

General Information

This diagnostic kit is designed to detect antibodies directed against the E2 glycoprotein in swine serum or plasma. The detection of anti-E2- antibodies by ELISA method indicates exposure to the virus by natural infection or by vaccination.

Description and Principle

Wells are coated with the recombinant E2 glycoprotein.

Samples to be tested and the controls are added to the microwells. Anti-E2 antibodies, if present, form an antibody-antigen complex which masks the E2 epitopes.

An anti-E2-peroxidase (HRP) conjugate is added to the microwells. It fixes to the remaining free E2 epitopes, forming an antigen-conjugate-HRP complex.

After washing in order to eliminate the excess conjugate, the substrate solution (TMB) is added.

The resulting coloration depends on the quantity of specific antibodies present in the sample to be tested:

- in the absence of antibodies, a blue coloration appears which becomes yellow after addition of the stop solution.
- in the presence of antibodies, no coloration appears.

The microplate is read at 450nm.

Kit Components

Reagents*
Coated Microplates
Concentrated Conjugate 10X
Positive Control
Negative Control
Dilution Buffer 8
Dilution Buffer 12
Wash Concentrate (20X)
Substrate Solution
Stop Solution (0.5 M)

* Quantities supplied are indicated on the kit label.

1. The **Dilution Buffer 8**, the conjugate, the controls and the substrate solution must be stored at 5°C ($\pm 3^{\circ}\text{C}$).
2. The other reagents can be stored between +2°C and +26°C.
3. Please refer to <https://www.id-vet.com/fr/support/faq> for detailed storage conditions of opened and/or diluted components,
4. Wash and stop solutions can be used for the entire IDvet product range. Substrate solutions and dilution buffers with same batch numbers are interchangeable.

Materials required but not provided

1. Mono or multi-channel pipettes capable of delivering volumes of 10 μl , 100 μl , and 500 μl .
2. Disposable tips.
3. 96 well pre-dilution plate.
4. Distilled or deionized water.
5. Manual or automatic microplate wash system.
6. ELISA microplate reader.

Precautions

1. Do not pipette by mouth.
2. Contains components that can be harmful to the skin and eyes and may cause sensitisation by skin contact. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Use protective lab coat, one-way gloves and safety glasses. The stop solution (0,5 M acid) may be harmful if swallowed.
3. Do not expose the substrate solution to bright light nor to oxidizing agents.
4. All waste should be properly decontaminated prior to disposal. Dispose in accordance with local regulations.

Please refer to the Material Safety Data Sheet, available upon request at info@innovative-diagnostics.com, for more detailed information.

Sample Preparation

In order to avoid differences in incubation times between samples, it is possible to prepare a 96-well plate containing the test and control samples, before transferring them into an ELISA microplate using a multi-channel pipette.

Wash Solution Preparation

If necessary, bring the Wash Concentrate (**20X**) to room temperature ($21^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$) and mix thoroughly to ensure that the Wash Concentrate is completely solubilised.

Prepare the Wash Solution (**1X**) by diluting the Wash Concentrate (**20X**) to 1:20 in distilled/deionized water.

The quality of the wash step may influence results. Ensure that wells are completely empty between washes. If using an automatic washer, it is extremely important to correctly parameter the machine (mode, type of aspiration, aspiration height). For more information, please consult the "IDvet Washing Guide", available upon request.

Testing Procedure

Important: Allow all the reagents to come to room temperature ($21^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$) before use. Homogenize all reagents by inversion or vortexing.

1. Add:
 - 50 μl of **Dilution Buffer 8** to each well.
 - 50 μl of the **Positive Control** to wells A1 and B1.
 - 50 μl of the **Negative Control** to wells C1 and D1.
 - 50 μl of each sample to be tested to the remaining wells.
2. Cover the plate and incubate **45 min $\pm$ 4 min at 37°C ($\pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$)** (short protocol) or **16h-20h at 21°C ($\pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$)** (overnight protocol).
3. Empty the wells. Wash each well 3 times with at least 300 μl of the **Wash Solution**. Avoid drying of the wells between washes.
4. Prepare the **Conjugate 1X** by diluting the **Concentrated Conjugate 10X** to 1:10 in **Dilution Buffer 12**.
5. Add 100 μl of the **Conjugate 1X** to each well.
6. Cover the plate and incubate **30 min $\pm$ 3 min at 21°C ($\pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$)**.
7. Empty the wells. Wash each well 3 times with at least 300 μl of the **Wash Solution**. Avoid drying of the wells between washes.
8. Add 100 μl of the **Substrate Solution** to each well.
9. Cover the plate and incubate **15 min $\pm$ 2 min at 21°C ($\pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$)** in the dark.
10. Add 100 μl of the **Stop Solution** to each well in same order as in step No 8 to stop the reaction.
11. Read and record the O.D. at 450 nm.

Validation

The test is validated if:

- ✓ the mean value of the Negative Control O.D. (OD_{NC}) is greater than 0.7.

$$OD_{NC} > 0.7$$

- ✓ the mean value of the Positive Control (OD_{PC}) is less than 30 % of the OD_{NC}.

$$OD_{PC}/OD_{NC} < 0.3$$

Interpretation

For each sample, calculate the competition percentage (S/N%).

$$S/N \% = \frac{OD_{sample}}{OD_{NC}} \times 100$$

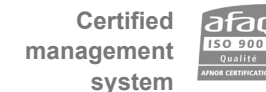
Samples presenting S/N%:

- less than or equal to 50% are considered positive.
- greater than 50% and less than or equal to 60% are considered doubtful.
- greater than 60% are considered negative.

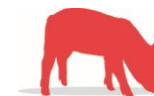
Results	Status
S/N% ≤ 50%	POSITIVE
50% < S/N% ≤ 60%	DOUBTFUL
S/N% > 60%	NEGATIVE

Note: The IDSoft™ data analysis program is available free-of-charge. For more information, please contact support.software@innovative-diagnostics.com.

This software program can calculate many parameters (validation criteria, S/P or S/N values, titers, vaccination age, groups) and offers a graphic representation of the serological profiles of the animals tested).



ID Screen® Classical Swine Fever E2 Competition



Competitive ELISA for the detection of antibodies against the CSFV
E2 glycoprotein in serum or plasma from swine or wild boar

For *in vitro* use

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