

# **Pulse Vacuum Sterilizer**

# **Operation and Service Manual**

(XG1.UCD-100D/135D/185D/300D)

SHINVA Medical Instrument Co., Ltd

### Introduction

This manual is suitable for the installation, operation and maintenance of XG1.C series normal pressure steam sterilizer. File No.: TD-XT-D002-001 V2.00 Publication date: 8/11/2012

Welcome to use SHINVA Normal Pressure Steam Sterilizer. To bring the maximum performance into full play and ensure that the product operate safely, please read the manual carefully first and strictly comply with the requirements of installation, operation and maintenance mentioned in this manual.

The following symbols in the manual are used to get highly attention and caution:



Caution: Highly attention should be paid.

Warning: The cases possibly cause equipment damage.

Danger: The cases possibly endanger personal safety.

Please read each chapter carefully and fully understand it before any operation, maintenance on the product especially the contents with the above symbols.

Please properly keep this manual away from loss and damage.

The operator has responsibility to renovate the manual and complete the lost, damaged or unsuitable contents.



Anyone in any situation cannot tear off any page from the manual. During the usage of the product, please do not hesitate to contact us if there is any inconsistent explanation or unmentioned cases. We will timely solve the problems and update or renew the manual for free.

This manual booklet should be stored in dry and ventilated place without high temperature.

### **Contents**

Cha	pter 1 General	2
	1.1Manufacturer Information	2
	1.2 Product Information	2
	1.3 The Sterilization Factor and Characteristics	3
	1.4 Detailed Applied Scope of the Manual	3
	1.5 Special Messages of the Product	3
Cha	pter 2 Brief introduction	5
Cha	pter 3 Technical parameters	6
Cha	pter 4 Installation and Debugging	7
	4.1 Product Unloading	7
	4.2 Unpacking and Inspection	7
	4.3 Installation	7
	4.4 Debugging	9
Cha	pter 5 Mechanical Features and Operating Principles	.11
	5.1 The Main Body	.11
	5.2 The Door	.11
	5.3 The Pipeline System	14
	5.4 The Structure Principles of the Control System	16
	5.5 The Operating Principles of the Control System	18
	5.6 The Outer Plate	20
Cha	pter 6 Operation	21
	6.1 Operating Instructions	21
	6.2 Parameter Setting	25
	6.3 Hand Operation	26
	6.4 Program Running	27
	6.5 Attention matters in Sterilization	27
Cha	pter 7 Fault Analysis and Elimination	28
	7.1 Analysis and Elimination of Common Fault	28
	7.2 Analysis and Elimination about "Wet Package"	31
	7.3 Analysis and Elimination of Unqualified Sterilization	31
	7.4 Unsolvable Problems	32
Cha	pter 8 Maintenance	32
	8.1 Inspection and Changing of Safety Valve	32
	8.2 The Procedures of Changing Electric Heating Tube	33
	8.3 The Cleaning of Electromagnetic Valve	33

8.4 The Cleaning of Water Filter and Drainage Filter	. 34
8.5 The Changing of Water Level Monitoring Device	. 34
Chapter 9 Other Terms	. 35
9.1 Self-Protection	. 35
9.2 The Quality Guarantee of Sterilization	. 36
9.3 The Inspection of Sterilization Results	. 36
9.4 Energy Saving and Environment Protecting	. 37
Appendix 1 Operation specification	. 38
Appendix 2 Drawings	. 40

### Chapter 1 General

- 1.1Manufacturer Information
  - Medical instrument manufacture enterprise license number: 20100024 for instrument Shandong Food and Drug Administration
     Medical instrument manufacture sanitation license number: (2003) 0286 Shandong Sanitation and Fire Control Characters
     Product registration address:
    - SHINVA medical science and technology zone, Zibo New & Hi-tech Zone, Shandong, P.R. China.
  - Manufacturing address: SHINVA medical science and technology zone, Zibo New & Hi-tech Zone, Shandong, P.R. China.
  - •Contact details:

Address: No. 2009 Xinglu Ave. Zhoucun, Zibo, Shandong, P.R. China Post Code: 255300

- Sales Tel: 86-5333581273
- Sales Fax: 86-5333581585
- Email: xhmed@vip.163.com
- Website: www.shinva.com
- 1.2 Product Information
  - Product registration number: 2570248 for instrument Shandong food and drug administration (approved), 2012
  - Product standard code: YZB/ Shandong 0155-2011
  - Product function structure and components:
    - This product consists of chamber, door, disinfection trolley, transporting trolley, pipeline system and control system. It takes saturated steam as working medium to reach the purpose of sterilization in the condition of high temperature.
  - •Scope of application: sterilization of medical liquid, instrument and dressing fabric in medical organizations, pharmaceutical factory, food factory and biomedical research institutes.
  - •Design life: Same as the design life of equipment body. Please refer to the related data of pressure vessel of the equipment. (The design life is an estimated invalidation limit in standard working environment. It is unrelated to the failure rate during usage. Improper operation will accelerate the product damage).
  - Packing and delivery requirements: Please comply with National Standard GB/T 191.
  - •Supplementary instructions: All information mentioned in this manual is only applicable

for standard product. If you have any special requirements in product order please read the manual selectively according to the sales agreement of custom product.

1.3 The Sterilization Factor and Characteristics

The product adopts damp and hot steam as sterilization factor.

According to the specified sterilization process, the product, in the environment of high temperature, high pressure and high humidity with certain pressure and time, adopts saturated damp and hot steam as factor to sterilize the items which can be penetrated by steam.

### 1.4 Detailed Applied Scope of the Manual

This manual is applicable for the following products:

Model	Volume	Chamber Dim	Overall Dim	Net	Power
	(L)	(mm)	(mm)	weight	(kw)
XG1.UCD-100D	100	400x850 (Φ×L)	1250×730×1660	260kg	10
XG1.UCD-135M	135	500 <b>x</b> 710 (Φ×L)	1110×750×1742	400kg	11.5
XG1.UCD-185M	185	500 <b>x</b> 950 (Φ×L)	1350×750×1742	460kg	11.5
XG1.UCD-300M	300	632×1000 (Φ×L)	1400×890×1780	750kg	18

Design pressure:	-0.1/0.28mpa
Design temperature:	150°C
Max. working pressure: Vacuum limit:	0.23mpa -0.08mpa
Temperature range:	105~136℃
Temperature display accuracy:	0.1°C
Pressure display accuracy:	1kpa

The volume of the products will be different according to the models. All the parameters of the models mentioned above are same except the volume.

#### 1.5 Special Messages of the Product



The product is not applicable for bottled liquid with tight seal. Please contact us to order special liquid sterilizer.



The bottle explosion that could endanger the personal and product safety may happen, if bottled liquid with tight seal is sterilized by this product.



Since the chloridion is the important factor of corroding stainless steel, if the items that contain chloridion are sterilized by this product please wash the chamber everyday by clean water to increase the product service life. Otherwise, the chloridion may corrode the chamber.



The improper operation (i.e. sterilize the items that contain chloridion without washing the chamber everyday) that decreases the product service life is not included into our warranty.



In order to adopt proper measures when you see the A sign in any place please consult the manual or other relevant document to clarify the potential danger.



Caution:

indicates high temperature, please protect yourself from scald when you see this sign.

### Chapter 2 Brief introduction

The hand-operated door sterilizer is applicable for medical liquid, instrument and dressing fabric in medical institution and pharmaceutical factory.

Warning: The product is only applicable for high temperature and humidity tolerance items not for oil or powder sterilization such as Vaseline.



Danger: Sterilization of bottled liquid with tight seal is forbidden since the bottle explosion that could endanger the personal and product safety may happen.

