La Procedurile administrative pentru notificarea dispozitivelor medicale care dețin marcajul CE

Către Agenția Medicamentului și Dispozitivelor Medicale

NOTIFICARE

pentru înregistrarea dispozitivelor medicale în Registrul de stat al dispozitivelor medicale nr. $\overline{1R-100}$ din $\underline{15.12.2023}$

Solicitantul	TRIUMF MOTIV	/ SRL, cu	sediul <u>or.</u>	Chişinău str.	Puskin 60/1,
<u>of. 4</u> , tel./fax:	022-22-03-02, <u>e-</u>	mail triumf.	motiv@mail	<u>.ru</u> , solicit în	registrarea în
Registrul de sta	t al dispozitivelor	medicale	a următoar	elor categorii	şi tipuri de
dispozitive medic	ale pentru introduc	erea și pune	erea la dispo	ziție pe piață	a:

Denumire generică (denumirea dispozitivului)	Modelul
Merilisa HCV	HPCELI-01
Merilisa HBsAg	HPBELI-01
Merilisa T3 ELISA	ITTELI-01
Merilisa T4 ELISA	ITFELI-01
Merilisa TSH ELISA	TSIELI-01

Merilisa TSH ELISA	TSIELI-01	
Se anexează următoarele acte: DECLAȚIE DE CONFORMITATE CE CERTIFICATUL DE CONFORMITATE C Scrisoare de autorizare de la producă		
Data <u>15.12.2023</u> Semnătura		
Tabelul de recepționare a notificării (se completează de către Agenție în momentul depunerii notificării de către solicitant)		
Comentarii cu privire la		
acceptul/refuzul recepționării		
notificării, inclusiv motivul refuzului		
Data/nr. de ordine atribuit notificării		
de către Agenție (în cazul acceptării		

recepționării)

Numele, prenumele, funcția persoanei responsabile de recepționarea dosarului

Semnătura persoanei responsabile

Către Agenția Medicamentului și Dispozitive Medicale

DECLARAȚIE PE PROPRIE RĂSPUNDERE

Solicitant: TRIUMF MOTIV S	<u>RL, cu</u>
sediul <u>or. Chişinău str. Puskir</u>	n 60/1, of. 4,
	oscând prevederile art. 352¹ , Codul Penal al declarații, că documentele și datele furnizate
pentru notificarea dispozitivului medica	al:
Denumire generică (denumirea dispozitivului)	Modelul
Merilisa HCV	HPCELI-01
Merilisa HBsAg	HPBELI-01
Merilisa T3 ELISA	ITTELI-01
Merilisa T4 ELISA	ITFELI-01
Merilisa TSH ELISA	TSIELI-01
Sunt autentice și corespund realităț	ții.
Numele, pre	enumele și funcția Jighili Tatiana, Administrator Semnătura
	Data <u>15.12.2023</u>



LETTER OF AUTHORIZATION

Date: June 10th, 2023

To Whom It May Concern:

Hereby, we

Company Name: Meril Diagnostics Pvt Ltd

Address: Muktanand Marg, Chala, Vapi, Gujarat. INDIA

Phone number: +91 260 2408000

Certify that:

Triumf Motiv SRL

Address: Republic Of Moldova, MD 2043-str. Grenoble 193, et.13, of.1

Phone number: (+373 22) 76 84 62, 76 88 41

Triumf-Motiv SRL is our authorized representative and distributor on the territory of the Republic of Moldova.

We allow this company to register our products with the competent authorities on the territory of the Republic of Moldova, as well as to promote, sell, distribute our products in the Republic of Moldova, and we will provide all necessary assistance to expand the market of medical supplies and devices of our brand Merilisa in your country.

This letter of authorization remains valid for five years, starting from June 20.2023 and expiring on March 09, 2028.

Signature:





Diagnostics

	DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY		
Manufacturer's Name:	MERIL DIAGNOSTICS PVT. LTD.		
Manufacturer's Address:	Second Floor, D1-D3, Meril Park, Survey No. 135/2/B & 174/2, Muktanand Marg, Chala, Vapi – 396191, Gujarat, India.		
Product Name:			
	(The Immunology Reagents covered by this declaration are indicated in the Annex I)		
Product Details:	Control No. DOC/IM/GEN/C/Rev.03/23.10.2019		
*	Lot No.: Mfg. Date:		
	Ref. No.: Expiry Date:		
	Conforms to the applicable national and international standards.		
We herewith declare that Directives and Standards.	the above mentioned products meet the provisions of the following EC Council All the supporting documentations are retained under the premises of the manufacturer.		
General applicable directives:	DIRECTIVE 98/79/EC OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 27 October 1998 on in vitro diagnostic medical devices		
List of Standard Applied:	EN 13975:2003, EN 13640:2002, EN 13641:2002, EN 13612 : 2002, EN 14136:2004, EN 980:2008, EN 1041:2008, EN ISO 13485:2016, EN ISO 14971:2012, EN ISO 18113-1: 2011, EN ISO 18113-2 : 2011, EN 15193:2009, EN 15194:2009, EN 17511:2003, EN 23640:2015, ISO 15223-1:2016		
Conformity Assessment Route:	Annex: III of Directive /98/79/EC on In vitro Diagnostic Medical Devices		
Device Classification:	Device other than those covered in Annex II of Directive 98/79/EC		
European Authorized Representative:	Obelis s.a., Bd General Wahis 53, 1030, Brussels, Belgium. T +32.2.732.5954 F +32.2.732.6003 E mail@obelis.net		
Signature:	Mr. K. Sridhar Senior General Manager		
Name:	Mr. K. Sridhar		
Designation:	Selliof General Manager		
Date/Location:	Date:Location: Vapi, Gujarat, INDIA		



Annex I

Sr. No.	Product Name	UMDNS Code	Product Code
1.	MERISCREEN hCG	19952	HCGRPD-01 RPDHCG-01 RPDHCG-02
2.	Merilisa T3 ELISA	19109	TTTELI-01
3.	Merilisa T4 ELISA	19110	TTFELI-01
4.	Merilisa TSH ELISA	19865	TSOELI-01
5.	Merilisa Cortisol ELISA	19131	COSELI-01
6.	Merilisa Free Estriol ELISA	19871	FESELI-01
7.	Merilisa Thyroglobulin ELISA	17398	ATGELI-01
8.	Merilisa Testosterone ELISA	19120	TSTELI-01
9. 9.	Merilisa Estradiol ELISA	19115	ESTELI-01
10.	Merilisa Progesterone ELISA	19118	PSTELI-01
11.	Merilisa LH ELISA	19117	LHEELI-01
12.	Merilisa FSH ELISA	19116	FSNELI-01
13.	Merilisa 250H Vitamin D Total ELISA	19142	VTDELI-01
13. 14.	Merilisa Prolactin ELISA	19119	PRLELI-01
14. 15.	Merilisa β HCG ELISA	19124	BHCELI-01
110001111	Merilisa Free Testosterone ELISA	19869	FTSELI-01
16.	Merilisa FT3 ELISA	19862	FTTELI-01
17.	Merilisa FT3 ELISA Merilisa FT4 ELISA	19111	FFFELI-01
18.	Merilisa DHEA-S ELISA	19114	DHSELI-01
19	1 - WALL WALL TO THE ACT THE WALL THE WALL THE BOTTOM OF T	17371	TIEELI-01
20.	Merilisa Total IgE ELISA	19127	INSELI-01
21.	Merilisa Insulin ELISA	19126	CPTELI-01
22.	Merilisa C-Peptide ELISA	19038	ANAELI-01
23.	Merilisa ANA Screen	20107	APLELI-01
24.	Merilisa Anti Phospholipid Screen	20075	DSDELI-01
25.	Merilisa Anti dsDNA IgG ELISA	20108	ACMELI-01
26.	Merilisa Anti Cardiolipin IgM ELISA	20108	ACGELI-01
27.	Merilisa Anti Cardiolipin IgG ELISA	20108	ACSELI-01
28.	Merilisa Anti Cardiolipin Screen		HPSELI-01
29.	Merilisa 17-OH Progesterone ELISA	19868	
30.	LumiQuant LH – CLIA	19117	LUT CLI-01 FOL CLI-01
31.	LumiQuant FSH – CLIA	19116	PLC CLI – 01
32.	LumiQuant PROLACTIN – CLIA	19119	
33.	LumiQuant PROGESTERONE – CLIA	19118	PRGCLI – 01
34.	LumiQuant TESTOSTERONE – CLIA	19120	TES CLI-01
35.	LumiQuant ESTRADIOL – CLIA	19115	ESTCLI – 01
36.	LumiQuant C- PEPTIDE – CLIA	19126	PEP CLI – 01
37.	LumiQuant INSULIN – CLIA	19127	INSCLI – 01
38.	LumiQuant T3 – CLIA	19109	TTTCLI-01
39.	LumiQuant T4 – CLIA	19110	TTFCLI-01
40.	LumiQuant TSH CLIA	19865	TSHCLI-01
41.	LumiQuant FT3 CLIA	19862	FTTCLI-01
1 2.	LumiQuant FT4 CLIA	19111	FTFCLI-01
43.	LumiQuant Anti-TG CLIA	17280	ATGCLI-01
14.	LumiQuant Anti-TPO CLIA	20098	TPOCLI-01
1 5.	Merilisa Anti-TG ELISA	17280	ATGELI-01
16.	Merilisa Anti-TPO ELISA	20098	ATPELI-01
47.	MeriScreen Dengue IgG / IgM	22367	DTARPD-01 RPDDAB-01
48.	MeriScreen Dengue NS1 Ag	Not Available	DTNRPD-02 DTNRPD-03
			RPDDAG-01
49.	MeriScreen Dengue Onset	Not Available	DTCRPD-01

