





Chemical and Livrobiological Laboratory, Testing Laboratory No. 1273 certified by Czech Accreditation Institute.

č. 1273

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#### Test report No. D166/2013

# DETERMINATION OF MYCOBACTERICIDAL AND TUBERCULOCIDAL (EN 14348) ACTIVITY OF THE PRODUCT **VIRUTON FORTE**DETERMINATION OF VIRUCIDAL ACTIVITY (EN 14476) OF THE PRODUCT **VIRUTON FORTE** AGAINST BVDV AND VACCINIA VIRUS

Sample ID: D166/2013

Sample name: Viruton Forte

Client: Medi-Sept Sp. z o.o., Konopnica 159c, 210 30 Motycz, Poland Producer: Medi-Sept Sp. z o.o., Konopnica 159c, 210 30 Motycz, Poland Sampling point: Medi-Sept Sp. z o.o., Konopnica 159c, 210 30 Motycz, Poland Page: 1

From pages: 10

Incoming date: 8.11.2013

Delivery date: 7.4.2014

Hodonín, 7.4.2014

Chemila, spol. s.r.o.

Za Dráhou 4386/3
695 01 Hodoníny

Zuzana Matušková, Head of Laboratory

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ID: D166/2013 : 173

name: Viruton Forte

d: by client g point: Medi-Sept Sp. z o.o., Konopnica 159c, 210 30 Motycz Medi-Sept Sp. z o.o., Konopnica 159c, 210 30 Motycz

Sampling date: 6.11.2013 Sample delivered: 8.11.2013 Testing date: 15.11.2013-2.1.2014

Delivered amount: 250 ml Batch No: A-25-PAZ-33

Page: 2

of testing:

nation of mycobactericidal and tuberculocidal activity of the product. Determination of virucidal activity oduct on BVDV and Vaccinia virus.

ation of the sample:

f the product: ımber:

**Viruton Forte** A-25-PAZ-33

manufacture:

25.10.2013 04.2016

cturer: g date:

f analysis:

perature:

diluent:

hod:

ime:

anisms:

late:

Medi-Sept Sp. z o.o., Konopnica 159c, 210 30 Motycz, Poland

8.11.2013 stated by the manufacturer

conditions: ngredients, 100 g contains:

72-82-9 N-(3-Aminopropyl)-N-dodecylpropane-1,3-diamine 3,76 g

667-33-1 N,N-Didecyl-N-methyl-poly(oxyethyl)ammonium propionate 3,39 g

ental conditions:

Quantitative suspension test for evaluation of mycobactericidal

and tuberculocidal activity SOP-M-19-00 (EN 14348)

11.12.2013 - 2.1.2014

 $20 \, ^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 1 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

dilution neutralization method zation medium:

Dey-Engley Neutralizing Broth M 1062

hard water yellow liquid

nce of the products: centration: 1% and 4% 15 min, 30 min

0.3 g/l BSA (clean conditions)

3 g/l BSA and 3 ml/l sheep erythrocytes (dirty conditions) Mycobacterium terrae ATCC 15755

Mycobacterium avium ATCC 15769

 $37 \,^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 1 \,^{\circ}\text{C}, 21 \,\text{days}$ 

on conditions:

ng substances:

edure: Preparation of test suspension

Preparation of product test solutions

Quantitative suspension test

Incubation and calculation

Expression and interpretation of results

tericidal activity - the capability of a product to produce a reduction in the number of viable cells of terium terrae and Mycobacterium avium under defined conditions by at least 4 orders (10<sup>4</sup>).

ocidal activity - the capability of a product to produce a reduction in the number of viable cells of terium terrae under defined conditions by at least 4 orders (10<sup>4</sup>).

