WHO Prequalification of In Vitro Diagnostics PUBLIC REPORT

Product: STANDARD Q HIV/Syphilis Combo Test WHO reference number: PQDx 0382-117-00

STANDARD Q HIV/Syphilis Combo Test with product code **09HIV20D**, manufactured by **SD Biosensor**, **Inc**, **Rest-of-World regulatory version**, was accepted for the WHO list of prequalified in vitro diagnostics and was listed on 26 May 2020.

Summary of WHO prequalification assessment for STANDARD Q HIV/Syphilis Combo Test

	Date	Outcome
Prequalification listing	26-May-2020	listed
Dossier assessment	1-May-2020	MR
Site inspection(s) of quality	17-19 -Apr-2019	MR
management system		
Product performance	Quarter 4-2019	MR
evaluation		

MR: Meets Requirements

Intended use

According to the claim of intended use from SD Biosensor Inc, "STANDARD Q HIV/Syphilis Combo Test is a rapid chromatographic immunoassay for the qualitative detection of antibodies specific to HIV-1 including subtype O, HIV 2 and Syphilis (Treponema pallidum) in human serum, plasma or whole blood. The test is for in vitro diagnostic use and intended as an aid to early diagnosis of HIV and Syphilis infection for HIV or Syphilis infected patients, patients with signs and symptoms for HIV and Syphilis and persons at risk. It provides only an initial screening test result. More specific alternative diagnosis methods should be performed in order to obtain the confirmation of HIV Virus and Syphilis infection."

Assay description

According to the claim of assay description from SD Biosensor Inc, "STANDARD Q HIV/Syphilis Combo Test has "H1", "H2", "SYP" and "C" line region pre-coated with recombinant HIV-1 GP41 protein / recombinant HIV-1 subtype O GP41, recombinant HIV-2 GP36 protein, recombinant p17 Treponema pallidum protein (recombinant TPP 17 protein) and monoclonal anti-HIV-1 / monoclonal anti-syphilis respectively. The anti-HIV-1/anti-HIV-1 subtype O in patient sample interacts with the recombinant HIV-1 GP41-gold / recombinant HIV-1 subtype O GP41-gold and the anti-HIV-2 in patient sample interacts with the recombinant HIV-2 GP36-gold in the conjugation pad. The anti-syphilis in patient

sample interacts with the recombinant TPP 17 protein-gold. The complex moves along the membrane chromatographically with assay diluent and is captured by the recombinant HIV-1 and HIV-2 antigens and/or recombinant TPP 17 antigen on the each test line (H1, H2, SYP). If the antibodies against HIV 1/2 and/or syphilis are in the patient sample, visible lines are formed in the each test line. The control line should always appear if the test procedure is performed properly."

Test kit contents

Component	25 tests (product code 09HIV20D)
Test device (individually in a foil pouch with desiccant)	25
Buffer Bottle	1 x 4 mL
Capillary tube (20μl)	Pack of 25
Instructions for use	1
Sterile lancet	25
Alcohol swabs	25

Items required but not provided

- Micropipette and tip
- Blood collection tube
- PPE (Personal Protective Equipment)
- Biohazard container
- Timing device

Storage

The test kit should be stored at 2-40°C.

Shelf-life upon manufacture

24 months.

Warnings/limitations

Please refer to the instructions for use attached to this public report.

Prioritization for prequalification

Based on the established eligibility criteria, STANDARD Q HIV/Syphilis Combo Test was given priority for WHO prequalification assessment.

Dossier assessment

SD Biosensor Inc submitted a product dossier for STANDARD Q HIV/Syphilis Combo Test as per the "Instructions for compilation of a product dossier" (PQDx_018 version 3). The information (data and documentation) submitted in the product dossier was reviewed by WHO staff and external technical experts (assessors) appointed by WHO.

The manufacturer's responses to the nonconformities found during dossier review were accepted on 1 May 2020.

Commitment for prequalification

SD Biosensor, Inc committed to provide the interim study report and raw data for device stability studies on 24 November 2020 and the final report and raw data on the 23 March 2022.

Based on the product dossier screening and assessment findings, the product dossier for STANDARD Q HIV/Syphilis Combo Test meets WHO prequalification requirements.

