

Step A Rapid Test Cassette (Throat Swab) Package Insert REF ICT-502

A rapid test for the qualitative detection of *Streptococcus* in human throat swab specimens.
For professional *in vitro* diagnostic use only.

[INTENDED USE]
The Step A Rapid Test Cassette is a rapid chromatographic immunoassay for the qualitative detection of Streptococcus A antigens from human throat swab specimens to aid in the diagnosis of Group A Streptococcal infection.

[SUMMARY]
Streptococcus pyogenes is non-motile gram-positive coccus, which contains the Lancefield group A antigens that can cause serious infections such as pharyngitis, respiratory infection, impetigo, endocarditis, meningitis, puerperal sepsis, and arthritis.¹ Left untreated, these infections can lead to serious complications, including rheumatic fever and peritonsillar abscess.² Traditional identification procedures for Group A Streptococcal infection involve the isolation and identification of viable organisms using techniques that require 24 to 48 hours or longer.^{3,4}
The Step A Rapid Test Cassette is a rapid test to qualitatively detect the presence of Streptococcus A antigens in throat swab specimens, providing results within 5 minutes. The test utilizes antibodies specific for whole cell Lancefield Group A Streptococcus to selectively detect Step A antigens in a throat swab specimen.

[PRINCIPLE]
The Step A Rapid Test Cassette is a qualitative, lateral flow immunoassay for the detection of Streptococcus A carbohydrate antigen in a throat swab. In this test, antibody specific to Streptococcus A antigen is coated on the test line region of the test. During testing, the extracted throat swab specimen reacts with an antibody to Streptococcus A that is coated onto particles. The mixture migrates up the membrane to react with the antibody to Streptococcus A on the membrane and generate a color line in the test line region. The presence of this color line in the test line region indicates a positive result, while its absence indicates a negative result. To serve as a procedural control, a colored line will always appear in the control line region, indicating that proper volume of specimen has been added and membrane wicking has occurred.

[REAGENT]
The test contains Step A antibody coated particles and Streptococcus A antibodies coated on the membrane.

[PRECAUTIONS]
1. For professional *in vitro* diagnostic use only. Do not use after the expiration date.
2. Do not eat, drink or smoke in the area where the specimens and kits are handled.
3. Handle all specimens as if they contain infectious agents. Observe established precautions against microbiological hazards throughout the procedure and follow the standard procedures for proper disposal of specimens.

4. Wear protective clothing such as laboratory coats, disposable gloves and eye protection when specimens are assayed.
5. The used test should be discarded according to local regulations.
6. Humidity and temperature can adversely affect results.
7. Do not use test if pouch is damaged.
8. Reagent 2 contains an acidic solution. If the solution contacts the skin or eye, flush with large volumes of water.

9. The positive and negative controls contain Proclin300 as a preservative.
10. Do not interchange reagent bottle caps.
11. Do not interchange external control solution bottle caps.

[STORAGE AND STABILITY]
Store as packaged in the sealed pouch at room temperature or refrigerated (2-30°C). The test is stable through the expiration date printed on the sealed pouch. The test must remain in the sealed pouch until use. **DO NOT FREEZE.** Do not use beyond the expiration date.

[SPECIMEN COLLECTION AND PREPARATION]
1. Collect the throat swab specimen with the sterile swab that is provided in the kit. Transport swabs containing modified Stuart's or Amies medium can also be used with this product. Swab the posterior pharynx, tonsils and other inflamed areas. Avoid touching the tongue, cheeks and teeth with the swab.

2. Testing should be performed immediately after the specimens have been collected. Swab specimens may be stored in a clean, dry plastic tube for up to 8 hours at room temperature or 72 hours at 2-8°C.
3. If a culture is desired, lightly roll the swab tip onto a Group A selective (GAS) blood agar plate before using the swab in the Step A Rapid Test Cassette.

[MATERIALS]

- Test cassettes
- Workstation
- Extraction reagent 1 (2M NaNO₃)
- Positive control(Non-viable Strept A, 0.01% Proclin300)
- Negative control(Non-viable Strept C, 0.01% Proclin300)

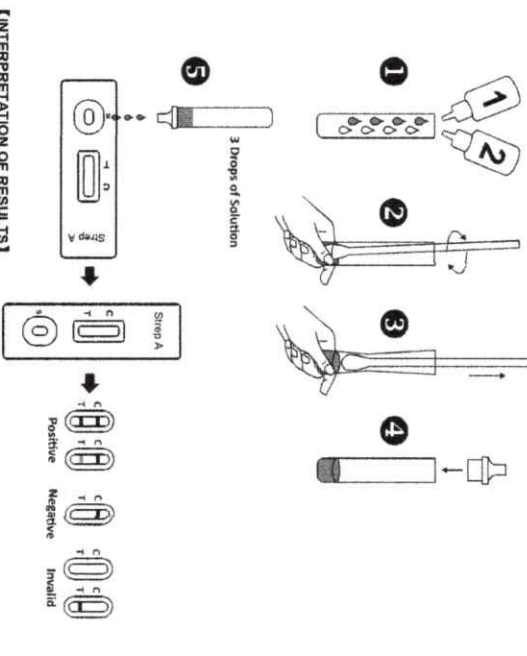
Materials Required But Not Provided

• Timer
• Extraction Tubes
• Dropper tips
• Extraction reagent 2 (0.027M Citric acid)
• Sterile swabs
• Package insert

[DIRECTIONS FOR USE]
Follow the test, reagents, throat swab specimen and/or controls to reach room temperature (15-30°C) prior to testing.