			DTCRPD-02
			RPDDON-01
50.	Merilisa i T3	19109	ITTELI-01
51.	Merilisa i T4	19110	ITFELI-01
52.	Merilisa i TSH	19865	TSIELI-01
53.	MeriScreen Malaria PAN Ag	19527	RPDMPN-01
54.	Merilisa Malaria Pan Ag (pLDH)	19527	MPNELI-02
55.	MeriScreen Syphiline	19471	SYPRPD-01 SYPRPD-02 RPDSYP-01 RPTSYP-02 RPTSYP-03 RPDSYP-02
50	Malassas TO FLICA	19109	ITTELI-02
56.	Makesure T3 ELISA	19110	ITEELI-02
57.	Makesure T4 ELISA	19865	TSIELI-02
58.	Makesure TSH ELISA	19142	VTDELI-01
59.	Merilisa i 25-OH Vitamin D ELISA	9419	CCPELI-01
60.	Merilisa Anti-CCP ELISA	20114	AMAELI-01
61.	Merilisa Anti-MPO (pANCA) ELISA	20114	APAELI-01
62.	Merilisa Anti-PR3 (cANCA) ELISA	17259	AFPELM-01
63.	Merilisa AFP-ELISA	17293	CEAELM-01
64.	Merilisa CEA-ELISA	Not Available	BRSCLI-01
65.	LumiQuant CA 15-3 CLIA	Not Available Not Available	PNCCLI-01
66.	LumiQuant CA 19-9 CLIA	Not Available	OVACLI-01
67.	LumiQuant CA 125 CLIA	Not Available	CEACLI-01
68.	LumiQuant CEA CLIA	7594	AFPCLI-01
69.	LumiQuant AFP-CLIA	19952	HCGRRT-02
70.	Pregios One Step Test For Hcg	19952	11001(111-02
71.	i-can One step Pregnancy Test Device	19952	HCGSTK-01
72.	MERISCREEN hCG Dipstick		HCGSTK-01
		19952	RSTHCG-01 RSTHCG-02
	D I I O I I O I I I	22367	RPDDAB-02
73.	RapidSure Dengue IgG/IgM	Not Available	RPDDAG-02
74.	RapidSure Dengue NS1	Not Available Not Available	RPDDAG-02
75.	RapidSure Dengue Duo NS1+lgG/lgM	Not Available	KEDDON-02



Diagnostics

DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

Manufacturer's Name:

MERIL DIAGNOSTICS PVT. LTD.

Manufacturer's

Address:

Second Floor, D1-D3, Meril Park, Survey No. 135/2/B & 174/2,

Muktanand Marg, Chala, Vapi – 396191,

Guiarat, India.

Product Name:

Merilisa HBsAg

Control No. CE-DOC/IM/GRA/001/ Rev.03/18.08.2021 GMDN Code: 48319

Product Details:

Ref. No.: HPBELI-03

Conforms to the applicable national and international standards.

- 1. We herewith declare that the above mentioned products meet the transposition into national law, the provisions of the following EC Council Directives and Standards. All the supporting documentations are retained under the premises of the manufacturer.
- 2. Company undertakes to manufacture the products as per National/International Standards and following quality management system as per ISO 13485:2016/NS-EN ISO 13485:2016 & ISO 9001:2015
- Company authorizes the notified body to carry out necessary inspection and agrees to supply the required information & data/documents from time to time.
- Company agrees to make available all relevant Documents & Data of the products to the National and competent Authority for a period ending 05 years for IVD reagents and kits after the last product has been manufactured.
- Company &/or his authorized representative shall fulfill the obligations imposed by Annex I of Directive 98/79/EC as amended & ensures & declares that the Company's Products shall meet all provision of the directive as applicable.
- Company undertakes to keep up to date a systematic procedure to review experience gained during post production phase and to implement appropriate means to apply any necessary corrective action taking account of the nature & risk in relation
- Company undertakes to notify immediately any malfunction /deterioration of the performance of the device to the appropriate authority and shall recall such devices already placed in the market

General applicable

DIRECTIVE 98/79/EC OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of

directives:

27 October 1998 on in vitro diagnostic medical devices

List of Standard Applied:

EN 13975:2003, EN 13641:2002, EN 13612: 2002, EN 14136:2004, BS EN

1041:2008+A1:2013, BS EN 62366-1:2015, EN ISO 13485:2016, ISO 14971:2019, EN ISO 18113-1: 2011, EN ISO 18113-2: 2011, EN ISO 15193:2009, EN ISO 15194:2009, EN ISO 17511:2003, EN ISO 23640:2015, ISO 15223-1:2021, ISO 14644-1: 2015, ISO

CHOSTIC

14644-2: 2015, BS EN ISO 14644-3: 2019. ISO 14644-4: 2001

Conformity Assessment

Route:

Annex: IV of Directive 98/79/EC on In vitro Diagnostic Medical Devices

Device Classification:

List A device as per Annex II of Directive 98/79/EC

European Authorized

Obelis s.a.

Representative:

Bd., General Wahis 53, 1030, Brussels, Belgium.

T+32.2.732.5954 F+32.2.732.6003

E mail@obelis.net

CE Certificate No.:

1434-IVDD-236/2020

CE Certificate Valid till:

27-05-2024

Notifying Body:

Polish Centre for Testing and Centification (CE1434)

Signature:

Name:

Mr. Ram Kanoie

Designation:

Head, Quality Assurance

Date/Location:

Date:

Location: Vapi, Gujarat, INDIA





Diagnostics

DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

Manufacturer's Name:

MERIL DIAGNOSTICS PVT. LTD.

Manufacturer's

Address:

Second Floor, D1-D3, Meril Park, Survey No. 135/2/B & 174/2,

Muktanand Marg, Chala, Vapi – 396191,

Gujarat, India.

Product Name:

Merilisa HCV

Control No. CE-DOC/IM/GRA/003/ Rev.03/18.08.2021 GMDN Code: 48365

Product Details:

Ref. No.: HPCELI-01

Conforms to the applicable national and international standards.