Manufacturing site inspection

An inspection of SD Biosensor Inc. located at 74, Osongsaengmyeong 4-ro, Osong-eup, Heungdeok-gu, Cheongju-si, Chungcheongbuk-do, 28161, Republic of Korea was conducted from the 17th to the 19th of April 2019. At the time of considering the product application for Prequalification, the Manufacturer of the product had a well-established quality management system and manufacturing practices in place that would support the manufacture of a product of consistent quality. Routine inspections of the Manufacturing site will be conducted with copies of the WHO Public Inspection Report (WHOPIR) published on the WHO Prequalification web page as per Resolution WHA57.14 of the World Health Assembly. Note that a WHOPIR reflects the information on the most current inspection performed at a manufacturing site for *in vitro* diagnostic products and gives a summary of the inspection findings.

Information on the most current inspection can be found at: https://www.who.int/diagnostics laboratory/evaluations/PQDxSiteInspection/en/

All published WHOPIRs are with the agreement of the manufacturer.

The manufacturer's responses to the nonconformities found at the time of the inspection were accepted on 16th of December 2019.

Based on the site inspection and corrective action plan review, the quality management system for STANDARD Q HIV/Syphilis Combo Test meets WHO prequalification requirements.

Product performance evaluation

STANDARD Q HIV/Syphilis Combo Test was evaluated at the Institute of Tropical Medicine, Belgium on behalf of WHO in the 4th quarter of 2019, according to protocol PQDx_150, version 4.1.

Clinical performance evaluation

In this limited laboratory-based evaluation of clinical performance characteristics, a panel of 400 serum/plasma specimens was used. The specimens were characterized using the following reference algorithms. For HIV: Vironostika HIV Ag/Ab (bioMérieux) and Enzygnost Anti-HIV 1/2 Plus (Siemens Healthcare Diagnostics) or Genscreen HIV-1/2 Version 2 (Bio-Rad) in parallel; followed by INNO-LIA HIV I/II Score (Fujirebio Inc.) on initially reactive specimens. For Treponema pallidum: Vitros Syphilis TPA Assay (Ortho Clinical Diagnostics), followed by SERODIA-TP.PA (Fujirebio Inc.).

Clinical performance characteristics in comparison with an agreed reference standard				
	HIV-1/2		Syphilis	
	Initial (95% CI)	Final (95% CI)	Initial (95% CI)	Final (95% CI)
Sensitivity % (N=200)	100 (98.2-100)	100 (98.2-100)	95.0 (91.0-97.6)	95.5 (91.6-97.9)
Specificity % (N= 200)	99.0 (96.4-99.9)	99.5 (97.2-100)	99.5 (97.2-100)	99.5 (97.2-100)
Invalid rate % (N= 400)	0%			
Inter-reader variability % (N= 400)	3.25%*		1.0%	

^{*} All 13 disagreements on HIV-1/2 results were on the HIV-2 line in HIV-1 positive specimens.

Out of 200 HIV-1 positive specimens, STANDARD Q HIV/Syphilis Combo Test showed the presence of the HIV-2 line in 30 (15 %) specimens, although in most cases (n=28), the HIV-2

line was weaker than the HIV-1 line, which is interpreted as HIV-1 positive result according to the IFU of the assay.

Analytical performance evaluation

Analytical performance characteristics				
	HIV-1/2	Syphilis		
Sensitivity during	Of a total of 52 specimens in	Of a total of 9 specimens		
seroconversion in	8 panel, 23 were detected by	in 1 panel, 5 were		
comparison with a	the assay under evaluation;	detected by the assay		
benchmark assay (Enzygnost	versus 21 specimens detected	under evaluation; versus 2		
Anti-HIV 1/2 Plus)	by the benchmark assay	specimens detected by		
	(Enzygnost Anti-HIV 1/2 Plus).	the benchmark assay		
	Seroconversion sensitivity	(Vitro Syphilis TPA Assay).		
	index of -0.25, therefore			
	detection is 0.25 specimens			
	earlier than the benchmark			
	assay.			
Analytical sensitivity on a	All 25 specimens of panel	All 17 specimens of panel		
mixed titer panels	PRB-205 (SeraCare) were	PSS-202 (SeraCare) were		
	correctly classified.	correctly classified.		
Analytical sensitivity on	All 6 HIV subtypes/groups in	The 1 st International		
WHO reference preparation	the 1 st International	Standard for human		
panels	Reference Panel for anti-HIV	syphilitic plasma IgG		
	(NIBSC code 02/210) were	(NIBSC code 05/122) was		
	detected.	detected.		
Lot to lot variation on a	Lot to lot variation was within	Lot to lot variation was		
dilution panel	+/- 1 two-fold dilutions for all	within +/- 1 two-fold		
	10 dilution series.	dilutions for all 10 dilution		
		series.		

