

# COMPOUND DATA SHEET

## FM257/2 Dark Grey

### General description

FM257/2 is a bromobutyl compound with silicate filler. Unconventionally cured, free from MBT.

### Identification as per Ph.Eur. 3.2.9., method A

A typical ATR-FTIR spectrum of a clean, cut surface of FM257/2 is enclosed on page 2.

### Physical properties

Hardness ISO 7619-1(1sec Indentation)	52 ± 5 Shore A
Density ISO 2781	1.355 ± 0.025 g/cm <sup>3</sup>
Ash content Internal method. Calc.4h @700°C	46.0 ± 2.0 %
Compression set ISO 815, (typical value)	15 %
Modulus 100 Internal method. 100mm/min, ISO 37 Dumb-bell 2, (typical value)	2.2 N/mm <sup>2</sup>
Modulus 300 Internal method. 100mm/min, ISO 37 Dumb-bell 2, (typical value)	4.4 N/mm <sup>2</sup>
Elongation @ Break Internal method. 200mm/min, ISO 37 Dumb-bell 2, (typical value)	460 %
Tensile Strength Internal method. 200mm/min, ISO 37 Dumb-bell 2, (typical value)	7.6 N/mm <sup>2</sup>
Water Vapor Transmission Rate Mocon, 38°C, 100%RH, 1.33 mm thickness, (typical value)	0.03 g/m <sup>2</sup> .24h
Oxygen Transmission Rate Mocon, 38°C, 85%RH, 100% O <sub>2</sub> , 1.39 mm thickness, (typical value)	48 cc/m <sup>2</sup> .24h

### Compound ingredient declarations

<b>Latex</b>	FM257/2 is not made with natural rubber latex.
<b>Nitrosamines</b>	FM257/2 is not made with chemicals that are associated with nitrosamine formation as per the ASTM F1313-90 list.
<b>Phthalates</b>	FM257/2 is not made using Di(2-EthylHexyl) Phthalate (DEHP) or other phthalates.
<b>BSE/TSE</b>	For the raw materials of FM257/2, certification confirming that such products are either of vegetable origin or are manufactured in severe process conditions for inactivation of prions as described in the EMA/410/01-rev.3 and in the European Pharmacopoeia 5.2.8. "Minimizing the risk of transmitting Animal Spongiform Encephalopathy Agents" is available.
<b>MBT</b>	FM257/2 is not made with 2-mercapto-benzothiazole (MCBT, also named MBT), or any of its derivatives.
<b>Heavy Metals</b>	FM257/2 fulfills the EC Guideline 94/62/EC for heavy metals in packaging materials and the CONEG regulation on reduction of toxics in Packaging Law: "packaging components shall not contain more than 100 ppm of Pb, Cd, Hg, and Cr(VI)".

### Biocompatibility

FM257/2 is non-cytotoxic and meets the requirements of the Elution Test as described in General Chapter <87>,"Biological Reactivity Tests, in vitro" of the USP. A typical USP<87> Elution Test certificate is enclosed on page 3.

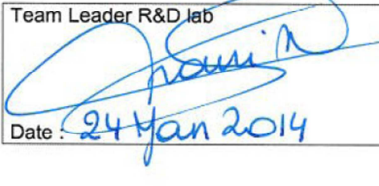
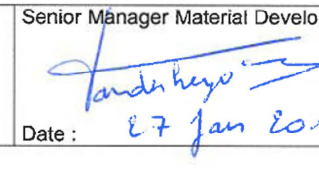

### Chemical properties

FM257/2 meets the chemical requirements for Type I closures specified in Ph.Eur. 3.2.9 and in USP <381>. Typical results are given in the table below. A typical UV spectrum is enclosed on page 2.

Characteristic		Limits		FM257/2
Appearance of solution	Turbidity	Type I: 6 NTU (*) Type II: 18 NTU (*)		1
	Color	Solution S is not more intensely colored than reference		Pass
Acidity or alkalinity (NA : Not applicable)	0.8 ml 0.01M HCl		EP USP°	NA NA
	0.3 ml 0.01M NaOH		EP USP°	0.0 0.0
UV Absorbance (max 220-360 nm)	Type I: 0.2 Type II: 4.0			0.0
Reducing substances	Type I: 3.0 ml 0.01M Na <sub>2</sub> S <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> Type II: 7.0 ml 0.01M Na <sub>2</sub> S <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>			0.2
Extractable heavy metals	2 ppm Pb <sup>2+</sup>		EP USP	Pass Pass
Extractable zinc	5.0 ppm Zn <sup>2+</sup>			0.0
Ammonium	2 ppm NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>			Pass
Residue on evaporation (only for EP)	Type I: 2.0 mg Type II: 4.0 mg			0.1
Volatile sulphides	Any black stain on the paper is not more intense than that produced by a control solution			Pass

(\*) By definition corresponding with reference suspensions II and III (for Ph.Eur.) or B and C (for USP) respectively  
(°) corrected with blank  
Note : Chemical testing is performed on non-post-treated standard test plates or products, prepared using representative process conditions.