- The door of the product is equipped by radial door bolt mechanism. The sealing ring adopts silicon rubber with good temperature endurance and flexibility. The electromagnetic lock which installed in the middle of the door is qualified by National Bureau of Quality Technical Supervision. The door cannot be opened in any case only if the chamber pressure is below 10Kpa.
- The upper device of the product adopts new type LCD to display graph, dynamic text and workflow, time, temperature, pressure and other parameters.
- The lower device adopts new type process control equipment.
- Pulse vacuum method is adopted to infuse the steam into chamber while discharge the air. The amount of discharged air from the chamber is above 99%.
- The models of single-door and double-door are available and the double-door product can be used to achieve segregation of contaminated and sterile area.
- The main control elements and valves are worldwide band that increase the stability and reliability.
- The design service life of the equipment is 8 years.



Caution: The items will probably be affected by the hot steam (134°C).

### Chapter 3 Technical parameters

1 Rated working pressure:	0.205mpa
Rated working temperature:	132°C
2 Pulse frequency setting range:	0~99 times
3 Sterilization time setting range:	0~7200s
4 Drying hour setting range:	0~7200s
5 Pulse range setting:	positive 0~0.1mpa negative -0.08~0mpa
Please refer to product installa	tion diagram for other parameters.
6 Pulse range setting:	positive 0~0.09mpanegative -0.065~0.08mpa
7 Pressure controller setting:	upper switching value: 0.23mpa
	lower switching value: 0.21mpa
8 Water:	softened water (0.15~0.3mpa)
Please refer to product installation	diagram for other parameters.

### Chapter 4 Installation and Debugging



Caution: Proper installation is very important for product operation. Please do not neglect.

4.1 Product Unloading

Please pay attention to the following matters:

- Do not stand under the crane;
- Sufficient wide berth should be given around the lifting product;
- Use qualified crane;
- Keep the lifting product balanced;
- Pay attention to protect the packing plate.
- 4.2 Unpacking and Inspection
  - After unpacking please check the consistency between the model number (written on the nameplate) and purchase order;
  - Please check each part of the machine and make a record. Contact us if there is any problem.
  - Please carefully check the links and fastening parts whether they are loosing after a long distance transportation. If any, make the fastening for them.
    - Please check and record the spear parts.

#### 4.3 Installation

For the product you ordered, please feel free to request the installation diagram from us. Installation should be done under the instruction of specialist by qualified workers.



Warning: We are not responsible for any danger or product disfunction caused by

improper installation

1 Preparations and requirements before installation

- Space required: Considering the operation and maintenance of the equipment, the height of the space should be no less than 2.9m. The distance between the wall and the sides of the autoclave should be no less than 0.5m. For conveniently carrying the product, the depth of loading and unloading direction should be no less than 1.5 times of the product.
- Groundsill: If installed on the ground, the ground surface must be tamped and planished. If on the second floor or above, please consider whether to strengthen the floor.
- Airiness and heat dissipation: In order to assure the equipment work normally in comfortable working condition , please fix a suited airiness system that controlled the

temperature in the range of 15  $\sim$  35°C and humidity below 85% around the autoclave.

• Dewatering: The diameter of the drain pipe should be wider than the product water outlet. Please make sure the drain pipe fixed in the sewer and not connected with other pipe in the building. Otherwise the drain water from the product may affect other rooms.



Caution: The drain pipe should be installed downward from the product water outlet; otherwise the sterilizing and drying results will be affected by undischarged condensate water. In the case that a drain pipe is connected with more than one product, please notice that the water flow of this drain pipe should be larger than the total of each product water flow. The material of the drain pipe should be thermostable, corrosion-resistant and aging-resistant. Please adjust the foundation bolt to ensure that the water outlet is the lowest point.

 Water supply: The water is used for vacuum pump and steam generator. The size of the joint is 1/2 inner thread. Pressure requirement: 0.15~0.3map. For the flow requirement please refer to the installation drawing. A valve and a 0~0.6mpa pressure gauge should be installed in the water inlet pipeline.

Warning: The vacuum program cannot be started if the pressure of water supply is less than 0.1map.

Warning: Only the softened water is allowed for the product build-in steam generator.

• Electrical source: The standard product is AC 380v and three phases with five wires. Three of the wires are active line, one is zero line (light blue) and another is ground line (yellow and green). Also, a power box is required on the right or back wall of the equipment, in which a 3 phase breaker and a one phase breaker are needed.

To ensure person and equipment safety, please join a wire with the ground and reliably join the wire marked "ground "in the control cable with ground.



Danger: The hull of product and steam generator must be safely grounded.

All the pipe lines should be well fixed.

Cautions:

- 1) Installation is not allowed in a place of conductive particles, corrosive gas, and inflammable gas.
- 2) Installation should avoid any places with possible electrical shock and vibration.
- 3) Places of high temperature, high humidity or accessible to rain are not suitable for installation.
- 4) Places of high magnetic intensity are not allowed, either.
- 2 Product positioning
  - Move the product to certain position. Do not injure the trim cover during moving.
  - Take the documents out from the packing bag and carefully store them.
- 3 Balance adjusting

Please adjust the balance after positioning the product.

4 The connection of water, power and steam

Please connect the water and power with the product accordingly. To avoid leaking, filling material should be used in the layup of the pipe. Keep the product away for any leaking pipe.



Warning: The earth wire must be grounded!

Warning: Please install the leakage protection to avoid safety problem during installation.

#### 4.4 Debugging

According to the relevant standard, the program of the product is partly set before sale

and the program parameters could always be modified if necessary. Please refer to Chapter 5 for detailed parameter setting.

- Before debugging, please check whether the wires are well fixed and the water inlet/outlet are correctly connected.
- Turn on the water-in valve and air compressor. Check whether the pressure has met the requirement. Otherwise, do not carry out the following debugging.
- Vacuum pump direction of rotation Switch on the power and login to the manual operation as an administrator or higher authority. Click B (vacuum pump) to turn it on. Make sure its direction of rotation is clockwise, otherwise, swop any two of the wires on the three-phase load switch.
- Check whether the valves work well
   In manual operation state, click the corresponding mark to turn on the valve (F2 air-in valve; F3 vacuum valve; F4 vacuum breaking valve; F5 slow discharge valve; F6 water injection valve; F7 pump water valve).
- 3) No-load test
  - Before starting the program, please carry out the leakage test according to Chapter
     5. If there is any leaking point please repair it and retest.
  - Parameter setting: Please refer to Chapter 5.
  - After setting the parameters, users could run the program according to Chapter 5. During the operation please check the tightness of the pipeline and door.
- 4) Load test

Load test should be carried out after the no-load test. For the load test, the loading capacity of the non-liquid items should not exceed 80% of the chamber volume. All articles should be put on the rack and leave 10mm gap between packs.



Caution: Parameter modification is allowed during debugging.

### Chapter 5 Mechanical Features and Operating Principles

The product is made of chamber body, door, frame, pipe line system and control system. The sterilizing effect is achieved by steam (medium), high temperature and pressure.

#### 5.1 The Main Body

- The main body adopts double jacket structure to keep certain temperature inside the chamber that decreases the condensate water.
- The chamber adopts imported anti-corrosion stainless steel, which welded and polished by professional welding and polishing machine, to keep the chamber surface smooth and corrosion-resistant.
- The outer board adopts good thermal insulating material which could decrease the thermal radiation effectively.

#### 5.2 The Door

The door is made of door board plate, bolt and lock, gasket rubber, hinge plate, door cover, hand wheel, pressure safety lock and control elements.

#### ① Door opening direction

• For the double-door sterilizer, the front door is installed on operating end and the back door is on the other end of the sterilizer.

Double-door sterilizer opening direction:

Front door: open to right hand side

Back door: open to left hand side

Single-door sterilizer opening direction: open to left hand side

Door cover removing

Firstly, remove the lid in the middle of the hand wheel, and then twist down the screw in the middle of the decoration cover plate to remove the hand wheel base. Remove the screws on top left and bottom right of the door cover. Now hold the cover and lift it to take it off.

#### ③ Bolt and lock

Turn the hand wheel manually to lock the door. The door equipped with 9 bolts to support door locking. The bolt gaskets are well adjusted before sale, please do not readjust it.