Operational characteristics and ease of use

This assay does not require laboratory equipment and can be performed in laboratories with limited facilities or in non-laboratory settings.

The assay was found easy to use by the operators performing the evaluation.

Key operational characteristics				
Number of steps*	2 steps in total			
	1 step with precision pipetting (only for			
	serum/plasma)			
Time to result	15 minutes			
Endpoint stability (interval)	5 minutes (the test can be read between 15 and 20			
	minutes after addition of diluent)			
Internal QC	Yes, reagent addition control			

^{*} Definition: each action required to obtain a result (excluding specimen collection, device preparation – opening the pouch), e.g. for RDTs: add specimen, add buffer (2 steps).

Based on these results, the performance evaluation for STANDARD Q HIV/Syphilis Combo Test meets the WHO prequalification requirements.

Labelling

- 1. Labels
- 2. Instructions for use

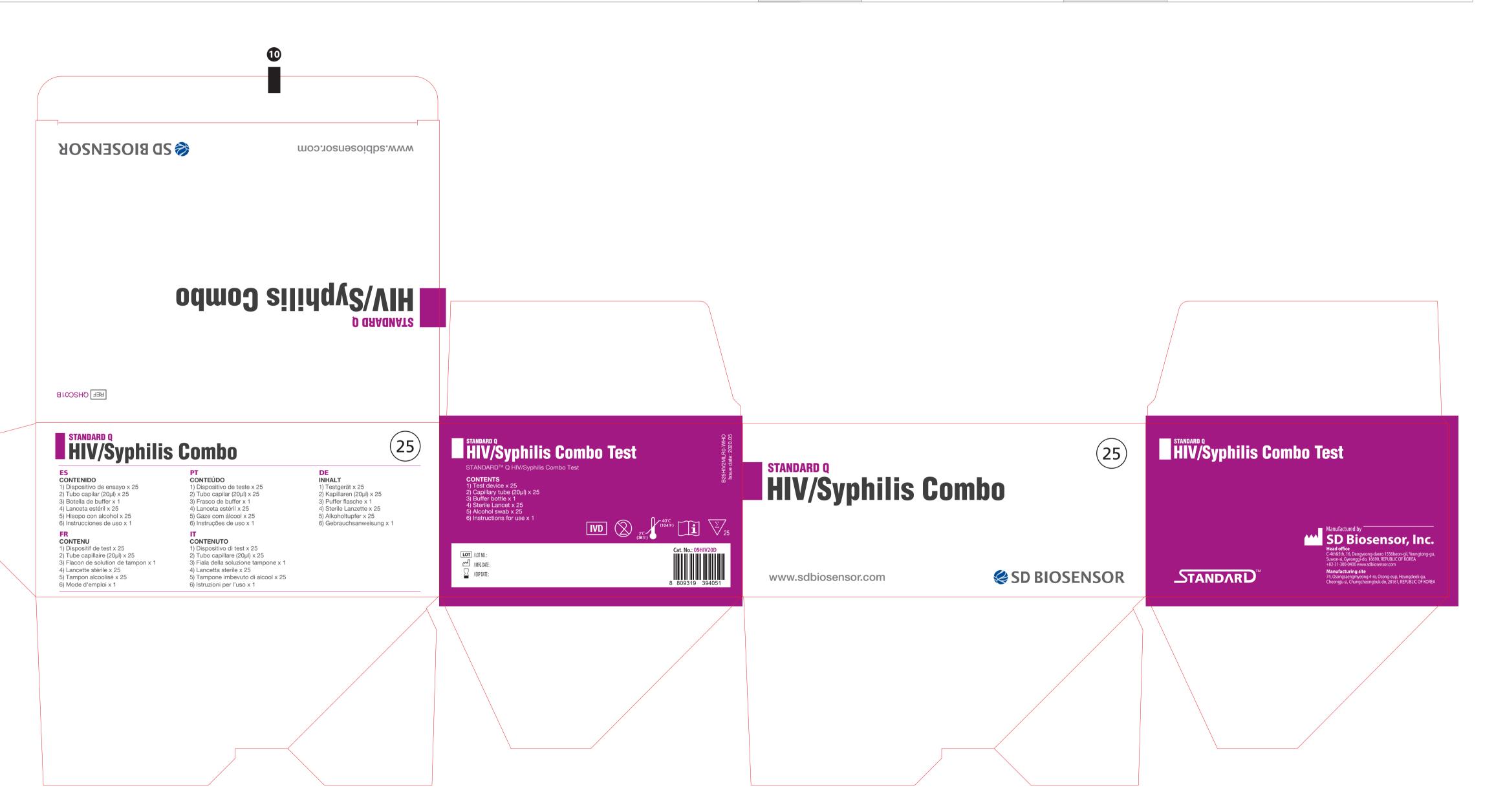
1. Labels

1.1 Device Package

STANDARD Q HIV/Syphilis Combo 25T

자재명 도수 Package 2도 (먹, Pantone 2415C) 문안번호 B25HIV2MLR0-WHO 후가공 유광코팅 / 3면접착 W165 * H71 * D124 작업일자 크기 2020.05.19 용지/질량 담당부서 디자인팀, 마케팅팀 로얄아이보리/300g

Unit	:	mm



1.2 Foil pouch



Rapid Test





/ ltem

/ REF No.

/LOT No.

/ MFG DATE

/ EXP DATE

STANDARD Q HIV/Syphilis Combo

QHSC01B / CAT No.: 09HIV20D

XXXXXXXXX

YYYY.MM.DD.

YYYY.MM.DD.

#Buffer Lot: XXXXXXXXXX

Manufactured by





1.3 Buffer label



1.4 Inverted cup(5 $\mu\ell$) label

