ventricle Wall Thickness (RVAWd, RVAWs)</li> <li>Right Ventricle Outflow Tract Diameter (RVOT Diam)</li> <li>Right Ventricle Ejection Time (RVET)</li> <li>Right Ventricle Pre-Ejection Period (RVPEP)</li> </ul>   |
|                             |   | System              | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Pericard Effusion (PE (d))</li> </ul>   |
|                             |   | Tricuspid valve     | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>QRS Complex to End of Envelope (Q-TV close)</li> <li>Tricuspid Annular Plane Systolic Excursion (TAPSE)</li> </ul>  |

# Supplement: cardiac measurements/calculations (cont.)

| Doppler Mode measurements |  | Doppler Mode measurements (cont.) |   |
|---------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|---|
| Aortic valve              | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Aortic Insufficiency Mean Pressure Gradient (AR Trace)</li> <li>Aortic Insufficiency Peak Pressure Gradient (AR Vmax)</li> <li>Aortic Insufficiency End Diastole Pressure Gradient (AR Trace)</li> <li>Aortic Insufficiency Mean Velocity (AR Trace)</li> <li>Aortic Insufficiency Velocity Time Integral (AR Trace)</li> <li>Aortic Valve Mean Velocity (AV Trace)</li> <li>Aortic Valve Velocity Time Integral (AV Trace)</li> <li>Aortic Valve Mean Pressure Gradient (AV Trace)</li> <li>Aortic Valve Peak Pressure Gradient (AR Vmax)</li> <li>Aortic Insufficiency Peak Velocity (AR Vmax)</li> <li>Aortic Insufficiency End-Diastolic Velocity (AR Trace)</li> <li>Aortic Valve Peak Velocity (AV Vmax)</li> <li>Aortic Valve Peak Velocity at Point E (AV Vmax)</li> <li>Aorta Proximal Coarctation (Coarc Pre-Duct)</li> <li>Aorta Distal Coarctation (Coarc Post-Duct)</li> <li>Aortic Valve Insufficiency Pressure Half Time (AR PHT)</li> <li>Aortic Valve Flow Acceleration (AV Trace)</li> <li>Aortic Valve Pressure Half Time (AV Trace)</li> <li>Aortic Valve Acceleration Time (AV Acc Time)</li> <li>Aortic Valve Deceleration Time (AV Dec Time)</li> <li>Aortic Valve Ejection Time (AVET)</li> <li>Aortic Valve Acceleration to Ejection Time Ratio (AV Acc Time, AVET)</li> <li>Aortic Valve Area(VTI): AVA (Vmax)</li> </ul> | Mitral valve (cont.)              | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Mitral inflow E velocity to E' ratio (E/E')</li> <li>Mitral inflow E velocity to E' Avg ratio (E/E' Avg)</li> <li>Mitral inflow E velocity to E' Lat ratio (E/E' Lat)</li> <li>Medial Mitral inflow E velocity to E' Medial ratio (E/E')</li> <li>Mitral inflow E velocity to E' Sept ratio (E/E' Sept)</li> <li>Mitral Valve Regurgitant Flow Acceleration (MR Trace)</li> <li>Mitral Valve Regurgitant