 $N_a$  nebo  $\lg R = \lg N_0 - \lg N_a$  the reduction in viability

lard:

48 Chemical indicintents constituent sherius iness geretitet medistept sps ion.o.t matinter-tarmens laction medisept sp. z o. o. tericidal activity of chemical disinfectants in the medical area including instrument disinfectants - Test

Sample ID: D166/2013

Rep No: 173

Sample name: Viruton Forte

Sampled: by client

Sampling point: Medi-Sept Sp. z o.o., Konopnica 159c, 210 30 Motycz

Client: Medi-Sept Sp. z o.o., Konopnica 159c, 210 30 Motycz

Sampling date: 6.11.2013 Sample delivered: 8.11.2013 Testing date: 15.11.2013-2.1.2014

Delivered amount: 250 ml Batch No: A-25-PAZ-33

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The Number of CFU in the tested product **Viruton Forte**: 0 CFU/ml

1. Testing the efficacy of chemical disinfectant Viruton Forte on Mycobacterium avium ATCC 15769

Tab No. 1.1.1 Verification of metodology, clean conditions

Val	Validation of suspension (N <sub>vo</sub> ) Validation of selected			Neutralizer toxicity control (B)			itrol (B)	Method validation (C)						
experimental conditions (A)			(A)	Product conc.: 4%										
$V_{c1}$	30	Ф - 22	Vcl	29	Ф	= 30.5	$V_{c1}$	31	Ф	- 29	$V_{c1}$	35	Ф	c = 33
$V_{c2}$	36	$\Phi_{\text{Nvo}} = 33$	V <sub>c2</sub>	32	$\Phi_A$	- 30.3	$V_{c2}$	25	$\Phi_{\mathbf{B}} = 28$		$V_{c2}$	31	$\Phi_{\rm C} = 33$	
30 :				$\Phi_{\rm A} \ge 0.5 \; \Phi_{\rm Nvo}$			$\Phi_{\rm B} \ge 0.5 \ \Phi_{\rm Nvo}$				$\Phi_{\rm C} \ge 0.5 \ \Phi_{\rm Nvo}$			
X	yes	no	X	yes		no	X	yes		no	X	yes		no

Tab No. 1.1.2 Verification of metodology, dirty conditions

10	Tab 110: 1:1:2 1 etimeation of metodology, and j conditions														
Va	Validation of suspension (N <sub>vo</sub> ) Validation of selected			Neutralizer toxicity control (B)			trol (B)	Method validation (C)							
experimental conditions (A)				Product conc.: 4%											
Vcl	30		Ф - 22	Vcl	30	Ф	- 22	Vcl	31	Ф	$\Phi_{\rm B} = 28$		28	Ф	- 20 5
Vc2			$\Phi_{\text{Nvo}} = 33$	$V_{c2}$	34	Ψ	$\Phi_A = 32$		25	$\Phi_{\rm B} - 2\delta$		$V_{c2}$	33	$\Phi_{\rm C} = 30.5$	
30				$\Phi_{A} \ge 0.5 \; \Phi_{Nvo}$			$\Phi_{\mathbf{B}} \ge 0.5 \ \Phi_{\text{Nvo}}$			$\Phi_{\rm C} \ge 0.5 \; \Phi_{\rm Nvo}$					
X	yes		no	X	yes		no	X	yes		no	X	yes		no

Tab No. 1.2 Test suspensions

Test suspension N	N	Vcl	$V_{c1}$		Test suspension	on N <sub>0</sub> (t	ime = 0)	
$\Phi = 174 \text{ x } 10^7 = \lg 9.24$	10-7	167	182		$\lg N_0 = \lg N/10 = \lg 8.24$			
$9.17 \le \lg N \le 9.70$	10-8	18	15	$8.17 \le \lg N_0 \le 8.70$				
	•			X	yes		no	

Tab No. 1.3 Testing the efficacy of chemical disinfectant Viruton Forte on Mycobacterium avium ATCC 15769

