# SV600

# Ventilator

# **Operator's Manual**

# **CE**<sub>0123</sub>

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# 4.8 Screen Capture

By pressing this key on the main screen **1**, the system will capture and save the screen automatically. The screen capture is saved in "bmp" format. The system can store up to 20 screen captures.

# 4.9 Lock Screen

Press the [Lock] key on the main screen to enter locked status, and the prompt message [Screen locked. Press the Lock button to unlock screen.] will be displayed. During the

period of screen locked, only  $(O_2\uparrow Suction)$ , and [Lock] keys are enabled. Touch screen, control knob, and other keys are disabled. Press this key a second time to unlock the screen.

#### 5.5.7 View System Information

#### 5.5.7.1 Version Information

Select [Menu]  $\rightarrow$  [System]  $\rightarrow$  Enter system password  $\rightarrow$  [System info.]  $\rightarrow$  [Versions] to check the system software version.

#### 5.5.7.2 Configuration Information

Select [Menu]  $\rightarrow$  [System]  $\rightarrow$  Enter system password  $\rightarrow$  [System info.]  $\rightarrow$  [Config Info.] to view the configuration information of the ventilator such as ventilation mode.

#### 5.5.7.3 Maintenance Information

Select [Menu]  $\rightarrow$  [System]  $\rightarrow$  Enter system password  $\rightarrow$  [System info.]  $\rightarrow$  [Maintain] to view the system total running time, system startup time, CO<sub>2</sub> last calibration time, O<sub>2</sub> sensor last calibration time, flow sensor last calibration time, time left for the next backup air supply maintenance, and time of last maintenance.

# 5.6 Set Tool Shortcut Key

- 1. Select [Tools]→[Shortcut Key Setup].
- 2. Select the required shortcut key in the menu that displays. The system will add shortcut keys one at a time in the order of selection.

# 5.7 Set Gas Supply

- Select the icons of gas supply status ( For Solution )→ [Information], to view the gas supply pressure or status and other information in the accessed menu.
- 2. Select [Settings] tab, set [Air Pipeline] to (ON), or (OFF), or set [Backup

Air Supply] to (ON), or (OFF). When both [Air Pipeline] and [Backup

**Air Supply**] are set to on, the system will select Air Pipeline firstly. When [**Air Pipeline**] is set to on and [**Backup Air Supply**] is set to off, the system will select air pipeline. When [**Air Pipeline**] is set to off and [**Backup Air Supply**] is set to on, the system will select backup air supply.

#### NOTE

- For the ventilator equipped with backup air supply, disabling Backup Air Supply is not recommended, so as to activate backup air supply when the air tubing doesn't work.
- When both [Air Pipeline] and [Backup Air Supply] are set to on, the system will select Air Pipeline firstly.
- [Air Pipeline] and [Backup Air Supply] could not be set to off at the same time.

# 5.8 Factory Service Settings

Only the company's authorized maintenance staff can access the [Service] tab. For further assistance, please contact the company's Customer Service Department.

# 6.1 Turn on the System

- 1. Insert the power cord into the power receptacle. Ensure the external power indicator light is lit.
- 2. Press the  $\odot/\dot{O}$  hard key.
- 3. The alarm indicator light flashes yellow and red once in turn, and then the system conducts a self check of the speaker and buzzer once respectively.
- 4. A start-up screen and start-up check progress bar appear. Then the System Check screen is displayed.

#### NOTE

• When the ventilator is started, the system detects whether audible alarm tones and alarm lamp function normally. If yes, the alarm lamp flashes yellow and red successively, and the speaker and the buzzer give check tones. If not, do not use the equipment and contact us immediately.

# 6.2 System Check

# 

- If the ventilator fails any tests, remove it from clinical use. Do not use the ventilator until necessary repairs are completed and all tests have passed.
- Before running System Check, disconnect the patient from the equipment and ensure that a backup ventilation mode is available for patient ventilation.

To enter the System Check screen,

- The System Check screen is accessed automatically after powering on the system.
- On the non-standby screen, select the [Standby] key and enter the Standby status after your confirmation. Select the [System Check] key in the Standby status to enter the System Check screen.

The system check screen displays the last system check time and total system check result. Select the key to query the last system check information of the ventilator system, including system check items and System Check results.

Connect the gas supply and block the Y piece as illustrated. Then select [**Continue**] to start System Check item by item.