• Door closing

Shut the door and turn the hand wheel clockwise. The bolts will be plugged into the front cover plate. Keep turning the hand wheel until "click" is heard then continue turning it a circle or half to fully close the door.

It is forbidden to turn the hand wheel when the door is open!

• Door opening

Turn the hand wheel anti-clockwise to open the door.

Caution: The door can be open only if the chamber pressure is same as atmosphere pressure!

• The door switch

The switch, which acted by bolts oppressing, is installed in the door cover. For the double-door sterilizer, there is one such switch on each door. Before start the system, please make sure both doors are well closed. Otherwise the system will not be started.

### ④ Pressure safety lock

The door equipped with double-proofed connection. There is a travel switch on the bottom left of the door plate to control the door opening and closing. The electromagnetic lock will acted by starting the system. In this case the door cannot be opened until the sterilization is finished (chamber pressure  $\pm 10$ kpa).

(5) Bolt permanent seat (back)

The bolt permanent seat (manual door), which has been used for two years and above, will probably be damaged. This mostly due to improperly open or close the door. Please avoid any improper operation on the door.

- 6 Gasket rubber
- Structure

It is an annular rubber processed by specific technique. Its composition, design, proper installation and maintenance are fairly important for its service life. We adopt high quality rubber material, which has better stability and reliability, to ensure the gasket works effectively in high temperature condition.

• Working principle

The gasket rubber, which is fixed on the sealing ring seat, is pushed to the front sealing plate when the door is closed.

Maintenance

Although the material and design of the gasket rubber has been fully considered, the following factors still can affect the rubber service life. Please carefully read these factors and avoid during the operation.

- a. To protect the gasket rubbers from high temperature please shut the master pressure valve timely and open the door after each working shift.
- b. Take the gasket rubber off and clean it with alcohol once or twice a year. Put it back when it gets dry.
- c. During the usage, please protect the rubber from any tough item to avoid sealing

invalidation.

- d. Regular cleaning will well affect the gasket rubber.
- Invalidation
- a. The rubber becomes tough and has no flexibility. Reticular lines are found.
- b. There is fissure on the rubber or it has already been damaged.

Caution: Please carefully judge whether the gasket rubber is invalidation. The judgment mostly depends on the experience of the operator.

• Un/installation

When it is necessary to take out the gasket rubber, please make sure all the programs are terminated.

Simply plug the rubber into the sealing groove to install it.

Since the perimeter of the rubber is larger than of the groove, it is required to fix the rubber evenly.

Tip: Two people will be better to fix the gasket rubber.

#### ⑦ Faults and elimination

Phenomena	Reasons			Correct Operation
			1.	Wait till the
				chamber pressure
	1.	Residual pressure in		back to zero then
		the chamber.		open the door.
	2.	The program is	2.	Terminate the
1. The door cannot		running.		program.
be opened.	3.	The chamber	3.	Wait till the
be opened.		temperature is higher		temperature decrease
		than the allowable limit.		to allowable limit then
	4.	Electromagnetic		open the door.
		lock faults.	4.	Check the
				electromagnetic lock
				and the wiring.
	1.	The door is displaced	1.	Adjust the position
2. The door cannot		and prolapsed.		of front sealing plate.
be closed.	2.	The bolts are not in	2.	Turn the hand
be closed.		position.		wheel to have the
	3.	Drive system damage.		bolts back in right



Phenomena	Reasons	Correct Operation
	4. One of the bolts is	position.
	blocked.	3. Check the drive
		system.
		4. Adjust the position
		of bolts holder and the
		height of the gasket.
	1. Sealing gasket	1. Change the sealing
3. Steam leaking.	damage.	gasket.
	2. The door is not fully	2. Adjust the door
	closed.	position after chamber
		exhausting.

#### 5.3 The Pipeline System

#### 1. Jacket air admission pipeline

For those products with build-in steam generator, the steam is generated by heating the softened water in the generator. The steam enters into the jacket through the outlet (on the top of the steam generator) and the connector (on the bottom of the chamber). The steam in the jacket protects the chamber from cold air and maintains the chamber temperature at a certain level, so that the steam condensation is decreased effectively.

- The following configurations are adopted to fully develop the function of the steam generator:
- a. The main body of the generator adopts high quality seamless steel tube and welded by professional welding technique.
- b. The electrical-heated tube is made of stainless steel tube which has small volume and long service life.
- c. The water pump is high quality heat resisting pressure pump which has small volume and good reliability.
- d. The water level is controlled by three probes ("high" "medium" and "low"). The glass water level indicator is installed on the outer decoration cover to show the water lever of each working stage.
- The steam generator is equipped with the following auto-control functions:
- a. Automatic water adding. The water pump will work automatically when the water level has been under "high level" for three minutes. It also automatically stops adding water as soon as the water reaches "high level".
- b. Automatic pressure control. The power will be shut automatically if the pressure of the

steam generator rises up to the upper limit. The power will not be switched on until the pressure decreased to the lower limit.

- c. Automatic switch off. In any case of that the water level decrease to "low level", the pump is switched off automatically to protect the electrical-heated tube.
- d. Automatic overpressure self-protection. In any case of that the pressure exceeds the upper limit, the safety valve will release the pressure automatically to protect the operator and product.
- 2. Chamber air admission pipeline

The steam enters into chamber from the jacket through valve F2.

3. Vacuum pipeline

It is used for discharge the air, steam and condensate water from chamber.

- Vacuum valve F3: it is controlled by executive program.
- Vacuum pump: it is water-ring pump. Please keep adding water into it to make sure it can work normally.

Note: The temperature of pump water supply should be no more than 25°C.

4. Drain pipeline

The condensation water released out from the outlet, which is on front bottom of the chamber, through the electromagnetic valve, ball valve and one-way valve.

#### 5. Air exhaust pipeline

The steam from the chamber is exhausted through the outlet (on front bottom of the chamber), filter, electromagnetic valve and one-way valve.

Both the air exhaust and admission pipeline use the same electromagnetic valve.

6. Air-in pipeline

The air enters into chamber via the filter and valve F4 to eliminate negative pressure.

7. Water supply pipeline

The purified water flows into the steam generator through the filter, water-adding electromagnetic valve and water pump. The normal water enters into vacuum pump through pump valve for water circulation.

#### 8. Pressure control pipeline

The product equipped with pressure controller, pressure transmitter, platinum thermistor (PT100) and jacket and chamber pressure gage.

Pressure controller

It is applicable for controlling the working pressure within certain range. The controller is adjustable.



Caution: The pressure controller is well adjusted before sale. If necessary, only

licensed operator can readjust it.

• Pressure transmitter

Please refer to the relevant information 5.4.

• Platinum thermistor (PT100)

Please refer to the relevant information 5.4.

• Safety valve

It is applied for safety protection when the pressure is above the upper limit.

• Pressure gage

It is the indicator of the chamber and jacket pressure.

#### 5.4 The Structure Principles of the Control System

The control system consists of the master controller, monitor, micro thermal printer, electromagnetic valve, pressure controller, pressure transmitter, indicating light and gages.

- Front control panel
   It is installed on the front cover. The monitor, printer and key switch are included.
- Monitor (UCD-T57)

-displays diagrams and dynamic text

- -convenient touching-screen
- -good communication function
- Pinter
  - -high quality printing
  - -low consumption
  - -small volume

-records start time, operating frequency, operator number, program type, and all program parameters.

2. Back control panel

It is only available for double-door sterilizer. It is equipped with five indicating lights and a chamber pressure gage.

