

Medical gloves for single use

Part 2. Specification for physical properties

The European Standard EN 455-2 : 1995 has the status of a
British Standard

ICS 11.140

Committees responsible for this British Standard

The preparation of this British Standard was entrusted to Technical Committee HCC/6, Rubber products for hospital use, upon which the following bodies were represented:

Association of Clinical Pathologists
 British Rubber Manufacturers Association Ltd.
 British Surgical Trades Association
 Department of Health
 Guild of Hospital Pharmacists
 Infection Control Nurses Association
 Joint Committee of Professional Nursing, Midwifery and Health Visiting Associations (England)
 Malaysian Rubber Producers Research Association
 Medical Sterile Products Association
 National Association of Glove Manufacturers
 National Association of Theatre Nurses

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Amendments issued since publication

| Amd. No. | Date | Text affected |
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| 9284 | December 1996 | Figure 2 |
| 9984 | May 1998 | See national foreword |
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| | | |

The following BSI references relate to the work on this standard:
 Committee reference HCC/6
 Draft for comment 91/55202 DC

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Summary of pages

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National foreword

This British Standard has been prepared by Technical Committee HCC/6 and is the English language version of EN 455-2 : 1995 *Medical gloves for single use — Part 2: Requirements and testing for physical properties*, including amendment A1 : 1998 published by the European Committee for Standardization (CEN). It includes the corrigendum dated June 1996. EN 455-2 was produced as a result of international discussions in which the United Kingdom took an active part.

Attention is drawn to BS EN 455-1, which gives requirements and tests for freedom from holes, for medical gloves for single use, and to BS 4005, which gives requirements for single-use sterilized surgical rubber gloves.

Cross-references

| Publication referred to | Corresponding British Standard |
|-------------------------|--|
| ISO 37 : 1994 | BS 903 <i>Physical testing of rubber</i> Part A2 : 1995 <i>Method for determination of tensile stress-strain properties</i> |
| ISO 188 : 1982 | Part A19 : 1986 <i>Heat resistance and accelerated ageing tests</i> |
| ISO 2859-1 : 1989 | BS 6001 <i>Sampling procedures for inspection by attributes</i> Part 1 : 1991 <i>Specification for sampling plans indexed by acceptable quality level (AQL) for lot-by-lot inspection</i> |
| ISO 4648 : 1991 | BS 903 <i>Physical testing of rubber</i> Part A38 : 1991 <i>Methods for the determination of dimensions of test pieces and products for test purposes</i> |

Amendment No. 2

Figure 2 has been replaced and annex ZA has been added.

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Compliance with a British Standard does not of itself confer immunity from legal obligations.

Descriptors: glove, medical glove, medical glove for single use, physical properties

English version

Medical gloves for single use —
Part 2: Requirements and testing for physical properties
(includes amendment A1 : 1998)

Gants médicaux non réutilisables —
Partie 2: Propriétés physiques:
Prescriptions et essais
(inclut l'amendement A1 : 1998)

Medizinische Handschuhe zum einmaligen
Gebrauch —
Teil 2: Anforderungen und Prüfung der
physikalischen Eigenschaften
(enthält Änderung A1 : 1998)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 1995-02-01. CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration.

Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the Central Secretariat or to any CEN member.

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CEN

European Committee for Standardization
Comité Européen de Normalisation
Europäisches Komitee für Normung

Central Secretariat: rue de Stassart 36, B-1050 Brussels

Foreword

This European Standard has been prepared by the Technical Committee CEN/TC 205, Non-active medical devices, the secretariat of which is held by BSI.

This European Standard has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association, and supports essential requirements of EC Directive(s).

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by August 1995, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by October 1995.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, United Kingdom.

Foreword to amendment A1

This Amendment EN 455-2 : 1995/A1 : 1998 to EN 455-2 : 1995 has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 205, Non-active medical devices, the Secretariat of which is held by BSI.

This Amendment to the European Standard EN 455-2 : 1995 shall be give the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by July 1998, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by July 1998.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom.

For relationship with EU Directive(s), see informative annex ZA, which is an integral part of this standard.