Capillary tube (20µl)

LOT No.:

EXP:

Quantity: 25PCS

(i



SD BIOSENSOR

L46RT1ENR1 Issue date: 2020.02

1.5 Sterile Lancet label

Disposable Sterile Lancets

LOT No.:

MFG Date:

INTENDED USE

To obtain a capillary blood specimen from the fingertip.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE

To use, twist-off the protective cap.

CAUTION

The lancet is guaranteed sterile while protective cap is sealed to the base. Do not use if the seal has been damaged or broken.

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Manufactured by

Beijing Ruicheng Medical Supplies Co., Ltd. No. 558 Zhangzikou, Yangsong Town, Huairou District, 101400 Beijing, China



Authorized Representative

Product code: 01GL25

25_{PCS}

B06LCT2ENR2

Issue Date: 2020.02

Lotus NL B.V.

Koningin Julianaplein 10, 1e Verd, 2595AA, The Hague, Netherlands. Tel: +31645171879, +31626669008



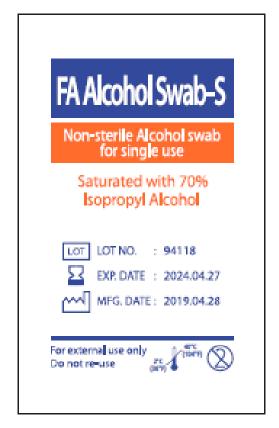








1.6 Alcohol swab label





Front Back

PQDx 0382-117-00

2. Instructions for use¹

 $^{^{1}}$ English version of the IFU was the one that was assessed by WHO. It is the responsibility of the manufacturer to ensure correct translation into other languages.

STANDARD Q

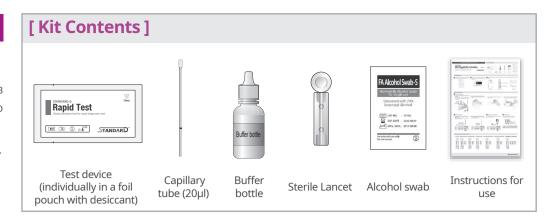
HIV/Syphilis Combo

REF QHSC01B Cat. No.: 09HIV20D

STANDARD™ Q HIV/Syphilis Combo Test

PLEASE READ BACK PAGE CAREFULLY BEFORE YOU PERFORM THE TEST

SD BIOSENSOR



[Preparation]

Carefully read the instruction for using the STANDARD Q HIV/Syphilis Combo Test.