- Indicating lights
  - -operating (green)
  - -door closed (yellow)
  - -door locked (yellow)
  - -alarm (red)
  - -terminal (green)
- 3. Master control cabinet
- Master controller
  - -powerful function

-the main element adopts American large scale integration chip

- -high reliability
- -superior to traditional PLC
- -higher cost performance and easy to use
- -it is widely used in controlling industry
- -power: 24VDC; working environment: 0~55°C

The equivalent circuit of this controller consists of the following four parts:

- a. Input
  - -accepts operational order
  - -accepts all types of information of controlled object
  - -controls the operation and exchanging of program
- b. Control
  - -it is customer-editing program
  - -the controlling program is stored in ROM
- c. Output

-drive load by program execution directly or through intermediate relay

- d. Analog quantity exchanging
  - -five-way analog quantity input
  - -twelve-digit exchanging accuracy
  - -exchange the standard current signal into digital quantity (i.e. temperature and pressure)



Caution: The earth wire must be reliable grounding to avoid temperature and pressure fluctuation.

Buzzer

The buzzer alarms if any improper operation happens, or the termination of the sterilization.

- Indicating lights
  - -operating (green)
  - -door closed (yellow)
  - -door locked (yellow)
  - -alarm (red)
  - -terminal (green)
- Fuse base

-The base equipped with fuse which is used for protecting the control system from excessive current.

- Vacuum pump contactor: supply three-phase 380V AC power for the pump.
- Pipeline pump relay: supply 220V power for the pump.
- Heating tube contactor: supply three-phase 380V AC power to heat up.
- 4. Electromagnetic valve

The control system outputs the signal to control the electromagnetic valve.

5. Pressure controller

-The contactor will be shut off if the pressure of steam generator reaches upper limit.

-The contactor will be turned on if the pressure of steam generator decreased lower limit.

6. Pressure transmitter

The chamber pressure signal will be exchanged into 4~20mA current signal firstly, then into digital signals (i.e. chamber pressure value).

- 7. Platinum thermistor (PT100)
- Working principles

There is linear relation between PT100 and the temperature within certain range. At normal temperature (20°C), the resistance value of PT100 is 107.79 $\Omega$ . The resistance

value is transferred from PT100 to temperature transmitter. The analog quantity accepts the value and transferred to the touching-screen after exchanging the value signal.

8. Pressure gage

Please refer to the relevant information in 5.3.

5.5 The Operating Principles of the Control System

The master control chip of the control system adopts high-integrated chip and touching-screen monitor as human-computer interface. The collection of temperature and pressure signal achieved by analog standard module:

-The controller exchanges the resistance value signal, which is transferred from PT100, into acceptable digital quantity;

-The pressure transmitter exchanges the pressure value signal into 4~20mA current signal.

The advantage of analog quantity control is that the continues changing of temperature and pressure could be simply inspected and clearly displayed on the screen.

Please careful adjust and set gage parameters according to specific requirements before operation. Please refer to Chapter 6 for parameter setting.

1. Power supply

Turn the key switch to "1" position to get 220VAC power supply.

2. Door control

-turn on the power switch

-turn the hand wheel to close the door

-the travel switch works to transfer signal

- -the front door screen displays that the door is closed
- -the back door indicator light is on

Note: the back door indicator is only equipped in double-door sterilizer.

- ① Steam generator controlling
- ② Chamber air admission controlling
- ③ Pulse heating controlling
- ④ Chamber air exhausting
- (5) Drying stage
- 6 Program termination
- 3. Steam generator control

Check whether the water reaches the certain level. The steam generator will start working only if the water reaches the certain level. The pressure of steam generator will be kept in certain range.

4. Chamber steam-in control

Once the power is switched on, all signals will be processed by PLC according to the processing requirements to control the steam-in valve.

5. Chamber vacuum

In the programs of 'fabric', 'instrument' and 'BD', the equipment needs to pulse 3 times to vacuum the chamber so that improve the steam penetrability. In vacuum stage, the air comes out from chamber via vacuum valve and pump. The vacuum valve F3 will close when the chamber pressure reaches the lower pulse limit. When the chamber pressure reaches the lower pulse limit. When the chamber pressure reaches the upper pulse limit, the equipment starts to vacuum again. After 3 times of pulse the discharge rate of air will be 99.2%.

- 6. Chamber exhausting
  - The exhausting control of non-liquid program

The program turns into exhausting stage after sterilizing stage. The chamber exhausting valve F0 will be opened firstly. The pump water valve F7 and vacuum valve F3 will be opened when the chamber pressure decreases to certain value. The vacuum pump starts working to boost exhausting speed.

• The exhausting control of liquid program In liquid program, steam will be discharged from chamber via valve F5. The chamber pressure decreases slowly to avoid liquid spill caused by over boiling.

#### 7. Drying stage

The program turns into drying stage when the chamber pressure decreases to certain value. The pump water valve and vacuum valve will be opened in this stage. When the drying time is up the pump water valve, vacuum valve and vacuum pump stop working.

8. End of program

After drying stage the air valve F4 will be opened to recover the chamber pressure.

### 5.6 The Outer Plate

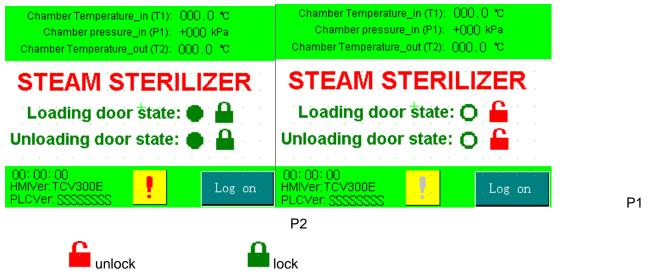
The entire outer decoration plate adopts carbon steel with spraying plastics (stainless steel is also available to order). During the usage, the plate could always be removed if required.

### Chapter 6 Operation

After installation and debugging according to chapter 4, please turn on the power and water supply. Switch the key to "1" to initiate the product self-checking. The process of self-checking will be displayed on the screen.

#### Suggestion:

If the control system works abnormally please restart the system to check whether it is under interference.



In the initial display, the two pictures above show the status of unlock and lock.

In the initial display, the chamber pressure (kpa) and temperature (°C) are showed on the top

of the screen. The second line of information shows the current time. The display screen and PLC program number are showed on the bottom left corner. The "Log on" button is on the bottom right corner.

Warning: After sterilization for bottled liquid, do not open the door until the chamber

temperature is below 80°C (in the area that below 1000m altitude) and the pressure is back

to 0. Then slightly open the door (keep 10mm gap) and wait for 10 minutes. Now open the door widely and take out the bottled liquid. Please follow this regulation during the liquid sterilization!

6.1 Operating Instructions

• Key parameters instruction:

Sterilization temperature and time are the key parameters. During the sterilization the

control system is applied to keep the temperature between upper limit (+3°C) and lower

limit (set by operator).

Notice:

In the case of that the load, packing, temperature are same, the result of long time sterilization is better than the short time one. The test can only be used for the short time sterilization.

No.	Program	134°C pulse vacuum	121 ℃pulse vacuum program
		program	
1	Sterilizing	<b>134</b> ℃	<b>121</b> ℃
	Temperatu		
	re		
2	Sterilizing	5mins	20min
	Time		
3	Scope of	The items that are	The items that are not
	application	vacuum/heat resisting (i.e.	vacuum/heat resisting (i.e.
		instrument and dressing).	rubber).

The parameters setting could be modified according to specific conditions but biological testing is required after any modification. The results of the test should be qualified.

The following table indicates the 13 programs set in the sterilizer. Please choose according to your requirements.

Cod	Туре	Temp. of	Time of	Time of	Pulse
е	туре	Ster.	Ster.	drying	r uise
1#	Fabric	132	600	480	3
2#	Instrument	132	600	480	3
3#	Rubber	121	1200	480	3
4#	Rapid	134	210	210	1
5#	Liquid	121	1200		0
6#	Preheating	121	210	210	1
7#	User-defined 1	132	600	480	3
8#	User-defined 2	132	600	480	3
9#	Lumen	132	600	480	3

10#	BD	134	210	480	3
11#	PCD	134	210	480	3
12#	Leakage	Vacuum test: maintain stage 300s, test stage 900s			
13#	Drying		0	900	0

Note: If the case of heating failure arises (especially in rapid program), user could modify the upper limit of chamber pressure in P8 (normally increase 10 kpa and  $1^{\circ}$ C).

