

Technical Data

HiCromeTM Chromogenic Coliform Agar (CCA)

M1991I

Intended Use

Recommended for detection of *Escherichia coli* and coliforms in water samples. The composition and performance criteria of this medium are as per the specifications laid down in ISO 9308-1:2014.

Composition**

Ingredients	Gms / Litre
Tryptone #	1.000
Yeast extract	2.000
Sodium chloride	5.000
Sodium dihydrogen phosphate, 2H ₂ O	2.200
Disodium hydrogen phosphate	2.700
Sodium pyruvate	1.000
Sorbitol	1.000
Tryptophan	1.000
Tergitol-7	0.150
6-chloro-3-indoxyl β-D-galactopyranoside	0.200
5-bromo-4-chloro-3-indoxyl- β-D-glucuronic acid	0.100
cyclonexamine ammonium sait, mononydrate	0.100
IPTG (Isopropyl-β-D-thiogalactopyranoside)	0.100
Agar	15.000
Final pH (at 25°C)	6.8±0.2
**Formula adjusted, standardized to suit performance parameters	

Enzymatic digest of casein

Directions

Suspend 30.92 grams(the equivalent weight of dehydrated medium per litre) in 1000 ml distilled water. Heat to boiling to dissolve the medium completely. DO NOT AUTOCLAVE. DO NOT OVERHEAT. Cool to 45-50°C. Mix well and pour into sterile Petri plates.

Principle And Interpretation

HiChromogenic Coliform Agar is a selective medium recommended for the simultaneous detection of *Escherichia coli* and total coliforms in water samples (1). The medium contains three chromogenic substrates. The enzyme β -D-galactosidase produced by coliforms cleaves 6-chloro-3-indoxyl- β -D-galactopyranoside to form pink to red coloured colonies (3). The enzyme β -D-glucuronidase produced by *E.coli*, cleaves 5-bromo-4chloro-3-indoxyl- β -D-glucuronic acid (2). Colonies of

E.coli give dark blue to violet coloured colonies due to cleavage of both the chromogens. The presence of the third chromogen IPTG enhances the colour reaction. Addition of L-Tryptophan improves the indole reaction thereby increasing the detection reliability.

Tryptone, sodium pyruvate and sorbitol provide nitrogenous substances, fermentable carbohydrate and other essential growth nutrients for the organisms. Phosphates buffer the medium. The media formulation helps even sublethally injured coliforms to recover and grow rapidly. Tergitol-7 inhibits gram-positive as well as some gram-negative bacteria other than coliforms (3).

The medium is inoculated either by pour plate technique or by spreading the sample on the surface of plated medium. Membrane filter technique can also be used. To confirm *E.coli*, add a drop of Kovacs reagent on the dark blue to violet colony. Formation of cherry red colour indicates a positive reaction.

Type of specimen

Water samples - Water and wastewater

Specimen Collection and Handling

For water samples, follow appropriate techniques for sample collection, processing as per guidelines and local standards.(3) After use, contaminated materials must be sterilized by autoclaving before discarding.

Warning and Precautions :

Read the label before opening the container. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/ face protection. Follow good microbiological lab practices while handling specimens and culture. Standard precautions as per established guidelines should be followed while handling specimens. Safety guidelines may be referred in individual safety data sheets

Limitations :

1. Further biochemical testing is required for identification of microorganism.

2. Certain variations in colour may be observed .

Quality Control

Appearance

Cream to yellow homogeneous free flowing powder

Gelling

Firm, comparable with 1.5% Agar gel.

Colour and Clarity of prepared medium

Light yellow coloured opalescent gel forms in Petri plates

Reaction

Reaction of 3.09% w/v aqueous solution at 25°C. pH : 6.8±0.2

pН

6.60-7.00

Cultural Response

Cultural characteristics observed after an incubation at 34-38°C for 24 hours.

Organism	Inoculum (CFU)	Growth	Recovery	Colour of Colony#
Citrobacter freundii ATCC 43864 (00006)*	50-100	luxuriant	>=70 %	pale pink to pink
<i>\$ Klebsiella aerogenes</i> ATCC 13048 (00175)*	50-100	luxuriant	>=70%	pale pink to pink
Escherichia coli ATCC 25922 (00013)*	50-100	luxuriant	>=70%	dark blue to violet
<i>Escherichia coli</i> ATCC 8739 (00012)*	50-100	luxuriant	>=70%	dark blue to violet
Enterococcus faecalis ATCC 19433 (00009)*	>=103	inhibited	0%	
Pseudomonas aeruginosa ATCC 10145 (00024)*	50-100	luxuriant	>=70%	colourless

Key * : Corresponding WDCM numbers # : either on plate or membrane

\$ - Formerly known as *Enterobacter aerogenes*

Storage and Shelf Life

Store dehydrated powder in tightly closed container and prepared medium at 2-8°C. Use before expiry period on the label. On opening, product should be properly stored dry, after tightly capping the bottle inorder to prevent lump formation due to the hygroscopic nature of the product. Improper storage of the product may lead to lump formation. Store in dry ventilated area protected from extremes of temperature and sources of ignition Seal the container tightly after use. Use before expiry date on the label.

Product performance is best if used within stated expiry period.

Disposal

User must ensure safe disposal by autoclaving and/or incineration of used or unusable preparations of this product. Follow established laboratory procedures in disposing of infectious materials and material that comes into contact with clinical sample must be decontaminated and disposed of in accordance with current laboratory techniques (5,6).

Reference

International Organization for Standardization. Water quality: Enumeration of *E.coli* and coliform bacteria. Part I-Membrane filtration methods for bacteria with low bacterial background flora. ISO 9308-1:2014.
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