- 1. We herewith declare that the above mentioned products meet the transposition into national law, the provisions of the following EC Council Directives and Standards. All the supporting documentations are retained under the premises of the manufacturer.
- Company undertakes to manufacture the products as per National/ International Standards and following quality management system as per EN ISO 13485:2012/ ISO 13485:2016 & ISO 9001:2008.
- Company authorizes the notified body to carry out necessary inspection and agrees to supply the required information & data/documents from time to time.
- Company agrees to make available all relevant Documents & Data of the products to the National and competent Authority for a period ending 05 years for IVD reagents and kits after the last product has been manufactured.
- Company &/or his authorized representative shall fulfill the obligations imposed by Annex I of Directive 98/79/EC as amended & ensures & declares that the Company's Products shall meet all provision of the directive as applicable.
- Company undertakes to keep up to date a systematic procedure to review experience gained during post production phase and to implement appropriate means to apply any necessary corrective action taking account of the nature & risk in relation to the product.
- Company undertakes to notify immediately any malfunction /deterioration of the performance of the device to the appropriate authority and shall recall such devices already placed in the market

General applicable

DIRECTIVE 98/79/EC OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of

directives:

27 October 1998 on in vitro diagnostic medical devices

List of Standard Applied:

EN 13975:2003, EN 13641:2002, EN 13612 : 2002, EN 14136:2004, BS EN

1041:2008+A1:2013, BS EN 62366-1:2015, EN ISO 13485:2016, ISO 14971:2019, EN ISO 18113-1: 2011, EN ISO 18113-2: 2011, EN ISO 15193:2009, EN ISO 15194:2009 EN ISO 17511:2003, EN ISO 23640:2015, EN ISO 15223-1:2021, ISO 14644-1: 2015.

ISO 14644-2: 2015, BS EN ISO 14644-3: 2019, ISO 14644-4: 2001

Conformity Assessment

Route:

Annex: IV of Directive 98/79/EC on In vitro Diagnostic Medical Devices

Device Classification:

List A device as per Annex II of Directive 98/79/EC

European Authorized

Obelis s.a.

Representative:

Bd., General Wahis 53, 1030, Brussels, Belgium.

T+32.2.732.5954 F+32.2.732.6003

E mail@obelis.net

CE Certificate No.:

1434-IVDD-108/2018

CE Certificate Valid till:

12-07-2023

Notifying Body:

Signature:

Polish Centre for Testing and Certification (CE1434)

Name:

Mr. Ram Kanoie

Designation:

Head, Quality Assurance

Date/Location:

Date:

Location: Vapi, Gujarat, INDIA





Format No: SOP/QCD/IMG/021/F2-01

Supersedes No: SOP/QCD/IMG/021/F2-00

PRODUCT NAME :	Merilisa HBsAg	COA No:	HPB23020	
LOT NO.:	MI0923033	PRODUCT CODE:	HPBELI-01	
DATE OF RELEASE :	18/09/2023	MFG DATE.:	2023.09.14	
BATCH/LOT QTY:	2010 Kits	EXP DATE.:	2025.03.13	
BATCH/LOT RELEASED QTY:	2005 Kits	QC SAMPLED QTY:	04 Kits	
STORAGE AT 2°- 8°C (Do Not Freeze)				

KIT CONTAINS OF:

SR.NO.:	REAGENTS	QUANTITY	
1	HBsAg antibody coated Microplate	1 X 96 Tests	
2	Negative control	1 X 1.0ml	
3	Positive Control	1 X 1.0 ml	
4	Washing Solution (20X)	1 X 30.0ml	
5	Conjugate (51X)	1 X 0.25 ml	
6	Conjugate Diluent	1 X 8.0 ml	
7	Substrate Solution	1 X 12.0 ml	
8	Stop Solution	1 X 6.0 ml	
ACCESSORIES:			
9	Adhesive strips	2 X 12 Strips	
10	Pack Insert	1 Nos.	

KIT PERFORMENCE TEST:

SR NO.:	TEST PARAMETERS	SPECIFICATIONS	OBTAINED RESULTS
1 .	Kit Negative Control	Absorbance (OD) < 0.100	Absorbance (OD) = 0.007
2	Kit Positive Control	Absorbance (OD) > 1.000	Absorbance (OD) = 2.295

SR NO.:	TEST PARAMETERS	SPECIFICATIONS	OBTAINED RESULTS
3.	Diagnostic Specificity:		
3.1	Carry out the test with 148	should give absorbance less than	All 148 HBsAg negative serum /
	Nos. of Negative Human Serum	the cut off value ($NCx + 0.100$) at	Plasma samples given absorbance
	/ Plasma Samples.	450nm using 630nm as reference	less than the cut off value at 450 nm
		wavelength by HBsAg ELISA using	using 630 nm as reference
		reagents of the same kit.	wavelength by HBsAg ELISA using
			reagents of the same kit. chostic

Meril Diagnostics Private Limited | CIN: U33110GJ2011PTC064994

Registered Office: Meril Park, D1-D3, Survey No 135/2/B & 174/2, Muktanand Marg, Chala, Vapi, 396191,

T: +91-260-2408000 | F: +91-260-2408025 | E: diagnostics@merillife.com | W: www.merillife.com

Lot No: MI0923033

Page 1 of 2



Format No: SOP/QCD/IMG/021/F2-01

Supersedes No: SOP/QCD/IMG/021/F2-00

SR NO.:	TEST PARAMETERS	SPECIFICATIONS	OBTAINED RESULTS
4.	Diagnostic Sensitivity:		
4.1	Carry out the test with 24 Nos.	should give absorbance greater than	All 24 HBsAg positive serum
	of HBsAg Positive Serum /	the cut off value ($NCx + 0.100$) at	samples given absorbance greater
	Plasma Samples.	450 nm using 630nm as reference	than the cut off value at 450 nm
		wavelength by HBsAg ELISA using	using 630 nm as reference
		reagents of the same kit.	wavelength by HBsAg ELISA using
			reagents of the same kit.
5.	End Point Dilution:		
5.1	End point dilution of HBsAg	Should give Positive result up to	
	positive serum sample	≥1 :64000, end point dilution of	
	[MQC 153]	HBsAg Positive Serum Sample.	1:256000
		[MQC 153]	
6.	Product Information	Verified or not	
6.1	Lot Number :	Yes No	
6.2	Mfg Date :	Yes No No	
6.3	Exp Date :	Yes No No	

Results: Sensitivity = 100 %

Specificity = 100 %

<u>Conclusion</u>: The above results are complies / Does not comply with in house standard specification as mentioned in the reference Doc.No.TS/FG/HPBELI/QCI/016.

	Tested By	Approved By
Signature :	Rys.	Maire
Date :	18/09/2023	18/09/2023
Name :	Josties Patel	Manish Naire
Designation :	Se Esecutive ac	St. Manager de

Meril Diagnostics Private Limited | CIN: U33110GJ2011PTC064994

Registered Office : Meril Park, D1-D3, Survey No 135/2/B & 174/2, Muktanand Marg, Chala, Vapi, 396191, Gujarat, India

T: +91-260-2408000 | F: +91-260-2408025 | E: diagnostics@merillife.com | W: www.merillife.com

Lot No : MI0923033

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Format No: SOP/QCD/IMG/021/F2-01

Supersedes No: SOP/QCD/IMG/021/F2-00

PRODUCT NAME :	Merilisa HCV	COA No:	HPC23018			
LOT NO.:	MI0823037	PRODUCT CODE:	HPCELI-03			
DATE OF RELEASE:	19/08/2023	MFG DATE.:	2023.08.16			
BATCH/LOT QTY:	2010 Kits	EXP DATE.:	2024.11.15			
BATCH/LOT RELEASED QTY:	2005 Kits	QC SAMPLED QTY:	04 Kits			
STORAGE AT 2°- 8°C (Do Not Freeze)						

KIT CONTAINS OF:

SR.NO.:	REAGENTS	QUANTITY			
1	HCV äntigen coated Microplate	1 X 96 Tests			
2	Sample Diluent	1 X 12 ml			
3	Negative control	1 X 0.400ml			
4	Positive Control	1 X 0.400 ml			
5	Washing Solution (20X)	1 X 30.0ml			
6	Conjugate (51X)	1 X 0.400 ml			
7	Conjugate Diluent	1 X 15 ml			
8	Substrate Solution	1 X 12 ml			
9	Stop Solution	1 X 6 ml			
ACCESSO	RIES:				
10	Adhesive strips	2 X 12 Strips			
11	Pack Insert	1 Nos.			