Mean Velocity (MR Trace)</li> <li>Mitral Regurgitant Mean Pressure Gradient (MR Trace)</li> <li>Mitral Regurgitant Velocity Time Integral (MR Trace)</li> <li>Mitral Valve Mean Velocity (MV Trace)</li> <li>Mitral Valve Velocity Time Integral (MV Trace)</li> <li>Mitral Valve Mean Pressure Gradient (MV Trace)</li> <li>Mitral Regurgitant Peak Pressure Gradient (MR Vmax)</li> <li>Mitral Valve Peak Pressure Gradient (MV Vmax)</li> <li>Mitral Regurgitant Peak Velocity (MR Vmax)</li> <li>Mitral Valve Peak Velocity (MV Vmax)</li> <li>Mitral Valve Velocity Peak A (MV A Velocity)</li> <li>Mitral Valve Velocity Peak E (MV E Velocity)</li> <li>Mitral Valve Area According to PHT (MV PHT)</li> <li>Mitral Valve Flow Deceleration (MV DecT)</li> <li>Mitral Valve Pressure Half Time (MV PHT)</li> <li>Mitral Valve Flow Acceleration (MV AccT)</li> <li>Mitral Valve E-Peak to A-Peak Ratio (A-C and D-E) (MV E/ARatio)</li> <li>Mitral Valve Acceleration Time (MV Acc Time)</li> <li>Mitral Valve Deceleration Time (MV Dec Time)</li> <li>Mitral Valve Ejection Time ((MVET)</li> <li>Mitral Valve A-Wave Duration (MV A Dur)</li> <li>Mitral Valve Time to Peak (MV TTP)</li> <li>Mitral Valve Acceleration Time/Deceleration Time Ratio (MV Acc/Dec Time)</li> <li>Stroke Volume Index by Mitral Flow (MVA Planimetry, MVTrace)</li> </ul> |
| Left ventricle            | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Left Ventricle Outflow Tract Peak Pressure Gradient (LVOT Vmax)</li> <li>Left Ventricle Outflow Tract Peak Velocity (LVOT Vmax)</li> <li>Left Ventricle Outflow Tract Mean Pressure Gradient (LVOT Trace)</li> <li>Left Ventricle Outflow Tract Mean Velocity (LVOTT Trace)</li> <li>Left Ventricle Outflow Tract Velocity Time Integral (LVOT Trace)</li> <li>Left Ventricle Ejection Time (LVET)</li> </ul>   | Pulmonic valve                    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Pulmonic Insufficiency Peak Pressure Gradient (PR Vmax)</li> <li>Pulmonic Insufficiency End-Diastolic Pressure Gradient (PR Trace)</li> <li>Pulmonic Valve Peak Pressure Gradient (PV Vmax)</li> <li>Pulmonic Insufficiency Peak Velocity (PR Vmax)</li> </ul>   |
| Mitral valve              | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>E' Early diastolic mitral valve annular velocity (E')</li> <li>E' Averaged Early diastolic mitral valve annular velocity (E' Avg)</li> <li>E' Lat Early diastolic mitral valve lateral annular velocity (E' Lat)</li> <li>E' Medial Early diastolic mitral valve medial annular velocity (E' Medial)</li> <li>E' Sept Early diastolic mitral valve septal annular velocity (E'Sept)</li> </ul>  |                                   |   |

