HAMILTON-C3

Technical specifications for SW version 2.0.x

Ventilation modes

| Mode form | Mode name | Mode | Adult/Ped | Neonatal |
|-------------------------|-------------------|---|---|----------|
| Volume-controlled, | (S)CMV | Breaths are volume controlled and mandatory, including patient | | |
| flow-controlled | | triggered breaths. | | |
| | SIMV | A fixed rate is set for volume-controlled mandatory breaths. | | |
| | | Additional patient triggered breaths between mandatory breaths | | |
| | | are spontaneous breaths (with or without pressure support). | | |
| Volume-targeted, | APVcmv / (S)CMV+ | Breaths are volume targeted and mandatory. | *************************************** | |
| adaptive pressure- | APVsimv / SIMV+ | Volume-targeted mandatory breaths can be alternated with | | |
| controlled | | pressure-supported spontaneous breaths. | | |
| Pressure-controlled | PCV+ | All breaths, whether triggered by either the patient or the | | |
| | | ventilator, are pressure controlled and mandatory. | | |
| | PSIMV+ | Mandatory breaths are pressure controlled. Mandatory breaths can | | |
| | | be alternated with pressure-supported spontaneous breaths. | | |
| | DuoPAP | Mandatory breaths are pressure controlled. Spontaneous breaths | | |
| | | can be triggered at both pressure levels. | | |
| | APRV | Spontaneous breaths can be continuously triggered. The pressure | | |
| | | release between the levels contributes to ventilation. | | |
| | SPONT | Every breath is spontaneous, with or without pressure support. | | |
| Intelligent ventilation | ASV® | Operator sets %MinVol, PEEP, and Oxygen. Frequency, tidal volume, | | |
| | | pressure, and I:E ratio are based on physiological input from the | | |
| | | patient. | | |
| | INTELLIVENT®-ASV® | Fully automated management of ventilation and oxygenation based | 0 | |
| | | on physiological input from the patient. The underlying mode is | | |
| | | ASV. | | |
| Noninvasive | NIV | Every breath is spontaneous, with or without pressure support. | | |
| ventilation | NIV-ST | Every breath is spontaneous as long as the patient is breathing | | |
| | | above the set rate. A backup rate can be set for mandatory breaths. | | |
| | nCPAP-PS | Every breath is spontaneous as long as the patient is breathing | | 0 |
| | | above the set rate. A backup rate can be set for mandatory breaths. | | |
| | | PS can be set to 0 (= nCPAP) | | |
| Oxygen therapy | HiFlowO2 | High flow oxygen therapy. No supported breaths. | 0 | 0 |

Standard: Option: O Not applicable: --





Standard configuration and options (in alphabetical order)

| Functions | Adult / Ped | Neonatal |
|--|-------------|----------|
| Capnography, mainstream (volumetric) and sidestream | 0 | 0 |
| Communication ports: | | |
| COM port | | |
| Nurse call | 0 | 0 |
| Communication protocols: for details see Connectivity brochure | | |
| Dynamic Lung (real-time visualization of the lungs) | | |
| Event log (up to 1000 events with date and time stamp) | | |
| Inspiratory and expiratory hold maneuver | | |
| IntelliTrig (leak compensation) | | |
| Manual breath / prolonged inspiration | | |
| Nebulization (pneumatic) | | |
| O2 enrichment | | |
| On-screen help | | |
| P/V Tool® Pro | 0 | 0 |
| Patient group | | 0 |
| Print screen | | |
| Screen lock | | |
| Second battery | 0 | 0 |
| SpO2 monitoring | 0 | 0 |
| Standby with timer | | |
| Suctioning tool | | |
| TRC (tube resistance compensation) | | |
| Trends/Loops | | |
| Trigger, flow, and pressure selectable | | |
| | | |

Vent Status (Visual representation of ventilator dependancy)