KIT PERFORMENCE TEST:

SR NO.:	TEST PARAMETERS	SPECIFICATIONS	OBTAINED RESULTS
1	Kit Negative Control	Absorbance (OD) = < 0.100	Absorbance (OD) = 0.006
2	Kit Positive Control	Absorbance (OD)= > 1.000	Absorbance (OD) = 2.330

SR NO.:	TEST	SPECIFICATION	RESULTS			
3.	Diagnostic Specificity:					
3.1	Carry out the test with	should give absorbance less than	All 148 Anti-HCV negative human			
	Anti-HCV Negative Human	the cut off value ($NCx + 0.200$) at	serum / Plasma samples given			
	Serum / Plasma Samples.	450nm using 630nm as reference	absorbance less than the cut off value			
	[N=148]	wavelength by HCV ELISA using	at 450 nm using 630 nm as reference			
		reagents of the same kit.	wavelength by HCV ELISA using			
			reagents of the same kit.			

Meril Diagnostics Private Limited | CIN: U33110GJ2011PTC064994

Registered Office: Meril Park, D1-D3, Survey No 135/2/B & 174/2, Muktanand Marg, Chala, Vapi, 396191, Gujarat, 196191

 $T: +91-260-2408000 \mid F: +91-260-2408025 \mid E: diagnostics \underline{@merillife.com} \mid W: \underline{www.merillife.com} \mid W: \underline{www.merillif$

Lot No: MI0823037



Format No: SOP/QCD/IMG/021/F2-01

Supersedes No: SOP/QCD/IMG/021/F2-00

SR NO.:	TEST	SPECIFICATION	RESULTS			
4.	Diagnostic Sensitivity:					
4.1	Carry out the test with Anti-HCV	should give absorbance greater than	All 24 Anti-HCV positive serum			
	Positive Serum / Plasma Samples. [N=24]	the cut off value ($NCx + 0.200$) at	samples given absorbance greater than the cut off value at 450 nm using			
		450 nm using 630nm as reference wavelength by HCV ELISA using	630 nm as reference wavelength by			
		reagents of the same kit.	HCV ELISA using reagents of the			
			same kit.			
5.	Analytical Sensitivity:					
5.1	End point dilution of Anti-HCV	Should give Positive result up to				
	positive serum sample	≥1 :160, end point dilution of				
	[MQC 154]	Anti-HCV Positive Serum Sample.	1:320			
	i e	[MQC 154]				
6.	Product Information	Verified or not				
6.1	Lot Number :	Yes No No				
6.2	Mfg Date :	Yes No				
6.3	Exp Date :	Yes No				

Results: Sensitivity = 100 %

Specificity = 100 %

<u>Conclusion</u>: The above product Complies / does not comply with our In-House Specification as mentioned in the Reference Doc.No.TS/FG/HPCELI/QCI/089.

	Tested By	Approved By
Signature :	ARS.	Marie
Date :	1910818083	1910812023
Name :	Joseph Patel	Manish Nalis
Designation :	8-2. Executivle/ our	ST-Manager Do

Meril Diagnostics Private Limited | CIN: U33110GJ2011PTC064994

Registered Office: Meril Park, D1-D3, Survey No 135/2/B & 174/2, Muktanand Marg, Chala, Vapi, 396191, Gujarat, India

T: +91-260-2408000 | F: +91-260-2408025 | E: diagnostics@merillife.com | W: www.merillife.com

Lot No: MI0823037

Page 2 of 2







Product Service

Certificate

No. Q5 114470 0002 Rev. 00

Holder of Certificate: Meril Diagnostics Pvt.Ltd.

Second Floor, D1-D3, Meril Park,

Survey No.135/2/B & 174/2, Muktanand Marg, Chala

Vapi 396191 INDIA

Certification Mark:



Scope of Certificate: Design and Development, Manufacture and Distribution of In

Vitro Diagnostic Reagents and Kits for Biochemistry,

Hematology, Immunology and Molecular Biology including Point

of Care Testing (POCT) Strips,

The Provision of Manufacturing and Distribution Service for Monoclonal & Polyclonal Antibody for In Vitro Diagnostic

Immunology Reagents,

Manufacturing, Distribution, Installation and Servicing of In Vitro Diagnostic Instruments (Semi automated Biochemistry Analyzers, Full automated Biochemistry Analyzers, ELISA Processors, Hematology Analyzers, Coagulation Analyzers, Electrolyte Analyzers, Molecular Diagnostics Analyzers, Diabetic

Management Analyzers and POCT Devices)

The Certification Body of TÜV SÜD Product Service GmbH certifies that the company mentioned above has established and is maintaining a quality management system, which meets the requirements of the listed standard(s). All applicable requirements of the testing and certification regulation of TÜV SÜD Group have to be complied with. For details and certificate validity see: www.tuvsud.com/ps-cert?q=cert:Q5 114470 0002 Rev. 00

Report No.: IND2021150_CN

 Valid from:
 2022-07-13

 Valid until:
 2025-03-13

Christoph Dicks

Head of Certification/Notified Body

Date, 2022-07-13





Certificate

No. Q5 114470 0002 Rev. 00

Applied Standard(s): EN ISO 13485:2016

Medical devices - Quality management systems -

Requirements for regulatory purposes

(ISO 13485:2016) DIN EN ISO 13485:2016

Facility(ies): Meril Diagnostics Pvt.Ltd.

Second Floor, D1-D3, Meril Park,, Survey No.135/2/B & 174/2,

Muktanand Marg, Chala, Vapi 396191, INDIA

see scope of certificate

-/-



CERTIFICATEOF REGISTRATION

This is to certify that the management system of:

Meril Life Sciences Pvt. Ltd.

Main Site: Survey No. 135/2/A & 135/2/B and 174/2, Vapi - 396191, Gujarat, India

See appendix for additional sites and additional site scopes

has been registered by Intertek as conforming to the requirements of:

ISO 14001:2015

Organization was certified by another Certification Body before 22/03/2021.

The management system is applicable to:

Manufacturing of Medical Devices like Balloon Catheters, Stents, Heart Valves and Tissue Valves.

Certificate Number:

0114155

Initial Certification Date:

07 April 2018

Last Certificate Expiry Date:

06 April 2021

Date of Last Recertification Audit:

31 March 2021

Certification Cycle Start Date:

21 May 2021

Issuing Date:

26 May 2021

Valid Until:

06 April 2024



Calin Moldovean

President, Business Assurance

Intertek Certification Limited, 10A Victory Park, Victory Road, Derby DE24 8ZF, United Kingdom

Intertek Certification Limited is a UKAS accredited body under schedule of accreditation no. 014.







APPENDIX TO CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION

This appendix identifies the locations covered by the management system of:

Meril Life Sciences Pvt. Ltd.

This appendix is linked to the Main Certificate # 0114155 and cannot be shown nor reproduced without it.

Meril Diagnostics Private Limited

Survey No. 135/2/B and 174/2, Vapi - 396191, Gujarat, India

Manufacturing of Analyzers and Reagents for Clinical Biochemistry, Hematology, Immunology (ELISA & CLIA), Rapids, Blood Grouping Reagents Coagulation, Critical Care, Diabetes Management and Lab Consumables.

Meril Healthcare Private Limited

Survey No. 135/2/B and 174/2, Vapi - 396191, Gujarat, India

Manufacturing of Orthopedic Implants like Bone Plate, Bone Screw, Bone Nails, Hip and Knee Implants, Instruments for Hip and Knee.







This is to certify that the QUALITY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

of

MERIL DIAGNOSTICS PVT. LTD.