2 Check the expiry date at the back of the foil pouch. Use another lot, if expiry date has passed.



Open the foil pouch, and check the test device and the color indicator desiccant pack in foil pouch.



3





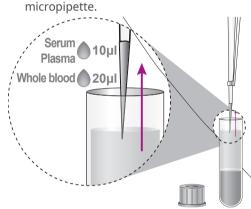
<Desiccant>

[Test Procedure]

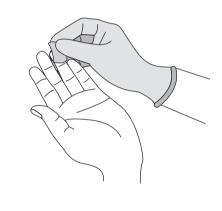
1 Collecting of Sample

1-1. For serum/plasma/venous whole blood specimen

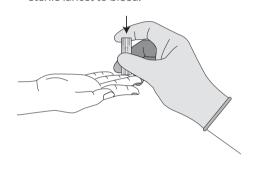
Collect the 10µl of serum/plasma or 20ul of venous whole blood specimen using a microphette



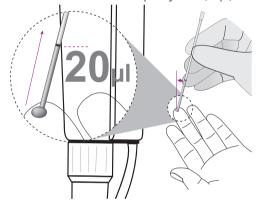
- 1-2. For capillary whole blood specimen
- ① Clean a fingertip by wiping with an alcohol



② Dry and pierce the wiped fingertip with a sterile lancet to bleed.



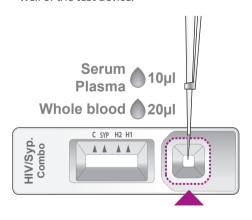
(3) Collect the 20µl of capillary whole blood to the black line of the capillary tube (20µl).



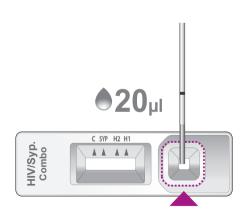
2 Adding of Sample

2-1. For serum/plasma/venous whole blood specimen

Add the collected specimen to the sample well of the test device.



2-2. For capillary whole blood specimenAdd the collected specimen to the sample well of the test device.



3 Dropping of Buffer

Hold the buffer bottle at 90° angle to the test device without touching the specimen well to avoid contamination of the buffer.

Add 3 drops of the buffer into the specimen well of the test device



4 Reading Time

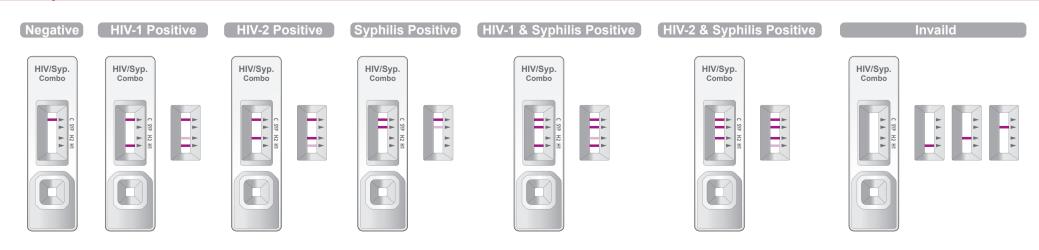
Read the test results between 15 to 20 minutes after adding Buffer.





Do not read test results after 20 minutes. It may give false results.

[Interpretation of Test Result]



EXPLANATION AND SUMMARY

[Introduction]

It is common that co-infection of HIV and syphilis occur in similar patient group since they are both are sexually transmitted infections. Furthermore, they have an influence on each other in many ways. Many studies show that syphilis can increase the transmission of HIV: the presence of genital ulcers can increase shedding of HIV; syphilis also increases HIV-1 viral load and decreases CD4 T-cell count. It is known that the manifestation and symptoms of syphilis are different in HIV-infected patient group, so therapeutics of syphilis should be changed in HIV co-infected patients. For these reasons, there are no doubts about the usefulness of management of HIV and syphilis in tandem. Especially, it is essential to check whether pregnant women have the HIV/syphilis infection due to the risk of mother-to-child transmission (MTCT) of HIV and syphilis infection. STANDARD Q HIV/Syphilis Combo Test is able to quick screen the HIV/syphilis infection and gives the advantage of managing these two diseases at the same time.