1 Scope

This Part of this standard specifies requirements and gives test methods for physical properties of single-use medical gloves (i.e. surgical gloves and examination/procedure gloves) in order to ensure that they provide and maintain in use an adequate level of protection from cross-contamination for both patient and user.

2 Normative references

This European Standard incorporates, by dated or undated reference, provisions from other publications. These normative references are cited at the appropriate places in the text and the publications are listed hereafter. For dated references, subsequent amendments to or revisions of any of these publications apply to this European Standard only when incorporated in it by amendment or revision. For undated references, the latest edition of the publication referred to applies.

| | |
|-------------------|--|
| ISO 37 : 1977 | <i>Rubber, vulcanized — Determination of tensile stress-strain properties</i> |
| ISO 188 : 1982 | <i>Rubber, vulcanized — Accelerated ageing or heat-resistance tests</i> |
| ISO 554 : 1976 | <i>Standard atmospheres for conditioning and/or testing — Specifications</i> |
| ISO 2859-1 : 1989 | <i>Sampling procedures for inspection by attributes — Part 1: Sampling plans indexed by acceptable quality level (AQL) for lot-by-lot inspection</i> |
| ISO 4648 : 1991 | <i>Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic — Determination of dimensions of test pieces and products for test purposes</i> |

3 Definitions

For the purposes of this standard the following definitions apply.

3.1 medical gloves for single use

Gloves intended for use in the medical field to protect patient and user from cross-contamination.

3.2 surgical gloves

Sterile, anatomically shaped medical gloves with the thumb positioned towards the palmar surface of the index finger rather than lying flat, and intended for use in invasive surgery.

3.3 examination/procedure gloves

Sterile or non-sterile medical gloves, which may or may not be anatomically shaped, intended for conducting medical examinations, diagnostic and therapeutic procedures and for handling contaminated medical material.

3.4 long-cuff medical gloves

- Surgical gloves having a minimum overall length of 300 mm.
- Examination/procedure gloves having a minimum overall length of 270 mm.

3.5 seamed medical gloves; welded gloves

Medical gloves manufactured by welding or otherwise bonding together flat films of material.

4 Dimensions

4.1 General

When measured as described in 4.2 and 4.3, the dimensions shall be as given in tables 1 and 2.

Table 1. Dimensions of surgical gloves

| Size | Minimum length ¹⁾ mm | Width ²⁾³⁾ mm |
|------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 5 | 250 | 67 ± 4 |
| 5,5 | 250 | 72 ± 4 |
| 6 | 260 | 77 ± 5 |
| 6,5 | 260 | 83 ± 5 |
| 7 | 270 | 89 ± 5 |
| 7,5 | 270 | 95 ± 5 |
| 8 | 270 | 102 ± 6 |
| 8,5 | 280 | 108 ± 6 |
| 9 | 280 | 114 ± 6 |
| 9,5 | 280 | 121 ± 6 |

¹⁾ Dimension *l* as designated in figure 1.

²⁾ Dimension *w* as designated in figure 1.

³⁾ The width requirements are for gloves made from natural rubber latex, synthetic rubber latex or solutions of natural and/or synthetic rubber. These dimensions may not be appropriate for gloves made from other materials.

Table 2. Dimensions of examination/procedure gloves

| Size | Minimum length ¹⁾ mm | | Width ²⁾³⁾ mm |
|-------------|------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|
| | Seamed gloves | Unseamed gloves | |
| Extra small | 270 | 240 | ≤ 80 |
| Small | 270 | 240 | 80 ± 10 |
| Medium | 270 | 240 | 95 ± 10 |
| Large | 270 | 240 | 110 ± 10 |
| Extra large | 270 | 240 | ≥ 110 |

¹⁾ Dimension *l* as designated in figure 1.

²⁾ Dimension *w* as designated in figure 1.

³⁾ The width requirements are for gloves made from natural rubber latex, synthetic rubber latex or solutions of natural and/or synthetic rubber. These dimensions may not be appropriate for gloves made from other materials.

4.2 Length

Measure the length (dimension l , as designated in figure 1) by freely suspending the glove with the middle finger on a vertical graduated rule having a rounded tip so as to fit the shape of the finger tip of the glove. Remove wrinkles and folds without stretching the glove. Record the length, to the nearest millimetre, to the edge of the cuff.