System Check items include:

- Backup Air Supply Test: test the speed of backup air supply.
- $O_2$  Flow Sensor Test: test the  $O_2$  Insp. Valve and  $O_2$  Flow Sensor.
- Air Flow Sensor Test: test the Air Insp. Valve and Air Flow Sensor.
- Exp. Flow Sensor Test: test the expiratory flow sensor.
- Pressure Sensor Test: test the pressure sensors at the inspiratory and expiratory ports.
- Exp. Valve Test
- Safety Valve Test
- Leakage (mL/min)
- Compliance  $(mL/cmH_2O)$
- Circuit Resistance ( $cmH_2O/L/S$ )
- O<sub>2</sub> Sensor Test
- Neonatal Flow Sensor Test

System Check result can be:

- Pass: indicates that check of this item is completed and is passed;
- Fail: indicates that check of this item is completed but is failed;
- Cancel: indicates that check of this item is cancelled;
- No Gas Supply: indicates that air or  $O_2$  sources are not connected.
- Monitoring Off: indicates that sensor monitoring function may not be switched on when O<sub>2</sub> sensor test or neonatal flow sensor test is being carried out.
- No Sensor: indicates that the neonatal flow sensor is not connected.
- Sensor Reversed: indicates that the neonatal flow sensor is connected reversed.
- Sensor Failure: indicates that the oxygen sensor may not be working.
- High leakage: indicates that there is high leakage from the test tubing, probably because the tubing is disconnected, not properly installed, the safety valve is not closed, or the expiratory valve membrane is not installed.

Total selftest results are listed as follows after all selftest items have been completed:

- Pass: all selftest items successfully pass the seftest.
- Partially Pass: some selftest items fail, but the mechanical ventilation is allowed.
- Fail. Ventilation Disabled: some important selftest items fail, but the mechanical ventilation is not allowed.
- High Leakage, Ventilation Disabled: Exp. Flow Sensor Test, Pressure Sensor Test, Exp. Valve Test, or Safety Valve Test fails, the mechanical ventilation is not allowed.
- Cancel: some selftest items cancelled and other selftest items have been successfully passed.

This chapter lists physiological and technical alarm messages.

Note that in this chapter:

- Column P stands for the default alarm level: H for high, M for medium and L for low.
- For each alarm message, corresponding actions are given instructing you to troubleshoot problems. If the problem persists, contact your service personnel.

# D.1 Physiological Alarm Messages

#### **D.1.1 Ventilator Parameters**

| Alarm Messages           | Р | Cause and action  |
|--------------------------|---|---|
|                          |   | The airway pressure exceeds the set pressure high alarm limit.                    |
|                          |   | 1. Check the patient.   |
| Paw Too High             | Н | 2. Check the ventilation parameter setup.   |
|                          |   | 3. Check the alarm limits.  |
|                          |   | 4. Check the patient tubing for occlusion.  |
|                          |   | Airway pressure setting is lower than the low limit of pressure alarm.            |
|                          |   | 1. Check the patient.   |
| Paw Too Low              | H | 2. Check the ventilation parameter setup.   |
|                          |   | 3. Check the alarm limits.  |
|                          |   | 4. Check if the patient tubing are leaked or disconnected.                        |
|                          |   | The inspired $O_2$ concentration is greater than the $FiO_2$ high alarm limit     |
|                          |   | for at least 30s.   |
| FiO. Too High            | ш | 1. Check air supply.  |
| 110 <sub>2</sub> 100 mgn |   | 2. Check the HEPA filter for occlusion.   |
|                          |   | 3. If the ventilator uses the $O_2$ cell, calibrate the $O_2$ sensor. If the      |
|                          |   | ventilator uses the paramagnetic O <sub>2</sub> sensor, perform the System Check. |
|                          | Н | The inspired $O_2$ concentration has been lower than the $FiO_2$ low alarm        |
|                          |   | limit for at least 30 s or is less than 18%.                                      |
| FiO <sub>2</sub> Too Low |   | 1. Check air supply.  |
|                          |   | 2. If the ventilator uses the $O_2$ cell, calibrate the $O_2$ sensor. If the      |
|                          |   | ventilator uses the paramagnetic O <sub>2</sub> sensor, perform the System Check. |
|                          |   | The TVe monitored value is greater than TVe high alarm limit for                  |
| TVe Too High             | M | continuous 3 mechanical ventilation cycles.                                       |
|                          |   | 1. Check the ventilation parameter setup.   |
|                          |   | 2. Check the alarm limits.  |
| TVe Too Low              | M | The TVe monitored value is less than TVe low alarm limit for                      |