140 110. 1.5 1 0501115	ine entireded of entern	mean anomineetam	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	011 111) 000 01000 1011111 01	
Test concentration (%) / contact time (min) /	Dilution after test procedure	V <sub>c1</sub>	$V_{c2}$	$ \lg N_a = \\ \lg (\Phi_a \times 10) $	$ \frac{\lg R}{(\lg N_0 = \lg 8.24)} $
conditions					
1/30/clean	10 <sup>-1</sup>	<14	<14	< 3.15	≥ 5.09
1/30/dirty	10-1	<14	<14	< 3.15	≥ 5.09
4/15/clean	10-1	<14	<14	< 3.15	≥ 5.09
4/15/dirty	10-1	<14	<14	< 3.15	≥ <b>5.0</b> 9

Note:  $V_c$  = value is the number of cfu per ml,  $\Phi$  = average  $V_{c1}$  a  $V_{c2}$  (1. + 2. duplicate  $V_c$  values), N = the number of cfu/ml of the bacterial test suspension,  $N_0$  = the number of cfu/ml of the bacterial test suspension at the beginning of the contact time (time "0"),  $N_a$  = the number of survivors per ml in the test mixture at the end of the contact time and before the dilution neutralization method,  $N_v$  = the number of cfu/ml of the bacterial test suspension for validation,  $N_{v0}$ = the number of cfu/ml of the bacterial test suspension in the mixture A,B,C at the beginning of the contact time (time "0"), A,B,C = the number of survivors per ml in control tests (A – experimental conditions control, B – neutralization validation, C – method validation)

 $R = N_0 / N_a$  nebo  $\lg R = \lg N_0 - \lg N_a$  the reduction in viability

Prepared by: Mgr. Mirka Horáková, Ph.D., Lab Technician

Sample ID: D166/2013

Rep No: 173

Sample name: Viruton Forte

Sampled: by client

Sampling point: Medi-Sept Sp. z o.o., Konopnica 159c, 210 30 Motycz

Client: Medi-Sept Sp. z o.o., Konopnica 159c, 210 30 Motycz

Sampling date: 6.11.2013 Sample delivered: 8.11.2013 Testing date: 15.11.2013-2.1.2014

Delivered amount: 250 ml Batch No: A-25-PAZ-33

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# 2. Testing the efficacy of chemical disinfectant Viruton Forte on Mycobacterium terrae ATCC 15755

Tab No. 2.1.1 Verification of metodology, clean conditions

Tab No. 2.1.1 Verification of Validation of suspension (N <sub>vo</sub> )	Validation of selected	Neutralizer toxicity control (B)	Method validation (C) Product conc.: 4%
$V_{c1}$ 30 $\Phi_{Ny0} = 31.5$	experimental conditions (A) $\begin{array}{c cccc} V_{c1} & 29 & & \\ \hline V_{c2} & 33 & & \\ \hline \end{array}$ $\Phi_A = 31$	$\begin{array}{c cccc} V_{c1} & 37 & \\ V_{c2} & 32 & \\ \end{array}$ $\Phi_{B} = 34.5$	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$
$V_{c2}$ 33 $30 \le \Phi_{Nvo} \le 160$ $V_{ves}$ $V_{ves}$ $V_{ves}$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c cccc} \Phi_{\text{B}} \geq 0.5 \; \Phi_{\text{Nvo}} \\ \hline x & \text{yes} & & \text{no} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c cccc} \Phi_{C} \geq 0.5 \; \Phi_{Nvo} \\ \hline x & yes & no \end{array}$

Tab No. 2.1.2 Verification of metodology, dirty conditions

Tab No. 2.1.2 Verification of Validation of suspension (N <sub>vo</sub> )	Validation of selected	Neutralizer toxicity control (B)	Method validation (C) Product conc.: 4%
$V_{c1}$ 30 $\Phi_{Nyo} = 31.5$	experimental conditions (A) $V_{c1}$ $32$ $\Phi_{A} = 31$	$\begin{array}{c cccc} V_{c1} & 37 & \\ V_{c2} & 32 & \\ \end{array}$ $\Phi_{B} = 34.5$	$V_{c1}$ 28 $Q_{c2}$ 33 $Q_{c2}$ $Q_{c3}$
$V_{c2}$ 33 $30 \le \Phi_{Nvo} \le 160$ $v$ ves $v$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c }\hline \Phi_{\textbf{B}} \geq 0.5 \; \Phi_{\text{Nvo}} \\ \hline x & yes & no \\ \hline \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c cccc} \Phi_{\rm C} \geq 0.5 \; \Phi_{\rm Nvo} \\ \hline x & yes & no \end{array}$

