



DR. BRILL + DR. STEINMANN
INSTITUTE FOR HYGIENE AND MICROBIOLOGY



23/01/2019

Test report L18/0861MV.1

Evaluation of the effectiveness of Chemisept gel

Test virus: modified vaccinia virus Ankara (MVA)

Method: EN 14476:2013+A1:2015 (dirty conditions)

quantitative suspension test for the evaluation
of virucidal activity of chemical disinfectants and
antiseptics used in human medicine

Sponsor:
Chemi-Pharm AS
Pollu 132
EST – TALLINN 10917

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1. Identification of test laboratory

Dr. Brill + Partner GmbH Institute for Hygiene and Microbiology, Norderoog 2, DE - 28259 Bremen

2. Identification of sample

Manufacturer	Chemi-Pharm AS
Name of product	Chemisept gel
Confirmation no.	207507
Product diluent recommended by the manufacturer	-
Batch number	198201118
Application	hand disinfection
Production date	20/11/2018
Expiry date	20/11/2021
Active compound (s) (100 g)	72.5 g ethanol 7.5 g propan-2-ol
Appearance, odour	clear, colorless gel product specific
pH-values	undiluted: 5.08 (20 °C)
Storage conditions	room temperature in the dark (area with restricted access)
Date of arrival in the laboratory	21/11/2018

3. Materials

3.1 Culture medium and reagents

- Eagle's Minimum Essential Medium with Hank's BSS (MEM, Biozym Scientific GmbH, catalogue no. 880144)
- fetal calf serum (Biochrom AG, article no. S 0115)
- 1.4 % formaldehyde solution (dilution of Roti®-Histofix 4 %, Carl Roth GmbH)
- Aqua bidest. (SG ultrapure water system, type Ultra Clear; serial no. 86996-1)
- PBS (Invitrogen, article no. 18912-014)
- BSA (Sigma-Aldrich-Chemie GmbH, article no. CA-2153)

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- sheep erythrocytes (Fiebig Nährstofftechnik).

3.2 Virus and cells

The modified vaccinia virus Ankara (MVA) originated from Dr. Manteufel, Institut für Tierhygiene und Öffentliches Veterinärwesen, DE - 04103 Leipzig. Before inactivation assays, virus had been passaged three times in *BHK 21-cells* (Baby Hamster Kidney).

BHK 21-cells (passage 108) originated from the Friedrich-Löffler-Institut, Bundesforschungsinstitut für Tiergesundheit (formerly Bundesforschungsanstalt für Viruskrankheiten der Tiere, isle of Riems).

The cells were inspected regularly for morphological alterations and for contamination by mycoplasmas. No morphological alterations of cells and no contamination by mycoplasmas could be detected.

3.3 Apparatus, glassware and small items of equipment

- CO₂ incubator, Nunc GmbH & Co. KG, model QWJ 350
- Agitator (Vortex Genie Mixer, type G 560E)
- pH measurement 315i (WTW, article no. 2A10-100)
- Centrifuge (Sigma-Aldrich-Chemie GmbH, type 113)
- Microscope (Olympus, type CK 30)
- Centrifuge 5804 R (Eppendorf AG)
- Water bath (JULABO, Julabo U 3)
- Adjustable and fixed-volume pipettes (Eppendorf AG)
- Polyesterol 96-well microtitre plate (Nunc GmbH & Co. KG, Wiesbaden)
- Cell culture flask (Nunc GmbH & Co. KG, Wiesbaden)
- Sealed test tubes (Sarstedt AG & Co., Nümbrecht).

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4. Experimental conditions

Test temperature	20 °C ± 1.0 °C
Concentration of test product	undiluted (80.0 %) and as 50.0 % and 10.0 % (demonstration of non-active range) solutions
Appearance of product dilutions	no precipitation
Contact times	15 and 30 seconds and 30 minutes
Interfering substance	3.0 g/l bovine serum albumin + 3.0 ml/l erythrocytes (dirty conditions, EN 14476)
Procedure to stop action of disinfectant	immediate dilution
Diluent	Aqua bidest.
Stability of product in the mix with virus and interfering substance (80.0 % solution)	minor clouding, medium precipitation
Virus strain	modified vaccinia virus Ankara (MVA) (ATCC VR-1508)
Date of testing	10/12/2018 – 23/01/2019
End of testing	23/01/2019

5. Methods

5.1 Preparation of test virus suspension

For preparation of test virus suspension, *BHK 21-cells* were cultivated with MEM and 10 % or 2 % fetal calf serum. Cells were infected with a multiplicity of infection of 0.1. After cells showed a cytopathic effect, they were subjected to a freeze/thaw procedure followed by a low speed centrifugation in order to sediment cell debris. After aliquotation, test virus suspension was stored at – 80 °C.