|                 |   | continuous 3 mechanical ventilation cycles.                           |
|-----------------|---|---|
|                 |   | 1. Check the patient.   |
|                 |   | 2. Check the ventilation parameter setup.                             |
|                 |   | 3. Check the alarm limits.  |
|                 |   | 4. Check the patient tubing for leakage or occlusion.                 |
|                 |   | 5. Perform System Check to test the leakage                           |
|                 |   | MVe is greater than MVe high alarm limit.                             |
| MVe Too High    | H | 1. Check the ventilation parameter setup.                             |
|                 |   | 2. Check the alarm limits.  |
|                 |   | MVe is less than MVe low alarm limit.                                 |
|                 |   | 1. Check the ventilation parameter setup.                             |
| MVe Too Low     | H | 2. Check the alarm limits.  |
|                 |   | 3. Check the patient tubing for leakage or occlusion.                 |
|                 |   | 4. Perform System Check to test the leakage                           |
|                 |   | The time of failure to detect respiration exceeds Tapnea.             |
|                 |   | 1. Check the patient.   |
| Apnea           | H | 2. Manual breath.   |
|                 |   | 3. Check apnea time setup.  |
|                 |   | 4. Check if the patient tubing are disconnected.                      |
|                 |   | The time of failure to detect respiration exceeds Tapnea. Start apnea |
| Apnea Vent      | H | ventilation mode.   |
|                 |   | Check apnea ventilation parameter setup.                              |
|                 |   | ftotal is greater than ftotal high alarm limit.                       |
| ftatal Tao High | м | 1. Check the patient.   |
| Itotal 100 High |   | 2. Check the ventilation parameter setup.                             |
|                 |   | 3. Check the alarm limits.  |
|                 |   | ftotal is lower than the ftot low alarm limit.                        |
| fotal Too Low   |   | 1. Check the patient.   |
| ftotal I oo Low |   | 2. Check the ventilation parameter setup.                             |
|                 |   | 3. Check the alarm limits.  |
| Apnea           |   | This alarm is given when appear ventilation and a There is no need to |
| Ventilation     | L | process this alarm  |
| Ended           |   | process tins alarm.   |

# D.1.2 CO<sub>2</sub> Module

| Alarm Messages             | Р | Cause and action                                       |
|----------------------------|---|--|
| EtCO <sub>2</sub> Too High | М | The monitored parameter value exceeds the alarm limit. |
|                            |   | 1. Check the patient type.                             |
|                            |   | 2. Check the alarm limits.                             |
| EtCO2 Too Low              | М | The monitored parameter value exceeds the alarm limit. |
|                            |   | 1. Check the patient type.                             |
|                            |   | 2. Check the alarm limits.                             |

|                       |   | The time of failure to detect respiration by the CO <sub>2</sub> module exceeds           |
|-----------------------|---|---|
|                       |   | Apnea Tinsp. Whenever the CO <sub>2</sub> apnea alarm is on, block the [EtCO <sub>2</sub> |
|                       |   | Too High] alarm and [EtCO <sub>2</sub> Too Low] alarm until the alarm is                  |
| Apnea CO <sub>2</sub> | M | cleared.  |
|                       |   | 1. Check the patient.   |
|                       |   | 2. Check apnea time setup.  |
|                       |   | 3. Check the connections of $CO_2$ module sampling device.                                |

# D.1.3 SpO<sub>2</sub> Module

| Alarm Messages            | Р  | Cause and action  |
|---------------------------|----|---|
|                           |    | $SpO_2$ value is greater than the high alarm limit.                   |
| SpO. Too High             | м  | 1. Check the patient's condition and ventilator settings.             |
| SpO <sub>2</sub> 100 High |    | 2. Check the patient's inspiratory $O_2$ %.                           |
|                           |    | 3. Check the alarm limits.  |
|                           |    | SpO <sub>2</sub> value is lower than the low alarm limit.             |
| SpO. Too LOW              | м  | 1. Check the patient's condition and ventilator settings.             |
| SpO <sub>2</sub> 100 LOW  |    | 2. Check the patient's inspiratory $O_2$ %.                           |
|                           |    | 3. Check the alarm limits.  |
|                           |    | SpO <sub>2</sub> value is lower than the desaturation alarm limit.    |
| SpO <sub>2</sub> Desat    | н  | 1. Check the patient's condition and ventilator settings              |
| Spo <sub>2</sub> Desut    | 11 | 2. Check the patient's inspiratory $O_2$ %.                           |
|                           |    | 3. Check the alarm limits.  |
|                           | М  | PR value exceeds the high alarm limit.                                |
| PR Too High               |    | 1. Check the patient's condition.                                     |
| I IC 100 IIIgh            |    | 2. Check ventilator settings.   |
|                           |    | 3. Check the alarm limits.  |
|                           | М  | PR value is lower than the low alarm limit.                           |
| PR Too LOW                |    | 1. Check the patient's condition.                                     |
|                           |    | 2. Check ventilator settings.   |
|                           |    | 3. Check the alarm limits.  |
|                           |    | The patient's pulse signal is too weak, and the system cannot perform |
| No pulse                  | н  | analysis.   |
| No puise                  | 11 | 1. Check the patient's condition.                                     |
|                           |    | 2. Check SpO <sub>2</sub> sensor and measurement site connection      |