[Intended use]

STANDARD™ Q HIV/Syphilis Combo Test is a rapid chromatographic immunoassay for the qualitative detection of antibodies specific to HIV-1 including subtype O, HIV 2 and Syphilis (Treponema pallidum) in human serum, plasma or whole blood. The test is for in vitro diagnostic use and intended as an aid to diagnosis of HIV and Syphilis infection for HIV or Syphilis infected patients, patients with signs and symptoms for HIV and Syphilis and persons at risk including pregnant women. The test is intended to be used by trained healthcare or laboratory professionals or other health care workers who have received appropriate training. This product can be used by trained lay providers operating in point-of-care settings in resource-limited countries. It provides only an initial screening test result. More specific alternative diagnosis methods should be performed in order to obtain the confirmation of HIV Virus and Syphilis infection.

[Test principle]

(recombinant TPP 17 protein) and monoclonal anti-HIV-1 / monoclonal anti-syphilis respectively. The anti-HIV-1/anti-HIV-1 subtype O in patient specimen interacts with the recombinant HIV-1 GP41-gold / recombinant HIV-1 subtype O GP41-gold and the anti-HIV-2 in patient specimen interacts with the recombinant HIV-2 GP36-gold in the conjugation pad. The anti-syphilis in patient specimen interacts with the recombinant TPP 17 protein-gold. The complex moves along the membrane chromatographically with buffer and is captured by the recombinant HIV-1 and HIV-2 antigens and/or recombinant TPP 17 antigen on the each test line (H1, H2, SYP). If the antibodies against HIV 1/2 and/or syphilis are in the patient specimen, visible lines are formed in the each test line. The control line should always appear if the test procedure is performed properly.

- ① Test device (individually in a foil pouch with desiccant) x 25 ② Buffer bottle x 1 ③ Capillary tube (20µl) x 25
- 4 Sterile lancet x 25 (5) Alcohol swab x 25 (6) Instructions for use x 1

[Materials required but not provided] ① Micropipette and tip ② Blood collection tube ③ PPE (Personal Protective Equipment) ④ Biohazard container

- KIT STORAGE AND STABILITY Store the kit unopened at 2-40°C/36-104°F, out of direct sunlight.
- Do not open the aluminum pouch until you are ready to perform a test.
- The buffer bottle provided in the kit is stable until the expiry date of the kit after opening its cap, if it is tightly closed.

WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS

- 1. Do not reuse the test kit
- Do not use the test kit if the pouch is damaged or the seal is broken.
- Do not use after the expiration date.
- Do not use buffer bottle of another lot.
- Do not smoke, drink or eat while handling specimen.
- Wear personal protective equipment, such as gloves and lab coats when handling kit reagents. Wash hands thoroughly
- when afterwards.
- Clean up spills thoroughly using an appropriate disinfectant.
- Handle all specimens as if they contain infectious agents
- Observe established precautions against microbiological hazards throughout testing procedures.
 Dispose of all specimens and materials used to perform the test as bio-hazard waste. Laboratory chemical and bio-hazard
- wastes must be handled and discarded in accordance with all local, state, and national regulations.
- 11. Desiccant in foil pouch is to absorb moisture and keep humidity from affecting products. If the moisture indicating desiccant beads change from yellow to green, the test device in the pouch should be discarded.
- 12. Allow Kit components to reach room temperature (15-30°C) before performing a test.

 13. Follow necessary precautions when handling specimens with this test. Use personal protective equipment (PPE) consistent with guideline1
- 14. The buffer contains 0.01% sodium azide as a preservative which may be toxic if ingested. When disposed of through a sink, flush with large quantities of water.

SPECIMEN COLLECTION AND PREPARATION

- Collect whole blood by venipuncture into commercially available tubes WITHOUT anti-coagulant, and leave to settle for 30
- minutes for blood coagulation and then centrifuge blood to get serum specimen of supernatant 2. If serum in the plain tube is stored in a refrigerator at 2-8°C / 36-46°F, the specimen can be used for testing within 4 days after collection. For prolonged storage, it should be at below -40°C / -40°F.
- 3. It should be brought to room temperature prior to use.

