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PROVEN SAFETY & EFFICACY 1, 3, 4, 5



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## **COATING**

### **Paclitaxel**

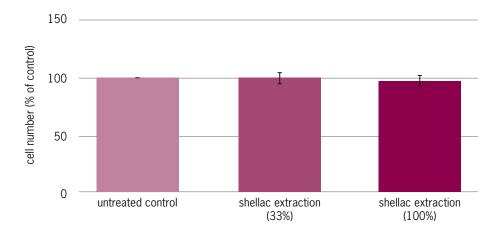
Paclitaxel is an active ingredient that inhibits the cell replication thus blocking the microtubules decomposition during the metaphase and anaphase stages of mitosis.

By selectively inhibiting the proliferation of smooth muscle cells, paclitaxel does not influence non-proliferating cells.

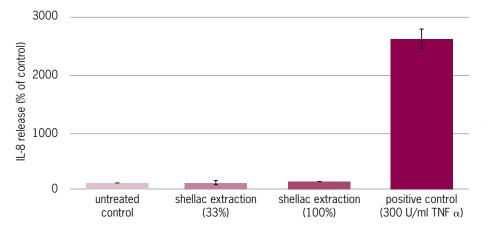
### Shellac

Shellac is a natural resin composed of shellolic and alleuritic acid. The excellent film forming properties of shellac are used to coat pharmaceutical products and in the food industry.

### Investigation of cytotoxicity



Shellac extracts do not impair viability and metabolic activity of EC & SMC<sup>1</sup>



Shellac extracts show no signs of pro-inflammatory activation<sup>1</sup>

### SHELLAC DOES NOT SHOW ANY CYTOTOXICITY - SHELLAC IS SAFE.

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## FREEWAY™ 035 - COATING CHARACTERISTICS

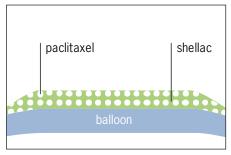
### **Amorphous Coating**

The durable non-crystalline bioshell coating homogenously covers the balloon surface and protects the drug from mechanical abrasion and early wash off, resulting in a low paclitaxel blood plasma concentration.



Paclitaxel blood plasma concentrations at 5, 10, 20 and 60 minutes after inflation (120 sec) with FREEWAY DEB.<sup>2</sup> Level of toxicity for paclitaxel plasma concentration calculated with a human body surface area of 1.9 m<sup>2</sup> and blood plasma content of 3.5l.<sup>3</sup>

- <sup>2</sup> Pavo N et al. "Coating of intravascular balloon with paclitaxel prevents constrictive remodeling of the dilated porcine femoral artery due to inhibition of intimal and media fibrosis." J Mater Sci Mater Med 2016 27(8): 131.
- <sup>3</sup> Margolis J et al. "Systemic nanoparticle paclitaxel (nab-paclitaxel) for in-stent restenosis I (SNAPIST-I): a first-in-human safety and dose-finding study." Clinical cardiology 2007 30(4): 165-170.



coated balloon deflated

blood vessel

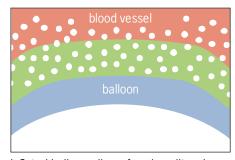
blood swollen shellac

balloon

in contact with blood

The FREEWAY™ 035 amorphous bioshell coating matrix consists of a 1:1 mixture of paclitaxel with shellac applied to the balloon surface by a micro-pipetting procedure in a clean room under sterile conditions. Paclitaxel is applied in a final concentration of 3 µg/mm².

In contact with body liquid the hydrophilic shellac matrix of the composite swells and opens the structure for the pressure-induced fast release of paclitaxel from the inflated balloon.



inflated balloon allows freed paclitaxel to enter the vessel wall

After balloon dilatation, injuries to the arterial wall stimulate inflammatory reaction, the excretion of growth factors and the onset of vascular smooth muscle cell division and migration to the intima. The FREEWAY™ 035 Paclitaxel-eluting PTA balloon catheter delivers a proper concentration of paclitaxel to the arterial wall, thus prevents restenosis and enhances a smooth re-endothelialization process after balloon dilatation.

