

# **Technical Data**

# HiCrome<sup>TM</sup> Chromogenic Coliform Agar (CCA)

M1991I

### **Intended Use**

Recommended for detection of *Escherichia coli* and coliforms in water samples. The composition and performance criteria of this medium are as per the specifications laid down in ISO 9308-1:2014. It can also be used for clinical samples.

# Composition\*\*

Ingredients	Gms / Litre
Tryptone #	1.000
Yeast extract	2.000
Sodium chloride	5.000
Sodium dihydrogen phosphate, 2H <sub>2</sub> O	2.200
Disodium hydrogen phosphate	2.700
Sodium pyruvate	1.000
Sorbitol	1.000
Tryptophan	1.000
Tergitol-7	0.150
6-chloro-3-indoxyl β-D-galactopyranoside	0.200
5-bromo-4-chloro-3-indoxyl- β-D-glucuronic acid cyclohexamine ammonium salt, monohydrate	0.100
IPTG (Isopropyl-β-D-thiogalactopyranoside)	0.100
Agar	15.000
Final pH ( at 25°C)	6.8±0.2

<sup>\*\*</sup>Formula adjusted, standardized to suit performance parameters

#### Directions

Suspend 30.92 grams(the equivalent weight of dehydrated medium per litre) in 1000 ml purified / distilled water. Heat to boiling to dissolve the medium completely. DO NOT AUTOCLAVE. DO NOT OVERHEAT. Cool to 45-50°C. Mix well and pour into sterile Petri plates.

# **Principle And Interpretation**

HiCrome<sup>TM</sup> Chromogenic Agar is a selective medium recommended for the simultaneous detection of *Escherichia coli* and total coliforms in water samples (4). The medium contains three chromogenic substrates. The enzyme β-D-galactosidase produced by coliforms cleaves 6-chloro-3-indoxy 1-β-D-galactopyranoside to form pink to red coloured colonies (2). The enzyme β-D-glucuronidase pro duced by *E.coli*, cleaves 5-bromo-4chloro-3-indoxy 1- β-D-glucuronic acid (2) Colonies of *E.coli* give dark blue to violet coloured colonies due to cleavage of both the chromogens. The presence of the third chromogen IPTG enhances the colour reaction. Addition of L-Tryptophan improves the indole reaction thereby increasing the detection reliability.

Tryptone, sodium pyruvate and sorbitol provide nitrogenous substances, fermentable carbohydrate and other essential growth nutrients for the organisms. Phosphates buffer the medium. The media formulation helps even sub-lethally injured coliforms to recover and grow rapidly. Tergitol-7 inhibits gram-positive as well as some gram-negative bacteria other than coliforms (2).

The medium is inoculated either by pour plate technique or by spreading the sample on the surface of plated medium. Membrane filter technique can also be used. To confirm *E.coli*, add a drop of Kovacs reagent on the dark blue to violet colony. Formation of cherry red colour indicates a positive reaction.

# Type of specimen

Clinical samples - Urine, Water samples - Water and wastewater

<sup>#</sup> Enzymatic digest of casein

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# **Specimen Collection and Handling**

For clinical samples, follow appropriate techniques for sample collection, processing as per guidelines (3,4).

For water samples, follow appropriate techniques for sample collection, processing as per guidelines and local standards (1). After use, contaminated materials must be sterilized by autoclaving before discarding.

# **Warning and Precautions**

In Vitro diagnostic Use only. Read the label before opening the container. The media should be handled by trained personnel only. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/ face protection. Follow good microbiological lab practices while handling specimens and culture. Standard precautions as per established guidelines should be followed while handling clinical specimens. Safety guidelines may be referred in individual safety data sheets.

#### **Limitations:**

- 1. Further biochemical testing is required for identification of microorganism.
- 2. Certain variations in colour may be observed.

# **Quality Control**

# Appearance

Cream to yellow homogeneous free flowing powder

#### Gelling

Firm, comparable with 1.5% Agar gel.

# Colour and Clarity of prepared medium

Light yellow coloured opalescent gel forms in Petri plates

### Reaction

Reaction of 3.09% w/v aqueous solution at 25°C. pH: 6.8±0.2

## pН

6.60-7.00

#### **Cultural Response**

Cultural characteristics observed after an incubation at 34-38°C for 24 hours.

Organism	Inoculum (CFU)	Growth	Recovery	Colour of Colony#
Citrobacter freundii ATCC 43864 (00006)*	50-100	luxuriant	>=70 %	pale pink to pink
##Klebsiella aerogenes ATCC 13048 (00175)*	50-100	luxuriant	>=70%	pale pink to pink
Escherichia coli ATCC 25922 (00013)*	50-100	luxuriant	>=70%	dark blue to violet
Escherichia coli ATCC 8739 (00012)*	50-100	luxuriant	>=70%	dark blue to violet
Enterococcus faecalis ATCC 19433 (00009)*	$C >= 10^4$	inhibited	0%	
Pseudomonas aeruginosa ATCC 10145(00024)*	50-100	luxuriant	>=70%	colourless

Key \*: Corresponding WDCM numbers #: either on plate or membrane

## Formerly known as Enterobacter aerogenes.

### **Storage and Shelf Life**

Store between 15-25°C in a tightly closed container and the prepared medium at 2-8°C. Use before expiry date on the label. On opening, product should be properly stored dry, after tightly capping the bottle in order to prevent lump formation due to the hygroscopic nature of the product. Improper storage of the product may lead to lump formation. Store in dry ventilated area protected from extremes of temperature and sources of ignition Seal the container tightly after use. Product performance is best if used within stated expiry period.

# **Disposal**

User must ensure safe disposal by autoclaving and/or incineration of used or unusable preparations of this product. Follow established laboratory procedures in disposing of infectious materials and material that comes into contact with clinical sample must be decontaminated and disposed of in accordance with current laboratory techniques (3,4).

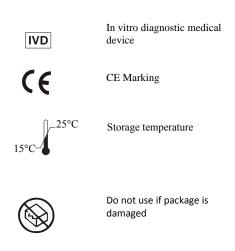
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Revision: 03 / 2020





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