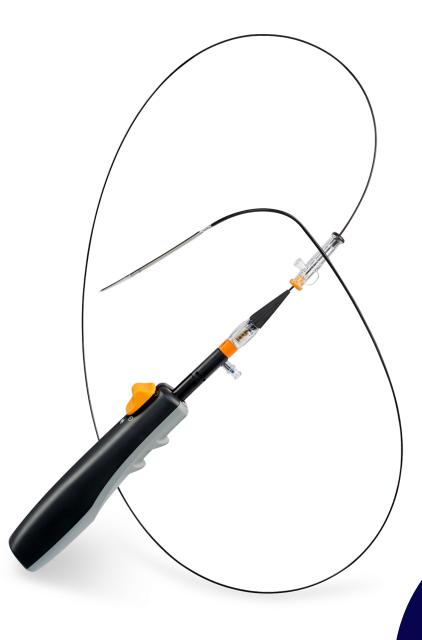
Medtronic

 $HawkOne^{^{\text{\tiny{TM}}}}\ Directional\ Atherectomy\ System$



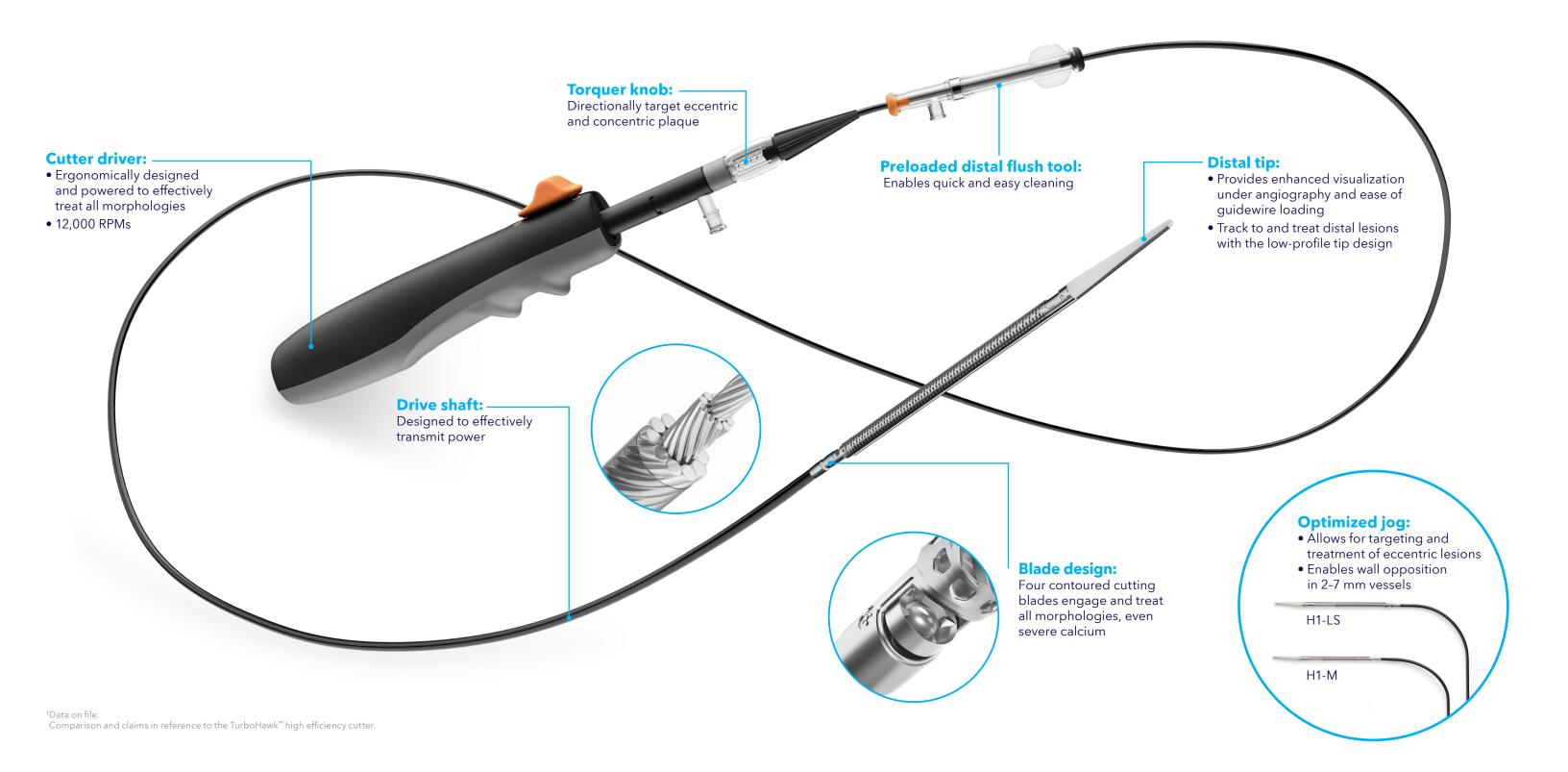
One device for above and below the knee

Treat all morphologies

- Consistent and predictable cutting
- Treats all lesion morphologies, from soft to severely calcified

Treat with procedural efficiency

- Simplified directional atherectomy selection with 6 F and 7 F HawkOne devices
- No capital equipment provides easy setup



Versatility above and below the knee

The HawkOne platform offers control and enhanced cutting to target and debulk all morphologies to gain lumen, prepare the vessel, and treat calcified lesions.



HawkOne directional atherectomy system¹⁻⁵

Treatment goal	Lesion morphology	Plaque distribution		
Achieve lumen gain	Treat severe calcium	Target eccentric lesions		
Create a channel	Treat soft plaque	Target concentric lesions		

	Model name	Catalog number	Vessel diameter (mm)	Sheath compatibility (Fr)	Crossing profile (mm)	Working length [‡]	Effective length [§]	Tip length (cm)	Max. cut length (mm)	Packing device
7 F	LS	H1-LS	3.5-7.0	7	2.6	114	107	6.6	50	•
	LX	H1-LX	3.5-7.0	7	2.6	114	104	9.6	75	•
6 F	М	H1-M	3.0-7.0	6	2.2	135	129	5.9	40	•
	S	H1-S	2.0-4.0	6	2.2	151	145	5.9	40	•

Max guidewire is 0.014" for HawkOne devices.

Important information