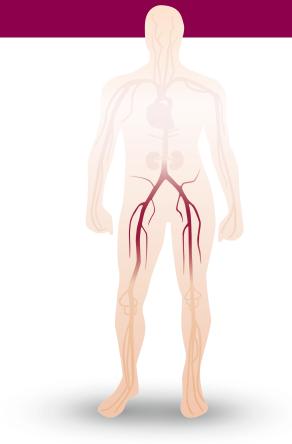


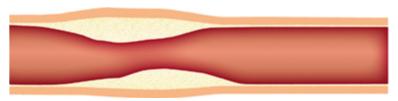
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## **HOW IT WORKS**

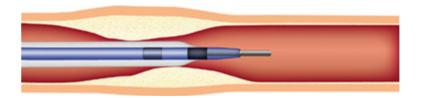
FREEWAY™ 035, peripheral PTA balloon 0.035" – An innovative concept with many benefits:

- Delivers drug locally over a short period of time
- Safety due to non-crystalline coating
- Crosses lesions smoothly due to the low profile
- Treats lesions where stents are not a viable solution
- Enables re-intervention

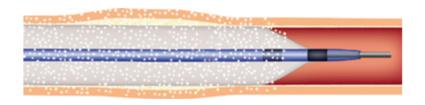




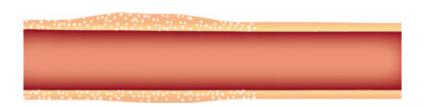
PTA causes vessel wall injury. Hyperplasia of the inner vessel wall resulting in lumen narrowing is the natural reaction to this injury.



After predilatation, the FREEWAY™ 035 Paclitaxel-eluting PTA balloon is advanced to the lesion site.



With the balloon well positioned, inflation for at least 120 seconds releases an optimal amount of the anti-proliferative drug.



The balloon is withdrawn as the drug penetrates into the artery wall. Paclitaxel will act immediately, over a short term, to inhibit cell re-growth. The shellac coating remains on the balloon.

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## FREEWAY™ 035 PRECLINICAL PROGRAM

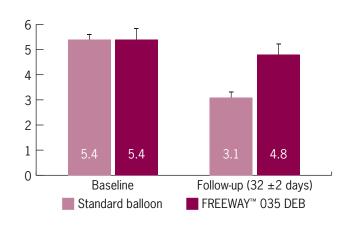
### FREEWAY™ 035 DEB

Domestic swine femoral arteries (n = 54) underwent percutaneous overstretch balloon dilation, controlled by optical coherence tomography **(OCT)**. Paclitaxel tissue uptake was measured at 1h, 1 and 3 days.

- No delay in endothelialization, no disadvantages in injury and inflammation score compared to standard balloon dilatation (femoral arteries 32 ± 2 days).
- FREEWAY™ 035 DEB demonstrated safety and efficacy in a preclinical model of overstretch injury in peripheral arteries.
- Reaching the effective concentration of paclitaxel in the arterial wall with FREEWAY™ 035 DEB inflation.

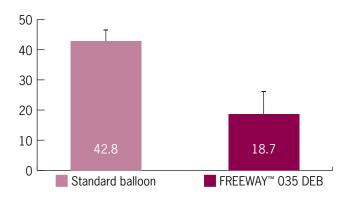
### Minimum Lumen Diameter (mm)

Minimum lumen diameter of femoral arteries at baseline and 32 days follow-up. FREEWAY™ 035 DEB inhibited fibrin accumulation in the intima and media, **leading to significantly less constrictive remodeling and reduced neointimal hyperplasia** of the injured vessel compared to uncoated balloons².



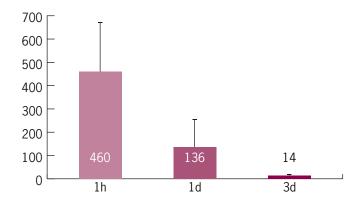
## Area Stenosis (mm²) at FU

Vessels treated with FREEWAY™ 035 DEB show **significantly lower area of stenosis** in at 32 days follow-up compared to uncoated balloon treatment².



## Tissue paclitaxel concentration (ng/mg) Inflation time 120s

Inflation of **120s** with FREEWAY™ DEB leads to long presence and high concentration of paclitaxel in the arterial wall² – crucial for inhibition of neointimal proliferation and restenosis.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Pavo N et al. "Coating of intravascular balloon with paclitaxel prevents constrictive remodeling of the dilated porcine femoral artery due to inhibition of intimal and media fibrosis." J Mater Sci Mater Med 2016 27(8): 131.