NOTE. For greater ease of measurement, the rule may be angled backwards slightly so that the glove is in contact with the rule.

4.3 Width

Measure the width (dimension w , as designated in figure 1), to the nearest millimetre, using a rule, with the glove placed on a flat surface. Do not stretch the glove.

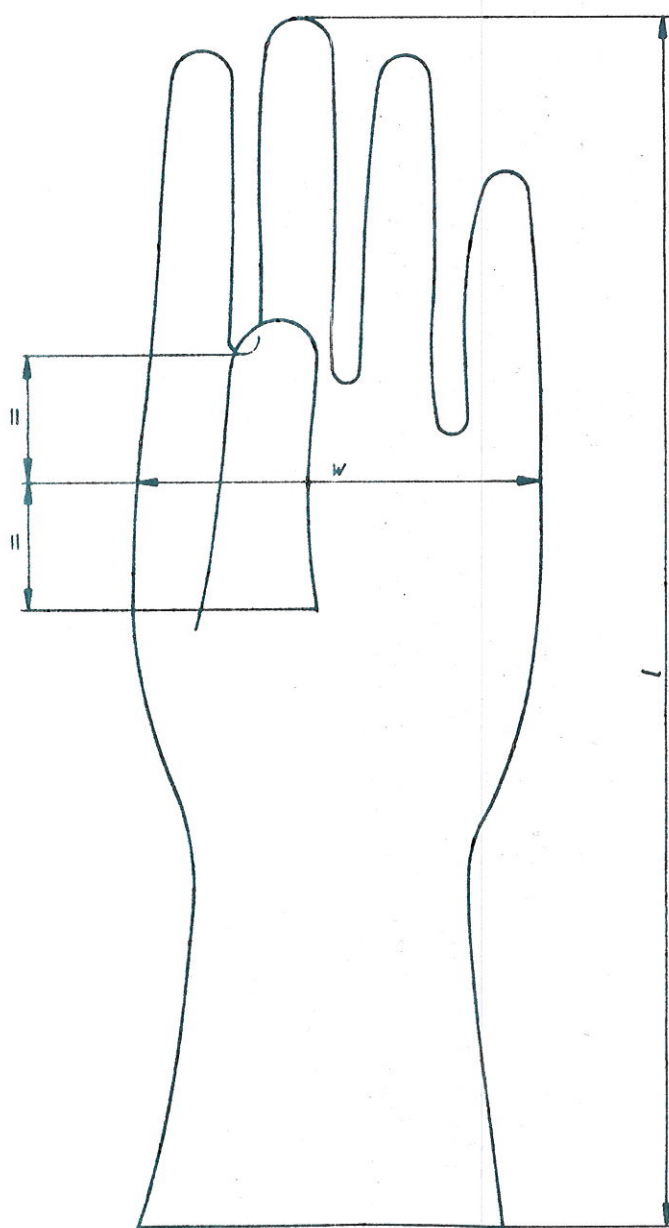


Figure 1. Designation of length and width of gloves

5 Strength

5.1 General

When tested as described in 5.2, 5.3 and, if appropriate, 5.4 at a temperature of $(23 \pm 2) ^\circ\text{C}$ and a relative humidity of $(50 \pm 5) \% \text{ r.h.}$, the force at break of seamed and unseamed gloves and the seam strength of seamed gloves shall be as given in table 3.

5.2 Force at break before accelerated ageing

5.2.1 Obtain three dumb-bell test pieces, using a cutter as specified in figure 2, from the palm, back of the hand or cuff areas of each glove in the test sample, avoiding textured areas if possible and taking the test pieces in the direction of the longitudinal axis of the glove.

5.2.2 Determine the force at break of each test piece as described in ISO 37, using an extension rate of 500 mm/min.

NOTE. If a test piece breaks at the shoulder, it is not necessary to repeat the test on another test piece.