Standard: Option: O Not applicable: --

Technical performance data (in alphabetical order)

| Description | Specification |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Automatic expiratory base flow | Fixed at 6 I/min |
| Inspiratory pressure | 0 to 60 cmH2O |
| Maximum inspiratory flow | 240 I/min (150 I/min with 100% O2) |
| Means of inspiratory triggering | Flow trigger or pressure trigger control |
| Means of expiratory triggering | Flow cycle (ETS) |
| Minimum expiratory time | 20% of cycle time; 0.2 to 0.8 s |
| O2 input flow | 80 I/min (at 2.8 bar/ 280 kPa / 41 psi input pressure) |
| Oxygen mixer accuracy | ± (Volume fraction of 2.5% + 2.5% of actual reading) |
| Preoperational checks | Tightness test, Flow sensor/O2 sensor/CO2 sensor calibration |
| Tidal volume | Adult/Ped: 20 to 2000 ml |
| | Neonatal: 2 to 300 ml |

Standards and approvals

| Classification | Class IIb, continuously operating according to EC directive 93/42/EEC |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Certification | IEC 60601-1:2005/A1:2012, IEC 60601-1-2:2014, ANSI/AAMI ES60601-1:2005/(R)2012, ISO |
| | 80601-2-12:2011, CAN/CSA-C22.2 NO. 60601-1:14, EN ISO 5356-1:2015, ISO 80601-2-55:2011 |
| Declaration | The HAMILTON-C3 was developed in accordance with pertinent international standards and |
| | FDA guidelines. The ventilator is manufactured within an EN ISO 13485 and EN ISO 9001, |
| | Council Directive 93/42/EEC, Annex II, Article 3 certified quality management system. The |
| | ventilator meets the Essential Requirements of Council Directive 93/42/EEC, Annex I. |
| Electromagnetic compatibility | According to IEC 60601-1-2:2014 |
| Safety Class | Class II, Type B applied part (ventilator breathing system, VBS), type BF applied parts CO2 sensor |
| | including CO2 module connector, humidifier, nebulizer, and SpO2 sensor including SpO2 adapter, |
| | continuous operation according to IEC 60601-1 |

Pneumatic specifications

| 02 | Input pressure | 2.8 to 6 bar / 41 to 87 psi |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|--------------------------------|
| | Connector | DISS (CGA 1240) or NIST |
| Air supply | | Integrated ultra-quiet turbine |
| Inspiratory outlet (To patient port) | Connector | ISO 15 mm ID/22 mm OD conical |
| Expiratory outlet (From patient port) | | ISO 15 mm ID/22 mm OD conical |

Electrical specifications

| Input power | 100 to 240 VAC, 50/60 Hz or | |
|-------------------|-------------------------------|---|
| | 12 to 24 VDC | |
| Power consumption | 50 VA typical, 150 VA maximum | |
| Battery | Electrical specifications: | 14.4 V DC, 6.8 Ah, 98 Wh, 35 W typical, |
| | | 115 W maximum |
| | Type: | Lithium-ion |
| | Normal operating time: | 3.5 h with one battery / 7 h with two batteries |

Graphical patient data

| Graphic type/Tab name | Options |
|-----------------------|---|
| Waveforms | Pressure, Flow, Volume, PCO2 ¹ , FCO2 ¹ , Plethysmogram ¹ , Ptrachea |
| Intelligent panels | Dynamic Lung², Vent Status, ASV Graph³ |
| Trends | 1-, 6-, 12-, 24-, or 72-h trend data for a selected parameter or combination of parameters |
| Loops | Pressure/Volume, Pressure/Flow, Volume/Flow, Volume/PCO21, Volume/FCO21 |

Alarms⁴

| Priority | Alarm |
|-----------------|---|
| High priority | Apnea time (s), ExpMinVol high/low (I/min), Oxygen high/low (%), Pressure high/low (cmH2O), |
| | Flow sensor calibration needed, Exhalation obstructed, Disconnection, Oxygen supply failed |
| Medium priority | fTotal high/low (b/min), PetCO2 high/low (mmHg), Pressure limitation (cmH2O), Vt high/low |
| | (ml), SpO2 high/low, High PEEP, Loss of PEEP, Pulse high/low |
| Low priority | High SpO2, Loss of external power |