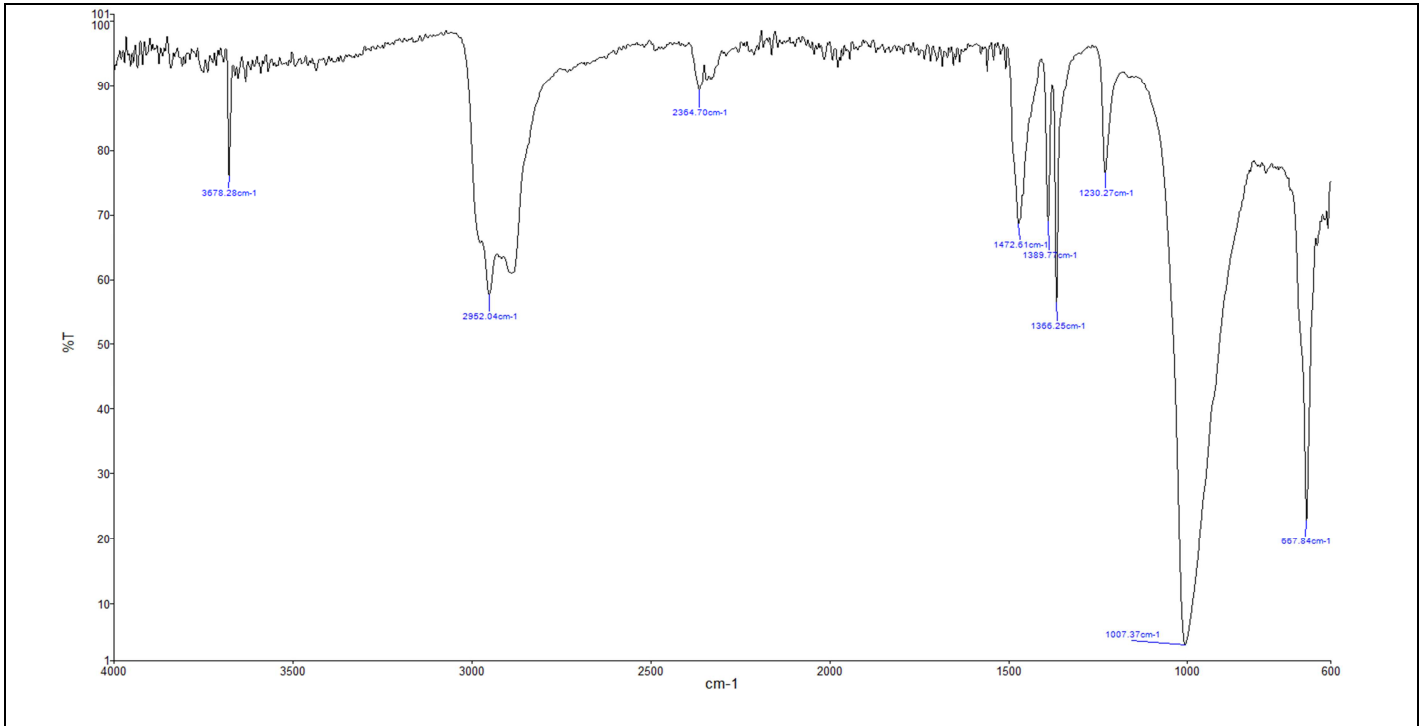
Note : "FMxxx" refers to the type of compound, the extension "/x" refers to the color of the said compound. Differently colored compounds might be used for testing throughout this document. It is generally accepted that the color is irrelevant for the properties discussed, except Ash content and Density which are different per color.