Second Floor, D1- D3, Meril Park, Survey No. 135/2/B & 174/2, Muktanand Marg, Chala, Vapi- 396191, Gujarat, India

has been assessed and found to be in conformance to the requirements of

ISO 9001:2015

This certificate is valid for the following activity:

Design, Development, Manufacture, Storage and Distribution of In-Vitro Diagnostic Biochemistry, Haematology, Immunology, Molecular Biology and POCT-Strips, Reagents & Kits. Design Development, Manufacture, Storage, Distribution, Installation and Servicing of In- Vitro Diagnostic Analyzers.

Manufacturing and Supply of Raw Material (Animal Plasma/Serum) used for Production of Diagnostic Reagent and Kits, Purchase for Re-Sale of Elisa Processors, Coagulation Analyzers and POCT Devices

IAF Code: 19 NACE Code: 26.5, 26.6

Certificate No.: DI-21030501

Date of initial registration 05-03-2021
Date of this certificate 05-03-2021
Certificate Expiry 04-03-2022*
Recertification Due 04-03-2024

Belingh Auth Sign

*Registration is subject to the system being continually maintained to the above standard under regular surveillance.

To check the certification validity please visit our website- www.isplcert.com or contact at- isplcert@gmail.com







Indraprastha SystemCert Pvt. Ltd.

Accredited by EIAC, A Member of International Accreditation Forum

For updated information of Certification, visit- www.isplcert.com, or E Mail: info@isplcert.com, isplcert@gmail.com

If one of the Negative Control wells has an absorbance more than 0.10 O. D. above the mean of two, discard that value and calculate the new Negative Control mean from two remaining replicates.

Cut-off value

Calculate the Cut-off value by adding 0.10 to the mean of the Negative Control replicates.

Mean Negative Control = 0.010

Cut-off value = 0.010 + 0.100 = 0.110

QUALITY CONTROL

Results of an assay are valid if the following criteria for the controls are met:

Negative Control

The mean absorbance must be less than 0.10.

Positive Controls

The absorbance of each of the Positive Controls should be more than 1.0

Assays which do not meet these criteria should be repeated. In the unlikely event of the results repeatedly failing to meet either the Quality Control criteria or the expected performance of the test, please contact your representative.

INTERPRETATION OF RESULTS

Non-reactive Results

Samples giving an absorbance less than the Cut-off value are considered negative in the assay.

Reactive Results

Samples giving an absorbance equal to or greater than the Cut-off value are considered initially reactive in the assay.

Note: Samples which are found reactive should be retested in duplicate using the original source. Samples that are reactive in at least one of the duplicate retests are considered repeatedly reactive in Merilisa HBsAg and are presumed to contain HBsAg. Such samples should be further investigated and the presence of HBsAg confirmed by other tests. Samples that are non-reactive i.e. with an absorbance less than that of the Cut-off value, should be considered non-reactive for HBsAg.

LIMITATIONS OF PROCEDURE

- 1. The Test Procedure and Interpretation of Results must be followed.
- 2. This test has only been evaluated for use with individual serum, EDTA plasma or citrate plasma samples. Merilisa HBsAg has not been evaluated for any other purpose.

Consult Instruction for Use

- A negative result with an antibody detection test does not preclude the possibility of infection.
- 4. Non-repeatable reactive results may be obtained with any EIA procedure.
- 5. The most common sources of error are: a) Imprecise delivery of Sample, Conjugate or Substrate into the wells. b) Contamination of Substrate with Conjugate. c) Contamination with conjugates from other assays. d) Blocked or partially blocked washer probes. e) Insufficient aspiration leaving a small volume of Washing solution in the wells. f) Failure to ensure that the bottom surface of the wells is clean and dry, and that no air bubbles are present on the surface of the liquid in the wells before a plate is read. g) Failure to read at the correct wavelength or use of an incorrect reference wavelength.
- The use of highly haemolysed samples, incompletely clotted sera, plasma samples containing fibrin or samples with microbial contamination may give rise to erroneous results.

SPECIFIC PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

The performance of Merilisa HBsAg has been determined by in-house testing of 760 samples, Merilisa HBsAg assay demonstrated a specificity of 100 % and a sensitivity of

Merilisa HBsAq demonstrated the analytical sensitivity of 0.4 PEIU/ml.

BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Blumberg, B.S., Sutnick, A.I., London, W.T., (1968) Hepatitis and leukemia: their relation to Australia antigen. Bull. N.Y. Acad. Med.; 44(12): 1566-1586.
- 2. Taylor, R.N., Fulford, K.M., (1976) Results of the Center for Disease control Proficiency Testing Program for the detection of hepatitis B surface antigen. J Clin Microbiol.; 4(1): 32-39.
- 3. Scheiblauer, H., El-Nageh, M., Diaz, S., Nick, S., Zeichhardt, H., Grunert, H.P., Prince, A., (2009) Performance evaluation of 70 hepatitis B virus (HBV) surface antigen (HBsAg) assays from around the world by a geographically diverse panel with an array of HBV genotypes and HBsAg subtypes. Vox Sang.; 98: 403-414.

QA0I -701.09 Rev 00, Dt. 01/04/2013



MERILISA HBsAg

Enzyme immunoassay for detection of HBsAg in human serum or plasma Product Code: HPBELI-01

For in vitro diagnostic use

INTENDED USE

MERILISA HBsAg is Enzyme immunoassay for the qualitative determination of Hepatitis B surface antigen in human serum or plasma by healthcare professional.

SUMMARY AND EXPLANATION OF THE TEST

Hepatitis B is a disease caused by a viral infection. Throughout the various serological markers appear infection among which is the HBsAg. In 1964, Blumberg et al. first detected HBsAg in the serum of an Australian Aboriginal an antigen reacted with an antibody serum from a haemophiliac patient New York. Hepatitis B virus (HBV) is an enveloped DNA virus. During infection, HBV produces an excess of hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAg), which can be detected in the blood of infected individuals. HBsAg is the first serological marker after infection with HBV appearing one to ten weeks after exposure and two to eight weeks before the onset of hepatitis. HBsAq persists during this acute phase and clears late in the convalescence period. Failure to clear HBsAg within six months indicates a chronic HBsAg carrier state.

Merilisa HBsAg employs HBsAg specific antibody and is expected to detect HBsAg in human serum or plasma. Consequently potentially infectious samples of serum, EDTA plasma or citrate plasma can be identified.

PRINCIPLE OF THE PROCEDURE

Merilisa HBsAg is based on microwells coated with monoclonal anti-HBsAq Antibody. The Conjugate is polyclonal anti-HBsAg antibody labelled with horseradish peroxidase.

Samples and controls are incubated in the wells and HBsAg if present bind to the monoclonal anti-HBsAg antibody on the microwell. In a subsequent step, Conjugate is added which in turn binds to any specific antigen already bound to the antibody on the well. Unbound Conjugate is washed away and a solution containing 3, 3', 5, 5'-tetramethylbenzidine (TMB) and hydrogen peroxide is added to the wells. Wells with bound Conjugate develop a blue to bluish green colour which is converted to an yellow to orange colour when the reaction is stopped with sulphuric acid. After incubation the reactions are stopped with sulphuric acid and the colour is read spectrophotometrically. The intensity of colour produced in the wells is directly proportional to the concentration of HBsAg in the sample. Wells containing negative samples remain colourless.

REAGENTS

DESCRIPTION, PREPARATION FOR USE AND RECOMMENDED STORAGE CONDITIONS

1. HBsAg Ab Coated Microplate

One plate of 96 microwells coated with monoclonal anti-HBsAg antibody. If less than the whole plate is being used allow the wells to reach room temperature (18 to 30°C) before removal from the bag. Place unused wells in the sealable storage bag provided and return to 2 to 8°C. Once opened, microwells should be used within one month.

2. Negative Control

Vial containing 1.0 ml of normal human serum with preservative. Negative control has been tested and found negative for anti-HIV 1+2, HBsAg, Anti-HCV and Syphilis.

3. Positive Control

Vial containing 1.0 ml of inactivated human serum in a buffer containing protein with preservative. Positive control has been tested and found negative for Anti-HIV 1+2, Anti-HCV and Syphilis.