1 CO2 + SpO2 option required | 2 For adult/pediatric patients only | 3 Only available in ASV mode | 4 For complete list of alarms see the operator's manual

Control settings and ranges⁵

| Parameter (units) | Range Adult/Ped | Range Neonatal |
|--|--------------------------------------|---|
| Apnea backup | On, Off | On, Off |
| Expiratory trigger sensitivity ETS (%) | 5 to 80 | 5 to 80 |
| Flow for HiFlowO2 therapy (I/min) | 2 to 80 | 2 to 12 |
| Flow pattern | Square, 50% decelerating, Sine, 100% | |
| | decelerating | |
| Flow trigger (I/min) | 1 to 20, Off | 0.1 to 5.0, Off |
| Gender | Male, Female | |
| l:E | 1:9 to 4:1 | 1:9 to 4:1 |
| %MinVol (%) | 25 to 350 | |
| Oxygen (%) | 21 to 100 | 21 to 100 |
| P high (cmH2O) (only in DuoPAP and APRV) | 0 to 60 | 0 to 60 |
| P low (cmH2O) (only in APRV) | 0 to 35 | 0 to 25 |
| Pasvlimit (cmH2O) | 5 to 60 | |
| Pat. height (cm) (in) | 30 to 250 / 12 to 98 | |
| Pause (%) | 0 to 70 | |
| Pcontrol (cmH2O) | 5 to 60 | 3 to 60 |
| Peak flow (I/min) | 1 to 195 | |
| PEEP/CPAP (cmH2O) | 0 to 35 | 0 to 25 |
| Pinsp (cmH2O) | 3 to 60 | 0 to 60 nCPAP-PS. 3 to 60 all other modes |
| P-ramp (ms) | 0 to 2000 | 0 to 600 |
| Pressure trigger (cmH2O) | -0.1 to -15.0, Off | -0.1 to -15.0, Off |
| Psupport (cmH2O) | 0 to 60 | 0 to 60 |
| Rate (b/min) | 1 to 80 | 1 to 150 |
| Sigh | On, Off | |
| T high (s) (only in DuoPAP und APRV) | 0.1 to 40 | 0.1 to 40 |
| T low (s) (only in APRV) | 0.2 to 40 | 0.2 to 40 |
| TI (s) | 0.1 to 12 | 0.1 to 12 |
| TI max (s) | 1 to 3 | 0.25 to 3.0 |
| Tip (s) | 0 to 8 | |
| Tpause (s) | 0 to 30 | 0 to 30 |
| TRC compensation (%) | 0 to 100 | 0 to 100 |
| Vt (ml) | 20 to 2000 | 2 to 300 |
| Weight (kg) | | 0.2 to 30.0 |

⁵ Parameter settings and ranges can change depending on the mode

Monitoring parameter

| Parameter (unit | s) | Description | |
|-----------------|---------------------------------|---|--|
| Pressure | AutoPEEP (cmH2O) | Unintended positive end-expiratory pressure | |
| | Paw (cmH2O) | Airway pressure | |
| | PEEP/CPAP (cmH2O) | PEEP (positive end-expiratory pressure) and CPAP (continuous positive airway | |
| | | pressure) | |
| | Pinsp (cmH2O) | Inspiratory pressure | |
| | Pmean (cmH2O) | Mean airway pressure | |
| | Ppeak (cmH2O) | Peak airway pressure | |
| | Pplateau (cmH2O) | Plateau or end-inspiratory pressure | |
| Flow | Control Flow (I/min) | The set flow of gas to the patient. HiFlowO2 mode only. | |
| | Insp Flow (I/min) | Peak inspiratory flow, spontaneous or mandatory | |
| | Exp Flow (I/min) | Peak expiratory flow | |
| Volume | ExpMinVol or MinVol NIV (I/min) | Expiratory minute volume | |
| | MVSpont or MVSpont NIV (I/min) | Spontaneous expiratory minute volume | |
| | VTE or VTE NIV (ml) | Expiratory tidal volume | |
| | VTESpont (ml) | Spontaneous expiratory tidal volume | |
| | VTI or VTI NIV (ml) | Inpiratory tidal volume | |
| | Vt/IBW | Tidal volume according to ideal body weight (IBW) for adult/ pediatric patients and | |
| | Vt/Weight (ml/kg) | according to the actual body weight for neonatal patients. | |
| | VLeak (%) or MVLeak (I/min) | Leakage percent or total minute volume leakage | |