5.2 Preparation of disinfectant (dilutions)

The test product was tested undiluted. Due to the addition of interfering substance and test virus suspension an 80.0 % solution resulted.

Furthermore, the product was evaluated as 50.0 % and 10.0 % solutions (demonstrating of non-active range). These solutions were prepared with Aqua bidest. immediately before the inactivation tests.

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5.3 Infectivity assay

Infectivity was determined as endpoint titration according to EN 5.5 transferring 0.1 ml of each dilution into eight wells of a microtitre plate to 0.1 ml of freshly trypsinised *BHK 21-cells* ($10\text{-}15 \times 10^3$ cells per well), beginning with the highest dilution. Microtitre plates were incubated at 37 °C in a 5 % CO₂-atmosphere. The cytopathic effect was read by using an inverted microscope after six days. Calculation of the infective dose TCID₅₀/ml was calculated with the method of Spearman (2) and Kärber (3) with the following formula:

$$-\log_{10}\text{TCID}_{50} = X_0 - 0.5 + \sum r/n$$

meaning

X_0 = log₁₀ of the lowest dilution with 100 % positive reaction

r = number of pos. determinations of lowest dilution step with 100 % positive and all higher positive dilution steps

n = number of determinations for each dilution step.

5.4 Calculation and verification of virucidal activity

The virucidal activity of the test disinfectant was evaluated by calculating the decrease in titre in comparison with the control titration without disinfectant. The difference is given as reduction factor (RF).

According to the EN 14476, a disinfectant or a disinfectant solution at a particular concentration is having virus-inactivating efficacy if the titre is reduced at least by 4 log₁₀ steps within the recommended exposure period. This corresponds to an inactivation of ≥ 99.99 %.

5.5 Inactivation assay

Determination of virucidal activity has been carried out according to EN 5.5. The test product was examined undiluted (80.0 %) and as 50.0 % and 10.0 % (demonstration of non-active range) solutions in Aqua bidest. at 20 °C according to EN 14476. 15 and 30 seconds and 30 minutes were chosen as contact times.

Immediately at the end of a chosen contact time, activity of the disinfectant was stopped by dilution to 10⁻⁸.

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Titration of the virus control was performed at the beginning of the test and after the longest exposure time (EN 5.5.7). One part by volume of test virus suspension was mixed with one part interfering substance and eight parts by volume of WSH or Aqua bidest. (RTU products).

Furthermore, a cell control (only addition of medium) was incorporated.

Inactivation tests were carried out in sealed test tubes in a water bath at $20\text{ °C} \pm 1.0\text{ °C}$. Aliquots were retained after appropriate exposure times and residual infectivity was determined.

5.6 Determination of cytotoxicity

Determination of cytotoxicity was performed according to EN 5.5.4.1.

5.7 Cell sensitivity to virus

For the control of cell sensitivity to virus two parts by volume of water were mixed with eight parts by volume of the lowest apparently non-cytotoxic dilution of the product. These mixtures or PBS as control were added to a volume of double concentrated cell suspension. After 1 h at 37 °C the cells were centrifuged and re-suspended in cell culture medium (EN 5.5.4.2b).

Finally, a comparative titration of the test virus suspension was performed on the pre-treated (disinfectant) and non-pre-treated (PBS) cells as described above.

5.8 Control of efficacy for suppression of disinfectant's activity

Furthermore, a control of efficiency for suppression of disinfectant's activity was included (EN 5.5.5).

5.9 Reference virus inactivation test

As reference for test validation a 0.7 % formaldehyde solution according to EN 5.5.6 was included. 5, 15, 30 and 60 minutes were chosen as contact times. In addition, cytotoxicity of formaldehyde test solution was determined according to EN 5.5.6.2 with dilutions up to 10^{-5} .