# Supplement: cardiac measurements/calculations (cont.)

| Doppler Mode measurements (cont.) |  | Doppler Mode measurements (cont.)   |
|-----------------------------------|--|---|
| Pulmonic valve (cont.)            | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Pulmonic Insufficiency End-Diastolic Velocity (Prend Vmax)</li> <li>Pulmonic Valve Peak Velocity (PV Vmax)</li> <li>Pulmonary Artery Diastolic Pressure (PV Trace)</li> <li>Pulmonic Insufficiency Mean Pressure Gradient (PR Trace)</li> <li>Pulmonic Valve Mean Pressure Gradient (PV Trace)</li> <li>Pulmonic Insufficiency Mean Square Root Velocity (PR Trace)</li> <li>Pulmonic Insufficiency Velocity Time Integral (PR Trace)</li> <li>Pulmonic Valve Mean Velocity (PV Trace)</li> <li>Pulmonic Valve Velocity Time Integral (PV Trace)</li> <li>Pulmonic Insufficiency Pressure HalfTime (PR PHT)</li> <li>Pulmonic Valve Flow Acceleration (PV Acc Time)</li> <li>Pulmonic Valve Acceleration Time (PV Acc Time)</li> <li>Pulmonic Valve Ejection Time (PVET)</li> <li>QRS Complex to End of Envelope (Q-to-PV Close)</li> <li>Pulmonic Valve Acceleration to Ejection Time Ratio (PV Acc Time, PVET)</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Pulmonary Vein S/D Ratio (P Vein D, P Vein S)</li> <li>Ventricular Septal Defect Peak Pressure Gradient (VSD Vmax)</li> <li>Pulmonic-to-Systemic Flow Ratio (Qp/Qs)</li> </ul>   |
| Right ventricle                   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Right Ventricle Outflow Tract Peak Pressure Gradient (RVOT Vmax)</li> <li>Right Ventricle Outflow Tract Peak Velocity (RVOT Vmax)</li> <li>Right Ventricle Outflow Tract Velocity Time Integral (RVOT Trace)</li> <li>Right Ventricle Ejection Time (RV Trace)</li> <li>Stroke Volume by Pulmonic Flow (RVOT Planimetry, RVOT Trace)</li> <li>Right Ventricle Stroke Volume Index by Pulmonic Flow (RVOT Planimetry, RVOT Trace)</li> </ul>   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Tricuspid Regurgitant Peak Pressure Gradient (TR Vmax)</li> <li>Tricuspid Valve Peak Pressure Gradient (TV Vmax)</li> <li>Tricuspid Regurgitant Peak Velocity (TR Vmax)</li> <li>Tricuspid Valve Peak Velocity (TV Vmax)</li> <li>Tricuspid Valve Velocity Peak A (TV A Velocity)</li> <li>Tricuspid Valve Velocity Peak E (TV E Velocity)</li> <li>Tricuspid Regurgitant Mean Pressure Gradient (TR Trace)</li> <li>Tricuspid Valve Mean Pressure Gradient (TV Trace)</li> <li>Tricuspid Regurgitant Mean Velocity (TR Trace)</li> <li>Tricuspid Regurgitant Velocity Time Integral (TR Trace)</li> <li>Tricuspid Valve Mean Velocity (TV Trace)</li> <li>Tricuspid Valve Velocity Time Integral (TV Trace)</li> <li>Tricuspid Valve Time to Peak (TVTP)</li> <li>Tricuspid Valve Ejection Time (TV Acc/ Dec Time)</li> <li>Tricuspid Valve A-Wave Duration (TV A Dur)</li> <li>QRS Complex to End of Envelope (Q-TV Close)</li> <li>Tricuspid Valve Pressure HalfTime (TV PHT)</li> <li>Stroke Volume by Tricuspid Flow (TV Planimetry, TV Trace)</li> <li>Tricuspid Valve E-Peak to A-Peak Ratio (TV E/A Velocity)</li> </ul> |
| System                            | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Pulmonary Artery Peak Velocity (PV Vmax)</li> <li>Pulmonary Vein Velocity Peak A (Reverse) (P Vein A)</li> <li>Pulmonary Vein Peak Velocity (P Vein D, P Vein S)</li> <li>Systemic Vein Peak Velocity (PDA Diastolic, PDA Systolic)</li> <li>Ventricular Septal Defect Peak Velocity (VSD Vmax)</li> <li>Atrial Septal Defect (ASD Diastolic, ASD Systolic)</li> <li>Pulmonary Vein A-Wave Duration (P Vein A Dur)</li> <li>IsoVolumetric Relaxation Time (IVRT)</li> <li>IsoVolumetric Contraction Time (IVCT)</li> </ul>  | <h3>Color Flow Mode measurements</h3> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Aortic valve <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Proximal Isovelocity Surface Area: Regurgitant Orifice Area (AR Radius)</li> <li>Proximal Isovelocity Surface Area: Radius of Aliased Point (AR Radius)</li> <li>Proximal Isovelocity Surface Area: Regurgitant Flow (AR Trace)</li> <li>Proximal Isovelocity Surface Area: Regurgitant Volume Flow (AR Trace)</li> <li>Proximal Isovelocity Surface Area: Aliased Velocity (AR Vmax)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>   |