4. Washing Solution (20X)

Bottle containing 20 times working strength Phosphate Buffer Saline Wash Solution with detergent. Add one volume of Washing Solution Concentrate to 19 volumes of distilled or deionised water to give the required volume. If the Crystals are observed in the Washing Solution (20X), dissolve crystals by keeping Washing Solution (20X) at 37°C until the crystals dissolves. Store the diluted Washing Solution at 18 to 30°C in a closed vessel under which conditions it will retain activity for one month.

Conjugate (51X)

Vial containing polyclonal Anti-HBsAg conjugated to HRP with protein stabilizers and preservatives. Bottle containing 51 times working strength conjugates. Add one volume of Conjugate Concentrate to 50 volumes of Conjugate Diluent to give the required volume.

6. Conjugate Diluent

Bottle containing solution consisting of buffer, bovine protein, preservatives and detergent.

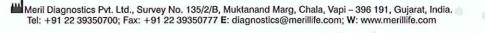
Symbols used on Meril Diagnostics labels:

Catalogue No Batch No.

In Vitro Diagnostics Manufacturing Date

Expiry Date

Storage temperature Manufacturer



Preparation Working conjugate solution

Dilute Conjugate (51X), 1:50 with Conjugate Diluent as per Table1.

Table 1:

No. of Strips	1	2	4	6	8	10	12
Conjugate Diluent, mL	0.5	1	2	3	4	5	6
Conjugate (51X), µL	10	20	40	60	80	100	120

Store the diluted Conjugate at 2 to 8°C in a closed vessel under which conditions it will retain activity for 48 hours.

7. Substrate Solution

Bottle containing colourless solution of 3, 3', 5, 5' tetramethylbenzidine and hydrogen peroxide and stabilizers.

8. Stop Solution

Bottle containing colourless solution of diluted mineral acid and stabilizers.

WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS

The reagents are for *in vitro* diagnostic use only. For professional use only.

SPECIMEN COLLECTION, TRANSPORT AND STORAGE SPECIMEN COLLECTION

Serum, EDTA plasma or citrate plasma samples may be used. Ensure that the serum samples are fully clotted. Remove any visible particulate matter from the sample by centrifugation.

SPECIMEN TRANSPORT AND STORAGE

Store the samples at 2 to 8°C. Samples not required for assay within 7 days should be stored frozen (-15°C or colder). Avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles. After thawing ensure samples are thoroughly mixed before testing.

MATERIALS REQUIRED BUT NOT PROVIDED

- Freshly distilled or high quality deionised water is required for dilution of Washing Solution for use in conjunction with automated washers.
- Calibrated Micropipettes and Multichannel micropipettes of appropriate volume.
- Incubator capable of maintaining the temperature limits required as per assay protocol.
- 4. Instrumentation
 - a. Automated microplate strip washer.
 - Microplate reader or Fully automated microplate processor.

- c. All instruments must be validated before use.
- Please contact your representative for details of recommended systems, software protocols for instrumentation and validation procedures.
- Disposable Reagent Troughs.
- Sodium hypochlorite for disposal of hazardous substance or remnants of the assay.

PRECAUTIONS

- Potentially contaminated materials should be disposed of safely according to local requirements.
- 2. Spillage of potentially infectious materials should be removed immediately with absorbent paper tissue and the contaminated area swabbed with, for example, 1.0% sodium hypochlorite before work is continued. Sodium hypochlorite should not be used on acid-containing spills unless the spill area is first wiped dry. Materials used to clean spills, including gloves, should be disposed of as potentially biohazardous waste. Do not autoclave materials containing sodium hypochlorite.
- 3. Neutralised acids and other liquid waste should be decontaminated by adding a sufficient volume of sodium hypochlorite to obtain a final concentration of at least 1.0%. A 30 minute exposure to 1.0% sodium hypochlorite may be necessary to ensure effective decontamination.
- Do not pipette by mouth. Wear disposable gloves and eye protection while handling specimens and performing the assay. Wash hands thoroughly when finished.
- The following reagents contain low concentrations of harmful or irritant substances: a) The Conjugate Diluent and Sample Diluent contain ProClinR300 which can be absorbed through the skin and is a sensitising agent.
- Sulphuric acid used in Stop Solution is corrosive and should be handled with appropriate care. If either come into contact with the skin or eyes, wash thoroughly with water.
- If any of the reagents come into contact with the skin or eyes wash the area extensively with water.
- Do not use the reagents beyond the stated expiry date.
- Follow Good Laboratory Practice to avoid microbiological contamination of reagents as this may reduce the life of the product and cause erroneous results.
- 10. Do not modify the Test Procedure or substitute reagents from other manufacturers or other lots unless the reagent is stipulated as interchangeable. Do not reduce any of the recommended incubation times.

- Allow all reagents and samples to come to 18 to 30°C before use. Immediately after use return reagents to the recommended storage temperature.
- Do not expose reagents to strong light or hypochlorite fumes during storage or during incubation steps.
- Do not allow wells to become dry during the assay procedure.
- 14. Do not cross-contaminate reagents. It is recommended to use dedicated separate pipettes for use with the Substrate Solution and Conjugate.
- 15. Do not touch or splash the rim of the well with Conjugate. Do not blow out from micropipettes; reverse pipetting is recommended whenever possible.
- 16. Ensure that the bottom of the plate is clean and dry and that no bubbles are present on the surface of the liquid before reading the plate.
- Do not contaminate microwells with dust from disposable gloves.
- Ensure the assay is run within the recommended temperature limits in the assay protocol.
- 19. Do not use CO₂ Incubators.
- 20. Do not store the Stop Solution in a shallow dish or return it to a stock bottle after use.
- 21. The possibility of cross contamination between assays needs to be excluded when validating assay protocols on instrumentation.

TEST PROCEDURE

Step 1: Prepare working Conjugate solution and Washing solution.

Step 2: Use only the number of wells required for the test. Avoid touching the tops or bottoms of the wells.

Step 3: Add 50 µl of Samples and Controls to the wells.

For each plate use the first column of wells for the assay Controls. Add the Controls to the designated wells after dispensing the samples. Pipette 50 μ l of the Negative Control into each of three wells B1 to D1 and 50 μ l of the Positive Control into wells E1 and F1 respectively. Do not add anything in Blank well (A1).

Use of a white background will aid visualisation of sample addition.

Step 4: Add 50 μ I of Conjugate to all wells except blank well (A1).

Step 5: Cover the wells with adhesive strip(s) and incubate for 60 mins at 37° C \pm 1°C.

Step 6: At the end of the incubation, discard the content of the plate. Aspirate the contents of the wells and fill them completely (approximately $350 \,\mu$ l) with the diluted washing solution. Repeat the process of aspiration and washing 4 more times. Ensure that each column of wells soaks for at least 30 seconds before the next aspiration cycle. After the

last washing blot the microplate on absorbent tissue to remove any excess liquid from the wells.

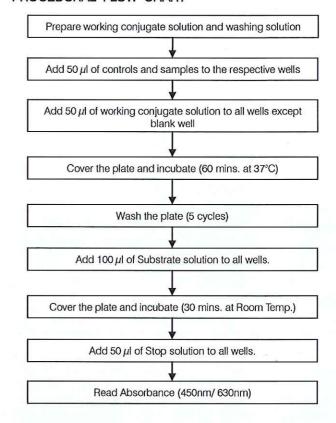
Step 7: Immediately after washing the plate, add 100 μ l of Substrate Solution to each well.

Step 8: Cover the wells with adhesive strip(s) and **incubate** for **30 mins** at room temperature. Keep away from direct sunlight. A Blue or bluish green colour should develop in wells containing reactive samples.

Step 9: Add 50 μ l of Stop Solution to each well.

Step 10: Within 15 minutes **read** the absorbance at 450 nm using 630 nm as the reference wavelength.

PROCEDURAL FLOW CHART



RESULTS

CALCULATION OF RESULTS

Each plate must be considered separately when calculating and interpreting results of the assay.

Approved software may be used for calculation and interpretation of results.