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## FREEWAY™ 035 CLINICAL PROGRAM

Evidence for the safety and efficacy of the FREEWAY™ 035 DEB

## FREEWAY™ △ 16.4% better Primary Patency

at 12 months compared to post-stent dilatation with standard balloon

## FREEWAY™ △ 27.3% better Primary Patency

at 12 months compared to PTA with standard balloon

## FREEWAY Stent Study<sup>4</sup>

### Study type and focus

- randomized multicenter trial in Austria and Germany
- 204 patients with *de novo* or restenotic lesions that needed stent implantation

#### Main findings at 12 months follow-up

- 1 significantly higher primary patency
- 2 clearly lower target lesion revascularization rate
- 3 significantly better improvement in Rutherford clinical classifications and
- proven safety due to low major adverse events rate

for patients treated with stent + FREEWAY™ 035 DEB compared to stent + standard balloon PTA.

### PACUBA Trial<sup>5</sup>

### Study type and focus

- · randomized study in Austria
- 74 patients with in-stent restenosis

#### Main findings at 12 months follow-up

- 1 significantly higher primary patency
- 2 clearly lower target lesion revascularization rate
- 3 clearly better improvement in Rutherford clinical classifications and
- proven safety due to low major adverse events rate

for patients treated with FREEWAY™ 035 DEB compared to standard balloon PTA.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Tacke J et al. "The Randomized Freeway Stent Study: Drug-Eluting Balloons Outperform Standard Balloon Angioplasty for Postdilatation of Nitinol Stents in the SFA and PI Segment." Cardiovasc Intervent Radiol 2019 42(11): 1513-1521.

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## ADVANCED PRODUCT FEATURES

## FREEWAY™ 035 DEB – balloons for successful peripheral interventions

- Wide spectrum of balloon catheters for treating long, diffuse lesions
  - Up to 230 mm balloon length
- Elaborated catheter technology with good crossability, trackability and pushability for treatment of diffuse lesions
  - Dual-lumen shaft design with hydrophilic lubricious coating on distal shaft
- Precise, controlled dilatation
  - Controlled compliance for accurate balloon vessel sizing
  - Flat shoulders
- · Short deflation time



#### **Dual-lumen catheter shaft**

Single inflation lumen for fast inflation and deflation times kinking resistant shaft material for crossover procedures



### Four-fold wrap balloon

4-folding for 4.0 and 5.0 mm



#### Five-fold wrap balloon

5-folding for 6.0 mm to 8.0 mm

## TECHNICAL DATA

FREEWAY™ 035 – DRUG-ELUTING PTA BALLOON TECHNOLOGY							
Design	Bilumen design – catheter						
Balloon diameter	4.0 / 5.0 / 6.0 / 7.0 and 8.0 mm						
Balloon length	20-230 mm						
Usable catheter length (tip to strain relief)	80 cm and 135 cm						
Guide wire diameter	0.035" (0.91 mm)						
Shaft coating	Hydrophilic						
Balloon coating	Paclitaxel (3 μg/mm²) within a shellac matrix (1:1 ratio)						
Balloon material	PA, Polyamid/Nylon						
Balloon folding	4-folding for 4 mm and 5 mm / 5-folding for 6 – 8 mm						
Balloon characteristic	Semi-compliant Semi-compliant						
Recommended introducer sheath	5 F for 4.0 $-$ 6.0 mm Diameter $/$ 6 F for 6.0 and length $\geq$ 100 mm $/$ 6 F for 7.0 and 8.0 mm Diameter						
Recommended balloon inflation time	120 sec						
Nominal pressure	6 atm						
	Balloon length 20 / 40 / 60 mm, Diameter 4 – 6 mm: 16 atm						
	Balloon length 20 / 40 / 60 mm, Diameter 7 – 8 mm: 14 atm						
Rated burst pressure	Balloon length 80 / 100 / 120 / 150 mm, Diameter 4 mm: 16 atm						
	Balloon length 190 / 230 mm, Diameter 4 mm: 14 atm						
	Balloon length 80 / 100 / 120 / 150 mm, Diameter 5 – 6 mm: 14 atm						
	Balloon length 190 / 230 mm, Diameter 5 – 6 mm: 12 atm						
	Balloon length 80 / 100 / 120 / 150 mm, Diameter 7 – 8 mm: 12 atm						
	Balloon length 190 / 230 mm, Diameter 7 mm: 10 atm						
Packaging unit	1 unit						

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## PRODUCT ORDERING INFORMATION

