



Institut de  
Recherche  
Microbiologique

## TEST REPORT

N°479/1211-1/M-1

**ISSUED TO:** OXYPHARM / AIREL  
917, rue Marcel Paul  
94500 CHAMPIGNY-sur-MARNE

**PRODUCT :** NOCOLYSE

TEST REQUEST DATE: 01 december 2011

ANALYSIS REFERENCE: 479/1211

**TEST:** Quantitative suspension test for the evaluation of tuberculocidal activity according to standards **NF EN 13727 (July 2004)** and **NF EN 14348 (June 2005)**.

Membrane filtration method.

Test on *Mycobacterium terrae* CIP 104 321


This report contains 5 pages.

This report applies only to the product submitted to test.

Issue date: 16 april 2012

Re-issue date: 16 april 2012

Seule la version française fait foi / Only the French version is valid

  
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## **I - COMPLETE SAMPLE IDENTIFICATION**

Product name: **NOCOLYSE**

- batch number: 011211N
- manufacturer: **OXYPHARM / AIREL**  
917, rue Marcel Paul  
94500 CHAMPIGNY-sur-MARNE
- expiration date: not indicated

I.R.M. reception date: 01 december 2011

Storage conditions: laboratory counter top, ambient temperature

Analysis period: from 06 december 2011 to 05 april 2012

Active substance and concentration: not indicated

Aspect of product and its dilutions: clear, colourless solution

## **II - EXPERIMENTAL CONDITIONS**

Contact time: 60 min  $\pm$  10 sec

Test temperature: 20°C  $\pm$  1°C

Product diluent used during the test: sterile distilled water.

Product diluent recommended by manufacturer: none (ready-to-use product).

Tested strain:

*Mycobacterium terrae* CIP 104 321 incubation 21 days at 37°C  $\pm$  1°C  
Test strain of the NF EN 14348 (June 2005)

Interfering substance: clean conditions (NF EN 14348 (June 2005))

- composition: Final test concentration of 0.3 g/l of bovine albumin during the test

Stability of product / interfering substance mix: no precipitate during the test

Count method: spread plate for inoculum and membrane filtration for validation and main tests.

### III - PROCEDURE FOR PRELIMINARY TESTS

Rinsing liquid for membranes:

- composition: distilled water containing 0.5% (w/v) tween 80
- preparation mode: heat dissolution of ingredients and sterilization at 122°C for 15 minutes

Rinsing method for membranes:

- number of rinses: 3
- volume for each rinse: 50 ml

Neutralizer(s) added to count medium and concentration(s): none

Other additions to count medium: none

Particular count media: Middlebrook 7H10 agar medium with 10% OADC enrichment (standard NF EN 14348 (June 2005))

#### IV - VALIDATION OF THE MEMBRANE FILTRATION METHOD

Microorganism strain	Tested concentration of product	Test bacterial suspension	Validation test			
			Bacterial suspension	Experimental conditions	Filtration control	Inactivation by filtration
<i>Mycobacterium terrae</i> CIP 104 321	80% (v/v)	$10^{-6}$ :(>660+>660);(>660+>660) $10^{-7}$ :(24+21);(19+20) (N = $4,2 \times 10^8$ )	124 ; 139 (Nv = 1315)	120 ; 113 (A = 116,5)	106 ; 124 (B = 115)	98 ; 115 (C = 106,5)
N = number of CFU / ml in the test bacterial suspension Nv = number of CFU / ml in the bacterial suspension A = number of CFU / ml in the experimental conditions validation test B = number of CFU / ml in the membrane filtration control C = number of CFU / ml in the membrane filtration validation test						

The membrane filtration method is validated if:

- N is between  $1.5 \times 10^8$  CFU/ml and  $5 \times 10^8$  CFU/ml;
- $N_v$  is between  $6 \times 10^2$  CFU/ml and  $3 \times 10^3$  CFU/ml;
- A and B are equal to or greater than  $0.05.N_v$ ;
- C is equal to or greater than  $0.5.B$ .

In the described conditions, the membrane filtration method is validated on the tested strain with a concentration of the product **NOCOLYSE** of 80% (v/v).

**V - TEST RESULTS**

Microorganism strain	Test suspension N	Results at concentration m% (v/v)			
			m = 80	m = 40	m = 20
<i>Mycobacterium terrae</i> CIP 104 321	$10^{-6}$ :(>660+>660);(>660+>660) $10^{-7}$ :(24+21);(19+20) (N = $4,2 \times 10^8$ )	Vc $10^0$ Vc $10^{-1}$ Na R Log R	3 ; 1 0 ; 0 < 140 > $3,0 \times 10^5$ <u>&gt; 5,48</u>	>165 ; >165 >165 ; >165 > 1 650 < $2,6 \times 10^3$ <3,41	>165 ; >165 >165 ; >165 > 1 650 < $2,6 \times 10^3$ <3,41
N = number of CFU / ml in the test bacterial suspension					
Vc $10^x$ = number of colonies counted in the dishes for a given dilution					
Na = number of CFU / ml in the test mix					
R = reduction in number of viable cells					
Log R = log reduction in number of viable cells					

⇒ According to the criteria of standard NF EN 14348 (June 2005), concentrations resulting in a reduction of vial titre equal to or greater 4.0 log are tuberculocidal

**VI - CONCLUSION**

According to the methodologies of standards NF EN 13727 (July 2004) and NF EN 14348 (June 2005), product **NOCOLYSE** is tuberculocidal on *Mycobacterium terrae* CIP 104 321 at a concentration of 80% (v/v) for a contact time of 60 minutes at 20°C in the presence of 0.3 g/l of bovine albumin during the test (clean conditions).

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END OF TEST REPORT

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