# D.2 Technical Alarm Messages

#### D.2.1 Power Board

| Alarm Messages    | Р  | Cause and action  |
|-------------------|----|---|
| Battery 1 Failure | Н  | Battery 1 Charge Failure  |
| 02                |    | Contact your service personnel.                                     |
| Battery 1 Failure | п  | Battery 1 Aging   |
| 03                | П  | Contact your service personnel.                                     |
| Battery 1 Failure | т  | Battery 1 Comm Error  |
| 04                | н  | Contact your service personnel.                                     |
| Battery 1 Failure | TT | Battery 1 Failure   |
| 05                | Н  | Contact your service personnel.                                     |
| Battery 2 Failure |    | Battery 2 Charge Failure  |
| 02                | н  | Contact your service personnel.                                     |
| Battery 2 Failure |    | Battery 2 Aging   |
| 03                | Н  | Contact your service personnel.                                     |
| Battery 2 Failure |    | Battery 2 Comm Error  |
| 04                | Н  | Contact your service personnel.                                     |
| Battery 2 Failure |    | Battery 2 Failure   |
| 05                | Н  | Contact your service personnel.                                     |
| Blower Battery    |    | Backup air supply battery failed.                                   |
| Failure 02        | Н  | Contact your service personnel.                                     |
| Blower Battery    |    | Backup air supply battery failed.                                   |
| Failure 03        | Н  | Contact your service personnel.                                     |
| Blower Battery    | Н  | Backup air supply battery failed.                                   |
| Failure 04        |    | Contact your service personnel.                                     |
| Blower Battery    |    | Backup air supply battery failed.                                   |
| Failure 05        | Н  | Contact your service personnel.                                     |
| Battery Temp.     |    | Battery temperature is a bit high during discharge.                 |
| High. Connect     | M  |   |
| Ext.Pwr.          |    | Connect to the external power supply.                               |
| Battery Temp      |    | Battery temperature is too high during discharge. The system may be |
| High. Syst maybe  | H  | down.   |
| Down              |    | Connect to the external power supply.                               |
| Detter in Use     | т  | The current system is powered by battery.                           |
| Battery in Use    |    | Connect to the external power supply.                               |
| Low Battery.      |    | The remaining battery power is lower than a threshold.              |
| Connect Ext.      | M  |   |
| Power.            |    | Connect to the external power supply.                               |
| System DOWN.      | Η  | Battery power is depleted. The system will shut down in a few       |
| Connect Ext.      |    | minutes.  |

|                   |   | -   |
|-------------------|---|---|
| Power.            |   | Connect to the external power supply immediately.                     |
| Battery           | Н | No battery in main unit or backup air supply at present               |
| Undetected        |   | Contact your service personnel.                                       |
| Fan Failure       | М | Power board fan speed abnormal. If it can't be solved, please restart |
|                   |   | the machine.  |
|                   |   | Contact your service personnel.                                       |
| Device Failure 03 | Н | Power Board Selftest Error.   |
|                   |   | Contact your service personnel.                                       |

#### D.2.2 Main Control Board

| Alarm Messages    | P | Cause and action  |
|-------------------|---|---|
| Diana David Data  | L | Button cell is available in the system. But the clock is powered down |
| Please Reset Date |   | and reset.  |
| and Time          |   | Re-set the date and time.   |
|                   |   | Hardkey or rotary encoder is depressed continuously for more than     |
| Key Error         | L | 35s.  |
|                   |   | Contact your service personnel.                                       |
| Davias Failura 04 | Н | Ctrl Module Init Error.   |
| Device Failule 04 |   | Contact your service personnel.                                       |
| Device Failure 05 | Н | Ctrl Module Comm Stop.  |
|                   |   | Contact your service personnel.                                       |
| D                 | Н | Power Board Comm Stop.  |
| Device Failule 19 |   | Contact your service personnel.                                       |
| Device Failure 20 | Н | SpO <sub>2</sub> Module Comm Stop.                                    |
|                   |   | Restart the ventilator or contact your service personnel.             |
| Device Failure 22 | Н | Protecting Module Comm Stop.  |
|                   |   | Contact your service personnel.                                       |