Tab No. 2.2 Test suspensions

Tab No. 2.2 Test suspens	ions		I V	Test suspension $N_0$ (time = 0)	
Test suspension N $\Phi = 190 \times 10^7 = 1g \ 9.28$	N 10 <sup>-7</sup>	183 20	193 22		
$9.17 \le \lg N \le 9.70$	10			x yes no	

Tab No. 2.3 Testing the efficacy of chemical disinfectant Viruton Forte on Mycobacterium terrae ATCC 15755

Tab No. 2.3 Testing to	Dilution after test	v <sub>c1</sub>	V <sub>c2</sub>	$\frac{\lg N_a =}{\lg (\Phi_a \times 10)}$	
contact time (min) / conditions	procedure	<14	<14	< 3.15	≥ 5.13
1/30/clean 1/30/dirty	10-1	<14	<14	< 3.15	≥ 5.13 ≥ 5.13
4/15/clean	10-1	<14	<14 <14	< 3.15 < 3.15	≥ 5.13
4/15/dirty	10-1	<14	V - V (1	+ 2 duplicate V. val	ues), $N = $ the number

Note:  $V_c$  = value is the number of cfu per ml,  $\Phi$  = average  $V_{c1}$  a  $V_{c2}$  (1. + 2. duplicate  $V_c$  values), N = the number of cfu/ml of the bacterial test suspension,  $N_0$  = the number of cfu/ml of the bacterial test suspension at the beginning of the contact time (time ,,0"), N<sub>a</sub> = the number of survivors per ml in the test mixture at the end of the contact time and before the dilution neutralization method,  $N_{\rm v}$  = the number of cfu/ml of the bacterial test suspension for validation,  $N_{\nu 0}$ = the number of cfu/ml of the bacterial test suspension in the mixture A,B,C at the beginning of the contact time (time "0"), A,B,C = the number of survivors per ml in control tests (A experimental conditions control, B - neutralization validation, C - method validation)

 $R=N_0\,/\,N_a$  nebo  $lg\;R=lg\;N_0-lg\;N_a$  the reduction in viability

Mgr. Mirka Horáková, Ph.D., Lab Technician Prepared by:

Sample ID: D166/2013

Rep No: 173

Sample name: Viruton Forte

Sampled: by client

Sampling point: Medi-Sept Sp. z o.o., Konopnica 159c, 210 30 Motycz

Client: Medi-Sept Sp. z o.o., Konopnica 159c, 210 30 Motycz

Sampling date: 6.11.2013 Sample delivered: 8.11.2013 Testing date: 15.11.2013-2.1.2014

Delivered amount: 250 ml Batch No: A-25-PAZ-33

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#### 3. Evaluation of tuberculocidal activity of the product Viruton Forte

Tab No. 3.1 The efficacy of chemical disinfectant Viruton Forte on test strain – mycobactericidal and tuberculocidal activity

	1					
	obactericidal an	d tuberculocidal	activity of the product	(EN 14348)		
Strain	Test	Contact	Product test	Interfering	lg R	lg R
	temperature	time	concentrations	substances -	EN 14348	
	[°C]	[min]	[%]	conditions		
Mycobacterium avium ATCC 15769	20	30	1	clean	> 4	> 4
Mycobacterium terrae ATCC 15755	20	30	1	clean	> 4	> 4
Mycobacterium avium ATCC 15769	20	30	1	dirty	> 4	> 4
Mycobacterium terrae ATCC 15755	20	30	1	dirty	> 4	> 4
Mycobacterium avium ATCC 15769	20	15	4	clean	> 4	> 4
Mycobacterium terrae ATCC 15755	20	15	4	clean	> 4	> 4
Mycobacterium avium ATCC 15769	20	15	4	dirty	> 4	> 4
Mycobacterium terrae ATCC 15755	20	15	4	dirty	> 4	> 4