Negative Control

Calculate the mean absorbance of the Negative Controls.

Well 1 = 0.009, Well 2 = 0.010, Well 3 = 0.011

Total = 0.030

Mean Negative Control = 0.030/3 = 0.010

Approved software may be used for calculation and interpretation of results.

Negative Control

Calculate the mean absorbance of the Negative Controls. Example:

Well 1 = 0.009, Well 2 = 0.010, Well 3 = 0.011Total = 0.030

Mean Negative Control = 0.030/3 = 0.010

If one of the Negative Control wells has an absorbance more than 0.10 O. D. above the mean of two, discard that value and calculate the new Negative Control mean from two remaining replicates.

Cut-off value

Calculate the Cut-off value by adding 0.200 to the mean of the Negative Control replicates.

Mean Negative Control = 0.010 Cut-off value = 0.010 + 0.200 = 0.210

QUALITY CONTROL

Results of an assay are valid if the following criteria for the controls are met:

Negative Control

The mean absorbance must be less than 0.10.

Positive Control

The absorbance of each of the Positive Controls should be more than 1.0

Assays which do not meet these criteria should be repeated. In the unlikely event of the results repeatedly failing to meet either the Quality Control criteria or the expected performance of the test, please contact your representative.

INTERPRETATION OF RESULTS

Non-reactive Results

Samples giving an absorbance less than the Cut-off value are considered negative in the assay.

Reactive Results

Samples giving an absorbance equal to or greater than the Cut-off value are considered initially reactive in the assay.

Note: Samples which are found reactive should be retested in duplicate using the original source. Samples that are reactive in at least one of the duplicate retests are considered repeatedly reactive in Merilisa HCV and are presumed to contain antibodies to HCV. Such samples should be further investigated and the presence of antibodies against HCV confirmed by other tests. Samples that are non-reactive i.e. with an absorbance less than that of the Cut-off value, should be considered non-reactive for HCV antibodies.

LIMITATIONS OF PROCEDURE

- 1. The Test Procedure and Interpretation of Results must be followed.
- 2. This test has only been evaluated for use with individual serum, EDTA plasma or citrate plasma samples. Merilisa HCV has not been evaluated for any other purpose.
- 3. A negative result with an antibody detection test does not preclude the possibility of infection.
- 4. Non-repeatable reactive results may be obtained with any EIA procedure.
- 5. The most common sources of error are: a) Imprecise delivery of Sample, Conjugate or Substrate into the wells. b) Contamination of Substrate with Conjugate. c) Contamination with conjugates from other assays. d) Blocked or partially blocked washer probes. e) Insufficient aspiration leaving a small volume of Washing solution in the wells. f) Failure to ensure that the bottom surface of the wells is clean and dry, and that no air bubbles are present on the surface of the liquid in the wells before a plate is read. g) Failure to read at the correct wavelength or use of an incorrect reference wavelength.
- 6. The use of highly haemolysed samples, incompletely clotted sera, plasma samples containing fibrin or samples with microbial contamination may give rise to erroneous results.

SPECIFIC PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

The performance of Merilisa HCV has been determined by in-house testing of 625 samples, Merilisa HCV assay demonstrated a specificity of ≥ 99.5 % and a sensitivity of

BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Tang, E., (1991) Hepatitis C virus. A review.West Med.;155(2):164-168.
- 2. Neville, J.A., et. al. (1997) Antigenic variation of core, NS3, and NS5 proteins among genotypes of hepatitis C virus. J Clin Microbiol. ;35(12):3062-3070.
- 3. Tokeshi, S., Sata, M., et. al.(1993) Evaluation of first and second-generation assays for detection of antibody to hepatitis C virus innon-A, non-B chronic liver diseases--evaluation of 1st and 2nd-generation assays in NANBH. Kurume Med J.;40(1):27-32.
- 4. Vrielink, H., Reesink, H.W., et. al. (1997) Performance of three generations of anti-hepatitis C virus enzyme-linked immunosorbent assays donors and patients. Transfusion ;37(8):845-849.

QA0I -701.10

Ver 00, Dt. 01/04/2013



Enzyme immunoassay for the detection of antibodies to Hepatitis C Virus in human serum or plasma

Product Code: HPCELI-01



For in vitro diagnostic use Read this pack insert thoroughly before use

INTENDED USE

MERILISA HCV is Enzyme immunoassay for the qualitative determination of antibodies to Hepatitis C Virus in human serum or plasma by healthcare professional.

SUMMARY AND EXPLANATION OF THE TEST

Hepatitis C (HCV) is now recognised as the primary cause of transfusion associated hepatitis. HCV is a single stranded positive-sense RNA virus and is globally present. In acute presentation of HCV infection patients may develop jaundice, others may go on to develop chronic hepatitis with life threatening conditions such as cirrhosis and hepatocellular carcinoma. Diagnosis of HCV is mainly done by either direct detection of viral RNA by PCR or by detection of anti-HCV antibodies. Recombinant DNA techniques have been used to develop structural and nonstructural proteins derived from HCV RNA with utility for antibody screening. Anti-HCV assays have evolved as from 1st generation products, which incorporated NS4 proteins, but the sensitivity was low and then 3rd generation assays evolved which incorporates core (structural), NS3 protease/helicase (non-structural), NS4 (non-structural) and NS5 replicase (non-structural) proteins. Studies report that the third generation assays demonstrate significant improvements in sensitivity, particularly with regard to increased reactivity with the NS3 antigen and earlier detection of seroconversion.

Merilisa HCV is expected to detect human IgG to the HCV proteins i.e., Core, NS3, NS4 and NS5.

PRINCIPLE OF THE PROCEDURE

Merilisa HCV is based on microwells coated with HCV specific recombinant protein i.e., core, NS3, NS4 and NS5 derived from HCV RNA. The Conjugate is monoclonal antihuman IgG labelled with horseradish peroxidase.

Samples and controls are incubated in the wells and antibodies to HCV if present bind to the antigens on the microwell; sample and any excess antibodies are then washed away. In a subsequent step, Conjugate is added which in turn binds to any specific IgG already bound to the antigen on the well. Unbound Conjugate is washed away and a solution containing 3, 3', 5, 5'tetramethylbenzidine (TMB) and hydrogen peroxide is added to the wells. Wells with bound Conjugate develop a blue to bluish green colour which is converted to an yellow to orange colour when the reaction is stopped with sulphuric acid. After incubation the reactions are stopped

with sulphuric acid and the colour is read spectrophotometrically. The intensity of colour produced in the wells is directly propotional to the concentration of antibody to HCV in the sample. Wells containing negative samples remains colourless.

REAGENTS

USE AND DESCRIPTION, PREPARATION FOR RECOMMENDED STORAGE CONDITIONS

1. HCV Ag. Coated Microplate

One plate of 96 microwells coated with HCV antigens. If less than the whole plate is being used allow the wells to reach room temperature (18 to 30°C) before removal from the bag. Place unused wells in the sealable storage bag provided and return to 2 to 8°C. Once opened, microwells should be used within one month.

2. Sample Diluent

Bottle containing buffered solution containing proteins stabilizer, preservative, detergents and indicator dye for sample addition.

3. Negative Control

Vial containing 0.3 ml of normal human serum with preservative. Negative control has been tested and found negative for anti-HIV 1+2, HBsAg, Anti-HCV and Syphilis.

4. Positive Control

Vial containing 0.3 ml of inactivated human serum in a buffer containing protein with preservative. Positive control has been tested and found negative for HBsAg, Anti-HIV 1+2 and Syphilis.

5. Washing Solution (20X)

Bottle containing 20 times working strength Phosphate Buffer Saline Wash solution with detergent. Add one volume of Washing Solution Concentrate to 19 volumes of distilled or deionised water to give the required volume. If the Crystals are observed in the Washing Solution (20X), dissolve crystals by keeping Washing Solution (20X) at 37°C until the crystals dissolves. Store the diluted Washing Solution at 18 to 30°C in a closed vessel under which conditions it will retain activity for one month.