#### **D.2.3 Monitor Board**

| Alarm Messages  | Р   | Cause and action                     |
|-----------------|-----|--------------------------------------|
| Technical Error | Ţ   | Buzzer Failure.                      |
| 04              |     | Contact your service personnel.      |
| Technical Error | М   | Atmospheric Pressure Sensor Failure. |
| 05              |     | Contact your service personnel.      |
| Technical Error | M   | 3-way Valve Failure.                 |
| 07              |     | Contact your service personnel.      |
| Technical Error | М   | Nebulizer Valve Failure.             |
| 08              |     | Contact your service personnel.      |
| Technical Error | м   | Insp. Temp Sensor Failure.           |
| 09              | IVI | Contact your service personnel.      |

| Technical Error   |         | Heating function of the expiration value is faulty.                 |
|-------------------|---------|---|
| 10                | L       | Contact vour service personnel.                                     |
|                   |         | Power Supply Voltage Error.   |
| Device Failure 01 | H       | Contact your service personnel.                                     |
|                   |         | Memory Error.   |
| Device Failure 02 | H       | Contact your service personnel.                                     |
|                   |         | Ctrl Module Comm Stop.  |
| Device Failure 05 | Н       | Contact your service personnel.                                     |
|                   |         | Ctrl Module Selftest Error.   |
| Device Failure 06 | H       | Contact your service personnel.                                     |
|                   |         | Pressure Sensor Failure.  |
| Device Failure 09 | Н       | Contact your service personnel.                                     |
| D . E . 10        |         | Safety Valve Failure.   |
| Device Failure 10 | Н       | Contact your service personnel.                                     |
| Davias Failure 12 | 11      | Air Insp. Limb Failure.   |
| Device Failure 12 | н       | Contact your service personnel.                                     |
| Davias Failura 12 | 11      | O <sub>2</sub> Limb Failure.  |
| Device Failure 13 | н       | Contact your service personnel.                                     |
| Dovice Failure 21 | ц<br>П  | Pressure Sensor Zero Point Error.                                   |
| Device Failure 21 |         | Contact your service personnel.                                     |
| Davica Failura 22 | п       | Protecting Module Comm Stop.  |
| Device Failure 22 | 11      | Contact your service personnel.                                     |
| Device Failure 23 | н       | Protection Module Self Check Error.                                 |
| Device Failure 23 | 11      | Contact your service personnel.                                     |
|                   |         | Monitored PEEP exceeds PEEP + 5 $cmH_2O$ (PEEP + 10 $cmH_2O$ for    |
| PEEP Too High     | н       | APRV mode) within any fully mechanical ventilation cycle.           |
| i EEr 100 mgn     | <b></b> | 1. Check the ventilation parameter setup.                           |
|                   |         | 2. Check the patient tubing for occlusion.                          |
|                   |         | Patient's PEEP is less than the setting value to a certain extent.  |
| PEEP Too Low      | M       | 1. Check the patient tubing for leakage.                            |
|                   |         | 2. Perform System Check to test the leakage                         |
| Airway            |         | Tube is occluded.   |
| Obstructed?       | H       | 1. Check and clean the patient tubing.                              |
|                   |         | 2. Check and clean the expiration valve.                            |
| Insp. Limb        |         | The patient tubing is bent or occluded in case of $O_2$ therapy.    |
| Airway            | M       |   |
| Obstructed?       |         | Check if the patient tubing is occluded or bent. If yes, clear it.  |
| Sustained Airway  |         | The airway pressure measured by any pressure sensor is greater than |
|                   | н       | the setting PEEP + 15 cmH <sub>2</sub> O for 15 s consecutively.    |
| Pressure          |         | 1. Check the patient.   |
|                   |         | 2. Check the ventilation parameter setup.                           |
| A' 1 10           | <br>  _ | 3. Uneck the patient tubing for occlusion.                          |
| Airway Leak?      | L       | I ube 1s leaky.   |