Note:  $V_c$  = value is the number of cfu per ml,  $\Phi$  = average  $V_{c1}$  a  $V_{c2}$  (1. + 2. duplicate  $V_c$  values), N = the number of cfu/ml of the bacterial test suspension,  $N_0$  = the number of cfu/ml of the bacterial test suspension at the beginning of the contact time (time "0"),  $N_a$  = the number of survivors per ml in the test mixture at the end of the contact time and before the dilution neutralization method,  $N_v$  = the number of cfu/ml of the bacterial test suspension for validation,  $N_{v0}$  = the number of cfu/ml of the bacterial test suspension in the mixture A,B,C at the beginning of the contact time (time "0"), A,B,C = the number of survivors per ml in control tests (A – experimental conditions control, B – neutralization validation, C – method validation)

 $R = N_0 / N_a$  nebo  $\lg R = \lg N_0 - \lg N_a$  the reduction in viability

Prepared by: Mgr. Mirka Horáková, Ph.D., Lab Technician

Sample ID: D166/2013

Rep No: 173

Sample name: Viruton Forte

Sampled: by client

Sampling point: Medi-Sept Sp. z o.o., Konopnica 159c, 210 30 Motycz

Client: Medi-Sept Sp. z o.o., Konopnica 159c, 210 30 Motycz

Sampling date: 6.11.2013 Sample delivered: 8.11.2013 Testing date: 15.11.2013-2.1.2014

Delivered amount: 250 ml Batch No: A-25-PAZ-33

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**Experiment conditions:** Quantitative test for evaluation of virucidal activity

SOP-M-19-00 (EN 14476)

Period of analysis: 15. 11. - 21. 11. 2013

Test temperature:  $20 \, ^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 1 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

Method of titration: virus titration on monolayers of cells on microtiter plates

Appearance of the products:

Product diluent:

Test concentration:

Contact time:

yellow liquid
hard water
0.5%
15 min

Interfering substances: 0.3 g/l BSA (clean conditions)

3 g/l BSA and 3 ml/l sheep erythrocytes (dirty conditions)

Reference product: Formaldehyde 36 – 38% solution p.a., CAS: 50-00-0, Batch No:

K44006603245, expiry date: 30.11.14

Procedure to stop action of product: The virucidal activity is immediately suppressed by transfer of the sample into 9 volumes of ice-cold diluent. The dillutions are transferred into cell culture units-wells of micro titre plates. For the quantal test are inoculated 6 units with each dilution. For validation is used reference item. Incubation:  $36~^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 1~^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $5~^{\circ}\text{CO}_2$ , 96~h, and additional period of 24~h, 48~hours. After incubation, the titre infectivity is calculated according to Spearman-Kärber method. The reduction of virus inactivation are calculated from differences of lg virus titres before and after treatment with test product – virucidal effect.

Test virus:

Vaccinia virus strain Elstree CAMP V-160 (2<sup>th</sup> passage)

Cell lines:

VERO cells

Titre values are calculated according to Spearman and Kärber.

#### Preparation of the test

- 1. Determination of the number of the microorganisms CFU/ml in the product
- 2. Preparation of cell culture
- 3. Preparation of the test virus suspension
- 4. Test of viral infectivity
- 5. Virus titration with interfering substance
- 6. Cytotoxicity of the product
- 7. Reference virus inactivation test
- 8. Test procedure for virucidal activity of product

#### Note:

Virucidal activity – the capability of a product to produce a reduction in the number of infectious virus particles under defined conditions by at least 4 (lg) orders.