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6. Verification of the methodology

The following criteria as mentioned in EN 5.7 were fulfilled:

- a) The titre of the test virus suspension allowed the determination of a $\geq 4 \log_{10}$ reduction (maximal virus reduction $\geq 4.50 \pm 0.27$)
- b) The test product (80.0 %) showed cytotoxicity in the 1:10 dilutions thus allowing the detection of a $4 \log_{10}$ reduction of virus titre.
- c) The comparative titration on pre-treated (disinfectant) and non-pre-treated (PBS) *BHK 21-cells* showed no significant difference ($< 1 \log_{10}$; EN 5.7) of virus titre: 6.75 ± 0.33 (PBS) versus 6.75 ± 0.44 (1:100 dilutions of disinfectant as 80.0 % solution) \log_{10} TCID₅₀/ml.
- d) The control of efficacy for suppression of disinfectant's activity (80.0 %) showed a decrease of 0.88 (6.13 ± 0.37 versus $7.00 \pm 0.38 \log_{10}$ TCID₅₀/ml) and failed the requirement of the EN ($\leq 0.5 \log_{10}$; EN 5.5.5.1). This was due to the fact that even the 10.0 % solution showed a slight reduction of virus titre (RF = 0.63 ± 0.45 after 30 minutes). In these experiments at the end of the defined exposure time the test mixture was immediately diluted and the dilutions transferred to the cell culture. Therefore, despite the insufficient control of efficacy for suppression of disinfectant's activity the assay is valid.
- e) One concentration demonstrated a $4 \log_{10}$ reduction and (at least) one concentration demonstrated a \log_{10} reduction of less than 4.

Since all criteria according EN 5.7 were fulfilled, examination with MVA according to EN 14476 is valid.

7. Results

Results of examination are shown in tables 1 to 8. Tables 1 to 7 demonstrate the raw data, whereas table 8 (a+b) gives a summary of results.

The undiluted test product (80.0 %) was able to inactivate MVA after 15 seconds of exposure time under dirty conditions (tables 1 and 2). The reduction factors were $\geq 4.00 \pm 0.33$ and $\geq 4.50 \pm 0.27$. The mean value was $\geq 4.25 \pm 0.21$. This corresponded to an inactivation of ≥ 99.99 %.

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The test product as 50.0 % solution was also able to inactivate MVA after 15 seconds of exposure time under dirty conditions (table 3). The reduction factor was $\geq 4.13 \pm 0.56$. This corresponded to an inactivation of ≥ 99.99 %.

Testing the product as 10.0 % solution, no activity was found within 30 minutes (table 4).

8. Conclusion

The hand disinfectant Chemisept gel tested undiluted demonstrated activity against MVA after an exposure time of 15 seconds under dirty conditions.

Therefore, the hand disinfectant Chemisept gel can be declared as active against MVA as follows:

undiluted 15 seconds dirty conditions

Bremen, 23/01/2019



- Dr. Britta Becker -
Head of Laboratory



- Dr. Dajana Paulmann -
Scientific Project Manager



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9. Quality control

The Quality Assurance of the results was maintained by performing the determination of the virus-inactivating properties of the disinfectant in accordance with Good Laboratory Practice regulations:

- 1) Chemicals Act of Germany, Appendix 1, dating of 01.08 1994 (BGBl. I, 1994, page 1703). Appendix revised at 14. 05. 1997 (BGBl. I, 1997, page 1060).
- 2) OECD Principles of Good Laboratory Practice (revised 1997); OECD Environmental Health and Safety Publications; Series on Principles of Good Laboratory Practice and Compliance Monitoring – Number 1. Environment Directorate, Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development, Paris 1998.

The plausibility of the results was additionally confirmed by controls incorporated in the inactivation assays.

10. Records to be maintained

All testing data, protocol, protocol modifications, the final report, and correspondence between Dr. Brill + Partner GmbH and the sponsor will be stored in the archives at Dr. Brill + Partner GmbH.

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The test results in this test report relate only to the items examined.