Indications, contraindications, warnings, and instructions for use can be found in the product labeling supplied with each device.

CAUTION: Federal (USA) law restricts these devices to sale by or on the order of a physician.

Medtronic

medtronic.com/hawkone

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[‡]HawkOne working length – distal end of pre-loaded flush tool, in the proximal position, to the distal end of tip.

[§] HawkOne effective length – end of pre-loaded flush tool, in the proximal position, to the proximal end of cutter window.

¹ Aboufakher R, Torey J, Szpunar S, Davis T. Peripheral plaque volume changes pre- and post-rotational atherectomy followed by directional plaque excision: assessment by intravascular ultrasound and virtual histology. *J Invasive Cardiol*. October 2009;21(10):501-505.

² McKinsey J, Zellar T, Rocha-Singh KJ, Jaff MR, Garcia LA, DEFINITIVE LE Investigators. Lower extremity revascularization using directional atherectomy: 12-month prospective results of the DEFINITIVE LE study. *JACC Cardiovasc Interv*. August 2014;7(8):923-933.

³ Roberts D, Niazi K, Miller W, et al. Effective endovascular treatment of calcified femoropopliteal disease with directional atherectomy and distal embolic protection: final results of the DEFINITIVE Ca++ trial. *Catheter Cardiovasc Interv.* August 1, 2014;84(2):236-244.

⁴ Bench data on file.

⁵ See Instructions for Use.