#### The standard:

EN 14476 Chemical disinfectants and antiseptics – Quantitative suspension test for the evaluation of virucidal activity in the medical area – Test method and requirements (Phase 2/Step 1) August 2013

Sample ID: D166/2013

Rep No: 173

Sample name: Viruton Forte

Sampled: by client

Sampling point: Medi-Sept Sp. z o.o., Konopnica 159c, 210 30 Motycz

Client: Medi-Sept Sp. z o.o., Konopnica 159c, 210 30 Motycz

Sampling date: 6.11.2013 Sample delivered: 8.11.2013 Testing date: 15.11.2013-2.1.2014

Delivered amount: 250 ml Batch No: A-25-PAZ-33

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#### 4. Testing the efficacy of chemical disinfectant Viruton Forte on Vaccinia virus strain Elstree CAMP V-160

Tab No. 4.1 Table of results of product Viruton Forte on Vaccinia virus strain Elstree CAMP V-160

	value of results of product viruton rotte on ruceima virus strain Elsitee CAIVII v-100											
Product	Concentration	Interfering	Level of cytoxicity	- log <sub>10</sub> TCID <sub>50</sub> after	- log <sub>10</sub> TCID <sub>50</sub> after							
		substances		15 min	30 min							
Viruton Forte	0.5%	clean	2.50	4.00	-							
Viruton Forte	0.5%	dirty	2.50	4.50	-							
Formaldehyde	0.7 % (w/v)	PBS	3.50	-	6.67							
			Virus titration,									
			time = 0									
Virus control	-	PBS	8.50	-	8.50							
Virus control	-	clean	8.50	8.50	-							
Virus control	-	dirty	8.50	8.50	-							

Tab No. 4.2 Testing the efficacy of chemical disinfectant **Viruton Forte** on *Vaccinia virus* strain Elstree CAMP V-160

Test concentration	Titre of the virus suspension - log <sub>10</sub> TCID <sub>50</sub>	Interfering substances	Contact time	- log <sub>10</sub> TCID <sub>50</sub> after test procedure	Δlog <sub>10</sub> TCID <sub>50</sub>
0.5%	8.50	clean	15 min	4.00	4.50
0.5%	8.50	dirty	15 min	4.50	4.00

#### 5. Evaluation of virucidal activity of the product Viruton Forte

Tab No. 5.1 The efficacy of chemical disinfectant Viruton Forte on test viruses – virucidal activity

	Virucidal activity of the product										
Strain	Test temperature [°C]	Contact time [min]	Product test concentrations [%]	Interfering substances - conditions	Δlog <sub>10</sub> TCID <sub>50</sub> EN 14476	Δlog <sub>10</sub> TCID <sub>50</sub>					
Vaccinia virus strain Elstree CAMP V-160	20	15	0.5	clean	≥ 4	> 4					
Vaccinia virus strain Elstree CAMP V-160	20	15	0.5	dirty	≥ 4	4					

Note:

 $TCID_{50}$ - 50% infecting dose of a virus suspension or that dilution of the virus suspension that induce a CPE in 50% of cell culture units

Prepared by:

Bc. Iva Čížová, Lab Technician

Sample ID: D166/2013

Rep No: 173

Sample name: Viruton Forte

Sampled: by client

Sampling point: Medi-Sept Sp. z o.o., Konopnica 159c, 210 30 Motycz

Client: Medi-Sept Sp. z o.o., Konopnica 159c, 210 30 Motycz

Sampling date: 6.11.2013 Sample delivered: 8.11.2013 Testing date: 15.11.2013-2.1.2014

Delivered amount: 250 ml Batch No: A-25-PAZ-33

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Experiment conditions: Quantitative test for evaluation of virucidal activity

SOP-M-19-00 (EN 14476)

Period of analysis: 28. 11. - 5. 12. 2013 Test temperature: 20 °C  $\pm$  1 °C

Test temperature:  $20 \text{ °C} \pm 1 \text{ °C}$ Method of titration: virus titration