11. Literature

1. EN 14476:2013+A1:2015: Chemical disinfectants and antiseptics – Quantitative suspension test for the evaluation of virucidal activity of chemicals disinfectants and antiseptics in human medicine test - Test method and requirements (phase 2, step 1)
2. Spearman, C.: The method of `right or wrong cases` (constant stimuli) without Gauss's formulae.
Brit J Psychol; 2 1908, 227-242
3. Kärber, G.: Beitrag zur kollektiven Behandlung pharmakologischer Reihenversuche.
Arch Exp Path Pharmac; 162, 1931, 480-487

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Appendix:

Legend to the Tables

Table 1:	Raw data for Chemisept gel (80.0 %) tested against MVA (1 st assay)
Table 2:	Raw data for Chemisept gel (80.0 %) tested against MVA (2 nd assay)
Table 3:	Raw data for Chemisept gel (50.0 %) tested against MVA
Table 4:	Raw data for Chemisept gel (10.0 %) tested against MVA
Table 5:	Raw data for formaldehyde solution (0.7 %) tested against MVA
Table 6:	Raw data for control of efficacy for suppression of disinfectant's activity (80.0 %)
Table 7:	Raw data (MVA) for cell sensitivity (80.0 %)
Table 8 (a+b):	Summary of results with Chemisept gel and MVA

Legend to the Figures

Figure 1:	Virus-inactivating properties of Chemisept gel (80.0 %)
Figure 2:	Virus-inactivating properties of formaldehyde (0.7 %)



Table 1: Raw data for Chemisept gel (80.0 %) tested against MVA at 20 °C (quantal test; 8 wells) (#5829) (1st assay)

Product	Concentration	Interfering substance	Contact time (min)	Dilutions (log ₁₀)										
				1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		
test product	80.0 %	dirty conditions	0.25	tttt	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	n.d.	n.d.
				tttt	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	n.d.
			5	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.
test product cytotoxicity	80.0 %	dirty conditions	n.a.	tttt	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.
				tttt	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.
virus control	n.a.	dirty conditions	0	4444	4444	4444	4444	4444	4444	2322	0000	0000	0000	0000
				4444	4444	4444	4444	4444	4444	0433	0000	0000	0000	0000
			60	4444	4444	4444	4444	4444	4444	4444	3203	0003	0000	0000

n.a. = not applicable
n.d. = not done

0 = no virus present; t = cytotoxic
1 to 4 = virus present (degree of CPE in 8 cell culture units) (wells of microtitre plates)



Table 2: Raw data for Chemisept gel (80.0 %) tested against MVA at 20 °C (quantal test; 8 wells) (#5863) (2nd assay)

Product	Concentration	Interfering substance	Contact time (min)	Dilutions (log ₁₀)										
				1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		
test product	80.0 %	dirty conditions	0.25	tttt	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	n.d.	n.d.
				tttt	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	n.d.
			0.5	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.
test product cytotoxicity	80.0 %	dirty conditions	5	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.
				60	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.
virus control	n.a.	dirty conditions	n.a.	tttt	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	n.d.	n.d.
				tttt	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000
			0	4444	4444	4444	4444	4444	4444	4444	4444	4444	4444	4444
virus control	n.a.	dirty conditions	60	4444	4444	4444	4444	4444	4444	4444	4444	4444	4444	4444
				4444	4444	4444	4444	4444	4444	4444	4444	4444	4444	4444

n.a. = not applicable
n.d. = not done

0 = no virus present; t = cytotoxic

1 to 4 = virus present (degree of CPE in 8 cell culture units) (wells of microtitre plates)



Table 3: Raw data for Chemisept gel (50.0 %) tested against MVA at 20 °C (quantal test; 8 wells) (#5863)

Product	Concentration	Interfering substance	Contact time (min)	Dilutions (log ₁₀)											
				1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9			
test product	50.0 %	dirty conditions	0.25	n.d.	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	n.d.	n.d.	
			0.5	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.
			5	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.
test product cytotoxicity	50.0 %	dirty conditions	60	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	
			n.a.	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.		
virus control	n.a.	dirty conditions	0	4444	4444	4444	4444	4444	4444	2333	0030	0000	0000	0000	
			60	4444	4444	4444	4444	4444	4444	4444	3334	3343	0000	0000	0000

n.a. = not applicable
n.d. = not done

0 = no virus present; t = cytotoxic
1 to 4 = virus present (degree of CPE in 8 cell culture units) (wells of microtitre plates)



Table 4: Raw data for Chemisept gel (10.0 %) tested against MVA at 20 °C (quantal test; 8 wells) (#5863)