Monitoring parameter (continued)

| Parameter (units) | | Description | |
|-------------------|--|---|--|
| CO2 | FetCO2 (%) | Fractional end-tidal CO2 concentration | |
| | PetCO2 (mmHg) | End-tidal CO2 pressure | |
| | slopeCO2 (%CO2/I) | Slope of the alveolar plateau in the PetCO2 curve, indicating the volume/flow | |
| | | status of the lungs | |
| | Vtalv (ml) | Alveolar tidal ventilation | |
| | V'alv (I/min) | Alveolar minute ventilation | |
| | V'CO2 (ml/min) | CO2 elimination | |
| | VDaw (ml) | Airway dead space | |
| | VDaw/VTE (%) | Airway dead space fraction at the airway opening | |
| | VeCO2 (ml) | Exhaled CO2 volume. | |
| | ViCO2 (ml) | Inspired CO2 volume | |
| SpO2 | SpO2 (%) | Oxygen saturation | |
| | Pulse (1/min) | Pulse | |
| | Plethysmogram | The waveform that visualizes the pulsating blood volume; it is delivered by the | |
| | | pulse oximeter. | |
| | SpO2/FiO2 (%) | The SpO2/FiO2 ratio (%) is an approximation of the PaO2/FiO2 ratio, which, in | |
| | | contrast to PaO2/FiO2, can be calculated noninvasively and continuously. | |
| | PI (%) | Perfusion index | |
| | PVI (%) | Pleth variability index | |
| | SpCO (ml/dl) ² (%) ² | Carboxyhaemoglobin saturation | |
| | SpMet (%) | Methaemoglobin saturation | |
| | SpHb (g/dl) (mmol/l) | Total haemoglobin | |
| | SpOC (ml/dl) | Oxygen content | |
| Oxygen | Oxygen (%) | Oxygen concentration of the delivered gas | |
| Time | I:E | Inspiratory:expiratory ratio | |
| | fControl (b/min) | Mandatory breath frequency | |
| | fSpont (b/min) | Spontaneous breathing frequency | |
| | fTotal (b/min) | Total breathing frequency | |
| | TI (s) | Inspiratory time | |
| | TE (s) | Expiratory time | |
| | Pause (s) | Inspiratory pause or plateau | |
| Lung mechanics | Cstat (ml/cmH2O) | Static compliance | |
| | P0.1 (cmH2O) | Airway occlusion pressure | |
| | PTP (cmH2O*s) | Pressure time product | |
| | RCexp (s) | Expiratory time constant | |
| | Rinsp (cmH2O/(I/s)) | Inspiratory flow resistance | |
| | RSB (1/(I*min)) | Rapid shallow breathing | |





Physical characteristics

| Weight | Ventilation unit: 9.5 kg (21 lb) |
|---------------------|---|
| | 37 kg (81.6 lb) with trolley and ventilation unit |
| | The trolley can accommodate a maximum safe working load of 80 kg (176 lb) |
| Dimensions | See graphic above |
| Monitor | Type: Color TFT, Size: 1280 x 800 pixels, 12.1 in (307.3 mm) diagonal |
| Trolley accessories | O2 bottle holding system, HAMILTON-H900 mounting system |

146.0 cm (57.5 in)

Manufacturer:

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