[Plasma]

- $Collect \ \ {\it the venous whole blood into the commercially available anti-coagulant tube such as heparin, EDTA or so dium citrate$ by venipuncture and centrifuge blood to get plasma specimen.
- If plasma in an anti-coagulant tube is stored in a refrigerator at 2-8°C / 36-46°F, the specimen can be used for testing within 4 days after collection. For prolonged storage, it should be at below -40°C / -40°F.
- 3. It should be brought to room temperature prior to use.

[Whole blood]

- Capillary whole blood
- Capillary whole blood should be collected aseptically by fingertip.
 Select the finger that is free from callus. Gently rub the finger to warm it to stimulate blood circulation.
- Squeeze the end of the fingertip and pierce with a sterile lancet.
- Collect the capillary whole blood to the black line of the capillary tube for the testing.
- The capillary whole blood must be tested immediately after collection
- Venous whole blood
- Collect the venous whole blood into the commercially available anti-coagulant tube such as heparin, EDTA or sodium citrate by venipuncture.
- If venous whole blood in an anti-coagulant tube is stored in a refrigerator at 2-8°C / 36-46°F, the specimen can be used for testing within 1-2 days after collection.
- Do not use hemolyzed blood specimen.



- Anticoagulants such as heparin, EDTA or sodium citrate do not affect the test result. · As known relevant interference, haemolytic samples, rheumatoid factors-contained samples and
- lipaemic, icteric samples can lead to impair the test results.

TEST PROCEDURE

[Preparation]

- 1. Carefully read the instructions for using the STANDARD™ Q HIV/Syphilis Combo Test.
- Look at the expiry date at the back of the foil pouch. Use another lot, if expiry date has passed. Allow the STANDARD™ Q HIV/Syphilis Combo Test components and specimen to come to room temperature(15-25°C/59-
- 77°F) for 30min prior to testing.
- Check that the test device packaging is not damaged. If damaged, discard the test and use another test. If a humidity indicator inside shows saturation (color changed from orange to green), throw away the test device and take another test device packaging. If the color of the buffer bottle does not show a change, you can use the test. Throw away the buffer bottle in the non-sharps (non-infectious) disposal container.
- Procedure method should be followed for the specific specimen type being tested.

[Test Procedure]

- For serum/plasma/venous whole blood specimen
- Collect the 10µl of serum/plasma or 20µl of venous whole blood specimen using a micropipette. Add the collected specimen to the specimen well of the test device.
- Add 3 drops of buffer into the sample well of the test device.
- Read the test results between 15 to 20 minutes after adding buffer.
- For capillary whole blood specimen
- Clean a fingertip by wiping with an alcohol swab. 2.
- Dry and pierce the wiped fingertip with a lancet to bleed. Collect the 20µl of capillary whole blood to the black line of the capillary tube (20µl). 3.
- Add the collected whole blood to the specimen well of the test device.

Use correct amount of specimen and buffer.

- Add 3 drops of buffer into the sample well of the test device. 6. Read the test results between 15 to 20 minutes after adding buffer.
- CAUTION

REF

- IVD
- - Consult Instructions for Use



• Do not read test results after 20 minutes. It may give false results.

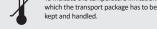
Place the test device on the flat surface after applying the specimen.























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Negative Result The presence of only "C" line indicates a negative result

INTERPRETATION OF TEST RESULTS

HIV-1 Positive Result

- The presence of two lines as "C" and "H1" line indicates a positive result for HIV-1.
- In case of the presence of three lines as "C", "H1" and "H2", if the intensity of the "H1" line is stronger than "H2" line, its should be interpreted as HIV-1 positive.
- **HIV-2 Positive Result**
- The presence of two lines as "C" and "H2" line indicates a positive result for HIV-2.
- In case of the presence of three lines as "C", "H2" and "H1", if the intensity of the "H2" line is stronger than "H1" line, it should be interpreted as HIV-2 positive.



Interprete faint lines of "H1" and/or "H2" as the positive for HIV-1 and/or HIV-2.