Product	Concentration	Interfering substance	Contact time (min)	Dilutions (log ₁₀)										
				1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		
test product	10.0 %	dirty conditions	0.25	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.
			0.5	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.
			5	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.
test product cytotoxicity	10.0 %	dirty conditions	30	n.d.	4444	4444	4444	4444	4444	4444	4444	4444	4444	4444
			n.a.	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000
virus control	n.a.	dirty conditions	0	4444	4444	4444	4444	4444	4444	4444	4444	4444	4444	4444
			60	4444	4444	4444	4444	4444	4444	4444	4444	4444	4444	4444

n.a. = not applicable
n.d. = not done

0 = no virus present; t = cytotoxic
1 to 4 = virus present (degree of CPE in 8 cell culture units) (wells of microtitre plates)



Table 5: Raw data for formaldehyde solution (0.7 %) tested against MVA at 20 °C (quantal test; 8 wells) (#5863)

Product	Concentration	Interfering substance	Contact time (min)	Dilutions (log ₁₀)											
				1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9			
formaldehyde	0.7 % (m/V)	PBS	5	tttt	tttt	tttt	0202	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	n.d.	
				tttt	tttt	tttt	0004	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	n.d.
				tttt	tttt	tttt	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	n.d.
formaldehyde cytotoxicity	0.7 % (m/V)	PBS	30	tttt	tttt	tttt	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	n.d.	
				tttt	tttt	tttt	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	n.d.	
				tttt	tttt	tttt	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	n.d.	
virus control	n.a.	PBS	60	tttt	tttt	tttt	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	n.d.	
				tttt	tttt	tttt	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	n.d.	
				tttt	tttt	tttt	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	n.d.	
virus control	n.a.	PBS	0	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	
				4444	4444	4444	4444	4444	4444	4444	4444	4444	4444	4444	0000
				4444	4444	4444	4243	4243	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000

n.a. = not applicable

0 = no virus present; t = cytotoxic

1 to 4 = virus present (degree of CPE in 8 cell culture units) (wells of microtitre plates)

n.d. = not done



Table 6: Raw data for control of efficacy for suppression of disinfectant's activity (80.0 %) (#5863)

Product	Interfering substance	dilutions (log ₁₀)									
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
test product	dirty conditions	tttt	4444	4444	4444	4444	0434	0000	0000	0000	n.d.
	dirty conditions	tttt	4444	4444	4442	0000	2400	0000	0000	0000	
corresponding virus control	dirty conditions	4444	4444	4444	4444	3334	0000	0000	0000	0000	
	dirty conditions	4444	4444	4444	4444	2344	0000	0000	0000	0000	

n.a. = not applicable

0 = no virus present; t = cytotoxic

n.d. = not done

1 to 4 = virus present (degree of CPE in 8 cell culture units) (wells of microtitre plates)



Table 7: Raw data (MVA) for cell sensitivity (80.0 % solution) (#58663)

Product	Dilution	Dilutions (log ₁₀)									
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
PBS	-	4444	4444	4444	4444	4444	4444	4444	0000	0000	n.d.
		4444	4444	4444	4444	4443	4443	4443	0000	0000	0000
test product	1:100	4444	4444	4444	4444	4444	4444	4444	0000	0000	n.d.
		4444	4444	4444	4444	4444	4444	4444	0000	0000	0000

n.a. = not applicable

0 = no virus present; t = cytotoxic

n.d. = not done
1 to 4 = virus present (degree of CPE in 8 cell culture units) (wells of microtitre plates)



Table 8a: Summary of results with Chemisept gel and MVA

Product*	Con- centration	Interfering substance	Level of cytotoxicity	log ₁₀ TCID ₅₀ /ml aftermin					> 4 log ₁₀ reduction after ...min
				0.25	0.5	5	30	60	
test product (1)	80.0 %	dirty conditions	2.50	≤2.50±0.00	≤2.50±0.00	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	0.25 (RF ≥ 4.00±0.33)
test product (2)	80.0 %	dirty conditions	2.50	≤2.50±0.00	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	0.25 (RF ≥ 4.50±0.27)
test product (2)	50.0 %	dirty conditions	1.50	≤2.88±0.41	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	0.25 (RF ≥ 4.13±0.56)
test product (2)	10.0 %	dirty conditions	1.50	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	6.38±0.25	n.d.	> 30 (RF = 0.63±0.45)