#### 1. Operation

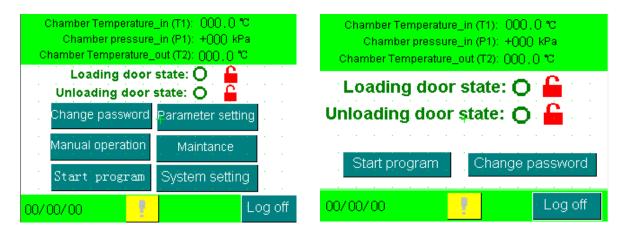
Enter into starting up menu and click landing.



#### Ρ3

Ρ4

The system has set administrator, process technician and 8 operators, the password of administrator and process operator is 149, and the administrator's holds the highest operating authority.



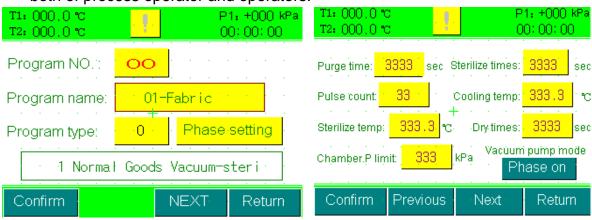
#### Ρ5

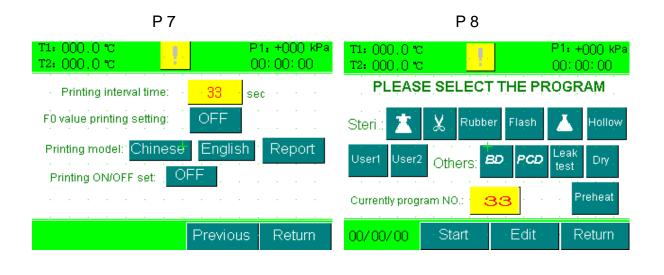
Ρ6

P4~P6 display the interfaces operated by operator, process technician and administrator.

2. Parameter setting for different authorities

- Operator: Operators can log on without password. The password could always be set or change by operators. Operators are only given the authority to choose and start the program.
- Process technician: Process technicians can change their password. P10 is the program choosing interface after log on. Choose a program and press "Edit" to enter P7. Some of the parameters could be changed. See P7 and P8. Also, the sterilization time, pulse frequency, temperature, chamber pressure upper limit, cooling temperature and drying time could always be changed.
- Administrator: Administrators hold the highest operating authority. They can modify and print the parameters (as picture 9). The following printing parameters can be set: print interval, F0 print, language, report printing. Administrator can also modify the password both of process operator and operators.





Ρ9

P 10

3. Choose and start program

Choose program start or setting to enter into startup interface (see P11). Under this status, administrator and process technician can set some of the parameters by pressing "Edit" button. Click start to initiate the program.

T1: 000.0 °C     P1: +000 k       T2: 000.0 °C     00: 00: 00	Pa     T1: 000,0 °C     P1: +000 kPa       T2: 000,0 °C     00: 00: 00
Pro. message: 00 01-Fabric	Purge time: 3333 sec Sterilize times: 3333 sec
Pulse count: 00° timés + ° Dry time: 0000 °	Pulse count: 33 Cooling temp: 333.3 Co 
Purgeitime: 0000 sec Steri TEMP: 000.0 °C Steri time: 0000 sec Hold time: 0000 sec	Chamber P limit 333 kPa
Chamber.P limit: 0000 kPa 'Test time: 0000 sed 00/00/00 Start Return	Confirm Previous Next Return

P 11

P 12

- 4. Please contact us to adjust the parameters if the atmosphere pressure at your area is not standard.
- 5. System maintenance

After log on as administrator, click "maintenance" button to enter into time setting (see P12). Please click "save" then "back" after modification. MAC and IP setting is necessary only if the product monitored by computer.

### 6.2 Parameter Setting

1. Program parameter setting

Process technician could change the parameters under the status of P7 and P8. Please refer to the following setting range:

Displacement time:	0~7200	os. System default 300s
Pulse frequency:	0~99.	System default 3 times
Sterilization temperature:	<b>0~150</b> ℃	System default 132/134°C
Sterilization time:	0~7200s	
Cooling temperature:	50~130s	System default 105 $^\circ C$ (not for liquid)
Drying time:	0~7200s	
Chamber pressure limit:	0~300	

• Displacement time

It is a temperature rise period during liquid program. The steam enters into the chamber to displace the cold air.

• Pulse frequency

The purpose of pulse is that vacuum the chamber before sterilizing the items. The sterilization result depends on the vacuum degree, while the vacuum degree depends on the pulse frequency and amplitude.

• Sterilization temperature

The setting of this temperature should according to specific items and manufacture technique. Different temperature has different effect on items. Increase the temperature to shorten the sterilization, while decrease the temperature to extend it.

• Sterilization time

The setting of this time should according to specific items and manufacture technique.

Caution: Over time sterilization has negative effects on items!

• Drying time

The setting of this time should according to specific items and manufacture technique. To dry the items, high temperature from the chamber and vacuum pump work together to support heat and maintain the vacuum degree in the chamber.

• Chamber pressure limit

It is the maximum value of chamber pressure. It is affected by jacket pressure. The setting of this pressure is according to the relation between saturated steam pressure and temperature. The sterilizing effect cannot be reached if one of the following happens: steam over saturated or unsaturated, inconsistency between temperature and pressure.

- 2. System parameter setting
- Vacuum breaking and exhausting limit The service staff will adjust the parameters if the local atmosphere pressure is not standard.
- Pulse upper/lower limit

This parameter is applied for U series product. Please contact the service staff if necessary.

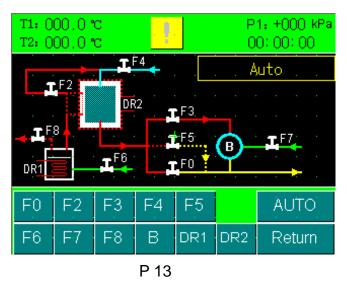
• Time setting

Set the time under System Maintenance options finish by pressing Save.

#### 6.3 Hand Operation

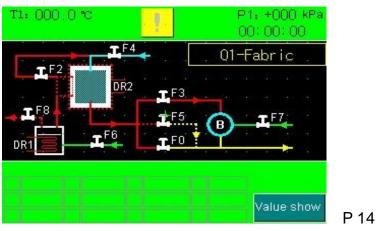
Hand operation only can be used by process technician and administrator (see P 13). Click the button "auto" to switch to manual operation; click each part to modify the status. "B" indicates vacuum pump as the picture shows. TMQ.C series has no vacuum pump valve, recycling water valve and Circular valve.

Caution: It is forbidden to keep heating pipe DR1 and heating film DR2 stay in manual status for long time. The pump cannot work long without water.



### 6.4 Program Running

Log on and choose a program then click Start. Click Edit to change the parameters if necessary.



- 1. Firstly, print the title of the report then enter into the preparation stage. The program (except liquid program) includes the following procedures: Preparation, Pulse, Heating, Sterilization, Exhausting, Drying and Terminate. The liquid program includes Preparation, Displacement, Heating, Sterilization, Exhausting and Terminate.
- 2. During the operation, the parameters of each procedure can be monitored by clicking "value show"

6.5 Attention matters in Sterilization

- Please keep supervising the product during the operation.
- Manual operation should be done by full skilled and qualified operator only.
- Turn off and restart the product to check the system if the display screen does not work.



Caution: When operate the sterilization which below  $132\,^\circ\!\!\mathrm{C}$ , please manually

decrease 40kpa on the pressure controller upper limit of the steam generator. For example, when you operate the sterilization which is  $121^{\circ}$ C, it is required to manually adjust the steam generator pressure controller to 130-150kpa, otherwise the chamber temperature may exceeds  $121^{\circ}$ C during the sterilizing stage.