5.2.3

- Determine the single wall thickness (t_f) of the same glove as in 5.2.1 at a point on the middle finger within $(13 \pm 3) \text{ mm}$ of the finger tip, by measuring the double-wall thickness as described in method A1 of ISO 4648, using a gauge with a foot pressure of $(22 \pm 5) \text{ kPa}$. Take the single-wall thickness as one half of the measured double-wall thickness.
- Measure the thickness of the dumb-bell test pieces (t_x) as described in method A1 of ISO 4648, using the gauge described in 5.2.3a.
- Compare the values of t_f and t_x . If $t_f/t_x \geq 0,9$, no correction to the measured force at break is necessary. If $t_f/t_x < 0,9$, correct the measured value by multiplying the measured force at break (see 5.2.2) by a factor of t_f/t_x .

NOTE. Although there is no requirement for thickness in this standard, it is recognized that the fingers of a glove may, because of design or manufacturing processes, be significantly thinner and therefore significantly weaker in terms of force at break than at the points from which the test pieces were taken. It is important to ensure that the minimum strength requirements given in table 3 are maintained at the fingertips. If the difference in thickness between the fingertip and the point from which the test pieces were taken is small (less than 10 %), no correction is necessary. If this difference is greater than 10 %, a correction factor based on the relative thickness is applied to the measured force at break to obtain a true estimate of the strength of the glove at the fingertip.

5.2.4 Record the median force at break, in newtons, for each glove, corrected as described in 5.2.3 if necessary.

5.3 Force at break after accelerated ageing

5.3.1 Place gloves packaged in unit packages or gloves taken from bulk packages in a normal oven as specified in ISO 188 for a period of 7 days at a temperature of $(70 \pm 2) ^\circ\text{C}$.

5.3.2 Measure the force at break as described in 5.2.

5.4 Seam strength of seamed gloves

5.4.1 Obtain three dumb-bell test pieces, using a cutter as specified in figure 2, from each glove in the test sample such that the seam is present within the length of the narrow parallel portion of the test piece and is at right angles to the long axis of the test piece.

5.4.2 Determine the force at break of each test piece as described in 5.2.2.

5.4.3 Record the median force at break, in newtons, for each glove.

5.4.4 Repeat 5.4.1 to 5.4.3 on gloves that have been aged as described in 5.3.1.

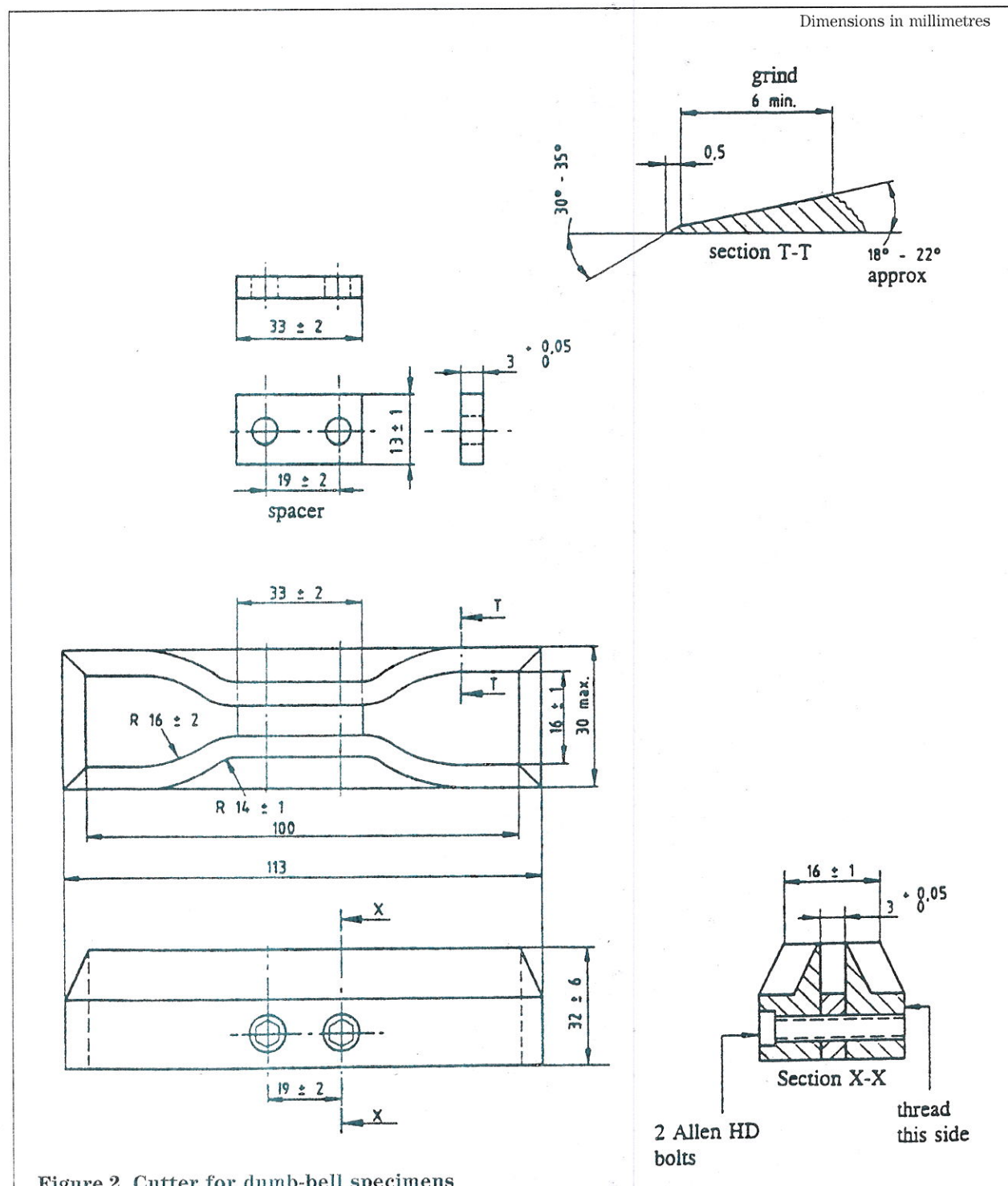
Table 3. Force at break and seam strength