* The number in brackets gives the number of the corresponding virus control, see table 8b

n.a. = not applicable n.d. = not done



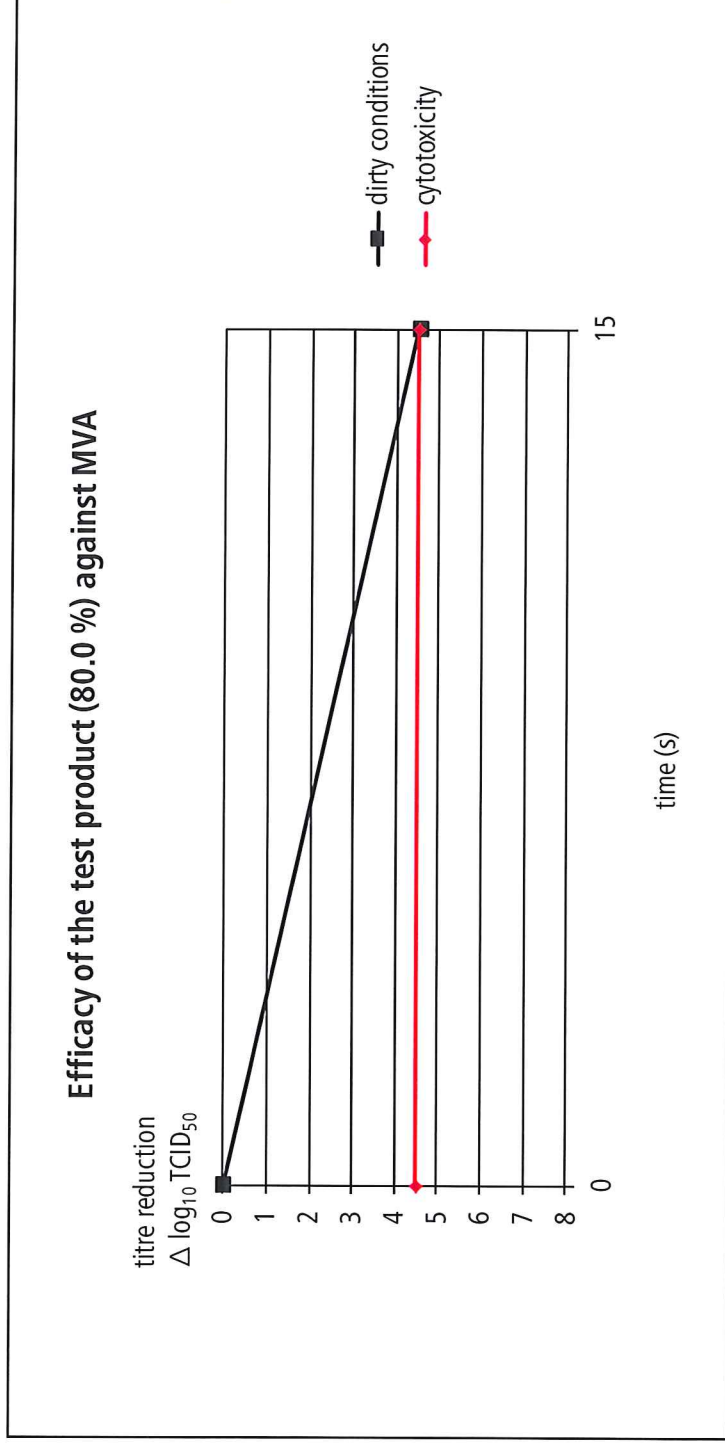
Table 8b: Summary of results with Chemisept gel and MVA

Product	Con- centration	Interfering substance	Level of cytotoxicity	log ₁₀ TCID ₅₀ /ml aftermin					> 4 log ₁₀ reduction after ... min
				0	5	15	30	60	
formaldehyde	0.7 % (w/v)	PBS	4.50	n.d.	≤ 4.88±0.37	≤ 4.50±0.00	≤ 4.50±0.00	≤ 4.50±0.00	≥ 15 (RF ≥ 2.00±0.25)
virus control	n.a.	PBS	n.a.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	6.50±0.35	n.a.
virus control (1)	n.a.	dirty conditions	n.a.	6.50±0.35	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	6.50±0.46	n.a.
virus control (2) (+ suppression)	n.a.	dirty conditions	n.a.	6.63±0.25	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	7.00±0.38	n.a.
suppression control	80.0 %	dirty conditions	2.50	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	6.13±0.37	n.d.	n.a.
sens. PBS	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	6.75±0.33	n.a.
sens. product	80.0 % → 1:100	n.a.	n.a.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	6.75±0.44	n.a.

