

Test report No. sd0619

EVALUATION OF BACTERICIDAL ACTIVITIES OF A DISINFECTANTS AND ANTISEPTICS USED IN THE MEDICAL AREA (EN 13727)

Name of the product: STERISEPT WIPES
Batch number: 14300818W
Order number: 18014
Manufacturer: Chemi-Pharm Ltd
Client, representative: Chemi-Pharm Ltd., Põllu 132, Tallinn, 10917, ESTONIA
Maris Millner, +372-51-77-090
Date of delivery: 04.10.2018
Test material conditions: No specific features, sample in the manufacturers tare
Storage conditions: In room temperature, dark
Active substance – conc.: N-(3-aminopropyl)-N-dodecylpropane-1,3-diamine 0.45%; Didecyl-Dimethyl-Ammonium Chloride (DDAC) 0.45%
Appearance of the product: Transparent liquid
Test concentration: Ready to use
Contact time: 60 s
Interfering substance: 15 g/l bovine albumin + 15 ml/l sheep blood erythrocytes = dirty conditions
Neutralizer: -
Rinsing liquid: Tryptone 1 g/l + NaCl, 9 g/l
Test organisms: *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* ATCC 15442
Staphylococcus aureus ATCC 6538
Enterococcus hirae ATCC 10541
Staphylococcus aureus MRSA ATCC 33592
Enterococcus faecium VRE ATCC 700221
Testing method: EVS-EN 13727:2012+A2:2015
Chemical disinfectants and antiseptics - Quantitative suspension test for the evaluation of bactericidal activity in the medical area - Test method and requirements (phase 2, step 1)
Testing date: 08.10.2018 – 16.10.2018
Results: look appendix 1-6


Allar Laaneleht
Chief specialist
Date of test report: 15.01.2019

Appendix 1

TEST RESULTS (bactericidal suspension test)

EVS-EN 13727:2012+A2:2015; Phase 2, step 1;
Membrane filtration method;
Rinsing liquid: Tryptone 1 g/l + NaCl 9 g/l;
Test organism: *Staphylococcus aureus* ATCC 6538;
Test temperature: +20° C; Incubation temperature: +37 °C
Interfering substance: 15 g/l bovine albumin + 15 ml/l sheep blood erythrocytes = dirty conditions;
Nordic Tersus Laboratory LLC.;
Date of test: 10.10.2018
Responsible person: Allar Laaneleht

Validation and controls

Dirty conditions

Validation suspension N_{vo}			Experimental conditions control (A)			Filtration control (B)			Method validation (C)		
V_{C1}	72	$\bar{x} = 70$	V_{C1}	54	$\bar{x} = 54.5$	V_{C1}	59	$\bar{x} = 53$	V_{C1}	61	$\bar{x} = 62$
V_{C2}	68		V_{C2}	55		V_{C2}	47		V_{C2}	63	
$30 \leq \bar{x} N_{vo} \leq 160$? yes X; no ☐			$\bar{x} A$ is $\geq 0,5 \bar{x} N_{vo}$? yes X; no ☐			$\bar{x} B$ is $\geq 0,5 \bar{x} N_{vo}$? yes X; no ☐			$\bar{x} C$ is $\geq 0,5 \bar{x} N_{vo}$? yes X; no ☐		

Test suspension and test

Testsuspension:	N	V_{C1}	V_{C2}	$\bar{x}_{wm} = 2.21 \times 10^9$; $\log N = 9.35$
N and N_0	10^{-7}	233	207	$N_0 = N/100$; $\log N_0 = 7.35$
	10^{-8}	25	22	$7,17 \leq \log N_0 \leq 7,70$; yes X; no ☐

Experimental results

Concentration of the product %	Dilution step	V_{C1}	V_{C2}	Na ($=\bar{x} \cdot 10$)	$\log Na$	$\log R$	Contact time	Conditions
Ready to use	-	<14	<14	<140	<2.15	>5.20	60 sec	dirty

Explanations:

V_C = count per ml (one plate or more)
 $\bar{x}$ = average of V_{C1} and V_{C2} (1. + 2. duplicate)
 N = cfu/ml microbes in testsuspension
 N_0 = cfu/ml at the start of the contact time ($t=0$)
 N_{vo} = cfu/ml in the validation suspension ($t=0$)
 Na = surviving microbes after the test
 R = reduction factor ($R = N_0 / Na$; $\log R = \log N_0 - \log Na$)

Appendix 2

TEST RESULTS (bactericidal suspension test)

EVS-EN 13727:2012+A2:2015; Phase 2, step 1;
Membrane filtration method;
Rinsing liquid: Tryptone 1 g/l + NaCl 9 g/l;
Test organism: *Enterococcus hirae* ATCC 10541;
Test temperature: +20° C; Incubation temperature: +37 °C
Interfering substance: 15 g/l bovine albumin + 15 ml/l sheep blood erythrocytes = dirty conditions;
Nordic Tersus Laboratory LLC.;
Date of test: 09.10.2018
Responsible person: Allar Laaneleht

Validation and controls

Dirty conditions

Validation suspension N_{vo}			Experimental conditions control (A)			Filtration control (B)			Method validation (C)		
V_{C1}	69	$\bar{x} = 66$	V_{C1}	47	$\bar{x} = 45.5$	V_{C1}	39	$\bar{x} = 37$	V_{C1}	43	$\bar{x} = 41.5$
V_{C2}	63		V_{C2}	44		V_{C2}	35		V_{C2}	40	
$30 \leq \bar{x} N_{vo} \leq 160$? yes X; no ☐			$\bar{x} A$ is $\geq 0,5 \bar{x} N_{vo}$? yes X; no ☐			$\bar{x} B$ is $\geq 0,5 \bar{x} N_{vo}$? yes X; no ☐			$\bar{x} C$ is $\geq 0,5 \bar{x} N_{vo}$? yes X; no ☐		

Test suspension and test

Testsuspension:	N	V_{C1}	V_{C2}	$\bar{x}_{wm} = 2.20 \times 10^9$; $\log N = 9.34$ $N_0 = N/100$; $\log N_0 = 7.34$ $7,17 \leq \log N_0 \leq 7,70$; yes X; no ☐
N and N_0	10^{-7}	224	218	
	10^{-8}	22	19	

Experimental results

Concentration of the product %	Dilution step	V_{C1}	V_{C2}	Na ($=\bar{x} \cdot 10$)	$\log Na$	$\log R$	Contact time	Conditions
Ready to use	-	<14	<14	<140	<2.15	>5.19	60 sec	dirty

Explanations:

V_C = count per ml (one plate or more)
 $\bar{x}$ = average of V_{C1} and V_{C2} (1. + 2. duplicate)
 N = cfu/ml microbes in testsuspension
 N_0 = cfu/ml at the start of the contact time ($t=0$)
 N_{vo} = cfu/ml in the validation suspension ($t=0$)
 Na = surviving microbes after the test
 R = reduction factor ($R = N_0 / Na$; $\log R = \log N_0 - \log Na$)

Appendix 3

TEST RESULTS (bactericidal suspension test)

EVS-EN 13727:2012+A2:2015; Phase 2, step 1;

Membrane filtration method;

Rinsing liquid: tryptone 1 g/l + NaCl 9 g/l;

Test organism: *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* ATCC 15442

Test temperature: +20° C; Incubation temperature: +37 °C

Interfering substance: 15 g/l bovine albumin + 15 ml/l sheep blood erythrocytes = Dirty conditions;

Nordic Tersus Laboratory LLC.;