Attention matters for liquid sterilization:

\* To avoid explosion or scald accident, please strictly comply with the following rules:

- The liquid should not be sealed.
- Liquid can only be sterilized by liquid program. To avoid explosion or liquid ebullition, it is forbidden to vacuum the chamber after air exhausting.
- After sterilization for bottled liquid, do not open the door until the chamber temperature is below 80°C (in the area that below 1000m altitude) and the pressure is back to 0. Then slightly open the door (keep 10mm gap) and wait for 10 minutes. Now open the door widely and take out the bottled liquid.
- Avoid bump, shake and crash when handle the bottled liquid.

### Chapter 7 Fault Analysis and Elimination



Caution: Please always be aware of the leaking in any part of the product. 7.1 Analysis and Elimination of Common Fault

Phenomena	Possible reasons	Correct operation
1. The screen doesn't	1 The screen power is not on.	1 Check the text power.
work when power is	2 The fuse is broken.	2 Change the fuse.
turned on.	3 No 24v power.	3 check the 24v power.
2. The program does	1The door is not closed.	1 Close the door.
not initiate.	2 Alarm is not eliminated.	2 Check and eliminate the alarm.
3.Screen communication failure.	1 The communication port is	1 Check the port and change the
	broken.	communication line.
	2 Poor connection.	2 Restart the product.
4. Pump disfunction.	1 Vacuum pipe leaking.	1 Check the connection of all
	2 The flow control valve is not	pipe and do a pressure test.
	well adjusted.	2 Adjust the flow control valve.
	3 Water pressure is low or no	3 Check the water supply.
	water.	4 Check or change the pressure
	4 Pressure transmitter fault.	transmitter.
	5 The one-way valve of the	5 Repair or change the one-way
	chamber dewatering pipe is	valve.

Phenomena	Possible reasons	Correct operation
	damaged.	6 Check and clean all the pipes
	6 Condensate in the pipe line.	and valves.
	7 Pump-out valve or pump is	7 Check the electromagnetic
	not on.	valve or pump.
	8 Pipe dirt.	8 Clean up the dirt.
	9 Altitude problem.	9 Adjust the pressure prameters.
	1 No water supply.	1 Check the water supply.
	2 The water inlet ball valve is	2 Turn down the ball valve
5.Over loud pump	not well adjusted.	slightly.
noise	3 Pump dirt.	3 Clean up the pump dirt.
	4 High circulating water	4 Adjust the ball valve.
	pressure	
6. Pump does not	1 No power.	1 Check the pump power.
work.	2 Pump damage.	2 Change the pump.
7. Electromagnetic	1 Coil fault.	1 Check the valve coil.
valve does not work.	2 Loose wiring.	2 Check valve wiring.
	1 The chamber dewatering	1 Adjust the dewatering valve.
	valve is not adjusted.	2 Check the leaking.
8. High jacket	2 Pipe leaking.	3 Reset the chamber pressure
pressure but low	3 The chamber pressure limit	limit.
chamber pressure or	is too low.	4 Check the electromagnetic
F2 cannot be opened.	4 Electromagnetic valve	valve.
	damage.	5 Check the wiring.
	5 Loose wiring.	
	1 The primary heater works	1 Check the primary heater.
9. Low heating rate.	slowly.	2 Increase the pulse or displace
	2 Less pulse or displace time.	time.
		1 Adjust the working frequency of
	1 Hydrops in the dewatering	the dewatering valve.
10. The temperature is	pipe.	2 Increase the pulse time
low when the pressure	2 Less pulse time.	(defaulting set is 3 times).
is ready.	3 Low chamber pressure.	3 Increase the chamber pressure
		limit according to the actual
		temp.
11 Temperature	1 Platinum thermometer is	1 Connect the platinum
indicates 0 or 200.	unconnected.	thermometer.
12. Pressure indicates	1 Pressure transmitter is	1 Connect the pressure

Phenomena	Possible reasons	Correct operation
-100	unconnected.	transmitter.
13 Temperature and pressure fluctuate.	<ol> <li>The earth line is not well grounded.</li> <li>Strong magnetic filed around the product.</li> </ol>	1 Ground the earth line. 2 Check the source of the magnetic filed.
14. The inconsistency between temperature and pressure.	1 The temperature is not adjusted	1 Adjust the temperature.
15Waterleveldetecting errors of thesteam generator.	<ol> <li>Wrong wiring of the water probe.</li> <li>Water probe damage.</li> </ol>	1 Check the wiring. 2 Change the water probe
16 Low temperature alarm.	<ol> <li>Air inlet valve blocked or air outlet valve leaking.</li> <li>Air is not fully discharged.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Check and clean the valve.</li> <li>Increase the chamber pressure upper limit or pulse and displace time.</li> </ol>
17 Steam generator injection over time.	<ol> <li>Water shortage in the water tank</li> <li>Inlet water filter blocked.</li> <li>Steam generator water level sensor fault.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Fully inject the water into the tank</li> <li>Check the filter element.</li> <li>Change the water level sensor.</li> </ol>
18 Chamber over pressure.	<ol> <li>Chamber pressure</li> <li>transmitter fault.</li> <li>Poor PT100 temperature</li> <li>collections.</li> <li>The valve does not work</li> <li>well.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Check the electric circuit and change the transmitter.</li> <li>Contact the supplier to modify the deviation.</li> <li>Clean the valve and filter.</li> </ol>
19 Chamber transmitter fault.	1 The PT100 is not wired. 2 PT100 temperature fault.	<ol> <li>Check the electric circuit and rewiring the PT100.</li> <li>Check the PT100.</li> </ol>
20 Chamber over heat.	<ol> <li>The valve does not work well.</li> <li>PT100 temperature fault.</li> </ol>	1 Clean the valve. 2 Check the PT100.
21 Back door panel indicator light does not work	1 Loose wiring. 2 The lamp or fuse damage.	1 Rewiring. 2 Change the lamp or fuse.
22 The inconsistency	1 Pressure indicator	1 Revise the pressure indicator.

Phenomena	Possible reasons	Correct operation		
between front and	inaccurate.	2 Change the pressure indicator.		
back door pressure	2 Pressure indicator damage.			
indicator.				
23 Possible disfunction for the build-in steam generator:				
• No power in	•The wire is not connected.	•Fix the wire.		
	<ul> <li>Control switch damage.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Change the control switch.</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>No water in</li> </ul>	Water level electrode fault.	●Repair.		
	<ul> <li>Water inlet valve fault.</li> </ul>	●Repair.		
	●Water pump damage.	●Change.		
	<ul> <li>Water level relay damage.</li> </ul>	●Change.		

7.2 Analysis and Elimination about "Wet Package"



Caution: "Wet Package" means the weight of the dressing package becomes 3% larger after sterilization.

- Loading problem
   Condensate water seeps into the dressing package caused by chamber overload.
   Check the package and take out the wet ware if any.
- Poor water flow in dewatering pipe line
   Check the pipeline whether there are too many bends or dirt blocked in pipe.
- Chamber dewatering pipe one-way valve damage
   The water may flow back into the chamber during the drying procedure that makes the package wet.
- Insufficient drying time Increase the drying time and observe the drying results.
- Negative pressure does not reach the standard Check according to the table mentioned in 7.1.
- 7.3 Analysis and Elimination of Unqualified Sterilization



Caution: Three important factors of sterilization: saturated steam, sterilization temperature and time.

Item cleaning

Check the cleaning procedure whether it accords with CSSD working process strictly to ensure the cleaning quality.

• Item packing

Do not pack the item too tight. The air permeability of packing material will affect the cold air discharge and steam penetration.

• Loading rules

The items should be rightly placed to keep the steam flow well.

• Air residual

The sterilization result depends on the amount of air discharged. Please check whether the sterilizer works normally.

• Sterilization temperature

Check the consistency between the temperature of the package and the temperature displayed. Check the correspondence between the chamber pressure and temperature. Slightly increase the chamber pressure and observe the result.

• Sterilization time

Check the rationality of the sterilization time. If necessary, please extend the sterilization time.

• Sterilizer fault

Check according to the table mentioned in 7.1.