n.a. = not applicable n.d. = not done sens. = sensitivity



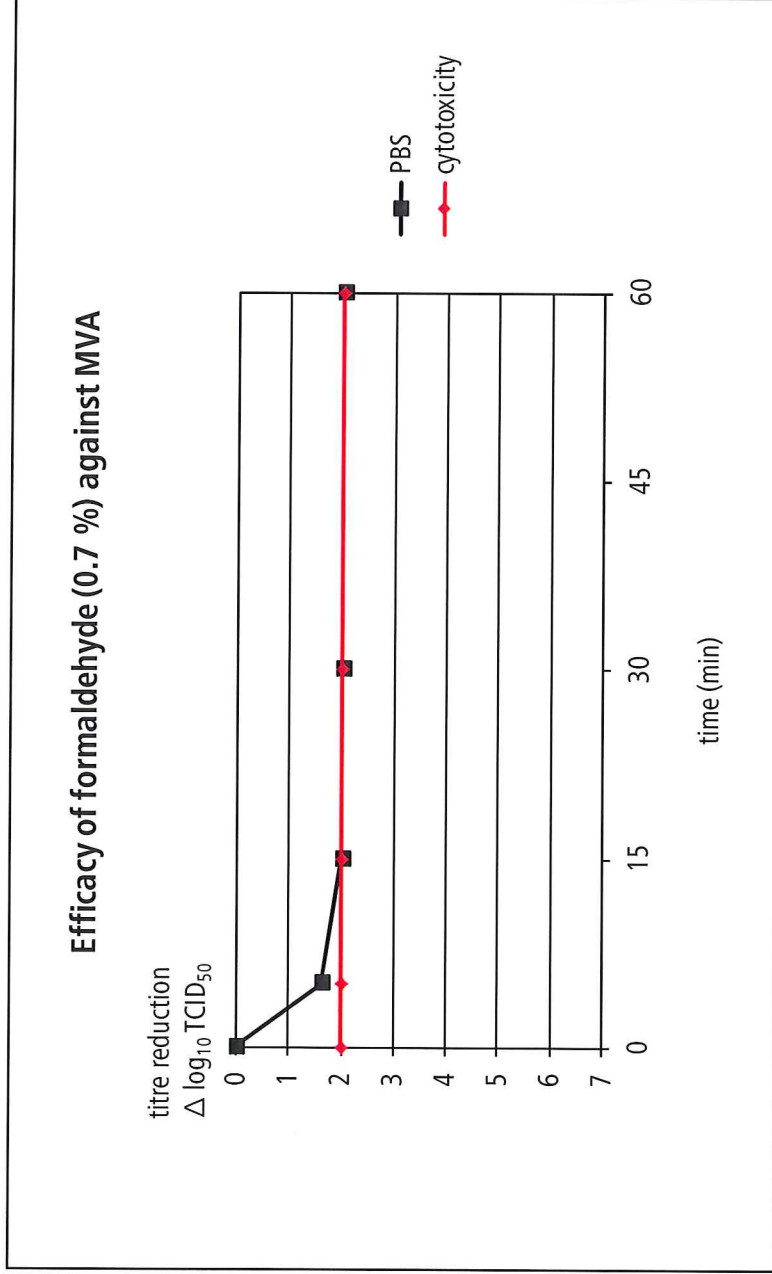
Figure 1: Virus-inactivating properties of Chemisept gel (80.0 %)



* Test procedure accredited according to DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025. Test report issued by Dr. Brill + Partner GmbH, Norderoog 2, DE – 28259 Bremen, Germany, Telephone +49 40 557631-0, Telefax +49 40 557631-11, www.brillhygiene.com. No copying or transmission, in whole or in part, of this test report without the explicit prior written permission. The test results exclusively apply to the tested samples. Information on measurement uncertainty on request. © Dr. Brill + Partner GmbH 2019



Figure 2: Virus-inactivating properties of formaldehyde (0.7 %)



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