Method of titration: virus titration on monolayers of cells on microtiter plates yellow liquid

Product diluent: hard water
Test concentration: 0.5%
Contact time: 15 min

Interfering substances: 0.3 g/l BSA (clean conditions)

3 g/l BSA and 3 ml/l sheep erythrocytes (dirty conditions)

Reference product: Formaldehyde 36 – 38% solution p.a., CAS: 50-00-0, Batch No:

K44006603245, expiry date: 30.11.14

Procedure to stop action of product: The virucidal activity is immediately suppressed by transfer of the sample into 9 volumes of ice-cold diluent. The dillutions are transferred into cell culture units-wells of micro titre plates. For the quantal test are inoculated 6 units with each dilution. For validation is used reference item. Incubation: 36 °C  $\pm$  1 °C, 5 % CO<sub>2</sub>, 96 h, and additional period of 24 h, 48 hours. After incubation, the titre infectivity is calculated according to Spearman-Kärber method. The reduction of virus inactivation are calculated from differences of lg virus titres before and after treatment with test product – virucidal effect.

Test virus:

BVDV strain NADL ATCC-VR-534 (6<sup>th</sup> passage)

Cell lines:

MDBK cells

Titre values are calculated according to Spearman and Kärber.

#### Preparation of the test

- 1. Determination of the number of the microorganisms CFU/ml in the product
- 2. Preparation of cell culture
- 3. Preparation of the test virus suspension
- 4. Test of viral infectivity
- 5. Virus titration with interfering substance
- 6. Cytotoxicity of the product
- 7. Reference virus inactivation test
- 8. Test procedure for virucidal activity of product

#### Note:

Virucidal activity – the capability of a product to produce a reduction in the number of infectious virus particles under defined conditions by at least 4 (lg) orders.

#### The standard:

EN 14476 Chemical disinfectants and antiseptics – Quantitative suspension test for the evaluation of virucidal activity in the medical area – Test method and requirements (Phase 2/Step 1) August 2013

Sample ID: D166/2013

Rep No: 173

Sample name: Viruton Forte

Sampled: by client

Sampling point: Medi-Sept Sp. z o.o., Konopnica 159c, 210 30 Motycz

Client: Medi-Sept Sp. z o.o., Konopnica 159c, 210 30 Motycz

Sampling date: 6.11.2013 Sample delivered: 8.11.2013 Testing date: 15.11.2013-2.1.2014

Delivered amount: 250 ml Batch No: A-25-PAZ-33

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## 6. Testing the efficacy of chemical disinfectant Viruton Forte on BVDV strain NADL ATCC-VR-534

Tab No. 6.1 Table of results of product Viruton Forte on BVDV strain NADL ATCC-VR-534

Product	Concentration		on by by strain NA		
	Concentration	Interfering	Level of cytoxicity	- log <sub>10</sub> TCID <sub>50</sub> after	- log <sub>10</sub> TCID <sub>50</sub> after
Vinuton Foot	0.504	substances		15 min	30 min
Viruton Forte	0.5%	clean	2.50	3.67	JO IIIII
Viruton Forte	0.5%	dirty	2.50	4.00	-
Formaldehyde	0.7% (w/v)	PBS	3.50	4.00	_
	(11,1)	1 00		-	6.00
			Virus titration,		
***			time = 0		
Virus control	-	PBS	8.50		0.70
Virus control	· ·	clean		-	8.50
Virus control			8.50	8.50	-
, nas control	-	dirty	8.50	8.50	-

Tab No. 6.2 Testing the efficacy of chemical disinfectant Viruton Forte on BVDV strain NADL ATCC-VR-534

	Test concentration	Titre of the virus suspension - log <sub>10</sub> TCID <sub>50</sub>	Interfering substances	Contact time	- log <sub>10</sub> TCID <sub>50</sub> after test procedure	Δlog <sub>10</sub> TCID <sub>50</sub>
	0.5%	8.50	clean	15 min	3.67	4.83
I	0.5%	8.50	dirty	15 min	4.00	4.50