Date of test: 08.10.2018

Responsible person: Allar Laaneleht

Validation and controls

Dirty conditions

Validation suspension N_{vo}			Experimental conditions control (A)			Filtration control (B)			Method validation (C)		
V_{C1}	96	$\bar{x} = 92.5$	V_{C1}	74	$\bar{x} = 75.5$	V_{C1}	68	$\bar{x} = 70$	V_{C1}	79	$\bar{x} = 81$
V_{C2}	89		V_{C2}	77		V_{C2}	72		V_{C2}	83	
$30 \leq \bar{x} N_{vo} \leq 160$? yes X; no ☐			$\bar{x} A$ is $\geq 0,5 \bar{x} N_{vo}$? yes X; no ☐			$\bar{x} B$ is $\geq 0,5 \bar{x} N_{vo}$? yes X; no ☐			$\bar{x} C$ is $\geq 0,5 \bar{x} N_{vo}$? yes X; no ☐		

Test suspension and test

Testsuspension:	N	V_{C1}	V_{C2}	$\bar{x}_{wm} = 2.82 \times 10^9$; $\log N = 9.45$ $N_0 = N/100$; $\log N_0 = 7.45$ $7,17 \leq \log N_0 \leq 7,70$; yes X; no ☐
N and N_0	10^{-7}	296	271	
	10^{-8}	28	25	

Experimental results

Concentration of the product %	Dilution step	V_{C1}	V_{C2}	Na ($=\bar{x} \cdot 10$)	$\log Na$	$\log R$	Contact time	Conditions
Ready to use	-	<14	<14	<140	<2.15	>5.30	60 sec	dirty

Explanations:

V_c = count per ml (one plate or more)

$\bar{x}$ = average of V_{C1} and V_{C2} (1. + 2. duplicate)

N = cfu/ml microbes in testsuspension

N_0 = cfu/ml at the start of the contact time (t=0)

N_{vo} = cfu/ml in the validation suspension (t=0)

Na = surviving microbes after the test

R = reduction factor ($R = N_0 / Na$; $\log R = \log N_0 - \log Na$)

Appendix 4

TEST RESULTS (bactericidal suspension test)

EVS-EN 13727:2012+A2:2015; Phase 2, step 1;

Membrane filtration method;

Rinsing liquid: tryptone 1 g/l + NaCl 9 g/l;

Test organism: *Staphylococcus aureus* MRSA ATCC 33592

Test temperature: +20° C; Incubation temperature: +37 °C

Interfering substance: 15 g/l bovine albumin + 15 ml/l sheep blood erythrocytes = Dirty conditions;

Nordic Tersus Laboratory LLC.;

Date of test: 11.10.2018

Responsible person: Allar Laaneleht

Validation and controls

Dirty conditions

Validation suspension N_{vo}			Experimental conditions control (A)			Filtration control (B)			Method validation (C)		
V_{C1}	51	$\bar{x} = 48.5$	V_{C1}	33	$\bar{x} = 35$	V_{C1}	32	$\bar{x} = 33$	V_{C1}	36	$\bar{x} = 38.5$
V_{C2}	46		V_{C2}	37		V_{C2}	34		V_{C2}	41	
$30 \leq \bar{x} N_{vo} \leq 160$? yes X; no ☐			$\bar{x} A$ is $\geq 0,5 \bar{x} N_{vo}$? yes X; no ☐			$\bar{x} B$ is $\geq 0,5 \bar{x} N_{vo}$? yes X; no ☐			$\bar{x} C$ is $\geq 0,5 \bar{x} N_{vo}$? yes X; no ☐		

Test suspension and test

Test suspension:	N	V_{C1}	V_{C2}	$\bar{x}_{wm} = 1.87 \times 10^9$; $\log N = 9.26$
N and N_0	10^{-7}	194	172	$N_0 = N/100$; $\log N_0 = 7.26$
	10^{-8}	20	16	$7,17 \leq \log N_0 \leq 7,70$; yes X; no ☐

Experimental results

Concentration of the product %	Dilution step	V_{C1}	V_{C2}	Na ($=\bar{x} \cdot 10$)	$\log Na$	$\log R$	Contact time	Conditions
Ready to use	-	<14	<14	<140	<2.15	>5.11	60 sec	dirty