# Supplement: cardiac measurements/calculations (cont.)

| Color Flow Mode measurements (cont.) |   | Combination Mode measurements (cont.) |  |
|--------------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|--|
| Mitral valve                         | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Proximal Isovelocity Surface Area: Regurgitant Orifice Area (MR Radius)</li> <li>• Proximal Isovelocity Surface Area: Radius of Aliased Point (MR Radius)</li> <li>• Proximal Isovelocity Surface Area: Regurgitant Flow (MR Trace)</li> <li>• Proximal Isovelocity Surface Area: Regurgitant Volume Flow (MR Trace)</li> <li>• Proximal Isovelocity Surface Area: Aliased Velocity (MR Vmax)</li> </ul>   | Left ventricle<br>(cont.)             | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ejection Fraction, Bi-Plane, Method of Disk (LVAd, LVAs, 2CH, 4CH)</li> <li>• Left Ventricle Stroke Volume, Bi-Plane, Method of Disk (LVAd, LVAs, 2CH, 4CH)</li> <li>• Left Ventricle Volume, Bi-Plane, Method of Disk (LVAd, LVAs, 2CH, 4CH)</li> <li>• Left Ventricle Stroke Index, Single Plane, Two-Chamber/Four-Chamber, Area-Length (LVSd, LVSs and BSA)</li> <li>• Left Ventricle Volume, Single Plane, Two-Chamber/Four-Chamber, Method of Disk (LVAd, LVAs)</li> <li>• Left Ventricle Volume, Apical View, Long Axis, Method of Disk (LVAd, LVAs)</li> </ul> |
| Combination Mode measurements        |   |                                       |  |
| Aortic valve                         | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Aortic Valve Area (Ao Root Diam, LVOT Vmax, AV Vmax)</li> <li>• Aortic Valve Area by Continuity Equation by Peak Velocity (Ao Root Diam, LVOT Vmax, AV Vmax)</li> <li>• Stroke Volume by Aortic Flow (AVA Planimetry, AV Trace)</li> <li>• Cardiac Output by Aortic Flow (AVA Planimetry, AV Trace, HR)</li> <li>• Aortic Valve Area by Continuity Equation VTI (Ao Root Diam, LVOT Vmax, AV Trace)</li> </ul>   | Mitral valve                          | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Stroke Volume by Mitral Flow (MVA Planimetry, MV Trace)</li> <li>• Cardiac Output by Mitral Flow (MVA Planimetry, MV Trace, HR)</li> </ul>  |
| Left ventricle                       | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Cardiac Output, Teichholz/Cubic (LVIDd, LVI Ds, HR)</li> <li>• Cardiac Output Two-Chamber, Single Plane, Area-Length/Method of Disk (Simpson) (LVAd, LVAs, HR)</li> <li>• Cardiac Output Four-Chamber, Single Plane, Area-Length/Method of Disk (Simpson) (LVAd, LVAs, HR)</li> <li>• Ejection Fraction Two-Chamber, Single Plane, Area-Length/Method of Disk (Simpson) (LVAd, LVAs)</li> <li>• Ejection Fraction Four-Chamber, Single Plane, Area-Length/Method of Disk (Simpson) (LVAd, LVAs)</li> <li>• Left Ventricle Stroke Volume, Single Plane, Two-Chamber/Four-Chamber, Area-Length (LVAd, LVAs)</li> <li>• Left Ventricle Stroke Volume, Single Plane, Two-Chamber/Four-Chamber, Method of Disk (Simpson) (LVIDd, LVIDs, LVAd, LVAs)</li> <li>• Left Ventricle Volume, Two-Chamber/Four-Chamber, Area-Length (LVAd, LVAs)</li> </ul> | Pulmonic valve                        | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Stroke Volume by Pulmonic Flow (PV Planimetry, PV Trace)</li> <li>• Cardiac Output by Pulmonic Flow (PV Planimetry, PV Trace, HR)</li> </ul>  |
|                                      |   | Tricuspid valve                       | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Cardiac Output by Tricuspid Flow (TV Planimetry, TV Trace, HR)</li> </ul>   |

## Cardiac worksheet

Parameter: lists the mode, the measurement folder, and the specific measurement

Measured Value: Up to six measurement values for each item. Average, maximum, minimum, or last

## Generic study in cardiology

Stroke Volume (SV)

Cardiac Output (CO)

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