|                           |    | 1 Check the patient tubing for leakage   |
|---------------------------|----|--|
|                           |    | 2 Perform System Check to test the leakage   |
| Tube                      |    | Tube is disconnected   |
| Disconnected?             | Н  | Re-connect the patient tubing  |
|                           |    | In volume mode or pressure mode when ATRC function is enabled  |
|                           |    | the pressure reaches Paw high alarm limit-5  |
| Pressure Limited          | т  | 1 Check the patient  |
|                           |    | 2. Check the ventilation parameter setup   |
|                           |    | 2. Check the ventration parameter setup.   |
|                           |    | In pressure mode, delivered gas volume exceeds the set TV high limit   |
|                           |    | 1 Check the patient  |
| Volume Limited            | L  | 2. Check the ventilation parameter satur   |
|                           |    | 2. Check the ventration parameter setup.   |
|                           |    | Prince is lower than the pressure setting value by $3 \text{ cmH} \cdot \Omega$ or $2/3 \text{ of}$                      |
|                           |    | the pressure setting value, whichever is less  |
|                           |    | 1. Check the patient   |
| Pinsp Not                 | т  | 2. Check the patient.  |
| Achieved                  |    | 2. Check the O supply  |
|                           |    | 5. Check the $O_2$ supply.   |
|                           |    | 4. Check the HEDA filter for occlusion   |
|                           |    | 5. Check the HEFA lifter for occusion.<br>TVi is less than the TV setting value by more than $10 \text{ mL} \pm 10\%$ of |
|                           |    | 1  virs less than the 1 v setting value by more than 10 mL + 10 % of the setting value                                   |
|                           |    | 1. Check the nationt   |
|                           |    | 1. Check the patient.  |
| TV Not Achieved           | L  | 2. Check pressure high arrangements on the LIEDA filter for  |
|                           |    | 5. Check the high-pressure gas supply of the HEPA little for   |
|                           |    | 4. Check the O supply  |
|                           |    | <ol> <li>Check the O<sub>2</sub> supply.</li> <li>Check the patient tubing for leakage or ecolusion</li> </ol>           |
|                           |    | The pressure reaches Daw high alarm limit 5 in sigh avala  |
|                           |    | 1. Check the notiont   |
| Pressure Limited          | т  | 1. Check the patient.  |
| in Sigh cycle             |    | 2. Check pressure high alarm limit.  |
|                           |    | 3. Check the patient tubing for occlusion.   |
|                           |    | 4. Consider to turn on sign.   |
| O. Summler Failure        | 11 | Oxygen supply is not sufficient to support normal ventilator operation.  |
| $O_2$ Supply Failure      | п  | 1. Check connection with $O_2$ supply.   |
|                           |    | 2. Check $O_2$ supply pressure.  |
| Air Supply Failure        |    | Air supply is not sufficient to support normal ventilator operation.   |
|                           | H  | 1. Check connection with Air supply.   |
|                           |    | 2. Check air supply pressure   |
|                           |    | Both oxygen and air supply are not sufficient to support normal  |
| No Gas Supply<br>Pressure | Н  | ventuator operation.   |
|                           |    | 1. Check connection with air and $O_2$ supply.   |
|                           |    | 2. Check air and $O_2$ supply pressure.  |
|                           |    | 3. For machines with backup air supply configuration, check whether  |

|                   |    | the Blower Disabled switch for user maintenance is on.                 |
|-------------------|----|--|
|                   |    | 4. Check backup air supply for failure.                                |
|                   |    | In PSV mode, Tinsp exceeds 4s for adult, 1.5s for pediatric, and the   |
|                   |    | maximum inspiration time set by the user for neonates for continuous   |
| Tinsp Too Long    | L  | 3 cycles.  |
|                   |    | 1. Check the patient.  |
|                   |    | 2. Check the ventilation parameter setup.                              |
|                   |    | 3. Check the patient tubing for leakage.                               |
| Please Check Exp. | Н  | Installing the expiratory flow sensor fails.                           |
| Flow Sensor       |    | Contact your service personnel.  |
|                   |    | The gas temperature exceeds 55°C.                                      |
| Insp. Gas Temp    | H  | 1. Disconnect the patient.   |
| Too High          |    | 2.Restart the machine. Contact the specified service personnel if the  |
|                   |    | issue persists.  |
| Flow Sensor Type  | н  | Installation error with air flow sensor or O <sub>2</sub> flow sensor. |
| Error             | 11 | Contact your service personnel.  |
|                   |    | Backup air supply fan speed error. If it can't be solved, restart the  |
| Blower Fan        | м  | machine.   |
| Failure           |    | Please contact your service personnel (turning off backup air supply   |
|                   |    | could also resolve the alarm).   |
|                   |    | Backup air supply temperature exceeds the threshold.                   |
|                   |    | 1. Check if the operating ambient temperature of the machine exceeds   |
| Dlawan            |    | the maximum operating temperature specified by the vendor.             |
| Tomporatura High  | Н  | 2. Check if the fan inlet and outlet are occluded. If yes, clear the   |
|                   |    | foreign substance and dust.  |
|                   |    | 3. Check the rotation of the fan. If it runs abnormally (such as       |
|                   |    | abnormal sound or rotation speed), replace the fan.                    |
| AMU: Connot       |    | Cannot meet established MV%  |
| Alvi V: Cannot    | L  | 1. Check the ventilation parameter setup.                              |
| Meet Target       |    | 2. Check the alarm limits setting.                                     |
| Technical Error.  |    | Three-way valve failure, only blower gas supply available.             |
| Only Blower Gas   | Н  |  |
| Supply Available. |    | Contact your service personnel.  |
| Blower Failure    |    | Three-way valve failure, blower module disabled.                       |
| 3-way Valve       | Н  |  |
| Failure           |    | Contact the specified service personnel.                               |
| Replace HEPA      | L  | HEPA filter occluded, resistance increased.                            |
| Filter            |    | Contact the specified service personnel.                               |
| Blower Technical  |    | Backup air supply Temp Sensor Failure.                                 |
| Error 01          | M  | Contact your service personnel.  |
| Blower Technical  |    | HEPA Pressure Sensor Failure.  |
| Error 02          | M  | Contact your service personnel.  |
| Blower Technical  | M  | Backup air supply three-way valve microswitch failure.                 |
|                   | 1  |  |