| | Values in newtons | | | |
|--|---------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------|
| | Surgical gloves | | Examination/procedure gloves | |
| | Latex ¹⁾ | Synthetic ²⁾ | Latex ³⁾ | Other materials |
| Minimum force at break before accelerated ageing | 10,5 | 7,5 | 7,5 | 3 |
| Minimum force at break after accelerated ageing | 7,5 | 5,5 | 5,5 | 3 |
| Minimum seam strength of seamed gloves before accelerated ageing | 10,5 | 7,5 | 7,5 | 3 |
| Minimum seam strength of seamed gloves after accelerated ageing | 7,5 | 5,5 | 5,5 | 3 |

¹⁾ Requirements for gloves made from natural rubber latex.

²⁾ Requirements for gloves made from synthetic rubber latex or solutions of natural or synthetic rubber.

³⁾ Requirements for gloves made from natural rubber latex, synthetic rubber latex or solutions of natural and/or synthetic rubber.



6 Sampling, inspection level and AQL

For testing batches of gloves as described in clauses 4 and 5 for referee purposes, the sample size and allowable number of non-conforming gloves in the sample shall be determined from ISO 2859-1 using inspection level S2 with an AQL of 4.

7 Test report

The test report shall include at least the following information:

- reference to this standard;
- the type of glove and manufacturer's batch code;
- name and address of the manufacturer or distributor and test laboratory;
- date of testing;
- test results.

Annex ZA (informative)**Clauses of this European Standard addressing essential requirements or other provisions of EU Directives**

This European Standard has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN/CENELEC by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association and supports essential requirements of EU Directive 93/42/EEC.

WARNING. Other requirements and other EU Directives may be applicable to the product(s) falling within the scope of this standard.

The following clauses of this standard, as detailed in table ZA.1, are likely to support requirements of Directive 93/42/EEC.

Compliance with the clauses of this standard provides one means of conforming with the specific essential requirements of the Directive concerned and associated EFTA regulations.

Table ZA.1: Correspondence between this European Standard and EU Directives

| Clause/subclause of this European Standard | Corresponding Essential Requirement of Directive 93/42/EEC | Comments |
|--|--|----------|
| 4 | 1, 3, 5, 9.2 | |
| 5 | 1, 3 9.2 | |
| 5.2 | 9.2 | |
| 6 | 1, 3 9.2 | |
| 7 | 9.2 | |

List of references

See national foreword.

BSI — British Standards Institution

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