Symbols used on Meril Diagnostics labels:

Catalogue No

In Vitro Diagnostics

Manufacturing Date Batch No.

Expiry Date

Consult Instruction for Use Manufacturer Storage temperature

Meril Diagnostics Pvt. Ltd., Survey No. 135/2/B, Muktanand Marg, Chala, Vapi – 396 191, Gujarat, India. Tel: +91 22 39350700; Fax: +91 22 39350777 E: diagnostics@merillife.com; W: www.merillife.com

6. Conjugate (51X)

Vial containing Anti-human IgG conjugated to HRP with protein stabilizers and preservatives. Bottle containing 51 times working strength antibody conjugates. Add one volume of Conjugate Concentrate to 50 volumes of Conjugate Diluent to give the required volume.

7. Conjugate Diluent

Bottle containing solution consisting of buffer, bovine protein, preservatives and detergent.

Preparation of Working Conjugate Solution

Dilute Conjugate (51X), 1:50 with Conjugate Diluent as per **Table1**.

Table 1:

No. of Strips	1	2	4	6	8	10	12
Conjugate Diluent, mL	1.0	2.0	4.0	6.0	8.0	10	12
Conjugate (51X), µL	20	40	80	120	16	200	240

Store the diluted Conjugate at 2 to 8°C in a closed vessel under which conditions it will retain activity for 48 hours.

8. Substrate Solution

Bottle containing colourless solution of 3, 3', 5, 5' Tetramethylbenzidine, hydrogen peroxide and stabilizers.

9. Stop Solution

Bottle containing colourless solution of diluted mineral acid and stabilizers.

WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS

The reagents are for *in vitro* diagnostic use only. For professional use only.

SPECIMEN COLLECTION, TRANSPORT AND STORAGE SPECIMEN COLLECTION

Serum, EDTA plasma or citrate plasma samples may be used. Ensure that the serum samples are fully clotted. Remove any visible particulate matter from the sample by centrifugation.

SPECIMEN TRANSPORT AND STORAGE

Store the samples at 2 to 8°C. Samples not required for assay within 7 days should be stored frozen (-15°C or colder). Avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles. After thawing ensure samples are thoroughly mixed before testing.

MATERIALS REQUIRED BUT NOT PROVIDED

 Freshly distilled or high quality deionised water is required for dilution of Washing solution for use in conjunction with automated washers.

- Calibrated Micropipettes and Multichannel micropipettes of appropriate volume.
- 3. Incubator capable of maintaining the temperature limits required as per assay protocol.
- 4. Instrumentation
 - a. Automated microplate strip washer.
 - Microplate reader or Fully automated microplate processor.
- All instruments must be validated before use. Please contact your representative for details of recommended systems, software protocols for instrumentation and validation procedures.
- 6. Disposable Reagent Troughs.
- Sodium hypochlorite for disposal of hazardous substance or remnants of the assay.

PRECAUTIONS

- Potentially contaminated materials should be disposed of safely according to local requirements.
- 2. Spillage of potentially infectious materials should be removed immediately with absorbent paper tissue and the contaminated area swabbed with, for example, 1.0% sodium hypochlorite before work is continued. Sodium hypochlorite should not be used on acid-containing spills unless the spill area is first wiped dry. Materials used to clean spills, including gloves, should be disposed of as potentially biohazardous waste. Do not autoclave materials containing sodium hypochlorite.
- Neutralised acids and other liquid waste should be decontaminated by adding a sufficient volume of sodium hypochlorite to obtain a final concentration of at least 1.0%. A 30 minute exposure to 1.0% sodium hypochlorite may be necessary to ensure effective decontamination.
- Do not pipette by mouth. Wear disposable gloves and eye protection while handling specimens and performing the assay. Wash hands thoroughly when finished.
- The following reagents contain low concentrations of harmful or irritant substances: a) The Conjugate Diluent and Sample Diluent contain ProClinR300 which can be absorbed through the skin and is a sensitising agent.
- Sulphuric acid used in Stop Solution is corrosive and should be handled with appropriate care. If either come into contact with the skin or eyes, wash thoroughly with water.
- If any of the reagents come into contact with the skin or eyes wash the area extensively with water. Do not use the reagents beyond the stated expiry date.
- Follow Good Laboratory Practice to avoid microbiological contamination of reagents as this may reduce the life of the product and cause erroneous results.

- Do not modify the Test Procedure or substitute reagents from other manufacturers or other lots unless the reagent is stipulated as interchangeable. Do not reduce any of the recommended incubation times.
- Allow all reagents and samples to come to 18 to 30°C before use. Immediately after use return reagents to the recommended storage temperature.
- 11. Do not expose reagents to strong light or hypochlorite fumes during storage or during incubation steps.
- Do not allow wells to become dry during the assay procedure.
- Do not cross-contaminate reagents. It is recommended to use dedicated separate pipettes for use with the Substrate Solution and Conjugate.
- 14. Do not touch or splash the rim of the well with Conjugate. Do not blow out from micropipettes; reverse pipetting is recommended whenever possible.
- 15. Ensure that the bottom of the plate is clean and dry and that no bubbles are present on the surface of the liquid before reading the plate.
- Do not contaminate microwells with dust from disposable gloves.
- 17. Ensure the assay is run within the recommended temperature limits in the assay protocol.
- Do not use C02 Incubators.
- Do not store the Stop Solution in a shallow dish or return it to a stock bottle after use.
- The possibility of cross contamination between assays needs to be excluded when validating assay protocols on instrumentation.

TEST PROCEDURE

Step 1: Prepare working Conjugate solution and Washing solution.

Step 2: Use only the number of wells required for the test. Avoid touching the tops or bottoms of the wells.

Step 3: Add 100 μ I of Sample Diluent to each well. Do not add anything in Blank well (A1).

Step 4: Add 10 µl of Samples and Controls to the wells.

For each plate use the first column of wells for the assay Controls. Add the Controls to the designated wells after dispensing the samples. Pipette 10 μ l of the Negative Control into each of three wells B1 to D1 and 10 μ l of the anti-HCV Positive Controls into wells E1 and F1 respectively.

Use of a white background will aid visualisation of sample addition.

Step 5: Cover the wells with adhesive strip(s) and incubate for 30 mins at $37^{\circ}C \pm 1^{\circ}C$.

Step 6: At the end of the incubation, discard the content of the plate. Aspirate the contents of the wells and fill them completely (approximately 350 μ I) with the diluted washing solution. Repeat the process of aspiration and washing 4

more times. Ensure that each column of wells soaks for at least 30 seconds before the next aspiration cycle. After the last washing blot the microplate on absorbent tissue to remove any excess liquid from the wells.

Step 7: Immediately after washing the plate, add 100 μ l of Conjugate to all wells except blank well.

Step 8: Cover the wells with adhesive strip(s) and incubate for 30 mins at $37^{\circ}C \pm 1^{\circ}C$.

Step 9: At the end of the incubation time wash the plate as described in Step 6.

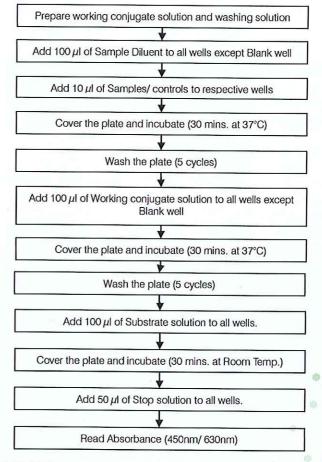
Step 10: Immediately after washing the plate, add 100 μ l of Substrate Solution to each well.

Step 11: Cover the wells with adhesive strip(s) and incubate for 30 mins at room temperature. Keep away from direct sunlight. A Blue or bluish green colour should develop in wells containing reactive samples.

Step 12: Add 50 µl of Stop Solution to each well.

Step 13: Within 15 minutes read the absorbance at 450 nm using 630 nm as the reference wavelength.

PROCEDURAL FLOW CHART



RESULTS

CALCULATION OF RESULTS

Each plate must be considered separately when calculating and interpreting results of the assay.