| Error 03                      |    | Contact your service personnel.                                   |
|-------------------------------|----|---|
| Blower Failure 01             | Н  | Insp. Limb valve or flow sensor fails.                            |
|                               |    | 1. Use another device for ventilation.                            |
|                               |    | 2.Restart the machine.  |
|                               |    | 3. Contact the specified service personnel if the issue persists. |
| Diaman Failuna 02             | Н  | Insp. Valve Disconnected.   |
| Blower Failure 02             |    | Contact your service personnel.                                   |
| Diamar Eailura 02             |    | Backup air supply Temp Too High.                                  |
| Blower Failure 03             | п  | Contact your service personnel.                                   |
|                               | 11 | Backup air supply Failure.  |
| Blower Failure 04             | П  | Contact your service personnel.                                   |
| O <sub>2</sub> Sensor         | T  | The $O_2$ sensor is not connected.                                |
| Unconnected                   |    | Connect the $O_2$ sensor.   |
| Please Replace O <sub>2</sub> | м  | The chemical $O_2$ sensor is expired.                             |
| Sensor.                       | M  | Please replace the $O_2$ sensor.                                  |
| Please calibrate              | т  | Please calibrate the $O_2$ sensor.                                |
| O <sub>2</sub> sensor         |    | Please calibrate O <sub>2</sub> concentration.                    |
| Disease most O                | М  | The oxygen concentration measured by the paramagnetic oxygen      |
| Please reset $O_2$            |    | sensor has a large error.   |
| sensor                        |    | Contact your service personnel.                                   |
| Please perform                |    | Calibrate the pressure sensor.                                    |
| pressure                      | H  |   |
| calibration.                  |    | Contact your service personnel.                                   |
| Please perform                | Н  | Calibrate the flow sensor.  |
| flow calibration.             |    | Please perform flow calibration.                                  |

# D.2.4 CO<sub>2</sub> Module

| Alarm Messages                       | Р | Cause and action   |
|--------------------------------------|---|--|
| CO <sub>2</sub> Module<br>Failure 01 | M | Sidestream CO <sub>2</sub> module zeroing fails. The gain input signal offset is             |
|                                      |   | too large, exceeding the adjustable range.   |
|                                      |   | Contact your service personnel.  |
| CO <sub>2</sub> Module<br>Failure 02 | М | CO <sub>2</sub> Init Error. An error occurs to the CO <sub>2</sub> module during             |
|                                      |   | initialization.  |
|                                      |   | Contact your service personnel.  |
| CO <sub>2</sub> Module<br>Failure 03 | М | CO <sub>2</sub> self check error. An error occured in the CO <sub>2</sub> module during self |
|                                      |   | check.   |
|                                      |   | Contact your service personnel.  |
| CO <sub>2</sub> Module<br>Failure 04 | м | CO <sub>2</sub> Hardware Error.  |
|                                      |   | Contact your service personnel.  |
| CO <sub>2</sub> Module<br>Failure 05 | М | CO <sub>2</sub> Comm Stop, CO <sub>2</sub> Module Failure, CO <sub>2</sub> Comm Error or     |
|                                      |   | communication failure reaches 10s.   |
|                                      |   | Contact your service personnel.  |