Syphilis Positive Result

The presence of two lines as "C" and "SYP" line indicates a positive result for Syphilis.



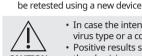
Interprete faint lines of "SYP" as the positive for Syphilis.

HIV-1 & Syphilis Positive Result

The presence of three lines as "C", "H1" and "SYP" line indicates a positive result for HIV-1 and Syphilis.

HIV-2 & Syphilis Positive Result

The presence of three lines as "C", "H2" and "SYP" line indicates a positive result for HIV-2 and Syphilis. **Invalid Result**



In case the intensity of 'H1' and 'H2' line is similar, confirmatory testing is recommended to confirm the

No presence of "C" line indicates an invalid result even in the presence of other lines. It is recommended that the specimen

virus type or a co-infection. · Positive results should be considered in conjunction with the clinical history and other data available to the physician.

LIMITATION OF TEST

- 1. All three test lines ("H1", "H2" and "C") may develop when tested with specimen containing high titers of HIV-1 antibodies. Hence, reactive test bands for both HIV-1 and HIV-2 may not indicate mixed infection but may result from the cross reactivity of HIV-1 and HIV-2 because of the similarity of their genomic structure.
- 2. A positive result indicates presence of antibodies to HIV-1/2 and/or Syphilis. However, a positive result does not indicate a
- conclusive HIV and Syphilis infection diagnosis. A positive result should be confirmed by a supplemental test.

 A negative result does not eliminate the possibility of infection with HIV-1/2 and Syphilis. The STANDARD Q HIV/Syphilis combo
 Test may not detect extremely low concentration of the antibody to HIV-1/2 and Syphilis. For negative result with this kit additional test using other clinical method is necessary.
- The test results alone should not be used in diagnosis of infection with HIV-1/2 and Syphilis. For overall clinical diagnosis, results must be used in conjunction with the patient's clinical symptoms, and clinical history.

OUALITY CONTROL

- A colored line appearing in the control line is an internal reagent and procedural control. It will appear if the test has been performed correctly and the reagent are reactive.
- Control materials are not supplied with this test kit. However, it is recommended that the positive and negative controls be tested as a good laboratory practice to confirm the test procedure and to verify proper test performance.

PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

 Diagnostic sensitivity:

 HIV Ab detection: The Diagnostic Sensitivity for anti-HIV antibody detection, calculated on 637 positive samples, is 100%

 (637/637) with a Wilson 95% confidence interval of [99.4% - 100.0%].

	STANDARD Q HIV/Syphilis Combo Test		
	HIV negative	HIV positive	
Anti-HIV-1 positive/Anti-Tp negative	0	247	
Anti-HIV-1/Anti-Tp positive	0	250	
Anti-HIV-1 positive non-B subtype	0 40		
Anti-HIV-2 positive	0	100	
Sensitivity	637/637 = 100%		

- Syphilis Ab detection: The Diagnostic Sensitivity for anti-Treponema pallidum antibody detection, calculated on 400

positive samples, is 98.8% (395/400) with a wilson s	55% confidence interval of [97.1% - 99	9.5%].	
	STANDARD Q HIV/Syphilis Combo Test		
	Syphilis negative	Syphilis positive	
Anti-Tp/Anti-HIV positive	4	246	
Anti-Tp positive/anti-HIV negative	1	149	
Sensitivity	395/400 = 98.8%		

2. <u>Diagnostic specificity:</u>
The Diagnostic Specificity for anti-HIV Ab detection, calculated on 1500 negative samples, is 99.9% (1499/1500) with a

Wilson 95% confidence interval of [99.6% - 100.0%]. The Diagnostic Specificity for anti-Tp Ab detection, calculated on 1500 negative samples, is 100% (1500/1500) with a Wilson

95% confidence interval of [99.7% - 100.0%]	•			
	STANDARD Q HIV/Syphilis Combo Test			
	HIV Syphilis			
	Negative	Positive	Negative	Positive
Blood donors EDTA-K3 plasma	1000	0	1000	0
Blood donors EDTA-K3 whole blood	499	1	500	0
Specificity	1499/1500 = 99.9%		1500/150	0 = 100%

Gynecol 18: 191-203, 1975.

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