1. Remove the test cassette from the sealed foil pouch and use it within one hour. Best results will be obtained if the test is performed immediately after opening the foil pouch.
2. Hold the Extraction Reagent 1 bottle vertically and add 4 full drops (approximately 240 µL) of Extraction Reagent 1 to an extraction tube. Extraction Reagent 1 is red in color. Hold the Extraction Reagent 2 bottle vertically and add 4 full drops (approximately 160 µL) of Extraction Reagent 2 to the tube. Extraction Reagent 2 is colorless. Mix the solution by gently swirling the extraction tube. The addition of Extraction Reagent 2 to Extraction Reagent 1 changes the color of the solution from red to yellow. See illustration 1.
3. Immediately add the swab into the extraction tube and agitate the swab vigorously 15 times, leave the swab in the extraction test tube for 1 minute. See illustration 2.

4. Press the swab against the side of the tube and squeeze the bottom of the tube while removing the swab so that most of the liquid stays in the tube. Discard the swab. See illustration 3.
5. Fill the dropper tip on top of the extraction tube. Place the test cassette on a clean and level surface. Add three drops of the solution (approx. 100 µL) to the sample well and then start the timer. **Read the result at 5 minutes.** Do not interpret the result after 10 minutes. See illustration 4 and illustration 5.



[INTERPRETATION OF RESULTS]
(Please refer to the illustration above)

POSITIVE: Two colored lines appear. One colored line should be in the control line region (C) and another colored line should be in the test line region (T). A positive result indicates that Streptococcus A is detected in the specimen.

NOTE: The intensity of the color in the test line region (T) will vary depending on the concentration of Streptococcus A present in the specimen. Therefore, any shade of color in the test line region (T) should be considered positive.

NEGATIVE: One colored line appears in the control line region (C). No line appears in the test line region (T). A negative result indicates that Streptococcus A antigen is not present in the specimen, or is present below the detectable level of the test. The patient's specimen should be cultured to confirm the absence of Streptococcus A infection. If clinical symptoms are not consistent with results, obtain another specimen for culture.

INVALID: Control line fails to appear. Insufficient specimen volume or incorrect procedural techniques are the most likely reasons for control line failure. Review the procedure and repeat the test with a new test. If the problem persists, discontinue using the test kit immediately and contact your local distributor.

QUALITY CONTROL

Internal Quality Control
Internal procedural controls are included in the test. A colored line appearing in the control region (C) is an internal procedural control. It confirms sufficient specimen volume, adequate membrane wicking and correct procedural technique.

External Quality Control

It is recommended that a positive and negative external control be run every 25 tests, and as deemed necessary, by internal laboratory procedures. External positive and negative controls are supplied in the kit. Alternatively, other Group A and non-Group A Streptococcus reference strains may be used as external controls. Some commercial controls may contain interfering preservatives; therefore, other commercial controls are not recommended.

Procedure for External Quality Control Testing

1. Add 4 full drops of Extraction Reagent 1 and 4 full drops of Extraction Reagent 2 into an extraction tube. Tap the bottom of the tube gently to mix the liquid.
2. Add 1 full drop of positive or negative control solution into the tube, holding the bottle upright.
3. Place a clean swab into this extraction tube and agitate the swab in the solution by rotating it at least 15 times. Leave the swab in the extraction tube for 1 minute. Then express the liquid from the swab head by rolling the swab against the inside of the extraction tube and squeezing the extraction tube as the swab is withdrawn. Discard the swab.
4. Continue with Step 5 of Directions For Use.

If the controls do not yield the expected results, do not use the test results. Repeat the test or contact your distributor.

LIMITATIONS

1. The Step A Rapid Test Cassette is for *in vitro* diagnostic use only. The test should be used for the detection of Streptococcus A antigen in throat swab specimens only. Neither the quantitative value nor the rate of increase in Streptococcus A antigen concentration can be determined by this qualitative test.
2. This test will only indicate the presence of Streptococcus A antigen in the specimen from both viable and non-viable Group A Streptococcus bacteria.
3. A negative result should be confirmed by culture. A negative result may be obtained if the concentration of the Streptococcus A antigen present in the throat swab is not adequate or is below the detectable level of the test.
4. Excess blood or mucus on the swab specimen may interfere with test performance and may yield a false positive result. Avoid touching the tongue, cheeks, and teeth and any bleeding areas of the mouth with the swab when collecting specimens.