### 7. Evaluation of virucidal activity of the product Viruton Forte

Tab No. 7.1 The efficacy of chemical disinfectant Viruton Forte on test viruses – virucidal activity

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-		Virucid	al activity of the produ	ıct		/
Strain  BVDV strain NADL ATCC-	Test temperature [°C] 20	Contact time [min]	Product test concentrations [%]*	Interfering substances - conditions	Δlog <sub>10</sub> TCID <sub>50</sub> EN 14476	Δlog <sub>10</sub> TCID <sub>50</sub>
VR-534  BVDV strain NADL ATCC-	1, 2000	13	0.5	clean	≥ 4	> 4
VR-534	20	15	0.5	dirty	≥ 4	> 4
Moto:						

#### Note:

 $TCID_{50}$ - 50% infecting dose of a virus suspension or that dilution of the virus suspension that induce a CPE in 50% of cell culture units

Prepared by:

Bc. Iva Čížová, Lab Technician

<sup>\*</sup> Product can only be tested at a concentration of 80% or less, as some dilution is always produced by adding the test organisms and interfering substance.

Sample ID: D166/2013

Rep No: 173

Sample name: Viruton Forte

Sampled: by client

Sampling point: Medi-Sept Sp. z o.o., Konopnica 159c, 210 30 Motycz

Client: Medi-Sept Sp. z o.o., Konopnica 159c, 210 30 Motycz

Sampling date: 6.11.2013 Sample delivered: 8.11.2013 Testing date: 15.11.2013-2.1.2014

Delivered amount: 250 ml Batch No: A-25-PAZ-33

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#### Interpretation:

Results of tests are in Tabs.

The tested product Viruton Forte, batch No. A-25-PAZ-33, in the concentration 1%, diluted in hard water, and the contact time 30 min and in the concentration 4%, diluted in hard water, and the contact time 15 min under clean and dirty conditions at temperature 20 °C  $\pm$  1 °C by the dilution-neutralization method decreased the number of alive microbes Mycobacterium avium ATCC 15769 and Mycobacterium terrae ATCC 15755 by 4 (lg) orders (EN 14348).

The tested product Viruton Forte, batch No. A-25-PAZ-33, in the concentration 0.5%, diluted in hard water, and the contact time 15 min under clean and dirty conditions at temperature 20 °C  $\pm$  1 °C proved by the method of virus titration on monolayers of cells on microtiter plates to reduce the number of infectious Vaccinia virus strain Elstree CAMP V-160 particles under defined conditions by at least 4 (lg) orders (EN 14476).

The tested product Viruton Forte, batch No. A-25-PAZ-33, in the concentration 0.5%, diluted in hard water, and the contact time 15 min under clean and dirty conditions at temperature 20 °C  $\pm$  1 °C proved by the method of virus titration on monolayers of cells on microtiter plates to reduce the number of infectious BVDV strain NADL ATCC-VR-534 particles under defined conditions by at least 4 (lg) orders (EN 14476).

#### Conclusion:

The product Viruton Forte is capable of reducing the number of viable mycobacterial cells of the relevant organism under defined conditions to the declared values, and consequently, may be called mycobactericidal and tuberculocidal.

The product Viruton Forte is capable of reducing the number of infectious Vaccinia virus strain Elstree CAMP V-160 particles under defined conditions to the declared values, and consequently, can be called virucidal on Vaccinia virus. The product Viruton Forte is capable of reducing the number of infectious BVDV strain NADL ATCC-VR-534 particles under defined conditions to the declared values, and consequently, can be called virucidal on BVDV.

7.4.2014, Hodonín

č. 1273

Ing. Jana Sitrová, 501 forgonin

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Chemika, spol. s.r.o

Za Dráhov #386/3