Team Leader R&D lab  Date: 24 Jan 2014	Senior Manager Material Development  Date: 27 Jan 2014	Manager Global Quality & Regulatory Affairs  Date: Jan 30, 2014
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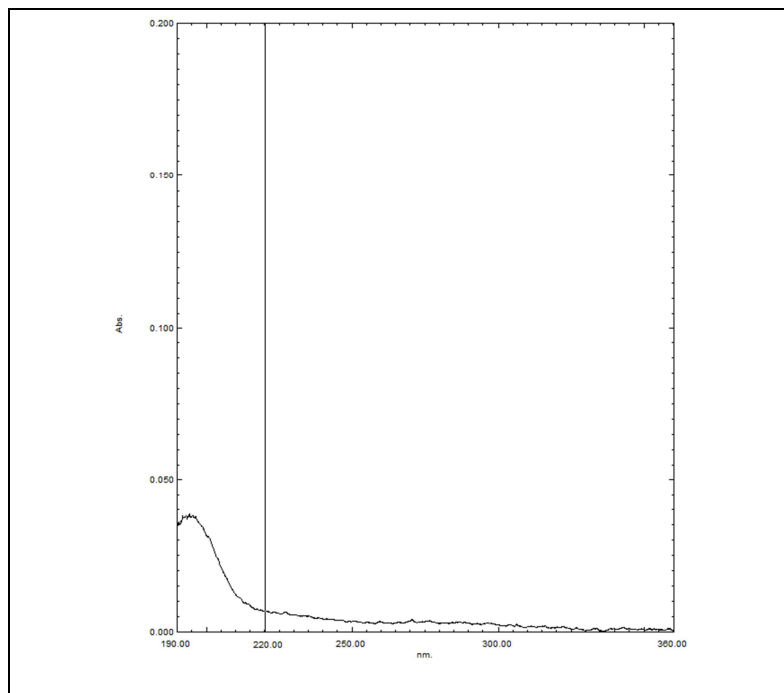
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## FM257/2      Dark Grey

Typical ATR-FTIR spectrum of a clean, cut surface of FM257/2:



Typical UV spectrum of the Solution S extract of FM257/2, measured as per the USP <381> / Ph.Eur. 3.2.9.:





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USP<87> Elution Test certificate for FM257/2:

Study	Elution Test - ISO	Temp/Time	37°C/24 hours
Test Item	FM257/2 V9250 SAF1	Ratio	25cm <sup>2</sup> /20mL
Lot	30171994	Vehicle	MEM-Complete

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Accreditation Certificate No. 342-TE-07

**TEST RESULT REPORT**

**Project Number:** TE 09968      **Study Number:** 09-B2506-N1  
**Sponsor:** Helvoet Pharma Belgium NV      **Report Date:** 24/12/2009  
**Contact:** Mrs. Nadia Nouri  
**Address:** Industrieterrein Kolmen 1519      **Date Sample Arrival:** 18/12/2009  
3570 Alken, Belgium      **Technical Initiation:** 21/12/2009  
**PO.Number:** PB0904230      **Technical Completion:** 24/12/2009

**REFERENCE:** According to "ISO 10993-5, 2009: Biological Evaluation of Medical Devices- Part 5: Tests for In Vitro Cytotoxicity." and "USP 32-NF 27, 2009: <87> Biological reactivity test, in vitro." Toxikon Reference: SOP 3.1.2.3, rev. 08


**PROCEDURE:** The biological reactivity of a mammalian monolayer, L929 mouse fibroblast cell culture, in response to the test item extract was determined. The samples and control articles were autoclaved prior to the preparation of the extracts. Extracts were prepared at 37±1°C for 24 hours in a humidified atmosphere containing 5±1% carbon dioxide (static). Positive (natural rubber) and negative (silicone) control articles were prepared to verify the proper functioning of the test system. The maintenance medium on the cell cultures is replaced by the extracts of the test item or control article in triplicate and the cultures are subsequently incubated for 48 hours, at 37±1°C, in a humidified atmosphere containing 5±1% carbon dioxide. Biological reactivity was rated on the following scale: Grade 0 (No reactivity); Grade 1 (Slight reactivity), Grade 2 (Mild reactivity), Grade 3 (Moderate reactivity) and Grade 4 (Severe reactivity). The test item is considered non-cytotoxic if none of the cultures exposed to the test item shows greater than mild reactivity (Grade 2).


**RESULTS:** No reactivity (Grade 0) was exhibited by the cell cultures exposed to the test item at the 48 hours observation. Severe reactivity (Grade 4) was observed for the positive control article. The negative control article showed no signs of reactivity (Grade 0).

**CONCLUSION:** Based on the evaluation criteria mentioned above, the test item is considered non-cytotoxic.

**RECORD STORAGE:** All raw data generated in this study will be archived at Toxikon Europe, according to SOP 4.2.8.

**AUTHORIZED PERSONNEL**

*for*   
 ir. Peter Cornelis  
 Study Director

*for*   
 Vanessa Ruymen  
 Quality Assurance

The test results on the enclosed report are only referring to the tested articles. Partly reproduction of this report can only be allowed after written permission of Toxikon. Toxikon guarantees that all results are acquired by testing according to officially accepted scientific methodology.

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