• Improper testing method

Retesting or change another batch of reagent.

7.4 Unsolvable Problems

After sufficient analysis and troubleshooting, you may possibly have some unsolvable problems. Now you need the following preparation work:

- Record the product series model number (e.g 20106447 XG1.UCD-135M).
- Make a record for all the operation faults and inspection or adjustment history.
- Contact our after-sale service center.

### Chapter 8 Maintenance

8.1 Inspection and Changing of Safety Valve

In order to prevent the safety valve from blockage, it is necessary to release the steam through it once a month.

- 1. Operate a sterilization cycle according to the manual
- 2. Allow a pressure of approximately 0.21Mpa to build up in the chamber.

3. Pull the ring of the safety valve using a screwdriver, and lift the safety valve for 2 seconds.

4. Switch off the power supply to interrupt the operation, and exhaust steam from the chamber.

5. Wait until the pressure goes down to zero, then open the door Change the safety valve

This operation should be done only by professionals

1. Remove the fixing screws and take down the safety valve from the base.

2. Replace it with a new one (be sure the valve opens at a pressure between 0.25 MPa-0.26Mpa).

- 3. Testing all the work process.
- 4. Please verify the opening and closing pressure of the safety valve yearly.

### 8.2 The Procedures of Changing Electric Heating Tube

This should be done only by professionals

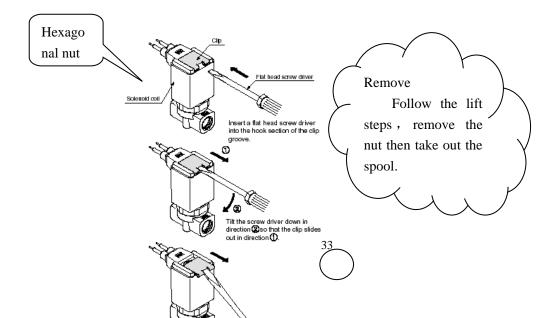
- 1. Take down the back cover of autoclave
- 2. Take down the wires on the heater of steam generator.
- 3. Remove the heater
- 4. Replace the damaged one with a new heating element.
- 5. Reconnect the wires.
- 6. Install the back cover of autoclave.
- 7. Testing all the work process.

8.3 The Cleaning of Electromagnetic Valve

1. Remove the outer cover of the autoclave

2. Pull out the stainless press slip on top of the electrical magnetic valve with a screwdriver.

- 3. Pull up the ring coil of electrical magnetic valve.
- 4. Open the valve body with the spanner.
- 5. Clean the sundries on the valve center with clean water.
- 6. Restore the electrical magnetic valve.



8.4 The Cleaning of Water Filter and Drainage Filter

- 1. The water feeding filter is used for preventing dirt enter into the steam generator.
- 2. The drainage filter is used for preventing enter into the inside pipeline and the

#### magnetic valve

- 3. Remove the net and gland of filter with wrench
- 4. Clean the net of filter with pure water
- 5. Re-install the filter

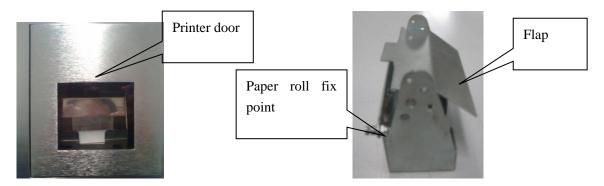
### 8.5 The Changing of Water Level Monitoring Device

Caution: Be sure power is cut off

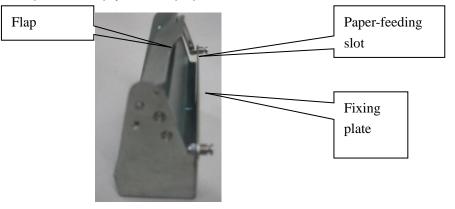
- 1. Remove the back cover of Autoclave.
- 2. Remove the connection wires from the detection device.
- 3. Take off the detector.
- 4. Replace the damage one with a new water level detector.
- 5. Re-install the detector and connect the wires.
- 6. Restore the back cover.
- 7. Test all the cycle procedures.

Printer operation and maintenance.

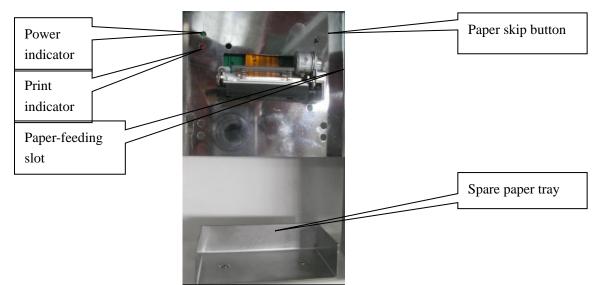




Press the bottom right corner of the printer door to open it. To take out the paper slot please press the flap and simply lift the paper slot.



Please feed the paper between the flap and fixing plate



**Chapter 9 Other Terms** 

#### 9.1 Self-Protection

During the sterilization, the staff should have self-protection awareness and measures to

avoid accident and personal injury.

Caution: Since the product works in the high temperature condition, please protect yourself from scald.

#### 9.2 The Quality Guarantee of Sterilization

1. Guarantee the cleanliness of the items to be sterilized.



Caution: The sterilization effect cannot be achieved without cleaning.

- 2. Control the quality of water used in the sterilizer.
- 3. The environment of sterilization room
  - the ground of the room must be even and smooth
  - keep the operation area clean and dry all the time
  - the wall of the room must be clean and even
  - ventilating device must be installed
- 4. Item preparation
  - the dressing fabric should not be packed tightly
  - 10mm gap should be left between packages
  - the total volume of the packages should not exceed 90% of the chamber volume
  - please use special sterilization container
  - the volume of the sterilizing package should not exceed 30cm\*30cm\*50cm
  - the package should be taped on by chemical indicating tape with indicating card inside
- 5. Clean the chamber
  - wipe the chamber with neutral detergent before cleaning it by water, and then wipe the chamber by dry cloth
  - clean up the chamber filter mesh

#### 9.3 The Inspection of Sterilization Results

The method of inspection consists of three types: physical, chemical and biological.

- 1. Physical inspection
- Gage inspection

The build-in printer could record the parameters that displayed on the screen for result inspection use.

- Stationary point thermometer inspection
- Thermocouple inspection
- 2. Chemical inspection

Chemical indicator

There are three types of indicators  $(115^{\circ}C, 121^{\circ}C, 132^{\circ}C)$  are available for result inspection. Take the indicator out of the package after sterilization and compare it with standard color. The sterilization is qualified if the color is darker than the standard color.

• Chemical indicating tape

The tape will turn into black if the package has been sterilized.

Note: "Black tape" does not indicate that the package is sterilizing qualified.

Caution: Chemical indicator/tape must be qualified by hygiene institution. Must use before expiration date!

3. Biological inspection

### 9.4 Energy Saving and Environment Protecting

The design of the product has already considered the energy saving and environment protecting before sale. However, for customer special requirement, it is necessary to adjust the program. For better energy-saving effects, you are welcome to contact us for program adjustment technical support.