Explanations:

V_C = count per ml (one plate or more)

$\bar{x}$ = average of V_{C1} and V_{C2} (1. + 2. duplicate)

N = cfu/ml microbes in test suspension

N_0 = cfu/ml at the start of the contact time ($t=0$)

N_{vo} = cfu/ml in the validation suspension ($t=0$)

Na = surviving microbes after the test

R = reduction factor ($R = N_0 / Na$; $\log R = \log N_0 - \log Na$)

Appendix 5

TEST RESULTS (bactericidal suspension test)

EVS-EN 13727:2012+A2:2015; Phase 2, step 1;

Membrane filtration method;

Rinsing liquid: tryptone 1 g/l + NaCl 9 g/l;

Test organism: *Enterococcus faecium* VRE ATCC 700221

Test temperature: +20° C; Incubation temperature: +37 °C

Interfering substance: 15 g/l bovine albumin + 15 ml/l sheep blood erythrocytes = Dirty conditions;

Nordic Tersus Laboratory LLC.;

Date of test: 15.10.2018

Responsible person: Allar Laaneleht

Validation and controls

Dirty conditions

Validation suspension N_{vo}			Experimental conditions control (A)			Filtration control (B)			Method validation (C)		
V_{C1}	75	$\bar{x} = 77$	V_{C1}	68	$\bar{x} = 69$	V_{C1}	62	$\bar{x} = 59.5$	V_{C1}	57	$\bar{x} = 55$
V_{C2}	79		V_{C2}	70		V_{C2}	57		V_{C2}	53	
$30 \leq \bar{x} N_{vo} \leq 160$? yes X; no ☐			$\bar{x} A \geq 0,5 \bar{x} N_{vo}$? yes X; no ☐			$\bar{x} B \geq 0,5 \bar{x} N_{vo}$? yes X; no ☐			$\bar{x} C \geq 0,5 \bar{x} N_{vo}$? yes X; no ☐		

Test suspension and test

Testsuspension: N and N_0	N	V_{C1}	V_{C2}	$\bar{x}_{wm} = 2.60 \times 10^9$; $\log N = 9.41$ $N_0 = N/100$; $\log N_0 = 7.41$ $7,17 \leq \log N_0 \leq 7,70$; yes X; no ☐
	10^{-7}	251	268	
	10^{-8}	29	23	

Experimental results

Concentration of the product %	Dilution step	V_{C1}	V_{C2}	Na ($=\bar{x} \cdot 10$)	$\log Na$	$\log R$	Contact time	Conditions
Ready to use	-	<14	<14	<140	<2.15	>5.26	60 sec	dirty

Explanations:

V_C = count per ml (one plate or more)

$\bar{x}$ = average of V_{C1} and V_{C2} (1. + 2. duplicate)

N = cfu/ml microbes in testsuspension

N_0 = cfu/ml at the start of the contact time (t=0)

N_{vo} = cfu/ml in the validation suspension (t=0)

Na = surviving microbes after the test

R = reduction factor ($R = N_0 / Na$; $\log R = \log N_0 - \log Na$)

Appendix 6

Interpretation:

The product STERISEPT WIPES (batch no. 14300818W) was tested according to the test method EVS-EN 13727:2012+A2:2015. The test was performed at $20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 1\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, under dirty conditions with the contact time of 60 s. The membrane filtration method was used for testing the products' effectiveness against the reference strains: *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* ATCC 15442, *Enterococcus hirae* ATCC 10541, *Staphylococcus aureus* ATCC 6538, *Enterococcus faecium* VRE ATCC 700221 and *Staphylococcus aureus* MRSA ATCC 33592. Under dirty conditions the tested product was effective against all the reference strains within 60 s.

Conclusion:

The surviving count of bacterial reference strains showed at least 5lg reduction meaning that under dirty conditions the ready to use product STERISEPT WIPES has a bactericidal effect within 60 s.



Allar Laaneleht

Chief Specialist

15.01.2019