| CO <sub>2</sub> Module       | М | Mainstream CO <sub>2</sub> module zeroing fails.                    |
|------------------------------|---|---|
| Failure 06                   |   | Contact your service personnel.                                     |
| CO <sub>2</sub> Sensor High  | L | The sensor temperature is too high (above 63°C).                    |
| Temp                         |   | Contact your service personnel.                                     |
|                              | L | Sampling line is faulty or occluded.                                |
| CO <sub>2</sub> Sampleline   |   | 1. Check the sampling line for occlusion.                           |
| Occluded                     |   | 2. Replace the sampling line.                                       |
|                              |   | 3. Replace the water trap.  |
| CO <sub>2</sub> No Watertrap | L | The water trap is disconnected or not connected properly. Check the |
|                              |   | water trap.   |
|                              |   | Re-install the water trap.  |
|                              | L | Parameter measured values exceed the measurement range (error       |
| Et CO <sub>2</sub> Overrange |   | range is included).   |
|                              |   | 1. Perform $CO_2$ module zeroing.                                   |
|                              |   | 2. Contact your service personnel.                                  |
| Please Replace               | М | The mainstream CO <sub>2</sub> module sensor is faulty.             |
| CO <sub>2</sub> Sensor       |   | Contact your service personnel.                                     |
| CO <sub>2</sub> No Sensor    | L | The mainstream CO <sub>2</sub> module sensor is not connected.      |
|                              |   | Connect the $CO_2$ sensor.  |

# D.2.5 SpO<sub>2</sub> Module

| Alarm Messages                     | Р | Cause and action  |
|------------------------------------|---|---|
| SpO <sub>2</sub> Sensor Off        | L | Connected SpO <sub>2</sub> sensor became disconnected from patient tubing (e.g. |
|                                    |   | wire disconnection or short circuit).   |
|                                    |   | Check SpO <sub>2</sub> sensor and measurement site connection.                  |
| Diago Dopiago                      | M | SpO <sub>2</sub> sensor failed (e.g. wire disconnection or short circuit).      |
| SpQ Sensor                         |   | 1. Replace SpO <sub>2</sub> sensor.   |
| $SpO_2$ Sensor                     |   | 2. Contact your service personnel.  |
|                                    | L | Main cable has disconnected from module. Connection between                     |
| SpO <sub>2</sub> No Sensor         |   | sensor and main cable has disconnected.   |
|                                    |   | Check that SpO <sub>2</sub> cable is connected to the module.                   |
| SmO. Tao Much                      | L | The light to which the sensor is exposed is so bright that the sensor's         |
| SpO <sub>2</sub> Too Much<br>Light |   | photodetector is absorbing the surrounding light.                               |
|                                    |   | Put SpO <sub>2</sub> sensor in a place with lower ambient light levels.         |
|                                    | L | SpO <sub>2</sub> sensor cannot obtain pulse signal (or incomplete signal).      |
| SpO. No Dulco                      |   | 1. Check the patient's condition.   |
| $SpO_2$ No Pulse                   |   | 2. Check SpO <sub>2</sub> sensor and measurement site connection                |
|                                    |   | 3. Replace $SpO_2$ sensor.  |
| SpO <sub>2</sub> Module<br>Error   | М | SpO <sub>2</sub> module error\SpO <sub>2</sub> initialization error             |
|                                    |   | 1. Replace SpO <sub>2</sub> sensor.   |
|                                    |   | 2. Contact your service personnel.  |
| SpO <sub>2</sub> Overrange         | L | Measured values of parameter $SpO_2$ exceed the measurement range.              |

|              |   | 1. Replace $SpO_2$ sensor.                                    |
|--------------|---|---|
|              |   | 2. Contact your service personnel.                            |
| PR Overrange | L | Measured values of parameter PR exceed the measurement range. |
|              |   | 1. Replace SpO <sub>2</sub> sensor.                           |
|              |   | 2. Contact your service personnel.                            |

#### D.2.6 Neo. Module

| Alarm Messages                 | Р | Cause and action  |
|--------------------------------|---|---|
| Reverse the                    |   | Neonatal flow sensor connected reversed.                                |
| neonatal flow                  | M |   |
| sensor.                        |   | Please reverse the neonatal flow sensor.                                |
| No. Els Comos                  | М | Range of neonatal flow sensor exceeds 32 L/min.                         |
| Overrange                      |   | 1. Check the patient's condition and ventilator settings                |
| Overrange                      |   | 2. Change patient type if necessary.                                    |
|                                | L | Neonatal flow sensor failure.   |
| Failura                        |   | 1. Replace neonatal flow sensor   |
| Failure                        |   | 2. Contact your service personnel.                                      |
| No Neo. Flow<br>Sensor         | М | Serial cable of neonatal flow sensor is not connected. Sampling line of |
|                                |   | neonatal flow sensor is not connected.                                  |
|                                |   | Check the connection of the neonatal flow sensor cable and sampling     |
|                                |   | line.   |
| Wrong Neo. Flow<br>Sensor Type | L | Adult proximal flow sensor is used.                                     |
|                                |   | Use neonatal flow sensor.   |
| Neo. Flow Sensor               | М | Neonatal flow sensor monitor off in the volume mode.                    |
| Monitoring Off                 |   | Neonatal flow sensor monitor on.  |