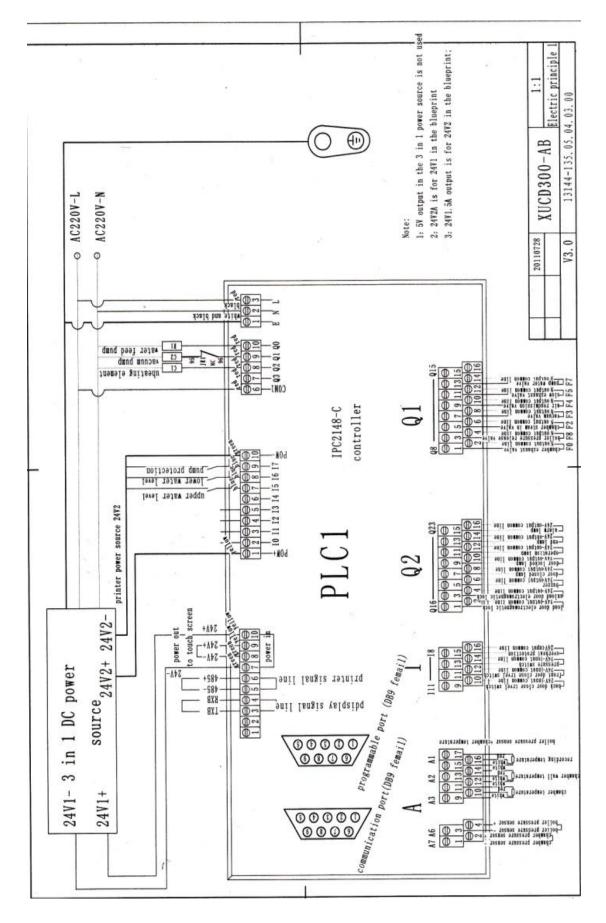
### Appendix 1 Operation specification

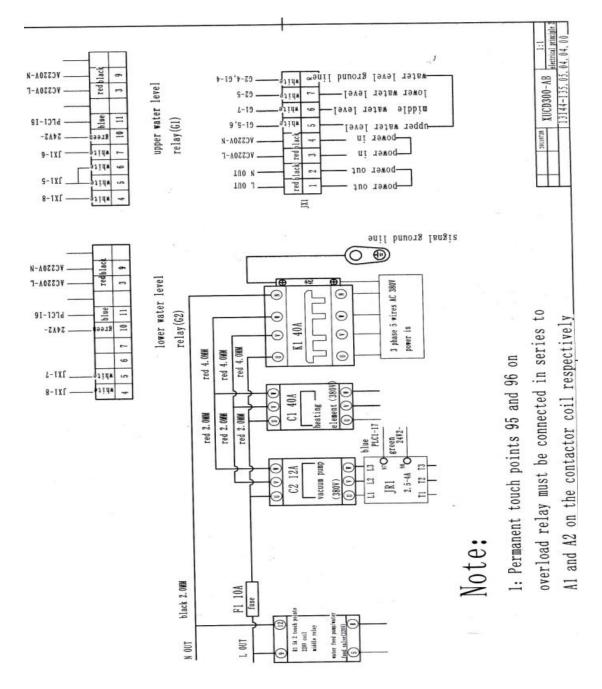
- 1. Preparation before Operation:
  - ✓ Add softened water or pure water into clean water tank and circulating water tank in accordance with the requirements, and connect the power supply for this equipment.
  - Connect the control-purpose power supply, turn the power switch of sterilizer to "1" side, and make proper preparation for operation of the program.
  - Mark the B-D testing paper with the name or code of operator and date, place it into the sterilizer, start the B-D testing program, and monitor whether this equipment leaks and whether this equipment works normally.
  - ✓ Set in order the parcel to be sterilized, make sure that it is not bound too tightly, paste the chemical indicator tape on it, and place the chemical indicator card in the chamber.
- 2. Operation of Sterilization:
  - ✓ After the B-D testing is successfully carried out, open the front door, place the article to be sterilized into the sterilizing chamber, and make sure that there is clearance between every two parcels and no parcel contacts with inner wall or door plate.
  - Close the front door, select the appropriate sterilization program in light of the article to be sterilized, inspect whether the sterilization parameters are correct, and start the program.
  - ✓ In the course of sterilization, the operator may not get far away from this equipment, but shall closely observe the operation of equipment. If any abnormal situation is found, please handle it in time, so as to prevent the occurrence of any accident.
  - ✓ Monitor the sterilization effect and properly make and retain the record, so as to ensure the traceability.
  - ✓ After the sterilization is completed and the pressure in sterilizing chamber returns to zero, open the rear door and take out the article.
  - ✓ After taking out the sterilized article from the sterilizer, put it in an appropriate place, so as to prevent the secondary contamination.
- 3. Works after Operation:
  - ✓ Open the door, turn the power switch to "○" side, and cut off the control-purpose power supply and main power supply.
  - Discharge the residual water in water tank, or discharge the water in accordance with the required interval.

- ✓ Discharge the residual water in steam generator (or fully discharge the water accumulated in evaporator in accordance with the required interval).
- ✓ After the works are completed every day, please keep the inside and outside of sterilizer clean, clear away all dirt from the chamber, carry out simply maintenance once a week, and carried out thorough maintenance once a month.
- 4. Notices:
  - ✓ No article which has been sterilized may be placed together with unsterilized articles.
  - ✓ The articles which have been successfully sterilized shall be marked with sterilization date and qualified sign.

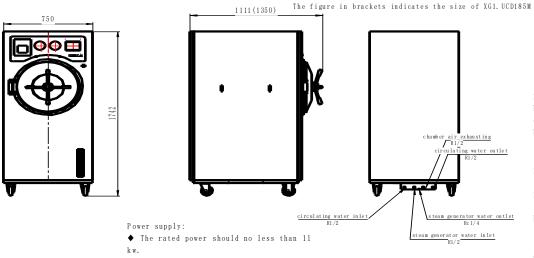
Name of User: Date:

Appendix 2 Drawings





#### XG1. UCD-135M/185M



◆ 380V/50Hz AC with reliable earth wire.

#### Technical requirements:

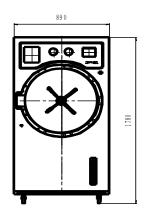
Dewatering: To avoid the residual water affects other rooms, the dewatering pipe should be fixed in the sewer separately to let the water drain out of building. The thermo stability of the dewatering pipe and sewer is 150°C. In the case of that there are more than one water outlets, the dewatering pipes should be fixed separately.

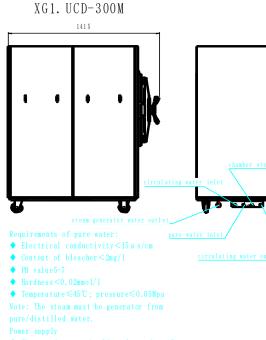
Water supply: The circulating water that connected to vacuum pump can be used as water supply ( $\leq 25$ °C, pressure: 0.05-0.10Mpa). If the circulating water pressure is out of the certain range please adjust it before start the equipment.

In order to observe and control the water pressure conveniently, a 0-0.4 Mpa pressure gage and valve should be fixed in the water-in pipeline.

! Caution: Do not use high hardness water since the pump and condenser will be affected.

Power line: The power supply of AC380V equipment should be three-phase five little system that includes three-phase fire wire, a zero wire (light blue), and an earth wire (kelly). The load capacity of user power supply and power line should be greater than the equipment load capacity. Please install a power switch box in the right side of the equipment or back right wall. There must be a three -phase chopper switch (or a breaker) and single-phase chopper switch (or a breaker) installed in the switch box.





- The rated power should no less than 17
- ◆ 380V/50Hz AC with reliable earth wire.

#### Technical requirements:

Dewatering: To avoid the residual water affects other rooms, the dewatering pipe should be fixed in the sewer separately to let the water drain out of building. The thermo stability of the dewatering pipe and sewer is 150°C. In the case of that there are more than one water outlets, the dewatering pipes should be fixed separately.

Water supply: The circulating water that connected to vacuum pump can be used as water supply ( $\leq 25$ °C, pressure: 0.05–0.10Mpa). If the circulating water pressure is out of the certain range please adjust it before start the equipment.

In order to observe and control the water pressure conveniently, a 0-0.4 Mpa pressure gage and valve should be fixed in the water-in pipeline.

! Caution: Do not use high hardness water since the pump and condenser will be affected.

Power line: The power supply of AC380V equipment should be three-phase five little system that includes three-phase fire wire, a zero wire (light blue), and an earth wire (kelly). The load capacity of user power supply and power line should be greater than the equipment load capacity. Please install a power switch box in the right side of the equipment or back right wall. There must be a three-phase chopper switch (or a breaker) and singlenhase chonner switch (or a breaker) installed in the switch hox.