5. As with all diagnostic tests, all results must be interpreted together with other clinical information available to the physician.

PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

Sensitivity and Specificity

Using three medical centers for evaluation, a total of 526 throat swabs were collected from patients exhibiting symptoms of pharyngitis. Each swab was rolled onto a sheep blood agar plate, and then tested by the Step A Rapid Test Cassette (Throat Swab). The plates were incubated for 18-24 hours for isolation, and then incubated at 37°C with 5-10% CO₂ and a Bactichron disk for 18-24 hours. The negative culture plates were incubated for an additional 18-24 hours. Possible GAS colonies were subcultured and confirmed with a commercially available latex agglutination grouping kit. Of the 526 total specimens, 404 were confirmed to be negative and 122 were confirmed to be positive by culture. During this study, one Step F specimen yielded positive results with the test. One of these specimens was re-cultured, then re-tested and yielded a negative result. Three additional different Step F strains were cultured and tested for cross-reactivity and also yielded negative results.

Method	Results		Culture		Total Results
	Positive	Negative	Positive	Negative	
Step A Rapid Test Cassette	116	9	6	395	125
	6	395	6	395	401
Total Results		122	404		526

Relative Sensitivity: 95.1% (95%CI*: 90.6%-99.2%)
Relative Specificity: 97.8% (95%CI*: 95.8%-99.8%)
Accuracy: 97.1% (95%CI*: 95.3%-98.4%)

Positive Culture Classification	Step A Rapid Test/Culture		% Agreement
	Rate		
1+	18/20	90.0%	80.0%
2+	19/20	95.0%	90.0%
3+	33/34	97.1%	97.1%
4+	38/38	100.0%	100.0%

The following organisms were tested at 10 x 10⁶ CFU/mL and were all found to be negative when tested with the Step A Rapid Test Cassette. No mucoid-producing strains were tested.

Group B Streptococcus	<i>Streptococcus dysgaliae</i>
Group F Streptococcus	<i>Streptococcus faecalis</i>
Group G Streptococcus	<i>Streptococcus faecalis</i>
Group H Streptococcus	<i>Streptococcus faecalis</i>
Group I Streptococcus	<i>Streptococcus faecalis</i>
Group J Streptococcus	<i>Streptococcus faecalis</i>
Group K Streptococcus	<i>Streptococcus faecalis</i>
Group L Streptococcus	<i>Streptococcus faecalis</i>
Group M Streptococcus	<i>Streptococcus faecalis</i>
Group N Streptococcus	<i>Streptococcus faecalis</i>
Group O Streptococcus	<i>Streptococcus faecalis</i>
Group P Streptococcus	<i>Streptococcus faecalis</i>
Group Q Streptococcus	<i>Streptococcus faecalis</i>
Group R Streptococcus	<i>Streptococcus faecalis</i>
Group S Streptococcus	<i>Streptococcus faecalis</i>
Group T Streptococcus	<i>Streptococcus faecalis</i>
Group U Streptococcus	<i>Streptococcus faecalis</i>
Group V Streptococcus	<i>Streptococcus faecalis</i>
Group W Streptococcus	<i>Streptococcus faecalis</i>
Group X Streptococcus	<i>Streptococcus faecalis</i>
Group Y Streptococcus	<i>Streptococcus faecalis</i>
Group Z Streptococcus	<i>Streptococcus faecalis</i>

1. Murray, P.R., et al. Manual of Clinical Microbiology, 6th Edition, ASM Press, Washington D.C., 1995, p. 299-307.
2. Webb, K.H. Does Culture Confirmation of High-sensitivity Rapid Streptococcal Tests Make Sense? A Medical Decision Analysis. Pediatrics (Feb 1998), 101:2, 2.
3. Bono AL, Gerner MA, Gwaltney JK, Kaplan EL, Schwartz RH. Diagnosis and Management of Group A Streptococcal Pharyngitis. Clinical Infectious Diseases (1997), 25: 574-83.
4. Neidham CA, McPherson KA, Webb KH. Streptococcal Pharyngitis: Impact of a High-sensitivity Antigen Test on Physician Outcome. Journal of Clinical Microbiology (Dec 1998), 36: 3468-3473.
5. Shieh, Y.R., Specimen Collection and Transport. Clinical Microbiology Procedures Handbook, Isenberg, H.D., American Society of Microbiology, Washington D.C., 1.1.1-1.30, 1992.

Index of Symbols

	Consult instructions for use or consult electronic instructions for use		Contains sufficient for <=> tests		Temperature limit
	In vitro diagnostic medical device		Batch code		Catalogue number
	Authorized representative in the European Union		Use-by date		Do not re-use
	Do not use if package is damaged and consult instructions for use		Manufacturer		

Hangzhou Airtest Biotech Co., Ltd.

#550, Yuhang Street,
Hangzhou, China
Hanging, 310018 P.R. China
Web: www.airtest.com.cn Email: info@airtest.com.cn

CE
Machinery CE REP GmbH
Dortmund 10
45153 Münster
Germany