Balloon size diameter × length (mm)	Rated burst pressure (atm)	Recommended introducer sheath (F)	Order number	Balloon size diameter × length (mm)	Rated burst pressure (atm)	Recommended introducer sheath (F)	Order number
Usable catheter length 80 cm				Usable catheter length 135 cm			
4.0 × 20	16	5	335-4020 S	4.0 × 20	16	5	335-4020 L
4.0 × 40	16	5	335-4040 S	4.0 × 40	16	5	335-4040 L
4.0 × 60	16	5	335-4060 S	4.0 × 60	16	5	335-4060 L
4.0 × 80	16	5	335-4080 S	4.0 × 80	16	5	335-4080 L
4.0 × 100	16	5	335-40100 S	4.0 × 100	16	5	335-40100 L
4.0 × 120	16	5	335-40120 S	4.0 × 120	16	5	335-40120 L
$4.0 \times 150$	16	5	335-40150 S	4.0 × 150	16	5	335-40150 L
4.0 × 190	14	5	335-40190 S	4.0 × 190	14	5	335-40190 L
4.0 × 230	14	5	335-40230 S	4.0 × 230	14	5	335-40230 L
5.0 × 20	16	5	335-5020 S	5.0 × 20	16	5	335-5020 L
5.0 × 40	16	5	335-5040 S	5.0 × 40	16	5	335-5040 L
5.0 × 60	16	5	335-5060 S	5.0 × 60	16	5	335-5060 L
$5.0 \times 80$	14	5	335-5080 S	5.0 × 80	14	5	335-5080 L
$5.0 \times 100$	14	5	335-50100 S	5.0 × 100	14	5	335-50100 L
$5.0 \times 120$	14	5	335-50120 S	5.0 × 120	14	5	335-50120 L
$5.0 \times 150$	14	5	335-50150 S	$5.0 \times 150$	14	5	335-50150 L
$5.0 \times 190$	12	5	335-50190 S	$5.0 \times 190$	12	5	335-50190 L
$5.0 \times 230$	12	5	335-50230 S	5.0 × 230	12	5	335-50230 L
6.0 × 20	16	5	335-6020 S	6.0 × 20	16	5	335-6020 L
$6.0 \times 40$	16	5	335-6040 S	6.0 × 40	16	5	335-6040 L
$6.0 \times 60$	16	5	335-6060 S	6.0 × 60	16	5	335-6060 L
$6.0 \times 80$	14	5	335-6080 S	6.0 × 80	14	5	335-6080 L
$6.0 \times 100$	14	6	335-60100 S	$6.0 \times 100$	14	6	335-60100 L
$6.0 \times 120$	14	6	335-60120 S	$6.0 \times 120$	14	6	335-60120 L
$6.0 \times 150$	14	6	335-60150 S	$6.0 \times 150$	14	6	335-60150 L
$6.0 \times 190$	12	6	335-60190 S	$6.0 \times 190$	12	6	335-60190 L
$6.0 \times 230$	12	6	335-60230 S	$6.0 \times 230$	12	6	335-60230 L
7.0 × 20	14	6	335-7020 S	7.0 × 20	14	6	335-7020 L
7.0 × 40	14	6	335-7040 S	7.0 × 40	14	6	335-7040 L
7.0 × 60	14	6	335-7060 S	7.0 × 60	14	6	335-7060 L
7.0 × 80	12	6	335-7080 S	7.0 × 80	12	6	335-7080 L
$7.0 \times 100$	12	6	335-70100 S	$7.0 \times 100$	12	6	335-70100 L
$7.0 \times 120$	12	6	335-70120 S	$7.0 \times 120$	12	6	335-70120 L
$7.0 \times 150$	12	6	335-70150 S	$7.0 \times 150$	12	6	335-70150 L
$7.0 \times 190$	10	6	335-70190 S	$7.0 \times 190$	10	6	335-70190 L
$7.0 \times 230$	10	6	335-70230 S	$7.0 \times 230$	10	6	335-70230 L
8.0 × 20	14	6	335-8020 S	8.0 × 20	14	6	335-8020 L
8.0 × 40	14	6	335-8040 S	8.0 × 40	14	6	335-8040 L
8.0 × 60	14	6	335-8060 S	8.0 × 60	14	6	335-8060 L
8.0 × 80	12	6	335-8080 S	8.0 × 80	12	6	335-8080 L
$8.0 \times 100$	12	6	335-80100 S	8.0 × 100	12	6	335-80100 L



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In den Dauen 6a, 53117 Bonn, Germany Phone: +49 (0)228/20 15 0-0 Fax: +49 (0)228/20 15 0-5 Eurocor Tech GmbH is a wholly owned subsidiary of Opto Eurocor Healthcare Limited and is part of the Opto Circuits Group.

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